


REACT.JS WORKSHOP

Pratik Patel @prpatel

@prpatel

LAB 0

- 
- ★ Install Node.js ^4.6.0 <https://nodejs.org/>
 - ★ Clone Git repo:
 - ★ <https://github.com/prpatel/connect.tech-react-workshop>
 - ★ `cd connect.tech-react-workshop && npm install`
 - ★ `cd Lab1; npm start`
 - ★ open browser to <http://localhost:8080/>
 - ★ approximate start time 9:15AM

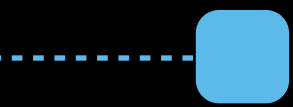
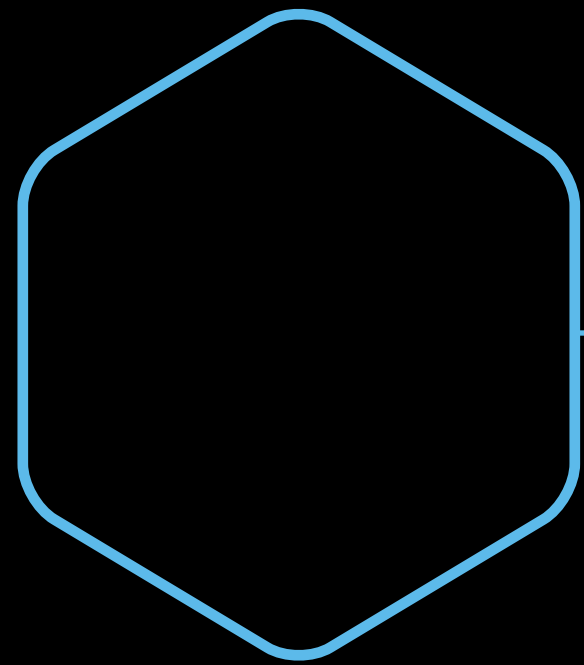


FOCUS ON “MODERN” WEB

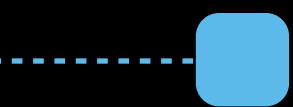
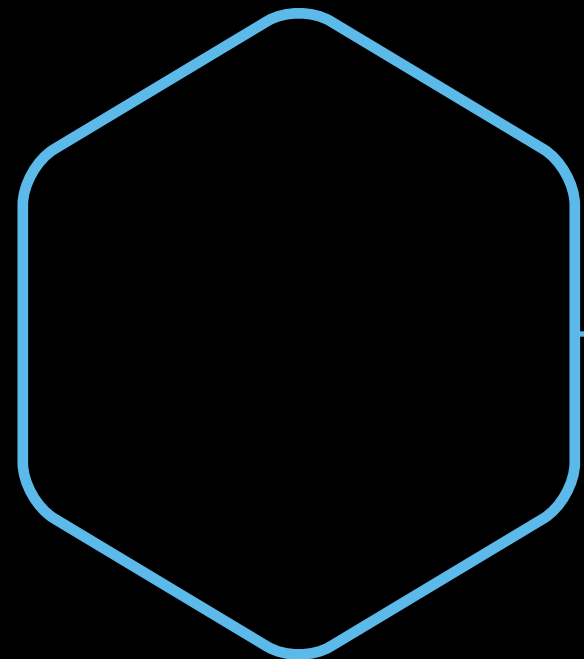
DEV

ES6

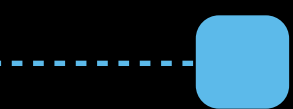
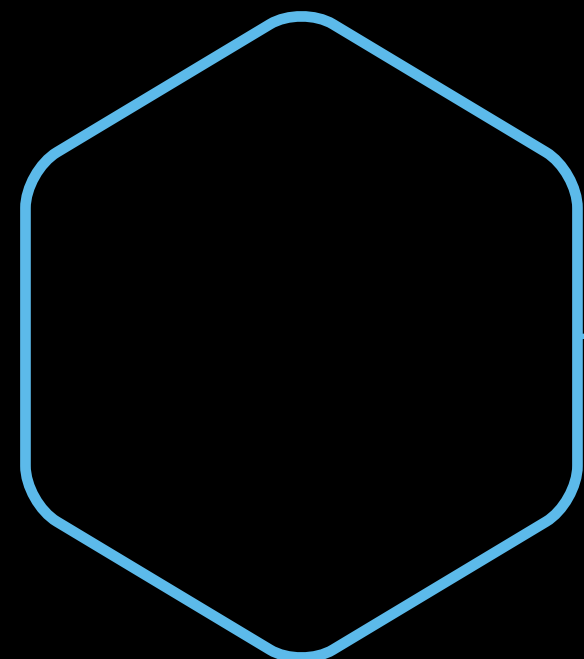
ADVANCED BUILD TOOLS



