# Lab Assignment #5

EE-126/COMP-46: Computer Engineering w/lab
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Tufts University, Fall 2022

Due as per the class calendar, via 'provide'

The ultimate goal of this project is to design a pipelined version of a ARM processor that can detect control and data hazards. The functionality of the processor and its components should match the descriptions in the textbook unless otherwise noted. All work must be your own; copying of code will result in a zero for the project and a report to the administration.

### Overview

## List of assignments

- Lab 0: Set up modelsim, simulate an AND gate with 2 inputs and 1 output
- Lab 1: Basic Processor Components and Testbenches
- Lab 2: Remaining Processor Components including ALU, Memories, and control logic
- Lab 3: Implementation LEGv8: a single cycle processor that executes a subset of ARM v8-64bit ISA
- Lab 4: Pipelined processor with no hardware hazard detection
- Lab 5: Overcoming data-hazards using forwaring and stalling
- Lab 6: Overcoming control hazards by resolving conditional/unconditional branches in ID and using flushing
- Lab 7: Advanced Topics: open-ended team project (groups up to 2 people)

### Lab Submission

Please submit your VHDL files and a PDF report via 'provide' command on the EE/CS machines. Please follow the announcement on Canvas about Provide to submit your labs and pay attention to messages you get when you try to provide.

VHDL Files: Submit the VHDL source files (\*.vhd)<sup>1</sup> and any dependencies thereof. Use the entity descriptions provided at the end of this document.<sup>2</sup> These descriptions can also be found in assignment5.zip.

Scripts/Makefile/README: The course staff needs to know how to compile your code and run your testbenches. Please include a README and/or runscripts/Makefile if you have extra files. In addition, do no change the entity definitions or it will not run with our tests

**Report:** Submit your report as a PDF(\*.pdf). Demonstrate the functionality of your code by providing waveforms as detailed in the Deliverables Section. Label/annotate important signals and events in your waveforms and then provide a brief description of what is happening.

# Lab5 Objectives

- Implement forwarding circuitry as shown in Figures 1 and 2.
- Implement Hazard Detection Unit as shown in Figure 1 to stall the pipeline and insert a nop.
- Demonstrate functionality by running the test program with data-hazards as defined later in this document.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Do NOT submit your entire Modelsim project (including but not limited to \*.mpf and files in work/)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Submissions that fail to to follow any of these directions may be penalized at the discretion of the grader. If you have questions, contact the TA (Parnian Mokri: parnian.mokri@tufts.edu).

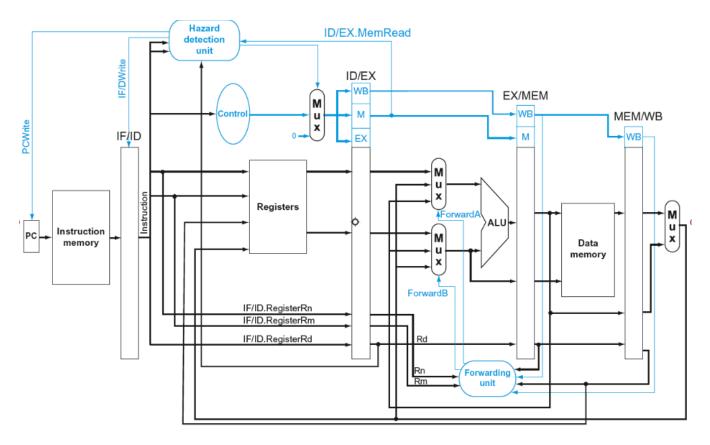


Figure 1: Pipelined control overview showing the forwarding and hazard detection logic. Note that this diagram leaves out some of the details of the full datapath. [Figure 4.7.4 from the textbook]

### **Deliverables**

#### VHDL Files

PipelinedCPU1 and all of the entities it uses.

## Report

Provide waveforms—along with annotations, labels, and descriptions—that show the successful execution of the program defined later in this document. Be sure to:

- Include the most relevant signals in your waveform, including those related to overcoming data hazards
- Point out key events such as
  - When the pipeline is stalled
  - When values are forwarded
- Clearly show what pipeline-stage each instruction is in

#### Extra Credit

Consider running the test program with a nop inserted after the first instruction (lw). Describe how the execution of that program would differ from the test program and explain why those differences would occur. In your explanation, include any differences, including those related to:

- stalling the pipeline
- forwarding values
- number of cycles needed to finish the program
- $\bullet$  value of PC when the final sw occurs
- the state of DMEM/Registers at the end of the program
- Use all 0s for NOPs

