## A.masterex

```
1
    //Coded by dst
2
    #include<algorithm>
 3
    #include<iostream>
    #include<cstdio>
 5
    using namespace std;
    typedef long long 11;
6
 7
    int n,ans;
8
    11 a[500005][4],s[500005];
9
    int main(){
10
        freopen("masterex.in","r",stdin);
11
        freopen("masterex.out", "w", stdout);
12
        int i,j;
13
        11 sum;
14
        scanf("%d",&n);
15
        for(j=1; j<=3; j++)
16
            for(i=1;i<=n;i++)
                 scanf("%11d",&a[i][j]);
17
18
        for(i=1;i<=n;i++)
19
            s[i]=a[i][1]+a[i][2]+a[i][3]-max(a[i][1],max(a[i][2],a[i][3]));
20
        sort(s+1,s+n+1);
21
        for(i=1;i<=n;i++){
22
            sum=a[i][1]+a[i][2]+a[i][3];
23
             ans=upper_bound(s+1, s+n+1, sum-2)-s-1;
24
             ans-=\max(a[i][1], \max(a[i][2], a[i][3]))>=2;
             printf("%d%c", ans, i==n?'\n':' ');
25
26
        }
27
        return 0;
28
    }
```

# **B.planex**

DFS枚举

```
1 //Coded by dst
2
    #include<cstdio>
3
    using namespace std;
4
    typedef long long 11;
 5
    int n,k,d[20];
    11 ans,a[20];
6
7
    11 gcd(11 a,11 b){
8
        return b?gcd(b,a%b):a;
9
    }
    11 1cm(11 a,11 b){
10
11
        return a/gcd(a,b)*b;
12
    }
13
    11 dfs(int step,int num){
14
        int i;
15
        11 res=0;
16
        if(step>num){
17
            11 res=a[d[1]];
18
            for(i=2;i<=num;i++){
```

```
19
                 if(res>n)
20
                     return 0;
21
                 res=lcm(res,a[d[i]]);
22
             }
23
             return n/res;
24
        }
25
        for(i=d[step-1]+1;i <= k-(num-step);i++){}
26
             d[step]=i;
27
             res+=dfs(step+1, num);
28
29
        return res;
30
    }
31
    int main(){
32
        freopen("planex.in","r",stdin);
        freopen("planex.out","w",stdout);
33
34
        int i,T;
35
        scanf("%d",&T);
36
        while(T--){
37
            scanf("%d%d",&n,&k);
38
             ans=n;
39
             for(i=1;i<=k;i++)
40
                 scanf("%]]d",&a[i]);
41
             for(i=1;i<=k;i++)
                 ans+=dfs(1,i)*(i\%2?-1:1);
42
43
             printf("%11d\n",ans);
44
        }
45
        return 0;
46 }
```

### cyn神仙的状压枚举(推荐)

```
#include <bits/stdc++.h>
 1
 2
    using namespace std;
 3
    #define 11 long long
 4
 5
    #define up(i, x, y) for(int i = x; i \le y; ++i)
    #define down(i, x, y) for(int i = x; i >= y; --i)
 6
 7
    #define gc getchar()
 8
    #define pc putchar
9
    #define fi first
10
    #define se second
    #define ek emplace_back
11
12
    #define pk push_back
13
    #define mk make_pair
14
    #define N 100005
15
    int T;
16
17
    11 a[N];
18
    inline 11 gcd(11 x, 11 y) {return y == 0 ? x : gcd(y, x % y);}
19
    inline void solve() {
20
        int n, k;
21
        cin >> n >> k;
22
        up(i, 1, k) cin >> a[i];
23
        11 ans = 0;
24
        up(i, 1, (1 << k) - 1) {
25
             bool flag = 0;
26
             11 \text{ res} = 1; \text{ int tot} = 0;
```

```
27
            up(j, 1, k) if(i >> (j - 1) & 1) {
28
                 res = res / gcd(res, a[j]) * a[j];
29
30
                 if(res > n) {flag = 1; break;}
31
            }
32
            if(flag) continue;
33
            if(tot \& 1) ans += n / res;
34
            else ans -= n / res;
35
        }
36
        cout << n - ans << '\n';
37
    }
38
    int main() {
39
        ios::sync_with_stdio(0), cin.tie(0), cout.tie(0);
40
        cin >> T;
41
        while(T--) solve();
42
        return 0;
43 }
```