UI ONLY LIBRARY



DEVELOPED AT FACEBOOK

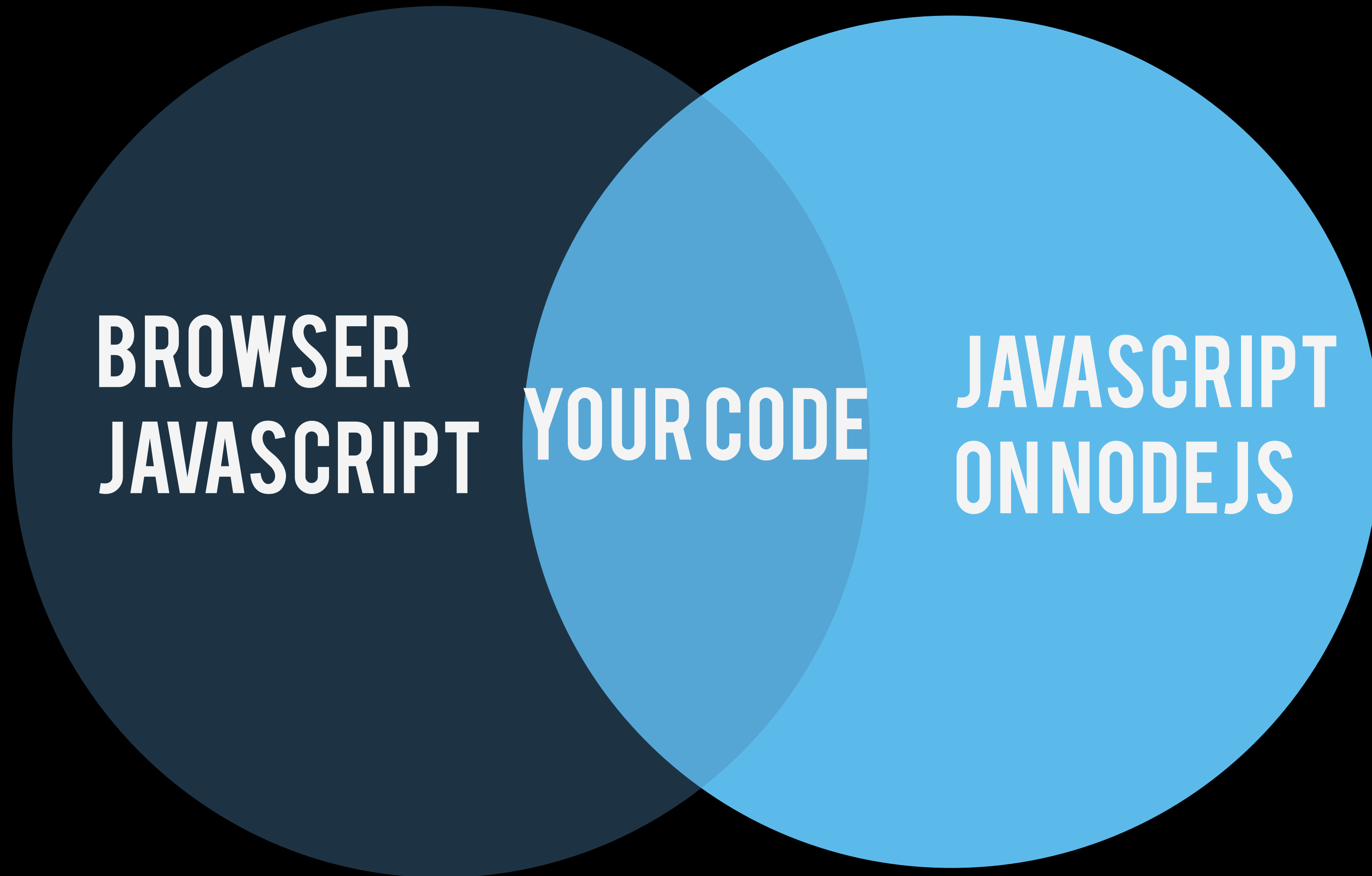


POWERS INSTAGRAM.COM

