## **Today's Class**

- Normal Distribution
- The Standard Normal Distribution
- Murdoch Barnes Tables 3
- Symmetry Rule

## **Using the Murdoch Barnes Tables**

• Knowing the Z value is very useful, because it is easy to compute  $P(Z \ge Z_0)$  for some value  $Z_0$  using statistical tables.

• 
$$P(X \ge X_0) = P(Z \ge Z_0)$$

• From our previous example we can say the following

$$P(X \ge 100) = P(Z \ge 2.5)$$



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