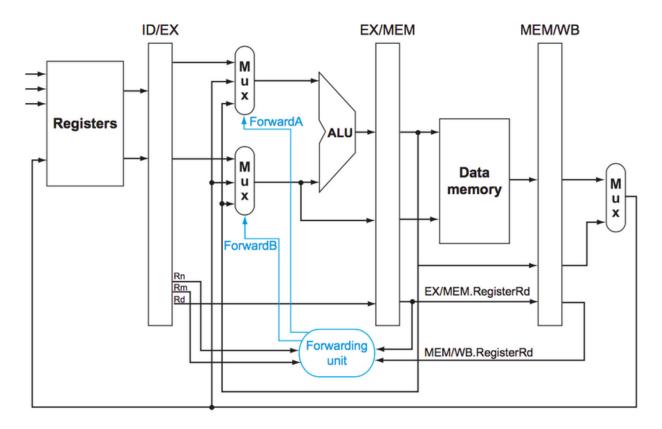


Figure 2: Close-up of the forwarding circuitry in the datapath of Figure 1. [Figure 4.7.2.B from the textbook]

## ForwardingUnit Correction

The pseudo-code that describes part of the functionality of the ForwardingUnit on its section 4.7 page 322 in the ARM textbook. The corrected pseudo-code is shown below with the corrections <a href="highlighed">highlighed</a>:

```
if (MEM/WB.Regwrite and ( MEM/WB.RegisterRd \neq 11111 ) and not(EX/MEM.RegisterRd \neq 11111 ) and (EX/MEM.RegisterRd \equiv ID/EX.RegisterRs)) and (MEM/WB.RegisterRd \equiv ID/EX.RegisterRs)) ForwardA = 01 if (MEM/WB.Regwrite and (MEM/WB.RegisterRd \neq 11111 ) and not(EX/MEM.RegWrite and (EX/MEM.RegisterRd \neq 11111 ) and (EX/MEM.RegisterRd \equiv ID/EX.RegisterRt)) and (MEM/WB.RegisterRd \equiv ID/EX.RegisterRt)) ForwardB = 01
```

# **Program and Simulation Specifications**

## Test Program (IMEM contents): partial machine code | raw assembly code

LDUR	X9, [XZR, 0]	1111100001000000000001111101001
ADD	X9, X9, X9	10001011000010010000000100101001
ADD	X10, X9, X9	10001011000010010000000100101010
SUB	X11, X10, X9	11001011000010010000000101001011
STUR	X11, [XZR, 8]	11111000000000001000001111101011
STUR	X11, [XZR, 16]	1111100000000100000001111101011
NOP		filled with zero - see imem
NOP		filled with zero - see imem
NOP		filled with zero - see imem
NOP		filled with zero - see imem

## Register Values

\$x9 =	1	\$x19	=	0
\$x10 =	0	\$x20	=	0
\$x11 =	0	\$x21	=	0
\$x12 =	0	\$x22	=	0

## **DMEM Contents**

```
DMEM(0x0) = 0x00000000

00 00 00 01

DMEM(0x8) = 0x00000000

00 00 00 00

DMEM(0x10) = 0x00000000

00 00 00 00

DMEM(0x18) = 0x00000000

00 00 00 00

DMEM(0x2E) = 0x00000000

00 00 00 01

You can just use the dmem provided in th zip file.
```

## Reset Sequence



# Partial Expected results

## Entity Descriptions (provided in assignment5.zip)

Note that there are DEBUG ports again. There are additional ports compared to those of PipelineCPU0! Pipelined CPU 1

```
entity PipelinedCPU1 is
clk :in std_logic;
rst :in std_logic;
--Probe ports used for testing
-- Forwarding control signals
DEBUG_FORWARDA : out std_logic_vector(1 downto 0);
DEBUG_FORWARDB : out std_logic_vector(1 downto 0);
--The current address (AddressOut from the PC)
DEBUG_PC : out std_logic_vector(63 downto 0);
--Value of PC.write_enable
DEBUG_PC_WRITE_ENABLE : out STD_LOGIC;
--The current instruction (Instruction output of IMEM)
DEBUG_INSTRUCTION : out std_logic_vector(31 downto 0);
--DEBUG ports from other components
DEBUG_TMP_REGS : out std_logic_vector(64*4-1 downto 0);
DEBUG_SAVED_REGS : out std_logic_vector(64*4-1 downto 0);
DEBUG_MEM_CONTENTS : out std_logic_vector(64 \star 4 - 1 downto 0)
end PipelinedCPU1;
```