

# Summary

This challenge has been stripped and has a function that is called, but doesn't execute the flag process.

## Information gathering

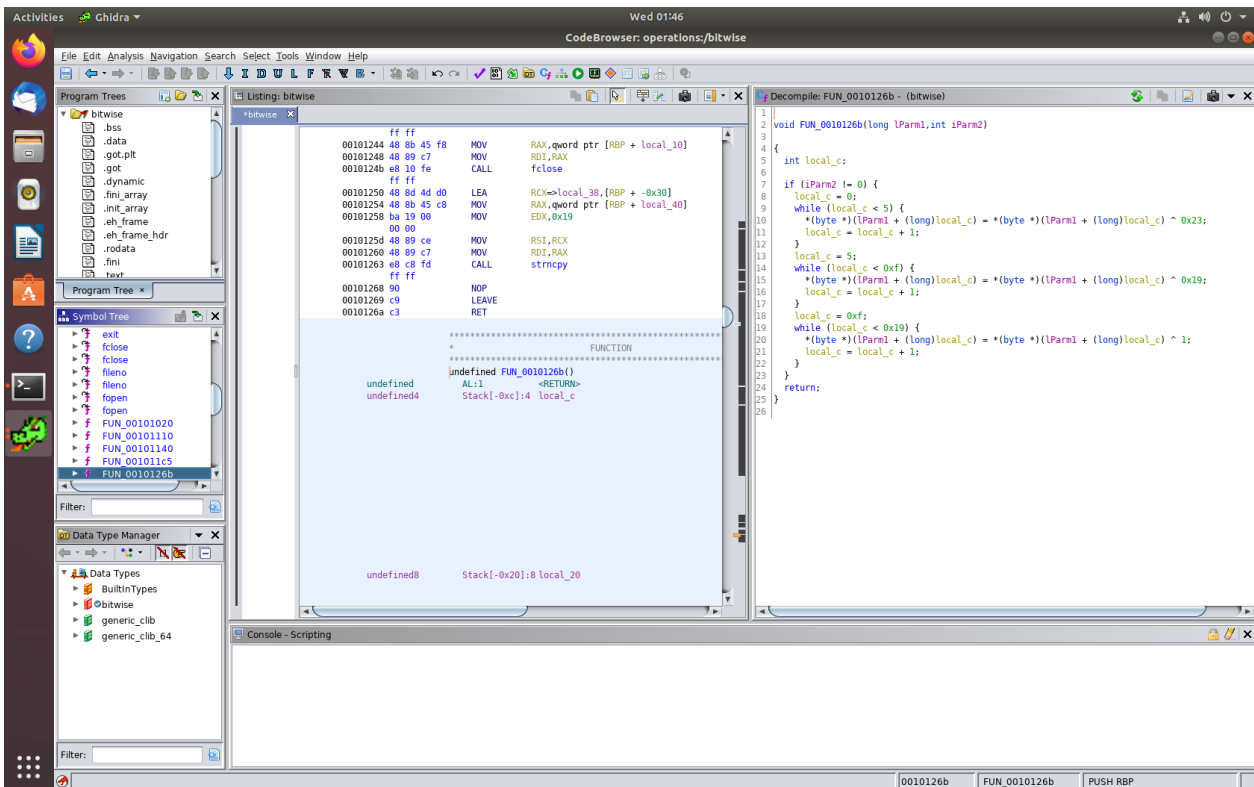
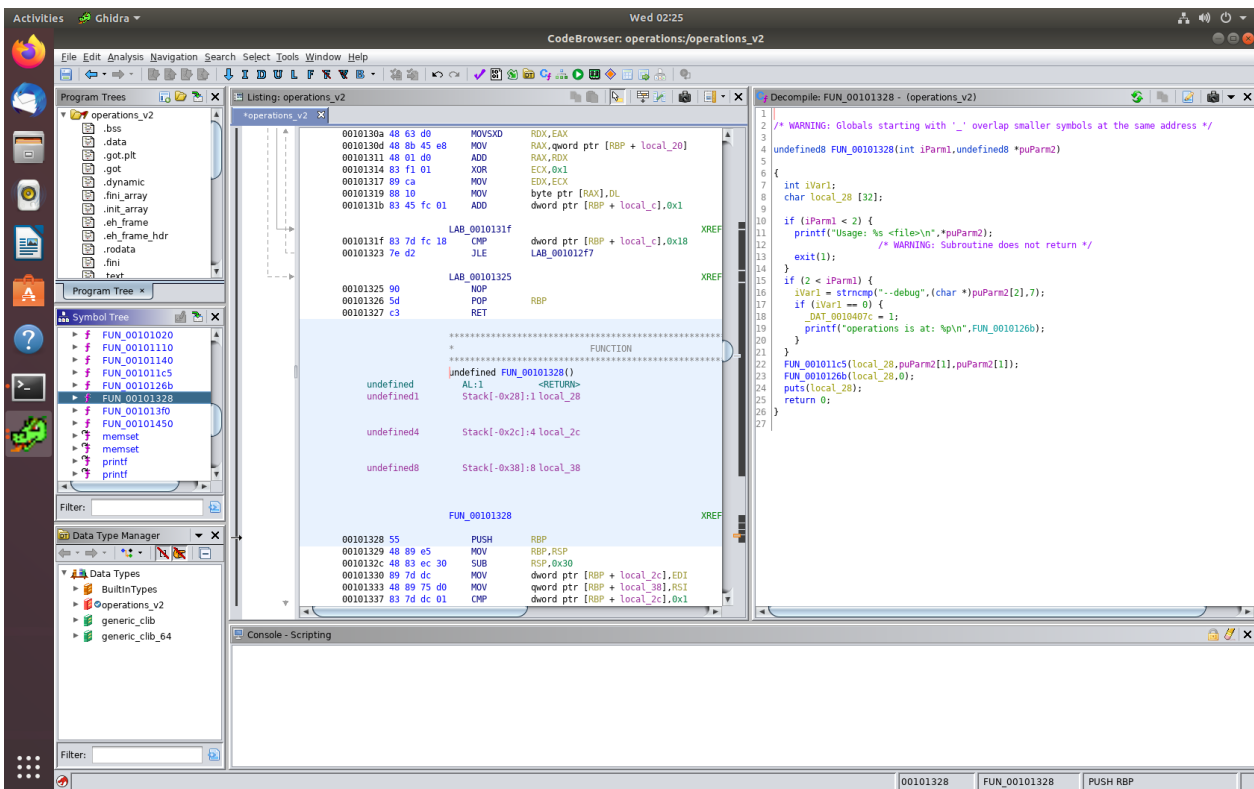
We get two files, `flag.txt` and `operations`. `flag.txt` contains a weird string:

`eobdX{(mNp,|F)iDs5uhNor|}` and `operations` is a stripped 64bit binary:

```
operations: ELF 64-bit LSB shared object, x86-64, version 1 (SYSV), dynamically
linked, interpreter /lib64/ld, for GNU/Linux 3.2.0,
BuildID[sha1]=94c8987eba9458d1ece60c5991a2c8c77adfb69, stripped
```

## Disassembling the binary

We can use `ghidra` to look at the predicted source code to understand how it works. There are two interesting functions; `FUN_00101328` and `FUN_0010126b`. Here's the disassembly:



FUN\_00101328 looks to be main . Looking at FUN\_0010126b we can see some xor operations happening.

## Xorring the flag

Let's try to xor the flag with the same numbers and locations as the binary:

```
fd = open('flag.txt', 'r')
input = fd.read()
flag = ''
for i in range(0, 5):
    flag += chr(ord(input[i]) ^ 0x23)
for i in range(5, 15):
    flag += chr(ord(input[i]) ^ 0x19)
for i in range(15, 25):
    flag += chr(ord(input[i]) ^ 1)

print('Flag: {}'.format(flag))
```

```
$ python rev.py
Flag: FLAG{b1tWi5e_0pEr4ti0ns}
```

Got the flag!