REACTJS CONCEPTS

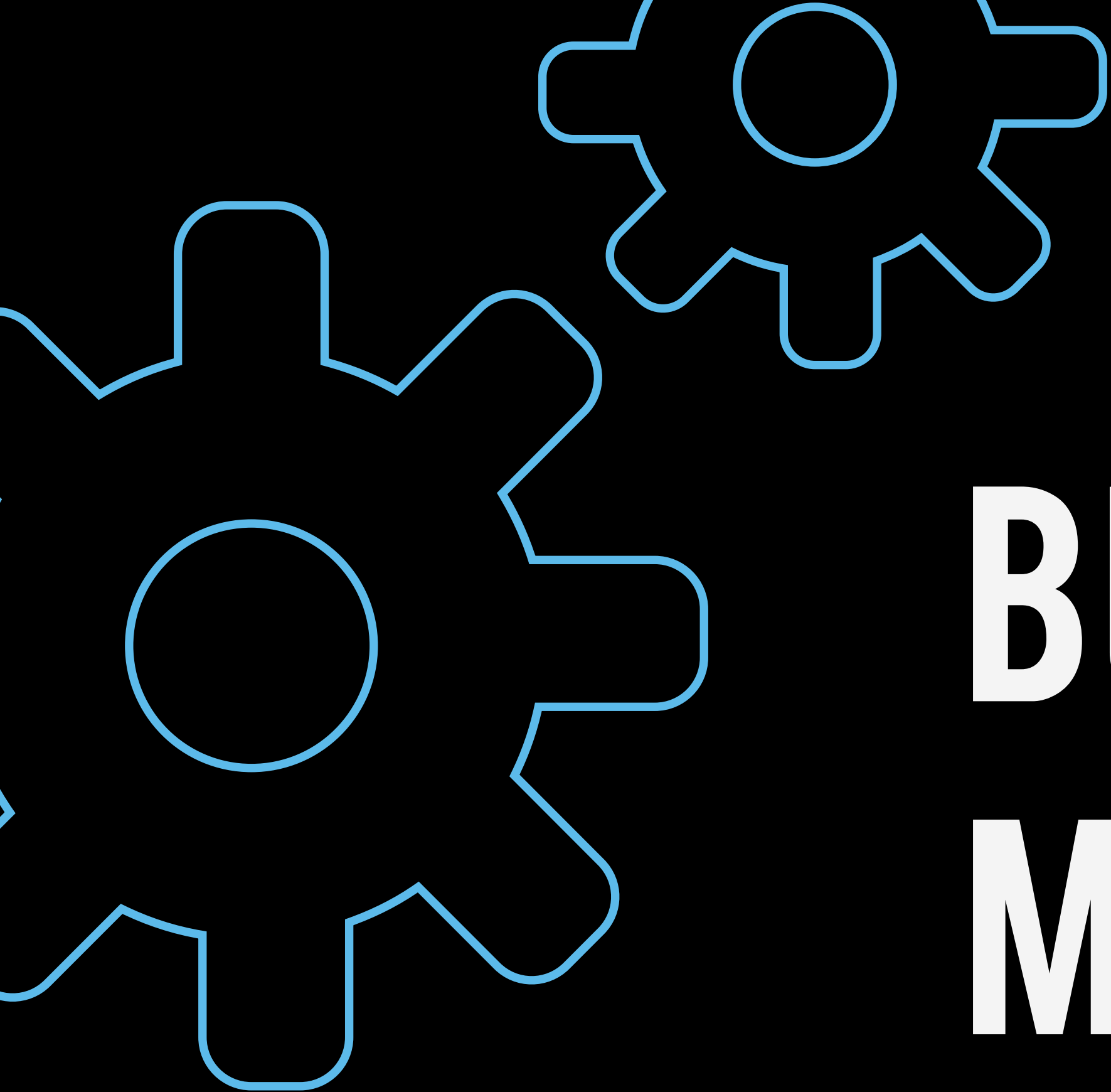
**CODE RUNS ON THE BROWSER
OR
THE SERVER**

