

🎯 PROMPT COMPLET - DÉVELOPPEMENT SECTION ADMIN OLIVER PLATFORM

📋 CONTEXTE DU PROJET

Tu vas développer l'intégralité de la section Admin de la plateforme Oliver (clone OnlyFans professionnel) en te basant sur:

- 9 interfaces visuelles fournies (référence design exacte)
- PDF de spécifications techniques complètes
- Architecture monorepo Turborepo existante dans `C:\dev`

IMPÉRATIF: Code **COMPLET** et **PRODUCTION-READY**, pas d'exemples ou de placeholders.

📁 ANALYSE DU CODE EXISTANT

Structure du Projet

```
C:\dev/
├── apps/
│   ├── web/      # Next.js 15 - Frontend
│   └── api/      # NestJS - Backend
└── packages/
    ├── database/  # Prisma schema partagé
    ├── shared/    # Types et utilitaires
    └── config/    # Configuration partagée
├── infra/       # Infrastructure (Docker, K8s)
├── .github/     # CI/CD workflows
└── docker-compose.yml
```

Éléments à Réutiliser

1. Design System Existant

Localisation: `apps/web/components/ui/` et `apps/web/styles/globals.css`

Palettes de couleurs à utiliser:

css

```
--primary: #00B8A9      /* Turquoise principal */
--primary-hover: #00A395 /* Hover state */
--success: #22C55E
--warning: #F59E0B
--error: #EF4444
--background-main: #FFFFFF
--background-secondary: #F8FAFB
--text-primary: #1A1A1A
--text-secondary: #6B7280
--border: #E5E7EB
```

Components UI à réutiliser:

- Buttons (primary, secondary, ghost)
- Cards avec border-radius: 16px
- Input fields avec validation
- Modals/Dialogs
- Toasts pour notifications
- Tables avec tri et filtres
- Charts (Recharts configuré)

2. Architecture Backend

Localisation: `apps/api/src/`

Modules existants à étendre:

- `auth/` - Système d'authentification JWT
- `users/` - Gestion utilisateurs (à étendre avec admin features)
- `payments/` - Intégration paiements (à connecter avec accounting)
- `common/guards/` - Guards d'authentification (créer RoleGuard pour admin)

Configurations existantes:

- Database connection (Prisma)
- Redis cache
- File upload (local, S3 ready)
- Email service (SMTP configuré)

3. Database Schema

Localisation: `packages/database/prisma/schema.prisma`

Modèles existants:

- User (avec role: FAN | CREATOR | ADMIN | MODERATOR)
- CreatorProfile
- FanProfile
- Post
- Subscription
- Message
- Payment
- Like
- Purchase

À AJOUTER pour Admin (section complète plus bas)

SECTION 1: INTERFACES FRONTEND (9 ÉCRANS)

Contraintes de Design

- **Framework:** Next.js 15 avec App Router
- **Styling:** Tailwind CSS (classes utilitaires seulement)
- **Components:** Shadcn/ui + Radix UI
- **Charts:** Recharts pour tous les graphiques
- **Icons:** Lucide React
- **State:** Zustand pour state global, React Query pour data fetching
- **Forms:** React Hook Form + Zod validation

Design Principles STRICTS

typescript

// Spacing system (*utiliser uniquement ces valeurs*)

```
const spacing = {  
  xs: '4px',  
  sm: '8px',  
  md: '16px',  
  lg: '24px',  
  xl: '32px',  
  xxl: '48px'  
}
```

// Border radius

```
const borderRadius = {  
  button: '10px',  
  card: '16px',  
  input: '8px'  
}
```

// Typography

```
const typography = {  
  fontFamily: '-apple-system, Inter, system-ui',  
  heading: {  
    h1: { size: '32px', weight: 600 },  
    h2: { size: '24px', weight: 600 },  
    h3: { size: '20px', weight: 500 },  
    h4: { size: '16px', weight: 500 }  
  },  
  body: {  
    regular: { size: '14px', lineHeight: 1.5 },  
    small: { size: '13px', lineHeight: 1.4 },  
    tiny: { size: '12px', lineHeight: 1.3 }  
  }  
}
```

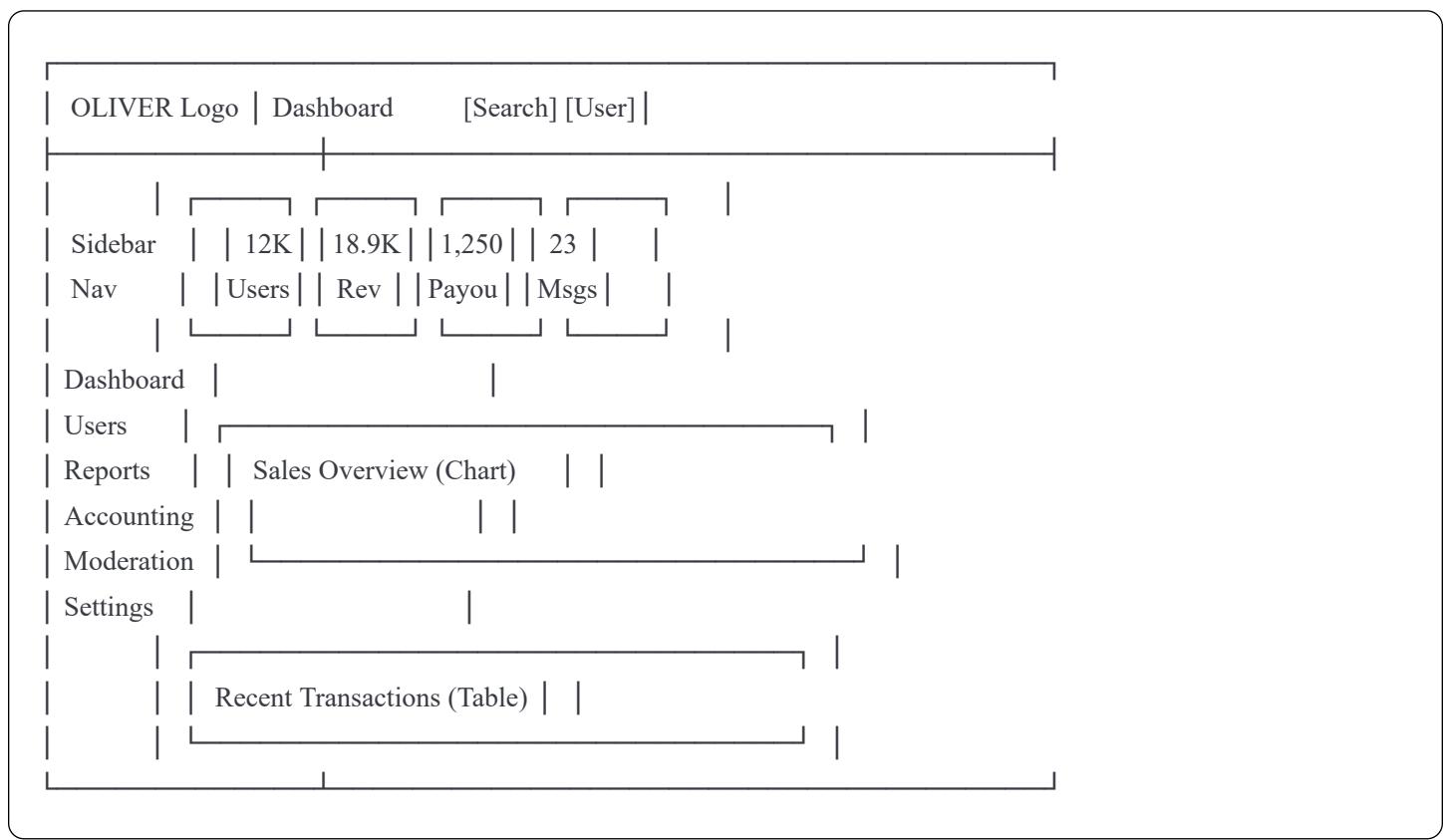
// Shadows (*subtle uniquement*)

```
const shadows = {  
  card: '0 1px 3px rgba(0,0,0,0.05)',  
  hover: '0 4px 6px rgba(0,0,0,0.07)',  
  modal: '0 10px 25px rgba(0,0,0,0.15)'  
}
```

1.1 Dashboard Admin ([\(/admin/dashboard\)](#))

Référence Visuelle: Image 1

Layout:



Fichier: [\(apps/web/app/\(admin\)/dashboard/page.tsx\)](#)

Features à implémenter:

1. Metric Cards (4 cards horizontales)

- Total Users: Nombre + % de changement (vert si positif, rouge si négatif)
- Revenue: Montant en EUR + % changement
- Pending Payouts: Nombre + % changement
- Messages: Nombre non lus (badge rouge si > 0)
- Source données: API </api/admin/dashboard/metrics>
- Refresh: toutes les 30 secondes (React Query)
- Animation: Counter animé sur changement de valeur

2. Sales Overview Chart

- Type: Area Chart (Recharts)
- Données: Revenus quotidiens sur période sélectionnée
- Période selector: [7 jours, 30 jours, 3 mois, 1 an]
- Couleur: gradient turquoise ( #00B8A9) to transparent)
- Axes: X = dates, Y = montant en K€
- Tooltip: Date + montant exact
- Responsive: adaptatif mobile

3. Recent Transactions Table

- Colonnes: Date | Description | Amount
- 5 dernières transactions
- Amount: vert si positif, rouge si négatif
- Action: Clic sur ligne → modal détails transaction
- Button "View Reports" → redirect vers </admin/accounting>

API Endpoints à créer:

```
typescript
```

GET /api/admin/dashboard/metrics

```
Response: {
  totalUsers: number
  totalUsersChange: number // %
  revenue: number      // en centimes
  revenueChange: number // %
  pendingPayouts: number
  pendingPayoutsChange: number
  unreadMessages: number
}
```

GET /api/admin/dashboard/sales?period=30d

```
Response: [
  {
    date: string      // ISO format
    value: number     // en centimes
  }
]
```

GET /api/admin/dashboard/transactions?limit=5

```
Response: [
  {
    id: string
    date: string
    description: string
    amount: number      // en centimes (négatif = dépense)
    type: 'CREDIT' | 'DEBIT'
  }
]
```

State Management:

```
typescript
```

```
// Zustand store pour admin dashboard
interface AdminDashboardStore {
  metrics: Metrics | null
  salesData: SalesData[]
  transactions: Transaction[]
  selectedPeriod: '7d' | '30d' | '3m' | '1y'
  setSelectedPeriod: (period: string) => void
  refreshMetrics: () => Promise<void>
}
```

Validations & Error Handling:

- Si API down: afficher skeleton loaders
 - Si données incohérentes: logger erreur + fallback à 0
 - Si timeout (>5s): afficher message retry
 - Toasts pour actions (succès/erreur)
-

1.2 Users Management ([\(/admin/users\)](#))

Référence Visuelle: Image 2

Features à implémenter:

1. Filtres & Recherche

- Tabs: All Users | Admins | Creators | Pending KYCs | Suspended
- Search bar: recherche par nom, email, username (debounce 300ms)
- Button "Add New User" → Modal création

2. Bulk Actions

- Checkboxes sur chaque ligne
- Actions: "Suspend Selected" | "Reset Password" | "Export CSV"
- Confirmation modal avant action bulk
- Progress indicator pour actions longues

3. Table Utilisateurs

- Colonnes: [Checkbox] | Avatar+Name | Email | Role (badge coloré) | Account Age | Last Login | Actions
- Tri: toutes colonnes cliquables
- Pagination: 50 users par page
- Actions par ligne: Suspend | Reset | View (→ modal détails)

4. User Detail Modal

- Infos complètes user
- Historique transactions
- Posts publiés
- Warnings/bans
- Boutons: Edit Profile | Suspend | Delete (avec confirmation)

API Endpoints:

typescript

GET /api/admin/users?role=CREATOR&status=VERIFIED&search=john&page=1&limit=50&sortBy=createdAt&sortOrder=asc

Response: {

 users: User[]

 total: number

 page: number

 totalPages: number

}

POST /api/admin/users/:id/suspend

Body: { reason: string, duration?: number }

Response: { success: boolean, user: User }

POST /api/admin/users/bulk-suspend

Body: { userIds: string[], reason: string }

Response: { success: boolean, suspended: number }

POST /api/admin/users/:id/reset-password

Response: { success: boolean, temporaryPassword: string }

GET /api/admin/users/export.csv?filters=...

