

Question 1

Assume that a character in a game is programmed to have an attack power according to $X \sim \text{Normal}(\mu = 40, \sigma = 3)$.

- (a) What is the probability that the attack is greater than 45? (b) What is the probability that the attack is between 32 and 42? (c) Let X_1 and X_2 be the first and second attacks. What is the probability that the *sum* of these two attacks is greater than 85 units? (d) Calculate 99% limits for the sum of two attacks. (e) What is the probability that the *difference* in attacks is more than 5 units? Note that attack 2 can be 5 units more than attack 1 or attack 1 can be 5 units more than attack 2, i.e., $\Pr(|D| > 5) = \Pr(D < -5) + \Pr(D > 5)$.

Question 2

A character in a game deals a standard attack 75% of the time and a critical attack the rest of the time (call these events S and S^c). Given that it is a standard attack, the attack power is $X | S \sim \text{Normal}(\mu = 40, \sigma = 3)$. When the character deals a critical attack, a random fluctuation is added to this according to a $\text{Normal}(\mu = 5, \sigma = 1)$ distribution.

- (a) What is the distribution of $X | S^c$? (b) Calculate $\Pr(X < 43 | S)$ and $\Pr(X < 43 | S^c)$. (c) Calculate $\Pr(X < 43)$. (hint: law of total probability) (d) If the character deals less than 43 damage points, what is the probability that the attack was a critical attack?

Question 3

The income of a technician (in thousands) is $X_1 \sim \text{Normal}(\mu = 30, \sigma = 2)$. The income of an engineer is $X_2 \sim \text{Normal}(\mu = 40, \sigma = 3.5)$.

- (a) Calculate the probability that an engineer earns more than a technician. (b) Calculate 90% limits for the difference in their income. (c) For a group of 25 technicians, calculate the probability that the average wage is less than 30500, i.e., $\Pr(\bar{X}_1 < 30.5)$. (d) In a group of 10 engineers, what is the probability that *at least two* of them earn more than 45000? (hint: binomial with $p = \Pr(X_2 > 45)$) (e) For a sample of 30 technicians and 35 engineers, calculate the 80% limits for the difference in their average wages.

Question 4

Let $X \sim \text{Exponential}(\lambda = 0.02)$. Calculate the following:

- (a) $\Pr(\bar{X} > 55)$ in a group of 100. (b) $\Pr(\bar{X} < 53)$ in a group of 40. (c) The value of \bar{x} such that $\Pr(\bar{X} > \bar{x}) = 0.1$ when $n = 65$. (c) The value of n if $\Pr(\bar{X} < 49) = 0.1$.