# C.or

```
//Coded by dst
 2
    #include<iostream>
 3
    #include<cstring>
4
    #include<cstdio>
    #include<cmath>
5
6
    using namespace std;
 7
    const int w[4][2] = \{\{0,1\}, \{0,-1\}, \{-1,0\}, \{1,0\}\}, N=505;
8
    int n,m,d[N][N];
9
    int p,ans;
10
    bool b[35],mp[N][N],Mp[N][N],vis[N][N];
    void cpy(bool a[][N],bool b[][N]){
11
12
        for(int i=1;i<=n;i++)
13
             for(int j=1;j<=m;j++)</pre>
14
                 b[i][j]=a[i][j];
15
    void add(int bit,bool mp[][N]){
16
17
         for(int i=1;i<=n;i++)</pre>
18
             for(int j=1; j <= m; j++)
19
                 mp[i][j]|=d[i][j]>>bit&1;
20
    }
21
    bool check(int x,int y){
22
        if(Mp[x][y]||vis[x][y])
23
             return 0;
24
         vis[x][y]=1;
25
         if(x==n\&\&y==m)
26
             return 1;
27
         bool res=0;
28
         for(int i=0;i<4;i++)
29
             res|=check(x+w[i][0],y+w[i][1]);
30
         return res;
31
    }
    int main(){
32
         freopen("or.in","r",stdin);
33
         freopen("or.out", "w", stdout);
34
35
         int i,j,mx=0;
36
         scanf("%d%d",&n,&m);
```

```
37
         memset(Mp,1,sizeof(Mp));
38
         for(i=1;i<=n;i++)
             for(j=1;j<=m;j++){}
39
40
                 Mp[i][j]=0;
41
                 scanf("%d",&d[i][j]);
42
                 mx=max(mx,d[i][j]);
43
             }
44
         p=log2(mx);
45
         for(i=p;i>=0;i--){
46
             cpy(mp,Mp);
47
             add(i,Mp);
48
             memset(vis,0,sizeof(vis));
49
             if(check(1,1))
50
                 cpy(Mp,mp);
51
             else
52
                 b[i]=1;
53
54
         for(i=0;i<=p;i++)
55
            if(b[i])
56
                 ans+=1<<ii;
         printf("%d\n",ans);
57
58
         return 0;
59 }
```

### **D.control**

### 二分答案

```
1 //Coded by dst
2
    #include<algorithm>
3 #include<cstdio>
4
    using namespace std;
5
    typedef long long 11;
6
    int n;
7
    11 ans,max_f;
    11 a[1005],f[1005],dis[1005],matrix[1005][1005];
8
9
    int k[1005];
10
    bool vis[1005];
    11 prim(){
11
12
        fill(vis,vis+n+1,0);
13
        fill(dis,dis+n+1,ll(1e18));
14
        int step=1,i,j;
        11 res=0;
15
16
        for(i=1;i<n;i++){//i:the i-th node-adding</pre>
17
             vis[step]=1;
18
             for(j=1;j \leftarrow n;j++)
19
             if(!vis[j])
20
                 dis[j]=min(dis[j],matrix[step][j]);
21
             step=0;
22
             for(j=1;j \le n;j++)
23
                 if(!vis[j]&&dis[j]<dis[step])</pre>
24
                     step=j;
25
             res+=dis[step];
26
27
        return res;
28
    }
```

```
29
    bool judge(11 r){//r:ratio
30
         int i,j;
31
         for(i=1;i<=n;i++)
32
             for(j=1; j <= n; j++)
33
                 matrix[i][j]=1e18;
34
        for(i=1;i<=n;i++)
35
             for(j=i+1;j \le n;j++)
36
                 if(k[i]!=k[j])
37
                      matrix[i][j]=matrix[j][i]=r*(a[i]^a[j])-(f[i]^f[j]);
38
         return prim()<=0;</pre>
39
    }
40
    11 solve(){
41
        11 1=0, r=(\max_{f<<1}), \min_{f<<1};
        while(1 \le r){
42
43
             mid=(1+r)>>1;
             if(judge(mid))
44
45
                 l=mid+1, res=mid;
46
             else
47
                 r=mid-1;
48
49
         return res;
50
    }
51
    int main(){
        freopen("control.in","r",stdin);
52
53
         freopen("control.out", "w", stdout);
54
        int i,j;
         scanf("%d",&n);
55
56
        for(i=1;i<=n;i++){
             scanf("%11d%11d%d",&a[i],&f[i],&k[i]);
57
             max_f=max(max_f,f[i]);
59
        }
60
         ans=solve();
61
         if(ans!=-1)
             printf("%11d\n",ans);
62
         else
64
             printf("poor jlb!\n");
65
         return 0;
66 }
```