Response: CSV file download

Permissions Check:

typescript

// Middleware pour vérifier role admin

```
if(user.role !== 'ADMIN' && user.role !== 'MODERATOR') {
  throw new UnauthorizedException()
}
```

1.3 Reports & Flags (/admin/reports)

Référence Visuelle: Image 3

Features à implémenter:

1. Filtres

- Dropdowns: Type | Severity | Status
- Button "Filter" + "Clear"
- Compteur de résultats

2. Reports List

- Colonnes: Report ID | User (avatar) | Target (badge coloré) | Timestamp
- Click sur ligne → Panel détails à droite
- Badge sévérité (LOW=vert, MEDIUM=orange, HIGH=rouge)

3. Report Detail Panel

- Content: Preview du contenu rapporté
- Tabs: Content | Context | High (historique)
- Reporter info
- Timeline des actions
- Actions: Dismiss | Warn | Ban | Approve

API Endpoints:

```
typescript
```

```
GET /api/admin/reports?status=PENDING&severity=HIGH&type=CONTENT&page=1
```

```
Response: {  
  reports: Report[]  
  total: number  
}
```

```
PATCH /api/admin/reports/:id
```

```
Body: {  
  status: 'DISMISSED' | 'RESOLVED' | 'ESCALATED',  
  action: 'WARN' | 'BAN' | 'DELETE_CONTENT',  
  notes: string  
}  
Response: { success: boolean, report: Report }
```

```
POST /api/admin/reports/:id/assign
```

```
Body: { moderatorId: string }  
Response: { success: boolean }
```

Real-time Updates:

typescript

```
// WebSocket pour nouveaux reports
socket.on('admin:new-report', (report) => {
  // Toast notification
  // Incrémenter compteur
  // Ajouter à la liste si filtres matchent
})
```

1.4 Moderation Queue ([/admin/moderation](#))

Référence Visuelle: Image 4

Features CRITIQUES:

1. Queue List (gauche)

- Posts en attente de modération
- Avatar créateur + username
- Badge priorité (LOW, MEDIUM, HIGH)
- Timestamp relatif (2h ago)
- Click → charge détails à droite

2. Content Review (droite)

- **IMPORTANT:** Image/Video avec blur par défaut
- Bouton "Unblur to review" (protection moderator)
- Infos: Creator, Reported by, Reports count
- **AI Analysis (CRUCIAL):**
 - Violence: 12% (barre turquoise)
 - Adult: 2% (barre turquoise)
 - Hate: 56% (barre turquoise)
 - Spam: 8% (barre turquoise)
- Note: "AI risk analysis generated automatically for review assistance"

3. Actions

- Buttons: Approve (vert) | Reject (rouge) | Request (orange)
- Shortcuts clavier: A=Approve, R=Reject, E=Escalate
- Confirmation avant action irréversible

4. Moderator Protection

- Timer: Maximum 4h de modération continue
- Breaks obligatoires: 15min toutes les heures
- Compteur de contenus reviewés
- Alert si seuil atteint

API Endpoints:

typescript

GET /api/admin/moderation/queue?priority=HIGH&status=PENDING

Response: {

```
items: {  
    id: string  
    contentId: string  
    contentType: 'POST' | 'MESSAGE' | 'PROFILE'  
    creatorId: string  
    creatorName: string  
    creatorAvatar: string  
    reportCount: number  
    priority: 'LOW' | 'MEDIUM' | 'HIGH'  
    aiAnalysis: {  
        violence: number  
        adult: number  
        hate: number  
        spam: number  
    }  
    createdAt: string  
}[]  
}
```

POST /api/admin/moderation/decision

Body: {

```
contentId: string  
decision: 'APPROVE' | 'REJECT' | 'ESCALATE'  
reason: string  
actions?: ('DELETE_CONTENT' | 'WARN_USER' | 'BAN_USER')[]  
}  
Response: { success: boolean }
```

AI Integration:

typescript

```
// Service pour analyse AI (Google Vision + AWS Rekognition)
async analyzeContent(contentUrl: string) {
  const results = await Promise.all([
    googleVision.analyze(contentUrl),
    awsRekognition.analyze(contentUrl),
    customModel.analyze(contentUrl)
  ])

  return {
    violence: average([results[0].violence, results[1].violence]),
    adult: average([results[0].adult, results[1].adult]),
    hate: results[2].hate, // Custom model
    spam: results[2].spam
  }
}
```

1.5 Transactions Overview ([\(/admin/transactions\)](#))

Référence Visuelle: Image 5

Features:

1. Filtres

- Date Range picker
- Transaction Type dropdown (Subscription, PPV, Tip, etc.)
- Status dropdown (All, Completed, Pending, Failed)
- Button "Apply Filter"
- Button "Export CSV"

2. Revenue Trend Chart

- Area chart (Recharts)
- Période sélectionnée par filtres
- Total visible en haut: "Cibes 25K" (format automatique K/M)

3. Payouts Trend Chart

- Même format que Revenue
- Avec bars overlay pour montants discrets

4. Transactions Table

- Colonnes: Date | Type (badge) | Amount | Status (badge)
- Status badges: Completed (vert), Pending (orange), Failed (rouge)
- Click ligne → Modal détails transaction

5. Payouts Status List

- Mini-table avec Status | Status | Actions
- Checkmarks pour Completed
- Warning icon pour Failed
- Actions: Fav, Fail (icons)

API Endpoints:

typescript

GET /api/admin/transactions?dateFrom=2025-01-01&dateTo=2025-10-20&type=SUBSCRIPTION&status=COMPLETED&

Response: {

 transactions: Transaction[]

 total: number

 summary: {

 totalRevenue: number

 totalPayouts: number

 avgTransaction: number

 }

}

GET /api/admin/transactions/trends?period=30d&metric=revenue

Response: {

 date: string

 value: number

}[]

POST /api/admin/transactions/:id/refund

Body: { amount: number, reason: string }

Response: { success: boolean }

1.6 Accounting & Export ([/admin/accounting](#))

Référence Visuelle: Image 6

Features:

1. Export Buttons

- "Export CSV" | "Export PDF" (actif, turquoise) | "Plan Export"
- Click PDF → génère rapport comptable
- Format PDF: Header avec logo, tableau revenus/dépenses, footer avec signatures

2. Metric Cards

- Revenue: €1,950 (icône euro turquoise)
- Fees: €8,75 (icône pourcentage orange)
- Commission: €8,750 (icône chart orange)
- Net Profit: €14,500 (icône wallet turquoise)

3. Export History Table

- Colonnes: Date | Type | Format | Initiated By | Status
- Status badges: Completed (vert), Pending (orange), Failed (rouge), Rending (orange)
- Note en bas: "Exports stored 7 days before purge"
- Click ligne → Download file

Calculs Comptables:

```
typescript

// Formules EXACTES
const calculations = {
  revenue: sum(transactions.filter(t => t.type === 'CREDIT')),
  fees: sum(transactions.map(t => t.processingFee)),
  commission: revenue * platformTakeRate, // ex: 15%
  netProfit: revenue - fees - commission - operatingCosts
}
```

API Endpoints:

typescript

GET /api/admin/accounting/summary?period=month&year=2025

Response: {
 revenue: number
 fees: number
 commission: number
 netProfit: number
 breakdown: {
 subscriptions: number
 ppv: number
 tips: number
 }
}

POST /api/admin/accounting/export

Body: {
 type: 'accounting' | 'transactions' | 'payouts'
 format: 'csv' | 'pdf' | 'xlsx'
 dateFrom: string
 dateTo: string
}
Response: {
 exportId: string
 status: 'PROCESSING'
}

GET /api/admin/accounting/exports/:id/download

Response: File download

PDF Generation:

typescript

```
// Utiliser pdfkit ou puppeteer
async generateAccountingPDF(data: AccountingSummary) {
  const pdf = new PDFDocument()

  // Header
  pdf.image('logo.png', 50, 45, { width: 50 })
  pdf.fontSize(20).text('Oliver Platform', 120, 50)
  pdf.fontSize(10).text(`Accounting Report - ${data.period}`, 120, 70)

  // Summary table
  pdf.fontSize(12).text('Financial Summary', 50, 120)
  // ... tables avec données

  // Footer
  pdf.fontSize(8).text('Generated by Oliver Admin', 50, 700)

  return pdf
}
```

1.7 Audit Log ([\(/admin/audit-log\)](#))

Référence Visuelle: Image 7

Features:

1. Filtres

- Date dropdown
- Actor dropdown (filter par admin user)
- Action Type dropdown
- Button "Export" (CSV)

2. Log Entries Table

- Colonnes: TYPE (avatar) | ACTION (texte action) | IP | DEVICE
- Actions colorées: Created/Added (turquoise), Updated (bleu), Deleted (gris), Changed (turquoise), Suspended (rouge)
- Grouping par date: "Yesterday", dates spécifiques
- Pagination infinie (load more on scroll)

3. Immutabilité

- Logs append-only
- Impossible de modifier ou supprimer
- Hashing pour intégrité

API Endpoints:

typescript

GET /api/admin/audit-log?actor=userId&action=user.suspend&dateFrom=&dateTo=&page=1

Response: {

```
logs: {  
    id: string  
    timestamp: string  
    actorId: string  
    actorName: string  
    actorAvatar: string  
    action: string    // ex: "Updated payout", "Changed John Doe role: admin"  
    type: string     // ex: "Robert Fox", "Dianne Russell"  
    ip: string  
    device: string   // ex: "MacBook Pro", "iPhone 15"  
    metadata: object // Données additionnelles  
}  
[]  
total: number  
}
```

GET /api/admin/audit-log/export.csv?filters=...

Response: CSV file

Schema Prisma:

```
prisma  
  
model AuditLog {  
    id      String @id @default(cuid())  
    timestamp DateTime @default(now())  
    actorId String  
    actor   User   @relation(fields: [actorId], references: [id])  
    action  String  // Verb: "created", "updated", "deleted", "suspended"  
    targetType String // "user", "post", "transaction", "setting"  
    targetId String?  
    metadata Json   // Full details de l'action  
    ip      String  
    userAgent String  
    device  String // Parsed from userAgent  
  
    @@index([actorId, timestamp])  
    @@index([action, timestamp])  
    @@index([timestamp])  
}
```

Logging Service:

typescript

```
// Service centralisé pour tous les logs
class AuditLogService {
    async log(params: {
        actorId: string
        action: string
        targetType: string
        targetId?: string
        metadata: object
        request: Request
    }) {
        const ip = getClientIp(request)
        const device = parseUserAgent(request.headers['user-agent'])

        await prisma.auditLog.create({
            data: {
                ...params,
                ip,
                device,
                timestamp: new Date()
            }
        })
    }
}

// Utilisation
await auditLog.log({
    actorId: admin.id,
    action: 'user.suspend',
    targetType: 'user',
    targetId: suspendedUser.id,
    metadata: { reason: 'TOS violation', duration: '7d' },
    request
})
```

1.8 Settings ([/admin/settings](#))

Référence Visuelle: Image 8

Features:

1. Tabs Navigation

- General (actif) | Security | Notifications | Roles & Permissions

2. General Tab

- Platform Info card:
 - Platform Name: input (OLIVER)
 - Contact Email: input
- Preferences card:
 - Enable Dark Mode: toggle
 - Auto Backup: toggle
 - Show tooltips for new users: toggle (actif)

3. Security Tab

- Password Length: number input (8)
- 2FA Requirement: toggle (actif)
- Allowed IPs: textarea
- Button "Reset API Key" (rouge outline)

4. Buttons

- Cancel (outline) | Save (primary turquoise)

API Endpoints:

typescript

GET /api/admin/settings

Response: {
 platformName: string
 contactEmail: string
 darkMode: boolean
 autoBackup: boolean
 showToolips: boolean
 security: {
 passwordLength: number
 require2FA: boolean
 allowedIPs: string[]
 apiKey: string // Masked
 }
}

PATCH /api/admin/settings

Body: Partial<Settings>
Response: { success: boolean, settings: Settings }

POST /api/admin/settings/api-key/reset

Response: {
 success: boolean,
 newApiKey: string // Affiché une seule fois
}

Validation:

typescript

```
// Zod schema pour validation
const settingsSchema = z.object({
  platformName: z.string().min(3).max(50),
  contactEmail: z.string().email(),
  darkMode: z.boolean(),
  autoBackup: z.boolean(),
  showToolips: z.boolean(),
  security: z.object({
    passwordLength: z.number().min(8).max(32),
    require2FA: z.boolean(),
    allowedIPs: z.array(z.string().ip())
  })
})
```

1.9 KYC Validation ([/admin/kyc](#))

Référence Visuelle: Image 9

Features CRITIQUES:

1. Breadcrumb

- Dashboard / Users / KYC Validation / Review
- Dropdown status: Pending (actif)

2. Submitted Information (gauche)

- Full Name: Jane Smith
- Date of Birth: March 13, 1984
- Nationality: United States, Springfield, IL62701
- ID Number: 123456789
- Expiration Date: September 12, 2028
- Submission Date: October 22, 2025
- KYC ID: KYC-20210222.00124

3. Documents Section

- 3 thumbnails: Front ID | Back ID | Proof of Address
- Click thumbnail → Lightbox agrandit
- Zoom in/out sur documents

4. Identity Card Preview (droite)

- Reconstruction visuelle du document
- Photo + Nom + ID + Expiration
- Icons zoom in/out et fullscreen

5. AI Confidence Analysis

- Identity Match: 82% (barre turquoise)
- Liveness: 65% (barre orange) 
- Document Authenticity: 95% (barre turquoise)
- Seuil LOW: <60%, MEDIUM: 60-80%, HIGH: >80%

6. Actions

- Approve (turquoise) | Reject (rouge) | Request Review (outline rouge)
- Approve → User devient VERIFIED
- Reject → Modal avec raison (required)
- Request Review → Escalate à senior moderator

API Endpoints:

typescript

GET /api/admin/kyc/pending?page=1

```
Response: {
  kycs: [
    {
      id: string
      userId: string
      user: { name, email, avatar }
      status: 'PENDING' | 'VERIFIED' | 'REJECTED'
      submittedAt: string
      documents: {
        front: string // S3 URL
        back: string
        proof: string
      }
      data: {
        fullName: string
        dateOfBirth: string
        nationality: string
        idNumber: string
        expirationDate: string
      }
      aiScores: {
        identityMatch: number
        liveness: number
        documentAuthenticity: number
      }
    }
  ]
}
```

POST /api/admin/kyc/:id/approve

Body: { notes?: string }

Response: { success: boolean }

POST /api/admin/kyc/:id/reject

Body: { reason: string, notes?: string }

Response: { success: boolean }

POST /api/admin/kyc/:id/request-review

Body: { notes: string }

Response: { success: boolean }

typescript

```
// Webhook handler pour résultats AI
async handleYotiWebhook(payload: YotiWebhookPayload) {
  const kyc = await prisma.kycVerification.findUnique({
    where: { externalId: payload.session_id }
  })

  await prisma.kycVerification.update({
    where: { id: kyc.id },
    data: {
      aiScores: {
        identityMatch: payload.checks.document_match.score,
        liveness: payload.checks.liveness.score,
        documentAuthenticity: payload.checks.document_authenticity.score
      },
      status: payload.result === 'PASS' ? 'PENDING' : 'REJECTED'
    }
  })

  // Si tous scores >80%, auto-approve
  if (allScoresAbove80(payload.checks)) {
    await this.approveKyc(kyc.id)
  }
}
```

