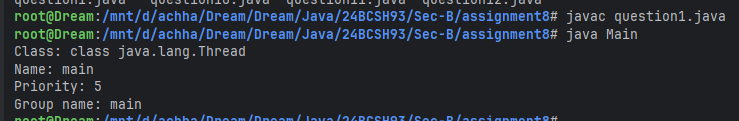
**Assignment – 8**

**Q1. Write a java program that will create the reference of the thread and display the details of the reference thread. (It should display class, name of thread, priority, group name).**

class Main {  
 public static void main(String[] args) {  
 Thread thread = Thread.*currentThread*();  
 System.*out*.println("Class: " + thread.getClass());  
 System.*out*.println("Name: " + thread.getName());  
 System.*out*.println("Priority: " + thread.getPriority());  
 System.*out*.println("Group name: " + thread.getThreadGroup().getName());  
 }  
}

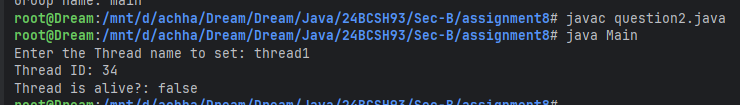
**Output:**

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**Q2. Write a java program that will create a thread and set the thread name, display the thread name, get the thread id, check the thread is currently alive or not.**

import java.util.Scanner;  
class Main {  
 public static void main(String[] args) {  
 Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.*in*);  
 Thread thread = new Thread();  
 System.*out*.print("Enter the Thread name to set: ");  
 thread.setName(sc.next());  
 System.*out*.println("Thread ID: " + thread.threadId());  
 System.*out*.println("Thread is alive?: " + thread.isAlive());  
 }  
}

**Output:**



**Q3. Write a java program that will create one thread [using Runnable interface]. The main thread will read a number and the newly created thread checks the number is Armstrong number or not.**

import java.util.Scanner;  
class Armstrong implements Runnable {  
 private int num;  
  
 public Armstrong(int num) {  
 this.num = num;  
 }  
  
 public void run() {  
 int length = (int)Math.*log10*(num) + 1;  
 int armstrong = 0, temp = num;  
  
 while (temp != 0) {  
 armstrong += (int)Math.*pow*(temp % 10, length);  
 temp /= 10;  
 }  
 if (num == armstrong) {  
 System.*out*.println(num + " is an armstrong number");  
 } else {  
 System.*out*.println(num + " is not an armstrong number");  
 }  
 }  
}  
  
class Main {  
 public static void main(String[] args) {  
 Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.*in*);  
 System.*out*.print("Enter a number: ");  
 new Thread(new Armstrong(sc.nextInt())).start();  
 }  
}

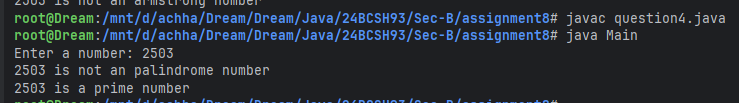
**Output:**

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**Q4. Write a java program that will create one thread [using extends]. The main thread will read a number and check the number is prime or composite and the same time the new thread will check the number palindrome or not.**

import java.util.Scanner;  
class Palindrome extends Thread {  
 private int num;  
  
 public Palindrome(int num) {  
 this.num = num;  
 }  
  
 public void run() {  
 int reverse = 0, temp = num;  
  
 while (temp != 0) {  
 reverse = reverse \* 10 + temp % 10;  
 temp /= 10;  
 }  
 if (num == reverse) {  
 System.*out*.println(num + " is an palindrome number");  
 } else {  
 System.*out*.println(num + " is not an palindrome number");  
 }  
 }  
}  
class Main {  
 public static void checkPrime(int num) {  
 boolean isPrime = true;  
  
 for (int i = 2; i <= num / 2; i++) {  
 if (num % i == 0) {  
 isPrime = false;  
 break;  
 }  
 }  
 if (isPrime) {  
 System.*out*.println(num + " is a prime number");  
 } else {  
 System.*out*.println(num + " is not a prime number");  
 }  
 }  
  
 public static void main(String[] args) {  
 Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.*in*);  
 System.*out*.print("Enter a number: ");  
 int num = sc.nextInt();  
 new Palindrome(num).start();  
 *checkPrime*(num);  
 }  
}

