Object Oriented Programming in JAVA

Practical No.: - 8

Q.8] Consider student data consist of fields such as roll number, name, and marks of various subjects. Write a program using inbuilt and user defined exceptions to avoid invalid entry.

Code :-

```
import java.util.Scanner;
class IncorrectRollNumberException extends Exception {
  public IncorrectRollNumberException(String s) {
      super(s);
}
class NameTooShortException extends Exception {
  public NameTooShortException(String s) {
      super(s);
class InvalidMarksException extends Exception {
  public InvalidMarksException(String s) {
      super(s);
}
                         class Student {
  int rollNumber;
  String name;
  int[] marks;
  Student(int rollNumber, String name, int ...marks) throws
         IncorrectRollNumberException, NameTooShortException,
         InvalidMarksException {
      System.out.println("Student("+rollNumber+", "+name+", ...marks)");
      if (rollNumber < 0) {</pre>
         throw new IncorrectRollNumberException("Roll number cannot be negative");
      this.rollNumber = rollNumber;
      if (name.length() < 3) {</pre>
         throw new NameTooShortException("Name should be at least 3 characters long");
      this.name = name;
      for (int i = 0; i < marks.length; i++) {</pre>
         if (marks[i] < 0 | | marks[i] > 100) {
            throw new InvalidMarksException("Marks should be between 0 and 100");
      this.marks = marks;
}
                         public class Main {
  public static void main(String[] args) throws IncorrectRollNumberException,
InvalidMarksException, NameTooShortException {
      Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
      System.out.println("Enter the number of students: ");
      int numberOfStudents = sc.nextInt();
      Student[] students = new Student[numberOfStudents];
      for (int i = 0; i < numberOfStudents; i++) {</pre>
         System.out.println("Enter the roll number and name" + (i + 1) + ": ");
         int rollNumber = sc.nextInt();
         String name = sc.nextLine();
         System.out.println("Enter the number of subjects: ");
         int numberOfSubjects = sc.nextInt();
```

Output:-

```
Enter the number of students:
Enter the roll number and namel:
1 abhi
Enter the number of subjects:
Enter the marks of subject 1:
100
Enter the marks of subject 2:
99
Student(1, abhi, ...marks)
Enter the roll number and name2:
2 Kai
Enter the number of subjects:
Enter the marks of subject 1:
Enter the marks of subject 2:
99
Student(2, Kai, ...marks)
Enter the roll number and name3:
3 Tyson
Enter the number of subjects:
Enter the marks of subject 1:
Enter the marks of subject 2:
99
Student(3, Tyson, ...marks)
1 abhi 100 99
2 Kai 99 99
3 Tyson 98 99
```