Document Storage:

typescript

```
// Encryption des documents sensibles
async storeKycDocument(file: File, userId: string) {
    // 1. Encrypt file
    const encrypted = await encrypt(file.buffer, process.env.KYC_ENCRYPTION_KEY)

    // 2. Upload to S3 avec server-side encryption
    const key = `kyc/${userId}/${uuid()}`

    await s3.upload({
        Bucket: 'oliver-kyc-documents',
        Key: key,
        Body: encrypted,
        ServerSideEncryption: 'AES256',
        Metadata: {
            userId,
            uploadedAt: new Date().toISOString()
        }
    })

    // 3. Store only reference in DB, never raw URL
    return key
}

// Accès temporaire pour review
async getKycDocumentUrl(key: string, adminId: string) {
    // Log access
    await auditLog.log({
        actorId: adminId,
        action: 'kyc.document.viewed',
        metadata: { documentKey: key }
    })
}

// Generate signed URL (expire 5 minutes)
return s3.getSignedUrl('getObject', {
    Bucket: 'oliver-kyc-documents',
    Key: key,
    Expires: 300
})
```



SECTION 2: BACKEND API COMPLET

```
apps/api/src/modules/admin/
|   └── admin.module.ts
└── controllers/
    ├── dashboard.controller.ts
    ├── users.controller.ts
    ├── reports.controller.ts
    ├── moderation.controller.ts
    ├── transactions.controller.ts
    ├── accounting.controller.ts
    ├── audit-log.controller.ts
    ├── kyc.controller.ts
    └── settings.controller.ts
└── services/
    ├── dashboard.service.ts
    ├── users.service.ts
    ├── reports.service.ts
    ├── moderation.service.ts
    ├── transactions.service.ts
    ├── accounting.service.ts
    ├── audit-log.service.ts
    ├── kyc.service.ts
    └── settings.service.ts
└── dto/
    └── [tous les DTOs avec validation Zod]
└── guards/
    ├── admin-role.guard.ts
    └── permissions.guard.ts
└── decorators/
    ├── admin.decorator.ts
    └── audit-log.decorator.ts
```

Guards & Middleware

admin-role.guard.ts:

typescript

```
@Injectable()
export class AdminRoleGuard implements CanActivate {
  canActivate(context: ExecutionContext): boolean {
    const request = context.switchToHttp().getRequest()
    const user = request.user

    if (!user || !['ADMIN', 'MODERATOR'].includes(user.role)) {
      throw new UnauthorizedException('Admin access required')
    }

    return true
  }
}
```

permissions.guard.ts:

typescript

```
// Granular permissions par action
const PERMISSIONS = {
  'users.read': ['ADMIN', 'MODERATOR'],
  'users.suspend': ['ADMIN'],
  'kyc.approve': ['ADMIN', 'SENIOR_MODERATOR'],
  'settings.write': ['ADMIN']
}

@Injectable()
export class PermissionsGuard implements CanActivate {
  constructor(private reflector: Reflector) {}

  canActivate(context: ExecutionContext): boolean {
    const permission = this.reflector.get<string>('permission', context.getHandler())
    const user = context.switchToHttp().getRequest().user

    return PERMISSIONS[permission]?.includes(user.role) ?? false
  }
}

// Decorator
export const RequirePermission = (permission: string) => SetMetadata('permission', permission)
```

audit-log.decorator.ts:

typescript

```
// Decorator pour logger automatiquement les actions admin
export const AuditLog = (action: string) => {
  return function (target: any, propertyKey: string, descriptor: PropertyDescriptor) {
    const originalMethod = descriptor.value

    descriptor.value = async function (...args: any[]) {
      const result = await originalMethod.apply(this, args)

      // Log après succès de l'action
      const request = args.find(arg => arg.user)
      await this.auditLogService.log({
        actorId: request.user.id,
        action,
        metadata: { args, result },
        request
      })

      return result
    }

    return descriptor
  }
}

// Usage
@AuditLog('user.suspend')
async suspendUser(userId: string, reason: string) {
  // ...
}
```

Controllers Complets

dashboard.controller.ts

typescript

```
@Controller('admin/dashboard')
@UseGuards(AdminRoleGuard)
export class DashboardController {
  constructor(private dashboardService: DashboardService) {}

  @Get('metrics')
  async getMetrics() {
    return this.dashboardService.getMetrics()
  }

  @Get('sales')
  async getSalesOverview(@Query('period') period: string) {
    return this.dashboardService.getSalesOverview(period)
  }

  @Get('transactions')
  async getRecentTransactions(@Query('limit') limit: number = 5) {
    return this.dashboardService.getRecentTransactions(limit)
  }
}
```

users.controller.ts

typescript

```
@Controller('admin/users')
@UseGuards(AdminRoleGuard)
export class UsersController {
  constructor(
    private usersService: UsersService,
    private auditLogService: AuditLogService
  ) {}

  @Get()
  async getUsers(@Query() filters: UsersFilterDto) {
    return this.usersService.findAll(filters)
  }

  @Post(':id/suspend')
  @RequirePermission('users.suspend')
  @AuditLog('user.suspend')
  async suspendUser(
    @Param('id') userId: string,
    @Body() dto: SuspendUserDto,
    @Req() req
  ) {
    return this.usersService.suspendUser(userId, dto.reason, req.user.id)
  }

  @Post('bulk-suspend')
  @RequirePermission('users.suspend')
  @AuditLog('users.bulk-suspend')
  async bulkSuspend(@Body() dto: BulkSuspendDto) {
    return this.usersService.bulkSuspend(dto.userIds, dto.reason)
  }

  @Post(':id/reset-password')
  @RequirePermission('users.write')
  @AuditLog('user.password-reset')
  async resetPassword(@Param('id') userId: string) {
    return this.usersService.resetPassword(userId)
  }

  @Get('export.csv')
  async exportUsers(@Query() filters: UsersFilterDto, @Res() res) {
    const csv = await this.usersService.exportToCSV(filters)
    res.header('Content-Type', 'text/csv')
    res.attachment('users-export.csv')
    return res.send(csv)
  }
}
```

```
}
```

[Continuer pour tous les autres controllers...]

SECTION 3: DATABASE SCHEMAS COMPLETS

Modèles Prisma à Ajouter

Fichier: `(packages/database/prisma/schema.prisma)`

Ajouter ces modèles:

prisma

```
// =====  
// ADMIN MODELS  
// =====
```

```
// Audit Log pour traçabilité  
model AuditLog {  
    id      String  @id @default(cuid())  
    timestamp DateTime @default(now())  
    actorId String  
    actor   User    @relation("AuditLogActor", fields: [actorId], references: [id])  
    action   String  // Format: "resource.action" ex: "user.suspend"  
    targetType String // "user", "post", "transaction", "setting"  
    targetId String?  
    metadata Json   // Détails complets de l'action  
    ip      String  
    userAgent String  
    device   String // Parsed device info  
  
    @@index([actorId, timestamp])  
    @@index([action, timestamp])  
    @@index([targetType, targetId])  
    @@index([timestamp])  
    @@map("audit_logs")  
}
```

// Reports System

```
model Report {  
    id          String  @id @default(cuid())  
    reporterId String  
    reporter   User    @relation("ReportsMade", fields: [reporterId], references: [id])  
    targetId   String  // ID du contenu/user rapporté  
    targetType TargetType  
    reason     String  
    description String?  
    priority   Priority @default(MEDIUM)  
    status     ReportStatus @default(PENDING)  
    assignedToId String?  
    assignedTo  User?   @relation("ReportsAssigned", fields: [assignedToId], references: [id])  
    reviewedById String?  
    reviewedBy User?   @relation("ReportsReviewed", fields: [reviewedById], references: [id])  
    reviewedAt  DateTime?  
    aiAnalysis  Json?   // Scores AI moderation  
    escalationLog Json[]  @default([])  
    resolution   String?
```

```

createdAt      DateTime    @default(now())
updatedAt      DateTime    @updatedAt

@@index([status, priority])
@@index([assignedToId])
@@index([targetId, targetType])
@@index([createdAt])
@@map("reports")
}

enum TargetType {
USER
POST
MESSAGE
COMMENT
PROFILE
}

enum Priority {
LOW
MEDIUM
HIGH
CRITICAL
}

enum ReportStatus {
PENDING
UNDER_REVIEW
RESOLVED
DISMISSED
ESCALATED
}

// KYC Verifications
model KycVerification {
id      String    @id @default(cuid())
userId  String    @unique
user    User      @relation(fields: [userId], references: [id])
provider String   // "yoti", "jumio"
externalId String? // ID chez le provider
status   KycStatus
documents Json     // { front: url, back: url, selfie: url, proof: url }
documentKeys Json    // S3 keys chiffrées
personalData Json    // fullName, dob, nationality, idNumber, etc.
aiScores   Json     // { identityMatch, liveness, documentAuthenticity }
reviewedById String?
reviewedBy   User?   @relation("KycReviewedBy", fields: [reviewedById], references: [id])

```

```

reviewedAt DateTime?
rejectionReason String?
expiresAt DateTime // Re-verification needed after
createdAt DateTime @default(now())
updatedAt DateTime @updatedAt

@@@index([userId])
@@@index([status])
@@@index([expiresAt])
@@@map("kyc_verifications")
}

// Moderation Decisions
model ModerationDecision {
    id String @id @default(cuid())
    contentId String
    contentType String // POST, MESSAGE, PROFILE, COMMENT
    moderatorId String
    moderator User @relation("ModerationDecisions", fields: [moderatorId], references: [id])
    decision Decision
    reason String
    aiScorePre Json? // Scores AI avant modération
    notes String?
    createdAt DateTime @default(now())

    @@index([contentId, contentType])
    @@index([moderatorId])
    @@index([createdAt])
    @@map("moderation_decisions")
}

enum Decision {
    APPROVE
    REJECT
    ESCALATE
    REQUEST_CHANGES
}

// Export History
model ExportHistory {
    id String @id @default(cuid())
    type String // "accounting", "transactions", "users", "audit-log"
    format String // "csv", "pdf", "xlsx"
    initiatedById String
    initiatedBy User @relation("ExportsInitiated", fields: [initiatedById], references: [id])
    status ExportStatus @default(PREPROCESSING)
}

```

```

fileUrl String? // S3 URL (signed, expires 7 days)
fileKey String? // S3 key pour régénération
fileSize Int? // bytes
rowCount Int?
errorMessage String?
filters Json? // Filtres appliqués
createdAt DateTime @default(now())
completedAt DateTime?
expiresAt DateTime? // Auto-delete après 7 jours

@@index([initiatedById])
@@index([status])
@@index([createdAt])
@@index([expiresAt])
@@map("export_history")
}

enum ExportStatus {
PROCESSING
COMPLETED
FAILED
EXPIRED
}

// Settings (singleton)
model Settings {
id String @id @default("singleton")
platformName String @default("OLIVER")
contactEmail String
darkMode Boolean @default(false)
autoBackup Boolean @default(true)
showTooltips Boolean @default(true)
passwordLength Int @default(8)
require2FA Boolean @default(false)
allowedIPs String[]
apiKey String @unique
updatedAt DateTime @updatedAt
updatedBy String?

@@map("settings")
}

// Moderator Sessions (pour protection)
model ModeratorSession {
id String @id @default(cuid())
moderatorId String
moderator User @relation("ModeratorSessions", fields: [moderatorId], references: [id])

```

```

moderator User @relation("ModeratorSessions", from: [moderatorId], references: [id])
startedAt DateTime @default(now())
endedAt DateTime?
itemsReviewed Int @default(0)
breaksT taken Int @default(0)
lastBreakAt DateTime?
status String // ACTIVE, BREAK, ENDED

@@index([moderatorId, startedAt])
@@map("moderator_sessions")
}

// =====
// UPDATE EXISTING USER MODEL
// =====

model User {
    // ... existing fields ...

    // Admin relations
    auditLogsActor AuditLog[] @relation("AuditLogActor")
    reportsMade Report[] @relation("ReportsMade")
    reportsAssigned Report[] @relation("ReportsAssigned")
    reportsReviewed Report[] @relation("ReportsReviewed")
    kycVerification KycVerification?
    kycReviewed KycVerification[] @relation("KycReviewedBy")
    moderationDecisions ModerationDecision[] @relation("ModerationDecisions")
    exportsInitiated ExportHistory[] @relation("ExportsInitiated")
    moderatorSessions ModeratorSession[] @relation("ModeratorSessions")
}

```

Migration Commands

```

bash

# 1. Créer la migration
cd packages/database
npx prisma migrate dev --name add-admin-models

# 2. Générer le client Prisma
npx prisma generate

# 3. Seed initial data (settings)
npx prisma db seed

```

seed.ts:

typescript

```
async function main() {
  // Create default settings
  await prisma.settings.upsert({
    where: { id: 'singleton' },
    update: {},
    create: {
      id: 'singleton',
      platformName: 'OLIVER',
      contactEmail: 'contact@oliver.com',
      darkMode: false,
      autoBackup: true,
      showTooltips: true,
      passwordLength: 8,
      require2FA: false,
      allowedIPs: [],
      apiKey: generateApiKey()
    }
  })
}
```

```
// Create first admin user
await prisma.user.upsert({
  where: { email: 'admin@oliver.com' },
  update: {},
  create: {
    email: 'admin@oliver.com',
    username: 'admin',
    passwordHash: await hash('Admin123!', 10),
    role: 'ADMIN',
    emailVerified: true,
    ageVerified: true,
    kycStatus: 'VERIFIED'
  }
})
}
```

