

# Financial Mathematics

## Price Elasticity of Demand

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# Price Elasticity of Demand

The Price Elasticity of Demand ( $\epsilon$ ) is computed as follows:

$$\epsilon = \frac{dQ/Q}{dP/P}$$

## Price Elasticity of Demand

$E_d = 0$	Perfectly inelastic demand
$-1 < E_d < 0$	Inelastic or relatively inelastic demand
$E_d = -1$	Unit elastic
$-\infty < E_d < -1$	Elastic or relatively elastic demand
$E_d = \infty$	Perfectly elastic demand

## Price Elasticity of Demand

**Example 1:** Given  $x = f(p) = -2p + 15$ , determine if demand is elastic, inelastic or unitary when  $p = 4$ .

Recall:

$$f(4) = -2(4) + 15 = 7 \quad f'(p) = -2$$

$$f'(4) = -2$$

$$\epsilon = -\frac{4 \times -2}{7} = \frac{8}{7}$$

$$\epsilon \geq 1$$