# Engineering Calculus (MA4003)

### Laplace Transforms (Qs 1 and 2)

- (a1) Number each entry of the Laplace Transforms you should have 22 entries. (e.g. Heaviside function is entry 16).
- (a2) Questions 1 and 2 typically involve using one of the table entries to find the Laplace transform.

## Inverse Laplace Transforms (Q3)

(b1) Consider function in form  $f(t-a) \times u_a(t)$ . The value of a should be evident. Determine f(t-a) and hence f(t). From f(t) compute F(s).

#### Inverse Laplace Transforms (Qs 4 and 5)

- (c1) Always (attempt to) factorize the quadratic component.
- (c2) Use table entries 8 and 9 for the following form:

$$\frac{s+k}{(s+a)(s+b)} = \frac{s}{(s+a)(s+b)} + \frac{k}{(s+a)(s+b)}$$

(c3) Factorize because sometimes terms cancel each other out.

$$\frac{s+a}{(s^2+(a+b)s+ab)} = \frac{s+a}{(s+a)(s+b)} = \frac{1}{(s+b)}$$

(c4) Sometimes there is no obvious way to factorize the denominator. Try a different approach:

$$\frac{s+a}{(s+a)^2+m}$$
 remark: We can use now shifting theorem

(c5) Numerator can be re-expressed as sum of two terms. s = (s - a) + a

$$\frac{s}{(s+a)^2} = \frac{s-a}{(s+a)^2} + \frac{a}{(s+a)^2} = \frac{1}{s+a} + \frac{a}{(s+a)^2}$$

## Convolution (Q6)

- (d1) Find the Laplace transform of both terms individually : F(s) and G(s).
- (d2) The Laplace transform of the convolution result f(t) \* g(t) is the product of F(s) and G(s).

$$\mathcal{L}[f(t) * q(t)] = F(S)G(S)$$

(d3) To find f(t) \* g(t), Compute the inverse Laplace Transform of  $F(S) \times G(S)$ 

$$\mathcal{L}^{-1}[F(S)G(S)] = f(t) * g(t)$$

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# Period of a function (old questions)

1. Period of a function Trig(kx):

$$p = \frac{2\pi}{k}$$

# Even and Odd Functions (Q8)

- (f1) Even Functions: f(-a) = f(a)
- (f2) Odd Functions: f(-a) = -f(a)

## Fourier Coefficients

- (g1)  $a_0 = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} f(x) dx$   $a_n = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} f(x) \cos(nx) dx$   $b_n = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} f(x) \sin(nx) dx$
- (g2) Important Revise "Integration by Parts".