SECTION 4: SÉCURITÉ & PERMISSIONS

Rate Limiting

typescript

```
// apps/api/src/common/guards/rate-limit.guard.ts

@Injectable()
export class RateLimitGuard implements CanActivate {
  constructor(private redis: Redis) {}

  async canActivate(context: ExecutionContext): Promise<boolean> {
    const request = context.switchToHttp().getRequest()
    const key = `ratelimit:admin:${request.user.id}:${request.path}`

    const requests = await this.redis.incr(key)
    if (requests === 1) {
      await this.redis.expire(key, 60) // 1 minute window
    }

    // 100 requests par minute pour admins
    if (requests > 100) {
      throw new ThrottlerException('Too many requests')
    }

    return true
  }
}
```

Input Validation

typescript

```
// DTOs avec validation Zod stricte
import { z } from 'zod'

export const SuspendUserSchema = z.object({
  reason: z.string().min(10).max(500),
  duration: z.number().min(1).max(365).optional(), //jours
  notifyUser: z.boolean().default(true)
})

export type SuspendUserDto = z.infer<typeof SuspendUserSchema>

// Pipe de validation global
@Injectable()
export class ZodValidationPipe implements PipeTransform {
  constructor(private schema: z.ZodSchema) {}

  transform(value: any) {
    try {
      return this.schema.parse(value)
    } catch (error) {
      throw new BadRequestException('Validation failed', error.errors)
    }
  }
}

// Usage dans controller
@Post(':id/suspend')
async suspendUser(
  @Param('id') userId: string,
  @Body(new ZodValidationPipe(SuspendUserSchema)) dto: SuspendUserDto
) {
  // ...
}
```

SQL Injection Prevention

typescript

// TOUJOURS utiliser Prisma (parameterized queries)

// JAMAIS de raw queries sauf absolument nécessaire

// CORRECT

```
await prisma.user.findMany({
  where: {
    email: { contains: searchTerm }
  }
})
```

// INCORRECT

```
await prisma.$queryRaw`SELECT * FROM users WHERE email LIKE %${searchTerm}%`
```

// Si raw query nécessaire, utiliser Prisma.sql

```
await prisma.$queryRaw(
  Prisma.sql`SELECT * FROM users WHERE email LIKE ${`%${searchTerm}%}``
)
```

XSS Prevention

typescript

// Sanitize tous les inputs utilisateur

```
import DOMPurify from 'isomorphic-dompurify'
```

```
function sanitizeInput(input: string): string {
```

```
  return DOMPurify.sanitize(input, {
```

```
    ALLOWED_TAGS: [], // Strip all HTML
```

```
    ALLOWED_ATTR: []
  })
}
```

// Apply dans DTOs

```
export class CreateReportDto {
```

```
  @Transform(({ value }) => sanitizeInput(value))
```

```
  reason: string
```

```
  @Transform(({ value }) => sanitizeInput(value))
```

```
  description?: string
```

```
}
```

CORS Configuration

typescript

```
// apps/api/src/main.ts
app.enableCors({
  origin: [
    'https://oliver.com',
    'https://admin.oliver.com',
    process.env.NODE_ENV === 'development' && 'http://localhost:3000'
  ].filter(Boolean),
  credentials: true,
  methods: ['GET', 'POST', 'PATCH', 'DELETE'],
  allowedHeaders: ['Content-Type', 'Authorization']
})
```

SECTION 5: PERFORMANCE & OPTIMISATION

Caching Strategy

typescript

```
// Redis caching pour données fréquemment consultées

@Injectable()
export class DashboardService {
  constructor(
    private prisma: PrismaService,
    private redis: Redis
  ) {}

  async getMetrics() {
    const cacheKey = 'admin:dashboard:metrics'

    // Try cache first
    const cached = await this.redis.get(cacheKey)
    if (cached) {
      return JSON.parse(cached)
    }

    // Compute metrics
    const [totalUsers, revenue, pendingPayouts] = await Promise.all([
      this.prisma.user.count(),
      this.calculateRevenue(),
      this.calculatePendingPayouts()
    ])

    const metrics = { totalUsers, revenue, pendingPayouts }

    // Cache for 30 seconds
    await this.redis.set(cacheKey, JSON.stringify(metrics), 'EX', 30)

    return metrics
  }
}
```

Database Indexes

prisma

```
// Optimisation requêtes fréquentes

model User {
    // ...

    @@index([role, createdAt])    // Filter by role + sort
    @@index([email, username])    // Search
    @@index([kycStatus, updatedAt]) // KYC queue
}

model Payment {
    // ...

    @@index([status, createdAt])  // Transaction filters
    @@index([userId, type])      // User transactions
}

model AuditLog {
    // ...

    @@index([actorId, timestamp(sort: Desc)]) // User activity
    @@index([action, timestamp(sort: Desc)])   // Action type filter
}
```

Pagination

typescript

```
// Cursor-based pagination pour grandes datasets
async function getTransactions(
  cursor?: string,
  limit: number = 50
) {
  return prisma.payment.findMany({
    take: limit + 1, // +1 pour savoir si plus de résultats
    cursor: cursor ? { id: cursor } : undefined,
    orderBy: { createdAt: 'desc' }
  }).then(items => {
    const hasMore = items.length > limit
    const data = hasMore ? items.slice(0, -1) : items
    const nextCursor = hasMore ? items[limit].id : null

    return { data, nextCursor, hasMore }
  })
}
```

Query Optimization

typescript

```
// Utiliser select et include judicieusement
// ❌ BAD - Charge toutes les relations
const users = await prisma.user.findMany()

// ✅ GOOD - Select uniquement les champs nécessaires
const users = await prisma.user.findMany({
  select: {
    id: true,
    email: true,
    username: true,
    role: true,
    createdAt: true,
    _count: {
      select: {
        posts: true,
        subscriptions: true
      }
    }
  }
})

// ✅ GOOD - Aggregate pour statistiques
const stats = await prisma.payment.aggregate({
  where: { status: 'SUCCESS' },
  _sum: { amount: true },
  _avg: { amount: true },
  _count: true
})
```

SECTION 6: TESTS

Structure Tests

```
apps/api/src/modules/admin/
└── __tests__/
    ├── unit/
    │   ├── dashboard.service.spec.ts
    │   ├── users.service.spec.ts
    │   └── ...
    ├── integration/
    │   ├── dashboard.controller.spec.ts
    │   ├── users.controller.spec.ts
    │   └── ...
    └── e2e/
        └── admin-flow.e2e.spec.ts
```

Example Unit Test

typescript

```
// dashboard.service.spec.ts
describe('DashboardService', () => {
  let service: DashboardService
  let prisma: PrismaService
```

```
beforeEach(async () => {
  const module = await Test.createTestingModule({
    providers: [
      DashboardService,
      {
        provide: PrismaService,
        useValue: {
          user: { count: jest.fn() },
          payment: { aggregate: jest.fn() }
        }
      }
    ]
  }).compile()
```

```
  service = module.get(DashboardService)
  prisma = module.get(PrismaService)
})
```

```
describe('getMetrics', () => {
  it('should return dashboard metrics', async () => {
    jest.spyOn(prisma.user, 'count').mockResolvedValue(12450)
    jest.spyOn(prisma.payment, 'aggregate').mockResolvedValue({
      _sum: { amount: 1892000 }
    })
  })
```

```
  const result = await service.getMetrics()

  expect(result).toEqual({
    totalUsers: 12450,
    revenue: 1892000,
    pendingPayouts: expect.any(Number)
  })
})
```

```
it('should handle errors gracefully', async () => {
  jest.spyOn(prisma.user, 'count').mockRejectedValue(new Error('DB error'))

  await expect(service.getMetrics()).rejects.toThrow()
})
```

}

}

Example E2E Test

typescript

```
// admin-flow.e2e.spec.ts
describe('Admin Flow (E2E)', () => {
  let app: INestApplication
  let adminToken: string
```

```
beforeAll(async () => {
  // Setup test app
  const moduleFixture = await Test.createTestingModule({
    imports: [AppModule]
  }).compile()
```

```
  app = moduleFixture.createNestApplication()
  await app.init()
```

```
  // Get admin token
  const response = await request(app.getHttpServer())
    .post('/auth/login')
    .send({ email: 'admin@test.com', password: 'Test123!' })
```

```
  adminToken = response.body.token
})
```

```
it('should get dashboard metrics', async () => {
  const response = await request(app.getHttpServer())
    .get('/admin/dashboard/metrics')
    .set('Authorization', `Bearer ${adminToken}`)
    .expect(200)
```

```
  expect(response.body).toHaveProperty('totalUsers')
  expect(response.body).toHaveProperty('revenue')
})
```

```
it('should suspend a user', async () => {
  const response = await request(app.getHttpServer())
    .post('/admin/users/test-user-id/suspend')
    .set('Authorization', `Bearer ${adminToken}`)
    .send({ reason: 'TOS violation', duration: 7 })
    .expect(200)
```

```
  expect(response.body.success).toBe(true)
})
```

```
it('should reject non-admin access', async () => {
  // Login as regular user
  const response = await request(app.getHttpServer())
    .post('/auth/login')
    .send({ email: 'regular@test.com', password: 'Test123!' })
```

```
const userResponse = await request(app.getHttpServer())
  .post('/auth/login')
  .send({ email: 'user@test.com', password: 'User123!' })

// Try to access admin endpoint
await request(app.getHttpServer())
  .get('/admin/dashboard/metrics')
  .set('Authorization', `Bearer ${userResponse.body.token}`)
  .expect(403)
})

})
```

SECTION 7: DÉPLOIEMENT & CI/CD

Environment Variables

```
bash
```

```
# apps/api/.env.production
# Database
DATABASE_URL="postgresql://..."
REDIS_URL="redis://..."

# Authentication
JWT_SECRET="..."
JWT_EXPIRY="7d"

# AWS
AWS_ACCESS_KEY_ID="..."
AWS_SECRET_ACCESS_KEY="..."
AWS_REGION="eu-west-1"
S3_BUCKET_KYC="oliver-kyc-prod"

# External Services
YOTI_CLIENT_SDK_ID="..."
YOTI_KEY_FILE_PATH="/secrets/yoti-key.pem"
GOOGLE_VISION_API_KEY="..."
AWS_REKOGNITION_REGION="eu-west-1"

# Email
SENDGRID_API_KEY="..."
FROM_EMAIL="no-reply@oliver.com"

# Monitoring
SENTRY_DSN="..."
DATADOG_API_KEY="..."

# Feature Flags
ENABLE_AUTO_KYC_APPROVAL=false
MAX_MODERATION_SESSION_HOURS=4
```

Docker Configuration

dockerfile

```
# apps/api/Dockerfile
FROM node:20-alpine AS builder

WORKDIR /app
COPY package*.json pnpm-lock.yaml .
RUN npm install -g pnpm && pnpm install --frozen-lockfile

COPY ..
RUN pnpm prisma generate
RUN pnpm build

FROM node:20-alpine AS runner

WORKDIR /app
COPY --from=builder /app/dist ./dist
COPY --from=builder /app/node_modules ./node_modules
COPY --from=builder /app/package.json .

EXPOSE 4000
CMD ["node", "dist/main.js"]
```

GitHub Actions CI/CD

yaml

```
# .github/workflows/deploy-admin.yml
```

name: Deploy Admin Section

on:

push:

branches: [main]

paths:

- 'apps/web/app/(admin)/**'

- 'apps/api/src/modules/admin/**'

jobs:

test:

runs-on: ubuntu-latest

steps:

- uses: actions/checkout@v3

- uses: pnpm/action-setup@v2

- uses: actions/setup-node@v3

with:

node-version: '20'

cache: 'pnpm'

- run: pnpm install

- run: pnpm test:admin

- run: pnpm test:e2e:admin

build-and-deploy:

needs: test

runs-on: ubuntu-latest

steps:

- uses: actions/checkout@v3

- name: Build Docker images

run: |

```
docker build -t oliver-api:${{ github.sha }} ./apps/api
```

```
docker build -t oliver-web:${{ github.sha }} ./apps/web
```

- name: Push to ECR

run: |

```
aws ecr get-login-password | docker login --username AWS --password-stdin $ECR_URL
```

```
docker push oliver-api:${{ github.sha }}
```

```
docker push oliver-web:${{ github.sha }}
```

- name: Deploy to Kubernetes

run: |

```
helm upgrade --install oliver-admin ./charts/admin --namespace oliver-admin --wait
```

```
kubectl set image deployment/api api=oliver-api:${{ github.sha }}  
kubectl set image deployment/web web=oliver-web:${{ github.sha }}  
kubectl rollout status deployment/api  
kubectl rollout status deployment/web
```

