## **HW-12**

## DREW MORRIS

**Problem 1.** Let  $f: \mathbb{R}^2 \to \mathbb{R}$  be the function defined by

$$f(x,y) = x^2 - 2xy + y^2$$

Prove f is convex.

Proof. Notice

$$\nabla f(x,y) = \begin{bmatrix} 2x - 2y & 2y - 2x \end{bmatrix}^T$$

and

$$\nabla^2 f(x,y) = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & -2 \\ -2 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$$

Furthermore,

$$\det(\nabla^2 f(x,y) - \lambda I) = \begin{vmatrix} 2 - \lambda & -2 \\ -2 & 2 - \lambda \end{vmatrix} = \lambda^2 - 4\lambda = \lambda(\lambda - 4)$$

Thus, the eigenvalues of  $\nabla^2 f(x,y)$  are 4, 0, which are both non-negative. Therefore,  $\nabla^2 f(x,y)$  is positive semi-definite which means f(x,y) is convex.

Date: December 20th, 2023.