#### ptz神仙的牛顿迭代

```
1 //This program is written by Bring.
 2
    #include<cstdio>
 3
    #include<cstring>
4
    #include<algorithm>
 5
    #include<cmath>
 6
    using namespace std;
 7
    #define Rd(a) (a=read())
8
    inline int read(){
9
         register int x;register char c(getchar());register bool k;
10
        while((c<'0'||c>'9')\&\&c\wedge'-')if((c=getchar())==EOF)exit(0);
11
        if(c^{-1})x=c^{15}, k=1; else x=0, k=0;
12
         while(c=getchar(), c = 0' \& c = 9' x = (x << 1) + (x << 3) + (c < 15);
13
         return k?x:-x;
    }
14
15
    void wr(register int a){
         if(a<0)putchar('-'),a=-a;</pre>
16
```

```
17
       if(a<=9)putchar(a|'0');</pre>
18
        else wr(a/10), putchar((a%10)|'0');
19
    }
20 | #define Ps putchar(' ')
21 | #define Pe putchar('\n')
22 | #define Frn0(i,a,b) for(register int i(a);i<(b);++i)
23
    #define Frn1(i,a,b) for(register int i(a);i<=(b);++i)</pre>
24
    #define Frn_(i,a,b) for(register int i(a);i>=(b);--i)
25 | #define Fre(a,i) for(register int i(hd[a]);i;i=nxt[i])
26 | #define Mst(a,b) memset(a,b,sizeof(a))
    #define INF signed(0x3f3f3f3f)
27
28 #define NINF signed(0xc3c3c3c3)
29
    #define File(a) freopen(a".in","r",stdin),freopen(a".out","w",stdout)
30 #define N (1001)
31 #define Eps (1e-4)
   #define E(i,j) T(f[i]^f[j],a[i]^a[j])
32
33
    int n,a[N],f[N],k[N],fa[N],mu;
34 | double ans(1), nw;
35 | bool vs[N];
    int fnd(int a){return fa[a]==a?a:fa[a]=fnd(fa[a]);}
37
    inline double prim();
38
    struct T{
39
        double v,w;
40
        inline T(double vv=0, double ww=0) {v=vv, w=ww;}
41
        inline bool operator<(T b)const{return v-w*ans<b.v-b.w*ans;}
42
        inline T operator+=(T b){return{v+=b.v,w+=b.w};}
43
    }d[N],s;
44
    signed main(){
45
        File("control");
46
        Rd(n);
47
        Frn1(i,1,n){
             Rd(a[i]),Rd(f[i]),Rd(k[i]),fa[i]=i;
48
49
             Frn0(j,1,i)if(k[i]!=k[j]&&fnd(i)!=fnd(j))fa[fa[i]]=fa[j];
50
        }
51
        fnd(1);
52
        Frn1(i,2,n)if(fnd(i)!=fa[1])printf("poor jlb!"),exit(0);
53
        while(fabs(prim()-ans)>Eps)ans=nw;
        wr(ans),exit(0);
54
55
    }
56
    inline double prim(){
        fill(d, d+n+1, T(-999999999999)), Mst(vs, 0), s={0,0}, vs[1]=1;
57
58
        Frn1(i,2,n)if(k[1]!=k[i])d[i]=E(1,i);
        Frn0(p,1,n){
59
60
            mu=0;
61
            Frn1(i,2,n)if(!vs[i]&&d[mu]<d[i])mu=i;</pre>
62
            vs[mu]=1, s+=d[mu];
            Frn1(i,2,n)if(!vs[i]\&\&k[mu]!=k[i])d[i]=max(d[i],E(mu,i));
63
64
65
        return nw=s.v/s.w;
66 }
```