🎯 SECTION 10: FONCTIONNALITÉS CRITIQUES ADDITIONNELLES

IMPORTANT: Phase de Développement

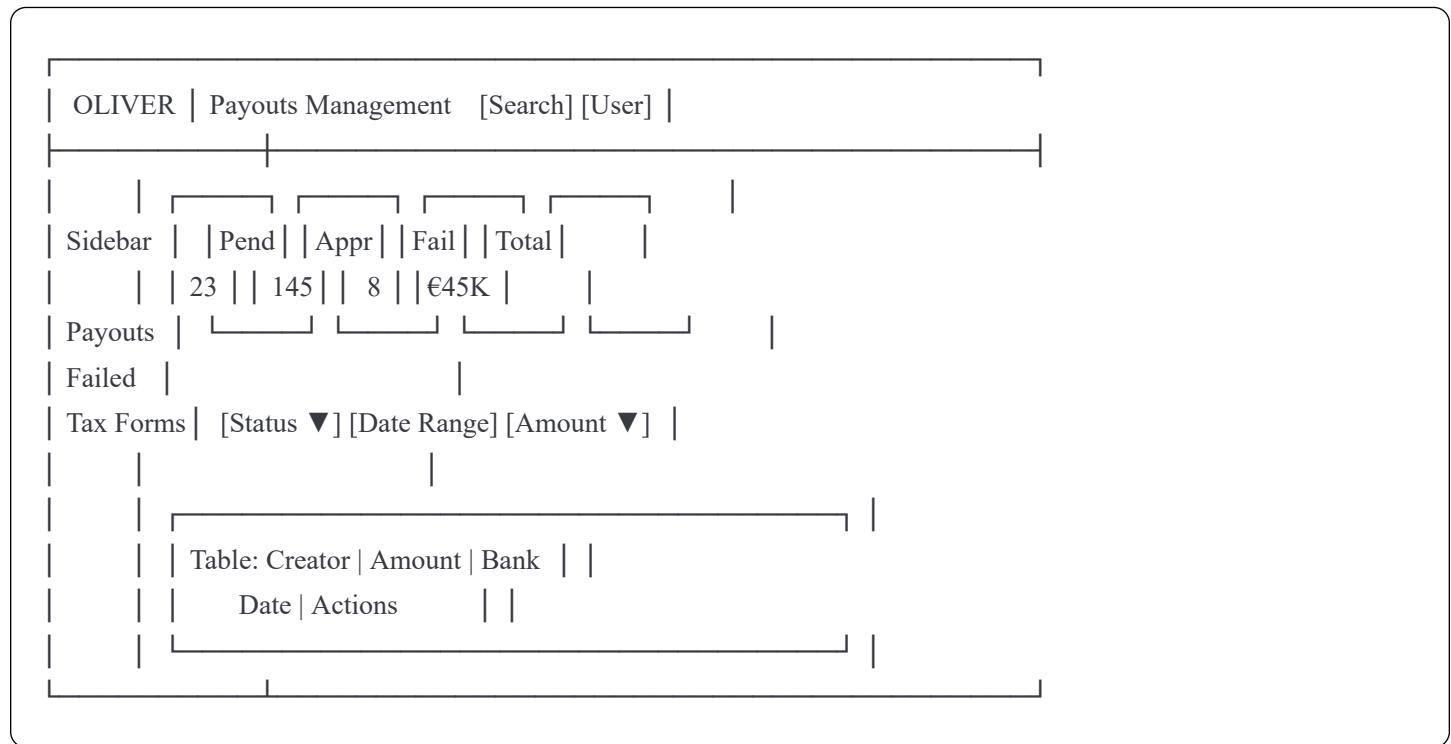
Les sections suivantes sont **CRITIQUES** pour une plateforme production-ready. Développe-les **APRÈS** les 9 écrans de base.

10.1 Payout Management (ÉCRANS 10-12)

PRIORITÉ: CRITIQUE - Sans ça, créateurs ne peuvent pas être payés

10.1.1 Payouts Queue (</admin/payouts>)

Layout:



Features à implémenter:

1. Metric Cards (4 cards)

- Pending: Nombre + montant total
- Approved Today: Nombre + montant
- Failed: Nombre (rouge si > 0)
- Total This Month: Montant total payé

2. Filtres

- Status: All | Pending | Approved | Processing | Failed | Rejected
- Date Range: Last 7 days | Last 30 days | Custom
- Amount Range: slider (min-max)
- Payment Method: Bank Transfer | PayPal | Crypto

3. Table Payouts

- Colonnes: [Checkbox] | Creator (avatar+name) | Amount | Method | Bank Details (masked) | Requested Date | Status | Actions
- Status badges:
 - Pending (orange)
 - Approved (blue)
 - Processing (purple)
 - Completed (green)
 - Failed (red)
 - Rejected (gray)
- Actions dropdown: Approve | Reject | Hold | View Details

4. Bulk Actions

- Checkbox "Select All"
- Bulk Approve button (avec confirmation)
- Vérifications avant bulk approve:
 - Bank details valides
 - Tax form complété si montant $>$ seuil
 - Pas de flags fraud
 - Solde suffisant

5. Payout Detail Modal

- Creator info complète
- Montant breakdown (revenus - fees - commission)
- Bank details (full, décryptés)
- Transaction history
- Tax form status
- Fraud score (si disponible)
- Boutons: Approve (vert) | Reject (rouge) | Request Info (bleu)

Fichier: `(apps/web/app/admin/payouts/page.tsx)`

API Endpoints:

typescript

GET /api/admin/payouts?status=PENDING&method=BANK&dateFrom=&dateTo=&page=1

Response: {

 payouts: {

 id: string

 creatorId: string

 creator: {

 id: string

 name: string

 avatar: string

 email: string

 }

 amount: number *// centimes*

 currency: string

 method: 'BANK_TRANSFER' | 'PAYPAL' | 'CRYPTO'

 bankDetails: {

 iban: string *// Encrypted, decrypt pour admin*

 bic: string

 accountName: string

 }

 requestedAt: string

 status: PayoutStatus

 taxFormStatus: TaxFormStatus

 fraudScore?: number

 }[]

 total: number

 summary: {

 pending: { count: number, amount: number }

 approved: { count: number, amount: number }

 failed: { count: number, amount: number }

 }

}

POST /api/admin/payouts/:id/approve

Body: { notes?: string }

Response: { success: boolean, payout: Payout }

POST /api/admin/payouts/:id/reject

Body: { reason: string, notes?: string }

Response: { success: boolean }

POST /api/admin/payouts/bulk-approve

Body: { payoutIds: string[], notes?: string }

Response: {

 success: boolean

```
approved: number  
failed: { id: string, reason: string }[]  
}
```

POST /api/admin/payouts/:id/hold
Body: { reason: string, duration: number }
Response: { success: boolean }

10.1.2 Failed Payouts ([\(/admin/payouts/failed\)](#))

Features:

1. Failed Payouts Table

- Colonnes: Creator | Amount | Method | Failure Reason | Failed At | Retry Count | Actions
- Failure reasons typiques:
 - "Invalid bank details"
 - "Account closed"
 - "Insufficient funds"
 - "Fraud detected"
 - "Processor error"

2. Retry Mechanism

- Manual retry button
- Auto-retry configuré (3 tentatives, 24h intervalle)
- Retry count visible
- Max retries: 3

3. Contact Creator Workflow

- Button "Contact Creator"
- Template email pré-rempli
- Request updated bank details
- Track communication

API Endpoints:

typescript

GET /api/admin/payouts/failed

Response: {
 payouts: FailedPayout[]
 retrySchedule: { payoutId: string, nextRetry: string }[]
}

POST /api/admin/payouts/:id/retry

Response: { success: boolean, status: string }

POST /api/admin/payouts/:id/contact-creator

Body: { message: string, requestBankUpdate: boolean }

Response: { success: boolean, emailSent: boolean }

10.1.3 Tax Forms Management (/admin/payouts/tax-forms)

Features:

1. Tax Forms Dashboard

- Metric cards:
 - Forms Required: nombre de créateurs au-dessus du seuil
 - Forms Completed: pourcentage
 - Forms Pending Review: nombre
 - 1099 Generation Ready: nombre (fin d'année)

2. Creators Requiring Tax Forms

- Table: Creator | Country | YTD Earnings | Form Type | Status | Actions
- Form types:
 - W-9 (US citizens/residents)
 - W-8BEN (Non-US individuals)
 - W-8BEN-E (Non-US entities)
- Status: Not Started | Submitted | Approved | Rejected

3. Tax Form Review

- Document viewer
- Validation checklist:
 - Name matches account
 - TIN/SSN format valide
 - Signature présente
 - Date récente
- Actions: Approve | Reject | Request Correction

4. 1099 Generation (End of Year)

- Automated 1099-NEC generation
- Seuil: \$600+ per year
- Export pour comptable
- E-file avec IRS (si configuré)

API Endpoints:

typescript

GET /api/admin/tax-forms?status=PENDING&country=US

Response: {
 forms: {
 id: string
 creatorId: string
 creator: { name, email, avatar }
 country: string
 ytdEarnings: number
 formType: string
 status: TaxFormStatus
 documentUrl?: string
 submittedAt?: string
 }[]
}

POST /api/admin/tax-forms/:id/approve

Body: { notes?: string }
Response: { success: boolean }

POST /api/admin/tax-forms/:id/reject

Body: { reason: string, corrections: string[] }
Response: { success: boolean }

POST /api/admin/tax-forms/generate-1099

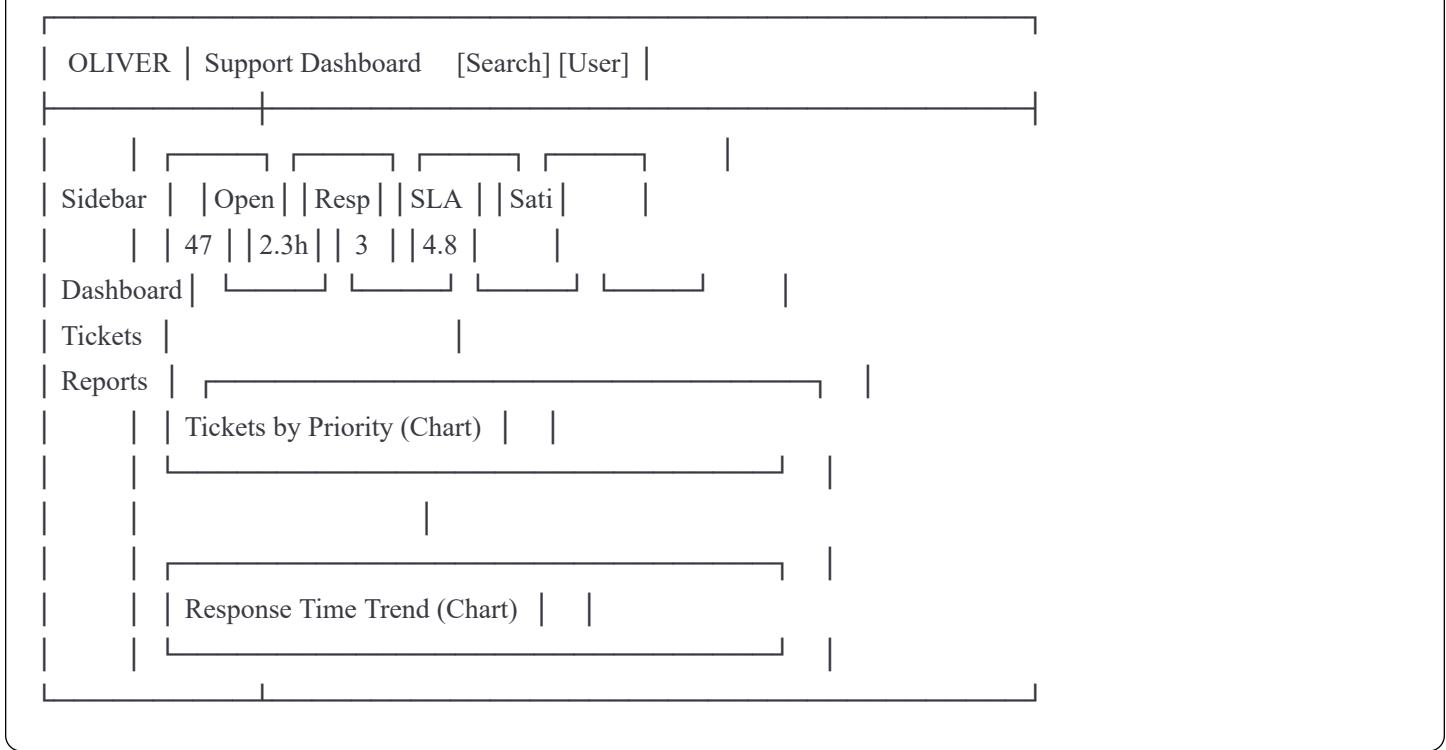
Body: { year: number, creatorIds?: string[] }
Response: {
 success: boolean
 generated: number
 downloadUrl: string
}

10.2 Support Tickets System (ÉCRANS 13-15)

PRIORITÉ: CRITIQUE - Sans support, frustration → churn

10.2.1 Tickets Dashboard ([/admin/support](#))

Layout:



Features:

1. Metric Cards

- Open Tickets: nombre total
- Avg Response Time: en heures (vert si <2h, orange si <6h, rouge si >6h)
- SLA Breaches: nombre (rouge si >0)
- Satisfaction: score moyen /5 (derniers 30 jours)

2. Charts

- Tickets by Priority: Pie chart (LOW, MEDIUM, HIGH, URGENT)
- Response Time Trend: Line chart (derniers 30 jours)
- Tickets by Category: Bar chart
- Tickets by Source: Donut chart (Email, In-app, Chat)

3. Quick Stats

- Assigned to Me: nombre
- Unassigned: nombre
- Waiting for User: nombre
- Closed Today: nombre

Fichier: [\(apps/web/app/\(admin\)/support/page.tsx\)](#)

10.2.2 Tickets Queue (</admin/support/tickets>)

Features:

1. Filtres & Recherche

- Search bar: recherche dans subject + description
- Filtres:
 - Status: Open | In Progress | Waiting User | Resolved | Closed
 - Priority: All | Low | Medium | High | Urgent
 - Category: Account | Payment | Technical | Content | Verification | Other
 - Assigned to: Me | Unassigned | Specific user
 - Date range

2. Table Tickets

- Colonnes: [Checkbox] | ID | User (avatar) | Subject | Priority | Category | Status | Age | Assigned | SLA | Actions
- SLA indicator:
 - Vert: >50% temps restant
 - Orange: 20-50% temps restant
 - Rouge: <20% temps restant
 - Rouge foncé + icon: SLA breach
- Click sur ligne → ouvre ticket detail

3. Bulk Actions

- Assign to me
- Assign to...
- Change priority
- Change status
- Close selected

4. Sorting

- Par défaut: Priority DESC, Age DESC
- Click colonnes pour changer tri

API Endpoints:

typescript

GET /api/admin/support/tickets?status=OPEN&priority=HIGH&assignedTo=me&page=1

Response: {
 tickets: {
 id: string
 ticketNumber: string // #12345
 userId: string
 user: { name, avatar, email }
 subject: string
 category: TicketCategory
 priority: TicketPriority
 status: TicketStatus
 source: string
 assignedTo?: string
 assignee?: { name, avatar }
 createdAt: string
 updatedAt: string
 slaDeadline?: string
 slaStatus: 'OK' | 'WARNING' | 'BREACH'
 unreadCount: number // Messages non lus par admin
 }[]
 total: number
}

PATCH /api/admin/support/tickets/bulk-update

Body: {
 ticketIds: string[]
 updates: {
 status?: TicketStatus
 priority?: TicketPriority
 assignedTo?: string
 }
}

Response: { success: boolean, updated: number }

10.2.3 Ticket Detail ([/admin/support/tickets/:id](#))

Layout: Split view

- Gauche: Conversation thread
- Droite: User info panel + Actions

Features:

1. Conversation Thread

- Messages chronologiques
- Avatar + nom pour chaque message
- Timestamp
- Distinction user vs admin messages
- Internal notes (fond jaune, visible seulement admins)
- Attachments preview

2. Reply Editor

- Rich text editor (bold, italic, lists, links)
- Canned responses dropdown
- Attach files (images, PDFs)
- Internal note checkbox
- Buttons: Send | Save Draft
- Auto-save draft toutes les 30s

3. Canned Responses Library

- Categories: Account Issues | Payment Help | Technical Support | Verification
- Search canned responses
- Insert with variables: {{user.name}}, {{ticket.id}}
- Exemples:
 - "Hello {{user.name}}, thank you for contacting us..."
 - "Your verification is currently being reviewed..."
 - "We've processed your refund of {{amount}}..."