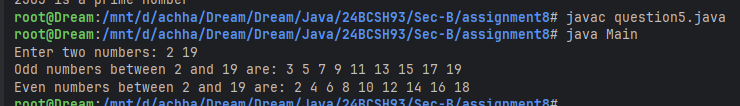
**Output:**

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**Q5. Write a java program that will create one child thread. The child thread has to display all odd numbers between start and end, and the main thread will display all the even numbers between start and end.**

import java.util.Scanner;  
class Odd extends Thread {  
 private int start, end;  
  
 public Odd(int start, int end) {  
 this.start = start;  
 this.end = end;  
 }  
  
 public void run() {  
 System.*out*.print("Odd numbers between " + start + " and " + end + " are:");  
  
 for (int i = start; i <= end; i++) {  
 if (i % 2 == 1) {  
 System.*out*.print(" " + i);  
 }  
 }  
 System.*out*.println();  
 }  
}  
class Main {  
 public static void printEven(int start, int end) {  
 System.*out*.print("Even numbers between " + start + " and " + end + " are:");  
  
 for (int i = start; i <= end; i++) {  
 if (i % 2 == 0) {  
 System.*out*.print(" " + i);  
 }  
 }  
 System.*out*.println();  
 }  
  
 public static void main(String[] args) {  
 Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.*in*);  
 System.*out*.print("Enter two numbers: ");  
 int start = sc.nextInt();  
 int end = sc.nextInt();  
 Thread thread = new Odd(start, end);  
 thread.start();  
  
 try {  
 thread.join();  
 } catch (InterruptedException e) {  
 System.*out*.println("Thread was interrupted");  
 }  
 *printEven*(start, end);  
 }  
}

**Output:**

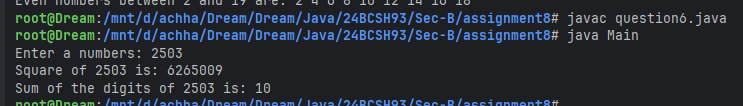
****

**Q6. Write a java program to create two threads. First thread should find the square of the number, second thread should find the sum of the digits of the number.**

import java.util.Scanner;  
class Square extends Thread {  
 private int num;  
  
 public Square(int num) {  
 this.num = num;  
 }  
  
 public void run() {  
 System.*out*.println("Square of " + num + " is: " + num \* num);  
 }  
}  
  
class DigitSum extends Thread {  
 private int num;

public DigitSum(int num) {  
 this.num = num;  
 }  
  
 public void run() {  
 int sum = 0, temp = num;  
  
 while (temp != 0) {  
 sum += temp % 10;  
 temp /= 10;  
 }  
 System.*out*.println("Sum of the digits of " + num + " is: " + sum);  
 }  
}  
  
class Main {  
 public static void main(String[] args) {  
 Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.*in*);  
 System.*out*.print("Enter a numbers: ");  
 int num = sc.nextInt();  
 new Square(num).start();  
 new DigitSum(num).start();  
 }  
}

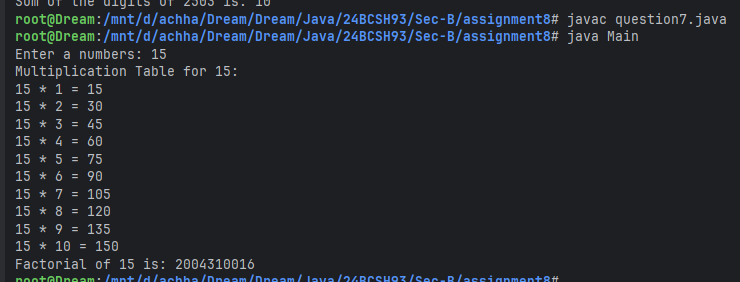
**Output:**



**Q7. Write a java program that will create two threads. The main thread will read a number and one thread will print the multiplication table of the entered number and the same time the other thread will find the factorial of the entered number.  
Note: Main thread has to wait until other two threads have completed their task.**

import java.util.Scanner;  
class MultiplicationTable extends Thread {  
 private int num;  
  
 public MultiplicationTable(int num) {  
 this.num = num;  
 }  
  
 public void run() {  
 System.*out*.println("Multiplication Table for " + num + ":");  
  
 for (int i = 1; i <= 10; i++) {  
 System.*out*.println(num + " \* " + i + " = " + num \* i);  
 }  
 }  
}  
  
