1 Minimal Spanning Tree Algorithm

1.1 Introduction

This project mainly contains

- Prim Algorithm
- Kruskal Algorithm

1.2 Kruskal Algorithm

1.2.1 Pseudo Code

```
Algorithm 1 Kruskal algorithm
                                                                         \triangleright V denotes vertices, E denotes edges
 1: function KRUSKAL(V, E)
Require: A weighted, connected map which vertices set as V and edges set as E.
Ensure: Using map G_{new} which describe the minimal spanning tree.
         G_{new} \leftarrow \{v_0, e_0 \mid v_0 = V, e_0 \in \emptyset\}
                                                         \triangleright v_0 has the same vertices number as V, e_0 denotes
 2:
     empty set
         E_s \leftarrow sortFromSmallToLarge(E)
 3:
         V_{connected} \leftarrow \{v_0, v_1 \mid \langle v_0, v_1 \rangle \in E_s[0]\}
 4:
         for all e_i \in E_s do
                                                                                              ⊳ From small to large
 5:
              if \forall v_t \in V, v_t \in G_{new} then
 6:
                   break
 7:
              end if
 8:
              if v_0 \in V_{connect} and v_1 \notin V_{connect} s.t. \langle v_0, v_1 \rangle \in e_i then
 9:
                   add e_i to G_{new}
10:
                   add v_1 to V_{connected}
11:
              end if
12:
         end for
13:
14: end function
```

2

1.2.2 Flowchart

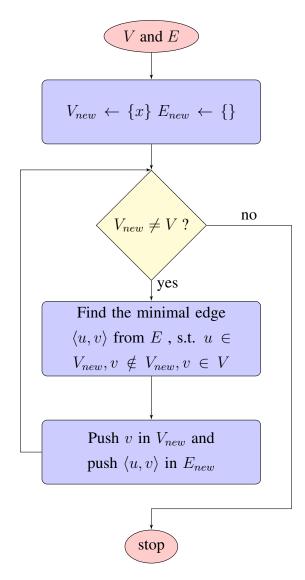


图 1: Kruskal algorithm flowchart

1.2.3 Analysis

Let v denotes the sum of vertices and e denotes the sum of edges, then, this algorithm's time complexity is: $O\left(e\log_2 e\right)$