4. User Info Panel

- User details: name, email, joined date
- Account type: Creator | Fan
- Total spending/earnings
- Previous tickets count
- Quick actions: View Profile | Suspend | Reset Password

5. Ticket Actions

- Change status dropdown

- Change priority dropdown
- Assign to dropdown
- Add tags
- Merge with another ticket
- Escalate to senior support
- Close ticket (avec satisfaction survey)

6. Satisfaction Survey

- Envoyé automatiquement à la fermeture
- Question: "How satisfied are you with the support?"
- Stars 1-5
- Optional comment

API Endpoints:

typescript

GET /api/admin/support/tickets/:id

Response: {
ticket: TicketDetail
messages: {
id: string
senderId: string
sender: { name, avatar, role }
content: string
isInternal: boolean
attachments: string[]
createdAt: string
}[]
user: UserProfile
}

POST /api/admin/support/tickets/:id/reply

Body: {
content: string
isInternal: boolean
attachments?: string[]
}
Response: { success: boolean, message: Message }

GET /api/admin/support/canned-responses?category=ACCOUNT

Response: {
responses: {
id: string
title: string
content: string
category: string
variables: string[]
}[]
}

PATCH /api/admin/support/tickets/:id

Body: {
status?: TicketStatus
priority?: TicketPriority
assignedTo?: string
tags?: string[]
}
Response: { success: boolean }

POST /api/admin/support/tickets/:id/close

Body: { resolution: string, statusId: number }

Body: { resolution: string, sendSurvey: boolean }

Response: { success: boolean }

10.3 DMCA & Legal Compliance (ÉCRANS 16-18)

PRIORITÉ: CRITIQUE - Protection légale obligatoire

10.3.1 DMCA Takedown Requests ([\(/admin/legal/dmca\)](#))

Features:

1. Public DMCA Form (accessible sans login)

- URL: </dmca-takedown>
- Champs requis (17 USC §512(c)(3)):
 - Copyright holder name
 - Contact email & address
 - Description of copyrighted work
 - Infringing URL (on Oliver platform)
 - Good faith statement checkbox
 - Accuracy statement checkbox
 - Electronic signature
 - Date

2. DMCA Queue (Admin)

- Table: Request ID | Holder | Infringing URL | Received | Status | Actions
- Status flow:
 - RECEIVED → Under Review
 - TAKEDOWN → Content Disabled
 - COUNTER_NOTICE_PERIOD (10-14 days)
 - RESOLVED / RESTORED

3. DMCA Processing

- Review request validity
- Disable content immediately (si valide)
- Notify creator (email)
- Start counter-notice period (14 days)
- Track counter-notice
- Restore content si counter-notice valide

4. Counter-Notice Form

- Creator peut soumettre counter-notice
- Requiert:
 - Identification
 - Consent to jurisdiction

- Statement under penalty of perjury

- Signature

API Endpoints:

typescript

POST /api/dmca/submit

Body: {
 holderName: string
 contactEmail: string
 contactAddress: string
 workDescription: string
 infringingUrl: string
 goodFaithStatement: boolean
 accuracyStatement: boolean
 signature: string
}
 Response: { success: boolean, requestId: string }

GET /api/admin/legal/dmca?status=RECEIVED

Response: {
 requests: {
 id: string
 holderName: string
 contactEmail: string
 workDescription: string
 infringingUrl: string
 contentId: string
 status: DmcaStatus
 receivedAt: string
 processedAt?: string
 counterNotice: boolean
 counterNoticeAt?: string
 }[]
}

POST /api/admin/legal/dmca/:id/takedown

Body: { notes?: string }
 Response: { success: boolean }

POST /api/admin/legal/dmca/:id/restore

Body: { reason: string }
 Response: { success: boolean }

10.3.2 Legal Holds (</admin/legal/holds>)

Features:

1. Create Legal Hold

- Form:
 - Case number (required, unique)
 - Jurisdiction
 - Reason/Description
 - User ID
 - Data types to freeze: Posts | Messages | Transactions | Profile | All
 - Expiration date
 - Notes

2. Active Holds Table

- Colonnes: Case # | User | Jurisdiction | Created | Expires | Status | Actions
- Status: Active | Expired | Released
- Actions: Extend | Release | Export Data

3. Data Freeze Implementation

- Mark user data as "frozen"
- Prevent deletion by user
- Prevent modification
- Log all access attempts
- Alert si user tente de supprimer

4. Data Export for Legal

- Generate comprehensive package
- Includes: All posts, messages, transactions, profile changes
- Format: PDF report + JSON data + Media files (ZIP)
- Password protected
- Download link expires after 7 days

API Endpoints:

typescript

POST /api/admin/legal/holds

Body: {

caseNumber: string
jurisdiction: string
reason: string
userId: string
dataTypes: string[]
expiresAt: string
notes?: string

}

Response: { success: boolean, hold: LegalHold }

GET /api/admin/legal/holds?status=ACTIVE

Response: { holds: LegalHold[] }

POST /api/admin/legal/holds/:id/extend

Body: { newExpirationDate: string }

Response: { success: boolean }

POST /api/admin/legal/holds/:id/release

Body: { reason: string }

Response: { success: boolean }

POST /api/admin/legal/holds/:id/export

Response: {

success: boolean
exportId: string
downloadUrl: string // Signed, expires 7 days
password: string

}

10.3.3 Subpoena Management ([\(/admin/legal/subpoenas\)](#))

Features:

1. Subpoena Upload

- Upload PDF of subpoena
- Extract details:
 - Case number
 - Issuing authority
 - Jurisdiction
 - User(s) requested
 - Data scope
 - Response deadline
- Assign to legal team

2. Subpoenas Queue

- Table: Case # | Authority | Users | Deadline | Status | Actions
- Deadline countdown (rouge si <7 days)
- Status: Received | Under Review | Data Collected | Response Sent

3. Data Collection

- Similar to Legal Hold export
- Specific to subpoena scope
- Certification of completeness
- Chain of custody log

4. Response Tracking

- Upload response document
- Mark as sent
- Delivery confirmation
- Archive

API Endpoints:

typescript

POST /api/admin/legal/subpoenas

Body: {

caseNumber: string

authority: string

jurisdiction: string

documentUrl: string

userIds: string[]

dataScope: string[]

deadline: string

}

Response: { success: boolean, subpoena: Subpoena }

GET /api/admin/legal/subpoenas

Response: { subpoenas: Subpoena[] }

POST /api/admin/legal/subpoenas/:id/collect-data

Response: { success: boolean, collectionId: string }

POST /api/admin/legal/subpoenas/:id/send-response

Body: { responseDocumentUrl: string }

Response: { success: boolean }

10.4 Chargebacks & Disputes (ÉCRAN 19)

PRIORITÉ: HIGH - Impact financier direct

Chargeback Management (/admin/finance/chargebacks)

Features:

1. Chargeback Metrics

- Total Chargebacks This Month
- Win Rate: pourcentage
- Average Chargeback Amount
- Total Cost (chargebacks + fees)

2. Chargebacks Queue

- Table: Transaction ID | User | Amount | Reason | Deadline | Status | Actions
- Deadline countdown (rouge si <3 days)
- Reason codes:
 - Fraudulent
 - Unrecognized
 - Duplicate
 - Not Received
 - Canceled
 - Other

3. Evidence Collection (Automatique)

- Transaction details
- User IP address
- Device fingerprint
- Content access logs
- Communication history
- Previous chargebacks by user

4. Evidence Submission

- Pre-filled evidence package
- Add additional documents
- Submit to payment processor
- Track submission status

5. Chargeback Analytics

- Win rate by reason
- Chargebacks by user (identify repeat offenders)

- Cost over time
- Recommendations pour prevention

API Endpoints:

typescript

GET /api/admin/finance/chargebacks?status=**PENDING**

```
Response: {
  chargebacks: [
    id: string
    paymentId: string
    transactionId: string
    userId: string
    user: { name, email }
    amount: number
    reason: ChargebackReason
    status: ChargebackStatus
    receivedAt: string
    dueDate: string
    evidenceUrl?: string
    outcome?: string
  ]
  metrics: {
    total: number
    winRate: number
    avgAmount: number
    totalCost: number
  }
}
```

POST /api/admin/finance/chargebacks/:id/submit-evidence

```
Body: {
  additionalDocuments?: string[]
  notes?: string
}
Response: { success: boolean }
```

GET /api/admin/finance/chargebacks/analytics

```
Response: {
  winRateByReason: { reason: string, winRate: number }[]
  topOffenders: { userId: string, count: number }[]
  costOverTime: { date: string, amount: number }[]
}
```

10.5 System Health Monitoring (ÉCRAN 20)

PRIORITÉ: HIGH - Détection proactive

System Dashboard (</admin/system/health>)

Features:

1. Services Status

- Grid de cards:
 - API (status: Operational | Degraded | Down)
 - Database (avec latency)
 - Redis Cache (avec hit rate)
 - CDN (avec bandwidth)
 - Queue Workers (avec job rate)
 - Email Service
 - Payment Processors (Stripe, CCBill)
- Chaque card: status indicator (vert/orange/rouge) + key metric

2. Performance Metrics

- Response Times:
 - p50: ligne avec valeur
 - p95: ligne avec valeur
 - p99: ligne avec valeur
- Chart: Response time over last 24h
- Error Rate: pourcentage (vert si <0.1%, rouge si >1%)
- Request Volume: req/sec

3. Infrastructure Metrics

- CPU Usage: gauge
- Memory Usage: gauge
- Disk Usage: gauge
- Network: In/Out

4. Active Alerts

- Table: Alert | Severity | Triggered | Status
- Acknowledge button
- Resolve button

5. Slowest Endpoints

- Table: Endpoint | Avg Time | Calls | p95
- Top 10 slowest dans dernières 24h

API Endpoints:

typescript

GET /api/admin/system/health/status

```
Response: {
  services: [
    name: string
    status: 'operational' | 'degraded' | 'down'
    metrics: object
  ]
  infrastructure: {
    cpu: number
    memory: number
    disk: number
  }
  activeAlerts: Alert[]
}
```

GET /api/admin/system/health/metrics?period=24h

```
Response: {
  responseTimes: {
    p50: number
    p95: number
    p99: number
    timeseries: { timestamp: string, value: number }[]
  }
  errorRate: number
  requestVolume: number
}
```

GET /api/admin/system/health/slow-endpoints

```
Response: {
  endpoints: [
    path: string
    method: string
    avgTime: number
    calls: number
    p95: number
  ]
}
```

■ SECTION 11: DATABASE SCHEMAS COMPLETS (ADDITIONS)