class Factorial extends Thread {  
 private int num;  
 public Factorial(int num) {  
 this.num = num;  
 }  
  
 public void run() throws IllegalArgumentException {  
 int fact = 1;  
  
 if (num < 0) {  
 throw new IllegalArgumentException("Factorial of negative number is undefined");  
 }  
 for (int i = 2; i <= num; i++) {  
 fact \*= i;  
 }  
 System.*out*.println("Factorial of " + num + " is: " + fact);  
 }  
}  
  
class Main {  
 public static void main(String[] args) {  
 Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.*in*);  
 System.*out*.print("Enter a numbers: ");  
 int num = sc.nextInt();  
 Thread thread1 = new MultiplicationTable(num);  
 thread1.start();  
  
 try {  
 thread1.join();  
 } catch (InterruptedException e) {  
 System.*out*.println("Thread was interrupted");  
 }  
 Thread thread2 = new Factorial(num);  
 thread2.start();  
  
 try {  
 thread2.join();  
 } catch (InterruptedException e) {  
 System.*out*.println("Thread was interrupted");  
 }  
 }  
}

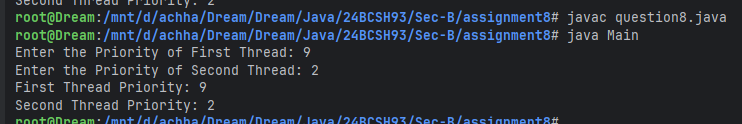
**Output:**



**Q8. Write a java program that will create two threads. Set the priority to each thread and display it.**

import java.util.Scanner;  
class Main {  
 public static void main(String[] args) {  
 Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.*in*);  
 Thread thread1 = new Thread();  
 Thread thread2 = new Thread();  
  
 System.*out*.println("Enter the Priority of First Thread: ");  
 thread1.setPriority(sc.nextInt());  
 System.*out*.println("Enter the Priority of Second Thread: ");  
 thread2.setPriority(sc.nextInt());  
  
 System.*out*.println("First Thread Priority: " + thread1.getPriority());  
 System.*out*.println("Second Thread Priority: " + thread2.getPriority());  
 }  
}

**Output:**



**Q9. Write a java program that will compute product of two 1D arrays using multithreading. The program should read two 1D arrays of same size from the user. First thread should multiply the corresponding elements present in the odd index position and second thread should multiply the corresponding elements present in the even index position. Main thread should display the result.**

import java.util.Scanner;  
class Multiply extends Thread {  
 int[] lhs, rhs, res;  
 String type;  
  
 public Multiply(int[] lhs, int[] rhs, int[] res, String type) throws IllegalArgumentException {  
 if (!type.equals("even") && !type.equals("odd")) {  
 throw new IllegalArgumentException("Invalid type argument. Can only be (\"even\" or \"odd\")");  
 }  
 this.lhs = lhs;  
 this.rhs = rhs;  
 this.res = res;  
 this.type = type;  
 }  
  
 public void run() {  
 for (int i = type.equals("even") ? 0 : 1; i < lhs.length; i += 2) {  
 res[i] = lhs[i] \* rhs[i];  
 }  
 }  
}

class Main {  
 public static int[] createArray(int size, String name) {  
 Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.*in*);  
 int[] array = new int[size];  
 System.*out*.print("Enter the elements of " + name + " array: ");  
  
 for (int i = 0; i < size; i++) {  
 array[i] = sc.nextInt();  
 }  
 return array;  
 }  
 public static void main(String[] args) {  
 Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.*in*);  
 System.*out*.print("Enter the size of the array: ");  
 int size = sc.nextInt();  
 int[] lhs = *createArray*(size, "first");  
 int[] rhs = *createArray*(size, "second");  
 int[] res = new int[size];  
 Thread thread1 = new Multiply(lhs, rhs, res, "even");  
 Thread thread2 = new Multiply(lhs, rhs, res, "odd");  
 thread1.start();  
 thread2.start();  
  
 try {  
 thread1.join();  
 thread2.join();  
 } catch (InterruptedException e) {  
 System.*out*.println("Thread was interrupted");  
 }  
 System.*out*.print("Resultant array after Multiplication:");  
  
 for (int value : res) {  
 System.*out*.print(" " + value);  
 }  
 System.*out*.println();  
 }  
}

**Output:**

