

Confidence Intervals

Question 1

- (a) An IT competency test, used for staff recruitment, is devised so as to give a normal distribution of scores with a mean of 100. A random sample of 49 experienced IT users who are given the test achieve a mean score of 121 with a standard deviation of 14. Compute a 95% confidence interval for the group.
- (b) A random sample of 64 data scientists was selected and it was found that their average income was \$50,000 with a standard deviation of \$3,200. Compute a 95% confidence interval for the mean salary.
- (c) A manufacturer of computer monitors has, for many years, used a process giving a mean working life of 4700 hours for components. A new process is tried to see if it will increase the life significantly. A sample of 100 monitors gave a mean life of 5000 hours, with a standard deviation of 1400 hours. Compute a 95% confidence interval for the mean life of components built using the new process.

Question 2

A well-known polling company estimates that 57% of Irish voters support a new constitutional amendment. 800 people were randomly surveyed and asked about their voting preferences. 488 of the 800 people responded positively to the amendment. You are required to:

- (a) Obtain a point estimate of the proportion of people supporting the constitutional amendment.
- (b) Construct a 95% confidence interval for the proportion of people in favour of the constitutional amendment.

Question 3

An insurance company wants to estimate the percentage of drivers who talk on their mobile phones while driving. A random sample of 850 drivers results in 544 who talk on their mobile phones while driving.

- (a) Find the point estimate of the percentage of all drivers who talk on their cell phones while driving.
- (b) Find a 95% interval estimate of the percentage of all drivers who talk on their cell phones while driving.

Question 4

The conventional treatment for a disease has been shown to be effective in 60% of all cases. A new drug is being promoted by a pharmaceutical company; the Department of Health wishes to test whether the new treatment is more effective than the conventional treatment. A simple random sample of $n = 400$ patients suffering from the disease were given the new drug; the treatment was effective for 320 of them.

- (a) Find the point estimate of the percentage of all patients who would find the drug to be effective.
- (b) Find a 95% interval estimate of the percentage of all patients who would find the drug to be effective.
- (c) What decision would you reach about the new drug? Give reasons for your decision.

Question 5

An insurance company wants to estimate the percentage of drivers who talk on their mobile phones while driving. A random sample of 850 drivers results in 544 who talk on their mobile phones while driving.

- (a) Find the point estimate of the percentage of all drivers who talk on their cell phones while driving.
- (b) Find a 95% interval estimate of the percentage of all drivers who talk on their cell phones while driving.

Question 6

A manufacturer of computer monitors has, for many years, used a process giving a mean working life of 4700 hours for components. A new process is tried to see if it will increase the life significantly. A sample of 100 monitors gave a mean life of 5000 hours, with a standard deviation of 1400 hours.

Compute a 95% confidence interval for the mean life of components built using the new process.

Question 7

A research company is comparing computers from two different companies, X-Cel and Yellow, on the basis of energy consumption per hour. Given the following data, compute a 95% confidence interval for the difference in energy consumption.

Type	sample size	mean	variance
X-cel	17	5.353	2.743
Yellow	17	3.882	2.985

Remark: It is reasonable to believe that the variances of both groups is the same. Be mindful of this.