Ajouter ces modèles au fichier `(packages/database/prisma/schema.prisma)`:

prisma

```
// =====  
// PAYOUT MANAGEMENT  
// =====
```

```
model Payout {  
    id      String    @id @default(cuid())  
    creatorId  String  
    creator    User     @relation("CreatorPayouts", fields: [creatorId], references: [id])  
    amount    Decimal   @db.Decimal(10, 2)  
    currency  String    @default("EUR")  
    status     PayoutStatus @default(PENDING)  
    method     PayoutMethod  
    bankDetails Json?    // Encrypted: { iban, bic, accountName }  
    paypalEmail String?  
    cryptoAddress String?  
    requestedAt DateTime  @default(now())  
    approvedAt  DateTime?  
    approvedById String?  
    approvedBy   User?    @relation("PayoutsApproved", fields: [approvedById], references: [id])  
    rejectedAt  DateTime?  
    rejectionReason String?  
    processedAt DateTime?  
    completedAt DateTime?  
    failureReason String?  
    retryCount   Int      @default(0)  
    maxRetries  Int      @default(3)  
    nextRetryAt DateTime?  
    externalId  String?  // ID from payment processor  
    taxFormStatus TaxFormStatus @default(NOT_REQUIRED)  
    notes       String?  
  
    @@index([creatorId, status])  
    @@index([status, requestedAt])  
    @@index([nextRetryAt])  
    @@map("payouts")  
}
```

```
enum PayoutStatus {  
    PENDING  
    APPROVED  
    PROCESSING  
    COMPLETED  
    FAILED  
    REJECTED  
    ON_HOLD
```

```

ON_HOLD
}

enum PayoutMethod {
    BANK_TRANSFER
    PAYPAL
    CRYPTO
}

enum TaxFormStatus {
    NOT_REQUIRED
    REQUIRED
    SUBMITTED
    APPROVED
    REJECTED
}

model TaxForm {
    id      String    @id @default(cuid())
    creatorId  String   @unique
    creator    User     @relation("CreatorTaxForm", fields: [creatorId], references: [id])
    country   String
    formType  String   // W-9, W-8BEN, W-8BEN-E
    ytdEarnings Decimal  @db.Decimal(10, 2)
    status     TaxFormStatus @default(NOT_REQUIRED)
    documentUrl String? // S3 URL
    documentKey String? // S3 key
    submittedAt DateTime?
    reviewedById String?
    reviewedBy   User?    @relation("TaxFormsReviewed", fields: [reviewedById], references: [id])
    reviewedAt   DateTime?
    approvedAt   DateTime?
    rejectedAt   DateTime?
    rejectionReason String?
    corrections  String[] @default([])
    tin        String? // Tax Identification Number (encrypted)
    createdAt   DateTime @default(now())
    updatedAt   DateTime @updatedAt

    @@index([status])
    @@index([country, status])
    @@map("tax_forms")
}

// =====
// SUPPORT TICKETS
// =====

```

```

model Ticket {
    id      String      @id @default(cuid())
    ticketNumber String      @unique // #12345
    userId   String
    user     User        @relation("UserTickets", fields: [userId], references: [id])
    subject  String
    category TicketCategory
    priority TicketPriority @default(MEDIUM)
    status   TicketStatus @default(OPEN)
    source   String      // email, in-app, chat
    assignedToId String?
    assignedTo  User?      @relation("TicketsAssigned", fields: [assignedToId], references: [id])
    slaDeadline DateTime?
    tags     String[]    @default([])
    createdAt  DateTime   @default(now())
    updatedAt  DateTime   @updatedAt
    closedAt  DateTime?
    closedById String?
    closedBy   User?      @relation("TicketsClosed", fields: [closedById], references: [id])
    resolution String?
    satisfactionScore Int?    // 1-5
    satisfactionComment String?
    messages   TicketMessage[]
}

@@index([status, priority])
@@index([assignedToId])
@@index([userId])
@@index([createdAt])
@@map("tickets")
}

model TicketMessage {
    id      String @id @default(cuid())
    ticketId String
    ticket   Ticket @relation(fields: [ticketId], references: [id], onDelete: Cascade)
    senderId String
    sender   User   @relation("TicketMessages", fields: [senderId], references: [id])
    content  String @db.Text
    isInternal Boolean @default(false) // Internal notes
    attachments String[] @default([])
    createdAt  DateTime @default(now())
}

@@index([ticketId, createdAt])
@@map("ticket_messages")
}

```

```
enum TicketCategory {
```

```
    ACCOUNT
```

```
    PAYMENT
```

```
    TECHNICAL
```

```
    CONTENT
```

```
    VERIFICATION
```

```
    LEGAL
```

```
    OTHER
```

```
}
```

```
enum TicketPriority {
```

```
    LOW
```

```
    MEDIUM
```

```
    HIGH
```

```
    URGENT
```

```
}
```

```
enum TicketStatus {
```

```
    OPEN
```

```
    IN_PROGRESS
```

```
    WAITING_USER
```

```
    RESOLVED
```

```
    CLOSED
```

```
}
```

```
model CannedResponse {
```

```
    id      String @id @default(cuid())
```

```
    title   String
```

```
    content String @db.Text
```

```
    category TicketCategory
```

```
    variables String[] @default([]) // {{user.name}}, {{ticket.id}}
```

```
    usageCount Int   @default(0)
```

```
    createdAt DateTime @default(now())
```

```
    updatedAt DateTime @updatedAt
```

```
    @@index([category])
```

```
    @@map("canned_responses")
```

```
}
```

```
// =====
```

```
// LEGAL & COMPLIANCE
```

```
// =====
```

```
model DmcaRequest {
```

```
    id      String @id @default(cuid())
```

```
    copyrightHolder String
```

```

copyrightHolder String
contactEmail String
contactAddress String
workDescription String @db.Text
infringingUrl String
goodFaithStatement Boolean
accuracyStatement Boolean
signature String
signatureDate DateTime
status DmcaStatus @default(RECEIVED)
contentId String?
contentType String? // POST, MESSAGE
contentDisabledAt DateTime?
counterNotice Boolean @default(false)
counterNoticeAt DateTime?
counterNoticeBy String?
counterNoticeReason String?
restoredAt DateTime?
notes String?
createdAt DateTime @default(now())
updatedAt DateTime @updatedAt

```

```

@@@index([status])
@@@index([contentId])
@@@map("dmca_requests")
}

```

```

enum DmcaStatus {
  RECEIVED
  UNDER_REVIEW
  TAKEDOWN
  COUNTER_NOTICE_PERIOD
  RESTORED
  RESOLVED
}

```

```

model LegalHold {
  id String @id @default(cuid())
  caseNumber String @unique
  jurisdiction String
  reason String @db.Text
  userId String
  user User @relation("LegalHolds", fields: [userId], references: [id])
  dataTypes String[] // posts, messages, transactions, profile, all
  dataSnapshot Json? // Snapshot of data at time of hold
  createdAt DateTime @default(now())
  createdBy String
}

```

```
createdBy User @relation("LegalHoldsCreated", fields: [createdById], references: [id])
expiresAt DateTime
extendedUntil DateTime?
releasedAt DateTime?
releasedById String?
releasedBy User? @relation("LegalHoldsReleased", fields: [releasedById], references: [id])
releaseReason String?
exportUrl String? // Signed URL to data export
notes String?
```

```
@@index([userId])
@@index([expiresAt])
@@map("legal_holds")
}
```

```
model Subpoena {
    id String @id @default(cuid())
    caseNumber String @unique
    authority String // FBI, Court, etc.
    jurisdiction String
    documentUrl String // Uploaded subpoena PDF
    userIds String[]
    dataScope String[] // What data is requested
    deadline DateTime
    status SubpoenaStatus @default(RECEIVED)
    assignedToId String?
    assignedTo User? @relation("SubpoenasAssigned", fields: [assignedToId], references: [id])
    dataCollectedAt DateTime?
    collectionId String?
    responseUrl String? // Response document
    sentAt DateTime?
    notes String?
    createdAt DateTime @default(now())
}
```

```
@@index([status, deadline])
@@index([assignedToId])
@@map("subpoenas")
}
```

```
enum SubpoenaStatus {
    RECEIVED
    UNDER_REVIEW
    DATA_COLLECTED
    RESPONSE_SENT
    COMPLETED
}
```

```
// =====  
// CHARGEBACKS  
// =====
```

```
model Chargeback {  
    id      String      @id @default(cuid())  
    paymentId  String  
    payment    Payment     @relation(fields: [paymentId], references: [id])  
    transactionId String    // From processor  
    userId      String  
    user        User       @relation("UserChargebacks", fields: [userId], references: [id])  
    amount      Decimal    @db.Decimal(10, 2)  
    currency    String     @default("EUR")  
    reason      ChargebackReason  
    reasonCode   String?  
    status      ChargebackStatus @default(PENDING)  
    receivedAt  DateTime   @default(now())  
    dueDate     DateTime   // Deadline to respond  
    evidenceUrl String?   // Auto-collected evidence  
    additionalDocs String[] @default([])  
    submittedAt DateTime?  
    outcome      String?   // WON, LOST  
    outcomeFee   Decimal?  @db.Decimal(10, 2)  
    resolvedAt   DateTime?  
    notes       String?
```

```
    @@index([status, dueDate])  
    @@index([userId])  
    @@index([paymentId])  
    @@map("chargebacks")  
}
```

```
enum ChargebackReason {  
    FRAUDULENT  
    UNRECOGNIZED  
    DUPLICATE  
    NOT_RECEIVED  
    CANCELED  
    NOT_AS_DESCRIBED  
    OTHER  
}
```

```
enum ChargebackStatus {  
    PENDING  
    EVIDENCE_REQUIRED  
    SUBMITTED
```

```

UNDER REVIEW
WON
LOST
}

// =====
// SYSTEM MONITORING
// =====

model SystemAlert {
    id      String   @id @default(cuid())
    type    String   // cpu_high, error_rate, slow_response
    severity AlertSeverity
    message String
    metadata Json
    status   AlertStatus @default(ACTIVE)
    triggeredAt DateTime  @default(now())
    acknowledgedAt DateTime?
    acknowledgedById String?
    acknowledgedBy User?  @relation("AlertsAcknowledged", fields: [acknowledgedById], references: [id])
    resolvedAt DateTime?
    resolvedById String?
    resolvedBy User?    @relation("AlertsResolved", fields: [resolvedById], references: [id])

    @@index([status, triggeredAt])
    @@index([severity, status])
    @@map("system_alerts")
}

enum AlertSeverity {
    INFO
    WARNING
    ERROR
    CRITICAL
}

enum AlertStatus {
    ACTIVE
    ACKNOWLEDGED
    RESOLVED
}

// =====
// GDPR DATA REQUESTS
// =====

```

```

model DataRequest {
    id      String      @id @default(cuid())
    userId  String
    user    User         @relation("DataRequests", fields: [userId], references: [id])
    type   DataRequestType
    status  DataRequestStatus @default(PENDING)
    requestedAt DateTime   @default(now())
    dueDate  DateTime   // 30 days from request
    processedAt DateTime?
    completedAt DateTime?
    downloadUrl String?   // Signed URL, expires 7 days
    deletedAt  DateTime?  // For deletion requests
    notes    String?
}

```

```

@@index([userId])
@@index([status, dueDate])
@@map("data_requests")
}

```

```

// =====
// UPDATE EXISTING MODELS
// =====

```

```

model User {
    // ... existing fields ...

    // New relations
    payoutsCreator  Payout[]     @relation("CreatorPayouts")
    payoutsApprover Payout[]     @relation("PayoutsApproved")
    taxForm        TaxForm?      @relation("CreatorTaxForm")
    taxFormsReviewed TaxForm[]    @relation("TaxFormsReviewed")
    ticketsUser     Ticket[]      @relation("UserTickets")
    ticketsAssigned Ticket[]      @relation("TicketsAssigned")
    ticketsClosed   Ticket[]      @relation("TicketsClosed")
    ticketMessages  TicketMessage[] @relation("TicketMessages")
    legalHolds      LegalHold[]   @relation("LegalHolds")
    legalHoldsCreated LegalHold[] @relation("LegalHoldsCreated")
    legalHoldsReleased LegalHold[] @relation("LegalHoldsReleased")
    subpoenasAssigned Subpoena[]  @relation("SubpoenasAssigned")
    chargebacks     Chargeback[]  @relation("UserChargebacks")
    alertsAcknowledged SystemAlert[] @relation("AlertsAcknowledged")
    alertsResolved   SystemAlert[] @relation("AlertsResolved")
    dataRequests    DataRequest[] @relation("DataRequests")
}

```

```

model Payment {
    // ... existing fields ...
}

```

```
    chargebacks Chargeback[]  
}
```

CHECKLIST FINALE COMPLÈTE

Avant de considérer le développement terminé, **VALIDER TOUTES** ces sections:

Frontend (20 Écrans Total)

- Base Admin (9 écrans):** Dashboard, Users, Reports, Moderation, Transactions, Accounting, Audit Log, Settings, KYC
- Payouts (3 écrans):** Queue, Failed, Tax Forms
- Support (3 écrans):** Dashboard, Tickets Queue, Ticket Detail
- Legal (3 écrans):** DMCA, Legal Holds, Subpoenas
- Finance (1 écran):** Chargebacks
- System (1 écran):** Health Monitoring
- Tous pixel-perfect aux visuels fournis
- Design system cohérent partout
- Responsive parfait (mobile, tablet, desktop)
- Accessibilité WCAG AA minimum
- Loading states pour TOUTES les requêtes
- Error handling avec messages clairs français
- Toasts pour TOUTES les actions
- Confirmations pour actions destructives
- Animations fluides (transitions 150ms)
- Aucune console error ou warning
- Pagination fonctionnelle partout
- Filtres et recherche opérationnels

Backend (APIs Complètes)

- Dashboard:** 3 endpoints (metrics, sales, transactions)
- Users:** 5 endpoints (list, suspend, bulk-suspend, reset-password, export)
- Reports:** 4 endpoints (list, update, assign, escalate)
- Moderation:** 2 endpoints (queue, decision)
- Transactions:** 3 endpoints (list, trends, detail)
- Accounting:** 3 endpoints (summary, export, exports list)
- Audit Log:** 2 endpoints (list, export)
- KYC:** 5 endpoints (pending, detail, approve, reject, request-review)
- Settings:** 3 endpoints (get, update, reset-api-key)
- Payouts:** 6 endpoints (list, approve, reject, bulk-approve, retry, failed)
- Tax Forms:** 4 endpoints (list, approve, reject, generate-1099)
- Support:** 7 endpoints (dashboard, tickets, detail, reply, canned-responses, update, close)
- DMCA:** 5 endpoints (submit, list, takedown, restore, counter-notice)
- Legal Holds:** 5 endpoints (create, list, extend, release, export)
- Subpoenas:** 4 endpoints (create, list, collect-data, send-response)
- Chargebacks:** 3 endpoints (list, submit-evidence, analytics)
- System Health:** 3 endpoints (status, metrics, slow-endpoints)
- Tous les endpoints documentés (Swagger)
- Validation stricte des inputs (Zod)
- Guards admin + permissions granulaires
- Audit log pour toutes les actions admin
- Rate limiting configuré (100 req/min par admin)
- Error handling centralisé
- Logging structuré

