

Department of Computer Science
University of Pretoria

Programming Languages
COS 333

Practical 4: Functional and Logic Programming

April 1, 2025

1 Objectives

This practical aims to achieve the following general learning objectives:

- To consolidate the concepts covered in Chapter 15 of the prescribed textbook.
- To consolidate the concepts covered in Chapter 16 of the prescribed textbook.

2 Plagiarism Policy

Plagiarism is a serious form of academic misconduct. It involves both appropriating someone else's work and passing it off as one's own work afterwards. Thus, you commit plagiarism when you present someone else's written or creative work (words, images, ideas, opinions, discoveries, artwork, music, recordings, computer-generated work, etc.) as your own. Note that using material produced in whole or part by an AI-based tool (such as ChatGPT) also constitutes plagiarism. Only hand in your own original work. Indicate precisely and accurately when you have used information provided by someone else. Referencing must be done in accordance with a recognised system. Indicate whether you have downloaded information from the Internet. For more details, visit the library's website: <http://www.library.up.ac.za/plagiarism/>.

3 Submission Instructions

Upload your practical-related source code file to the appropriate assignment upload slots on the ClickUP course page. Upload only the source code files for the Scheme and Prolog implementations. Name the Scheme implementation file `u99999999.scm`, and name the Prolog implementation file `u99999999.pl`. In both cases, `99999999` is your student number. Multiple uploads are allowed, but only the last one will be marked. The submission deadline is **Tuesday, 22 April 2025, at 12:00**.

4 Background Information

You will be implementing your first task in Scheme and your second task in Prolog. Please refer to the background information in practicals 2 and 3 for further information on how to write and interpret Scheme and Prolog programs. DrRacket 8.9 will be used to assess your Scheme submission. SWI-Prolog version 9.0.4 will be used to assess your Prolog submission.

5 Practical Tasks

5.1 Task 1: Scheme

Once again, note the following requirements for this task, which are the same as those listed in the Practical 2 specification:

- You must use the DrRacket interpreter to run and test your submission for this task. For further information on the DrRacket interpreter, please see the specification for Practical 2.
- You may only use the following functions and language features in your programs, and failure to observe this rule will result in all marks for this task being forfeited:

Function construction: `lambda`, `define`

Binding: `let`

Arithmetic: `+`, `-`, `*`, `/`, `abs`, `sqrt`, `remainder`, `min`, `max`

Boolean values: `#t`, `#f`

Equality predicates: `=`, `>`, `<`, `>=`, `<=`, `even?`, `odd?`, `zero?`, `negative?`, `eqv?`, `eq?`

Logical predicates: `and`, `or`, `not`

List predicates: `list?`, `null?`

Conditionals: `if`, `cond`, `else`

Quoting: `quote`, `'`

Evaluation: `eval`

List manipulation: `list`, `car`, `cdr`, `cons`

Input and output: `display`, `printf`, `newline`, `read`

- You may also define any additional helper functions that you require.

Write a function named `DoublePositivesAbsNegativesStripZeros`, which receives one parameter that is a simple list containing only integer values. The `DoublePositivesAbsNegativesStripZeros` function should yield a list containing the values in the parameter list, in their original order, with all positive values doubled, all negative values replaced with their absolute values, and all zero values removed.

For example, the function application

```
(DoublePositivesAbsNegativesStripZeros '())
```

should yield an empty list, because the parameter list contains no values. As another example, the function application

```
(DoublePositivesAbsNegativesStripZeros '(1 2 3))
```

should also yield the list `(2 4 6)`, because all the values in the parameter list are positive. As a final example, the function application

```
(DoublePositivesAbsNegativesStripZeros '(0 2 -2 3 -3 4 0 -6))
```

should yield the list `(4 2 6 3 8 6)` because the two zero values have been removed, the positive values (2, 3, and 4) have been doubled (to 4, 6, and 8, respectively), and the negative values (-2, -3, and -6) have been converted to their absolute values (2, 3, and 6, respectively).

5.2 Task 2

Once again, take note of the following requirements this task, which are the same as those listed in the Practical 3 specification:

- You must use the SWI-Prolog interpreter to run and test your submission for this task. For further information on the SWI-Prolog interpreter, please see the specification for Practical 3.
- Note that you may only use the simple constants, variables, list manipulation methods, and built-in predicates discussed in the textbook and slides. In particular, do not use if-then, if-then-else, and similar constructs. You may NOT use any more complex predicates provided by the Prolog system itself. In other words, you must write all your own propositions. Failure to observe this rule will result in all marks for a task being forfeited.
- You may implement and use the propositions defined in the textbook and slides (e.g. member, append, and reverse). Note that you must provide the implementation for any of these propositions in your source file. Also note that there are some built-in propositions that correspond to the propositions defined in the textbook, which you may not use.
- You may implement helper propositions if you find them necessary.

Write a Prolog proposition named `stripPositivesAbsNegativesIncZeros` that has two parameters. Both parameters are simple numeric lists (i.e. lists containing only integers). The proposition defines the second parameter to be a list containing the same elements contained in the first parameter, in their original order, with positive values removed, negative values converted to their absolute values, and zero values incremented by one. To illustrate the use of the `stripPositivesAbsNegativesIncZeros` proposition, consider the following queries and responses:

```
?- stripPositivesAbsNegativesIncZeros([], X).  
X = [] .  
  
?- stripPositivesAbsNegativesIncZeros([1, 2, 3], X).  
X = [] .  
  
?- stripPositivesAbsNegativesIncZeros([-2, -3, -4], X).  
X = [2, 3, 4] .  
  
?- stripPositivesAbsNegativesIncZeros([0, 2, -2, 3, -3, 4, 0, -6], X).  
X = [1, 2, 3, 1, 6] .
```

6 Marking

Each of the tasks will count 5 marks for a total of 10 marks. Submit the Scheme and Prolog implementations to the appropriate assignment upload slots. Do not upload any additional files other than your source code. Both the implementation and the correct execution of the programs will be taken into account. **You will receive zero for a task that uses a language feature you are not allowed to use.** Your program code will be assessed during the practical session in the week of **Monday, 21 April 2025**. Note that Monday, 21 April 2025 is a public holiday, and that Tuesday, 22 April 2025 follows a Monday timetable. As a result, assessment will take place on the Tuesday and Friday of that week.