Database

- Base models:** User, Post, Payment, etc. (déjà existants)
- Admin models:** AuditLog, Report, KycVerification, ModerationDecision, ExportHistory, Settings, ModeratorSession
- Payout models:** Payout, TaxForm
- Support models:** Ticket, TicketMessage, CannedResponse
- Legal models:** DmcaRequest, LegalHold, Subpoena
- Finance models:** Chargeback
- System models:** SystemAlert, DataRequest
- Tous les indexes créés
- Toutes les relations définies
- Migrations générées et testées
- Seed data pour testing
- Backup automatisé configuré

Sécurité

- JWT authentication robuste
- RBAC (Role-Based Access Control) implémenté
- Permissions granulaires par action
- CORS configuré strictement
- Rate limiting par endpoint et par admin
- Input sanitization PARTOUT (XSS prevention)
- SQL injection impossible (Prisma parameterized)
- CSRF protection
- Secrets dans variables d'environnement
- KYC documents chiffrés (AES-256)
- Bank details chiffrés
- Audit log immutable (append-only)
- Legal holds fonctionnels (data freeze)

Intégrations

- Yoti/Jumio webhook configuré et testé
- Google Vision API setup et testé
- AWS Rekognition setup et testé
- Email transactionnel (SendGrid) configuré
- S3 pour documents KYC configuré
- Redis pour cache et queues configuré
- Payment processors webhooks (pour chargebacks)
- Monitoring (Datadog/Sentry) configuré

Business Logic Critique

- Payout approval flow:** Vérifications (bank details, tax form, fraud) avant approval
- Tax form validation:** Automatic 1099 generation si \$600+
- DMCA takedown:** Immediate content disable + 14 days counter-notice period
- Legal hold:** Data freeze fonctionnel, impossible de modifier/supprimer
- Chargeback evidence:** Auto-collection + submission
- Support SLA:** Countdown + alerts si breach imminent
- Moderation protection:** Max 4h/day, breaks obligatoires
- Ban system:** IP + device + email bans fonctionnels
- Audit log:** Toutes actions admin loggées avec IP, device, metadata

Tests

- Unit tests pour tous les services (>80% coverage)
- Integration tests pour tous les controllers
- E2E tests pour flows critiques:
 - Payout approval flow
 - Support ticket lifecycle
 - DMCA takedown flow
 - Chargeback evidence submission
 - KYC approval flow
 - Load testing (>100 req/s)
 - Security testing (OWASP Top 10)

Performance

- Response time <200ms (p95)
- Database queries optimisées (no N+1)
- Pagination sur toutes grandes listes
- Caching stratégique (Redis)
- CDN pour assets statiques
- Indexes database créés

Documentation

- README complet avec setup instructions
- API documentation (Swagger UI accessible)
- Architecture diagrams
- Runbook pour incidents
- Guide déploiement

DevOps

- Docker images optimisées
- CI/CD pipeline fonctionnel
- Monitoring (Datadog/Sentry) actif
- Alerting configuré (PagerDuty/Slack)
- Logs centralisés (CloudWatch/ELK)
- Health checks endpoints
- Graceful shutdown

🎯 ORDRE DE DÉVELOPPEMENT RECOMMANDÉ

Phase 1: Base Admin (Semaines 1-4)

1. Dashboard
2. Users Management
3. Reports & Flags
4. Moderation Queue
5. Transactions Overview
6. Accounting & Export
7. Audit Log
8. Settings
9. KYC Validation

Phase 2: Features Critiques (Semaines 5-7)

10. Payout Management (Queue + Failed + Tax Forms)
11. Support Tickets (Dashboard + Queue + Detail)
12. DMCA & Legal (DMCA + Holds + Subpoenas)

Phase 3: Features Importantes (Semaines 8-9)

13. Chargebacks Management
14. System Health Monitoring

Phase 4: Polish & Tests (Semaine 10)

- Tests E2E complets
- Performance optimization
- Security audit
- Documentation
- Bug fixes

TOTAL ESTIMÉ: 10 semaines pour 1-2 développeurs full-time

⚠️ INSTRUCTIONS CRITIQUES POUR CLAUDE DEV

✖️ CE QU'IL NE FAUT PAS FAIRE

1. PAS D'EXEMPLES DE CODE

typescript

```
// ✗ INCORRECT
// Example implementation:
function getUsers() {
    // TODO: Implement this
    return []
}
```

2. PAS DE PLACEHOLDERS

typescript

```
// ✗ INCORRECT
const data = mockData // Replace with real data
```

3. PAS DE COMMENTAIRES "TODO"

typescript

```
// ✗ INCORRECT
// TODO: Add error handling
// TODO: Implement pagination
```

4. PAS DE CODE INCOMPLET

typescript

```
// ✗ INCORRECT
async function approveKyc(id: string) {
    // Implement approval logic here
}
```

✓ CE QU'IL FAUT FAIRE

1. CODE COMPLET ET FONCTIONNEL

typescript

```
// ✅ CORRECT

async function approveKyc(id: string, adminId: string): Promise<KycApprovalResult> {
    // Fetch KYC
    const kyc = await prisma.kycVerification.findUnique({
        where: { id },
        include: { user: true }
    })

    if (!kyc) {
        throw new NotFoundException(`KYC ${id} not found`)
    }

    if (kyc.status !== 'PENDING') {
        throw new BadRequestException(`KYC already ${kyc.status}`)
    }

    // Update KYC status
    const updated = await prisma.kycVerification.update({
        where: { id },
        data: {
            status: 'VERIFIED',
            reviewedById: adminId,
            reviewedAt: new Date(),
            approvedAt: new Date()
        }
    })

    // Update user verification status
    await prisma.user.update({
        where: { id: kyc.userId },
        data: {
            kycStatus: 'VERIFIED',
            ageVerified: true
        }
    })

    // Log action
    await auditLog.log({
        actorId: adminId,
        action: 'kyc.approved',
        targetType: 'kyc',
        targetId: id,
        metadata: { userId: kyc.userId }
    })
}
```

```
// Send email to user
await emailService.send({
  to: kyc.user.email,
  template: 'kyc-approved',
  data: { userName: kyc.user.displayName }
})

return {
  success: true,
  kyc: updated
}
}
```

2. TOUT IMPLÉMENTER EN DÉTAIL

- Toutes les validations
- Tout le error handling
- Tous les edge cases
- Toutes les intégrations
- Tous les logs
- Toutes les notifications

3. SUIVRE LES CONVENTIONS DU PROJET

- Utiliser Prisma pour database
- Utiliser Zod pour validation
- Utiliser le design system existant
- Suivre la structure de dossiers

4. CODER PRODUCTION-READY

- Performance optimisée
- Sécurité maximum
- Code testé
- Documentation inline pour code complexe

FORMAT DE DÉVELOPPEMENT

Pour chaque écran/feature, développe dans cet ordre:

1. Database Schema

```
prisma  
  
// Modèle Prisma complet avec tous les champs et relations
```

2. DTOs & Validation

```
typescript  
  
// Schémas Zod pour validation des inputs
```

3. Service Layer

```
typescript  
  
// Logique métier complète avec error handling
```

4. Controller

```
typescript  
  
// Endpoints avec guards, validation, error handling
```

5. Frontend Component

```
typescript  
  
// Component React complet avec state, API calls, UI
```

6. API Integration

```
typescript  
  
// React Query hooks pour data fetching
```

COMMANDE DE LANCEMENT

Pour Claude Dev, lance cette commande:

bash

Étape 1: Analyser le code existant

"Analyse le projet dans C:\dev et identifie tous les fichiers existants dont tu auras besoin"

Étape 2: Créer l'arborescence complète

"Crée l'arborescence complète de fichiers pour toute la section admin (20 écrans + backend + database)"

Étape 3: Développer Phase par Phase

"Développe la Phase 1 (9 écrans de base) en commençant par le Dashboard. Code COMPLET seulement, pas d'exemples."

Puis Phase 2, 3, 4...

💰 BUDGET RÉALISTE PROJET COMPLET

Développement (10 semaines)

- 2 développeurs senior: **100,000€**
- Design UI/UX: **15,000€**
- Tests & QA: **20,000€**

Infrastructure

- Setup initial: **10,000€**
- Coûts mensuels: **5,000€**

Services & Intégrations

- Yoti/Jumio: **500€/mois**
- Google Vision: **200€/mois**
- SendGrid: **100€/mois**
- Monitoring: **500€/mois**

Legal & Compliance

- Audit sécurité: **15,000€**
- Conseil juridique: **10,000€**

TOTAL DÉVELOPPEMENT ADMIN: 170,000€ + 6,300€/mois opérations

SUCCÈS = PLATEFORME PRODUCTION-READY

Une fois ce prompt complètement développé, la plateforme Oliver aura:

Interface admin complète (20 écrans) **Gestion financière** (payouts, chargebacks, taxes) **Support utilisateurs** (tickets, SLA, satisfaction) **Conformité légale** (DMCA, legal holds, subpoenas)
Modération robuste (AI + humain, protections) **KYC/AML** (Yoti, validation, 2257 records)
Monitoring (système, performance, alertes) **Sécurité maximum** (audit log, bans, permissions)
Scalabilité (architecture optimisée)

Ready pour lancement production avec vraie audience.

RAPPEL FINAL

CLAUDE DEV: Tu dois coder **TOUT** en détail, **PAS D'EXEMPLES**.

Chaque fichier doit être:

- Complet et fonctionnel
- Production-ready
- Avec error handling
- Avec validation
- Avec logging
- Avec tests

Si tu ne peux pas coder quelque chose complètement, DEMANDE des clarifications plutôt que de mettre un placeholder.

Commence par analyser le code existant dans `C:\dev`, puis crée l'arborescence complète de fichiers, puis développe écran par écran en Phase 1, 2, 3, 4.

CODE COMPLET SEULEMENT. PAS D'EXEMPLES.

- Les 9 écrans sont identiques pixel-perfect aux visuels
- Design system cohérent (couleurs, spacing, typography)
- Responsive parfait (mobile, tablet, desktop)
- Accessibilité WCAG AA minimum
- Loading states pour toutes les requêtes
- Error handling avec messages clairs
- Toasts pour toutes les actions
- Confirmations pour actions destructives
- Animations fluides (transitions 150ms)
- Pas de console errors ou warnings

Backend

- Tous les endpoints API documentés (Swagger)
- Validation stricte des inputs (Zod)
- Guards admin + permissions granulaires
- Audit log pour toutes les actions admin
- Rate limiting configuré
- Caching Redis pour métriques
- Indexes database optimisés
- Queries optimisées (pas de N+1)
- Error handling centralisé
- Logging structuré (Winston/Pino)

Database

- Tous les modèles Prisma créés
- Migrations générées et appliquées
- Indexes créés
- Seed data pour testing
- Backup automatisé configuré

Sécurité

- JWT authentication robuste
- RBAC (Role-Based Access Control)
- CORS configuré strictement
- Rate limiting par endpoint
- Input sanitization partout
- SQL injection impossible (Prisma)
- XSS prevention
- CSRF protection
- Secrets dans variables d'environnement
- KYC documents chiffrés

Intégrations

- Yoti/Jumio webhook configuré
- Google Vision API setup
- AWS Rekognition setup
- Email transactionnel (SendGrid)
- S3 pour documents KYC
- Redis pour cache et queues

Tests

- Unit tests pour tous les services (>80% coverage)
- Integration tests pour tous les controllers
- E2E tests pour flows critiques
- Load testing (>100 req/s)
- Security testing (OWASP Top 10)

Performance

- Response time <200ms (p95)
- Database queries optimisées
- Pagination sur grandes listes
- Caching stratégique
- CDN pour assets statiques
- Image optimization

Documentation

- README complet avec setup instructions
- API documentation (Swagger)
- Architecture diagrams
- Runbook pour incidents
- Guide déploiement

DevOps

- Docker images optimisées
 - CI/CD pipeline fonctionnel
 - Monitoring (Datadog/Sentry)
 - Alerting configuré
 - Logs centralisés
 - Health checks endpoints
 - Graceful shutdown
-

COMMANDE DE LANCEMENT

Une fois **TOUT** développé, teste avec:

```
bash

# 1. Setup base de données
cd packages/database
pnpm prisma migrate dev
pnpm prisma db seed

# 2. Démarrer services
docker-compose up -d # PostgreSQL + Redis

# 3. Lancer l'API
cd apps/api
pnpm dev

# 4. Lancer le Frontend
cd apps/web
pnpm dev

# 5. Ouvrir admin
# http://localhost:3000/admin/dashboard
# Login: admin@oliver.com / Admin123!
```

NOTES IMPORTANTES

1. **AUCUN placeholder ou exemple** - Tout doit être fonctionnel
 2. **Production-ready** - Code prêt pour déploiement réel
 3. **Error handling** - Gérer TOUS les cas d'erreur possibles
 4. **Security first** - Chaque endpoint protégé et validé
 5. **Performance** - Optimiser toutes les requêtes
 6. **Tests** - Coverage minimum 80%
 7. **Documentation** - Commenter le code complexe
 8. **Consistency** - Suivre les conventions du projet existant
-

OBJECTIF FINAL

Après développement, l'admin doit permettre de:

- Gérer tous les utilisateurs de la plateforme
- Modérer les contenus avec AI assistance
- Valider les KYC avec confiance
- Suivre les revenus et transactions
- Gérer les rapports et flags
- Exporter les données comptables
- Auditer toutes les actions admin
- Configurer la plateforme

Le tout avec une interface identique aux 9 visuels fournis.

Commence par créer l'arborescence de fichiers, puis développe écran par écran, en commençant par le Dashboard. **Code complet seulement.**