ISOMORPHIC

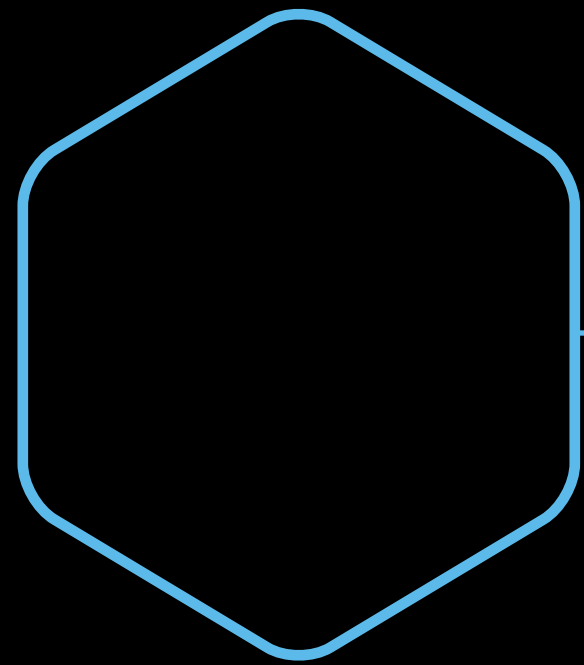




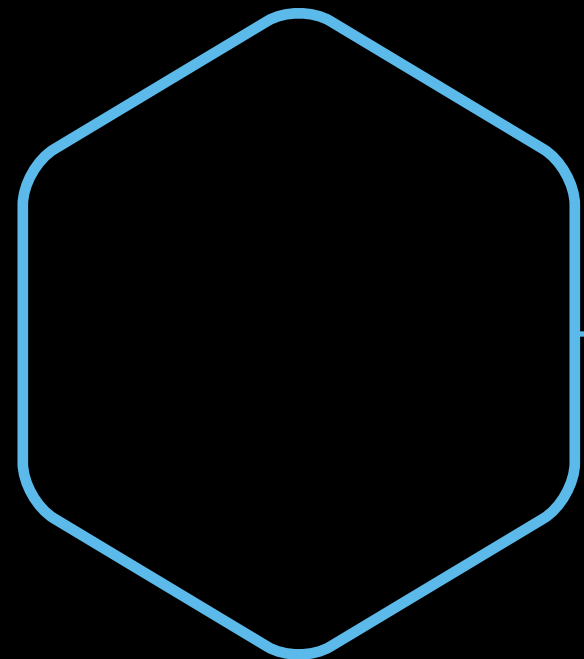
Allows great
flexibility and
performance
management



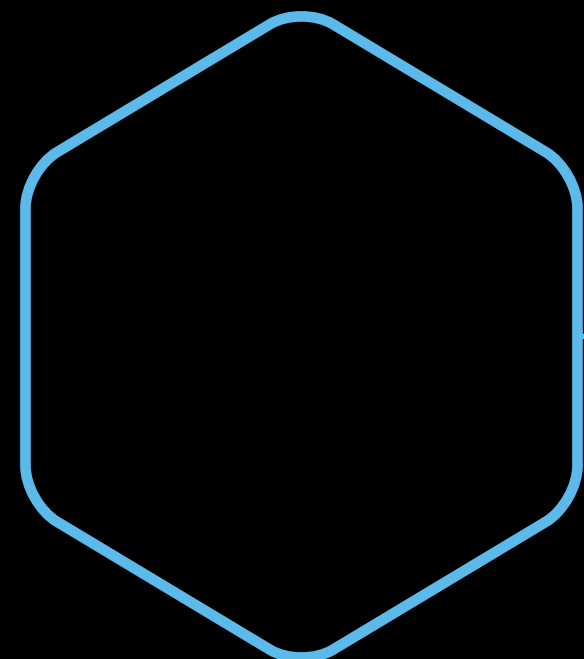
**BUT THAT'S NOT THE
MAIN REASON
REACTJS IS FAST**



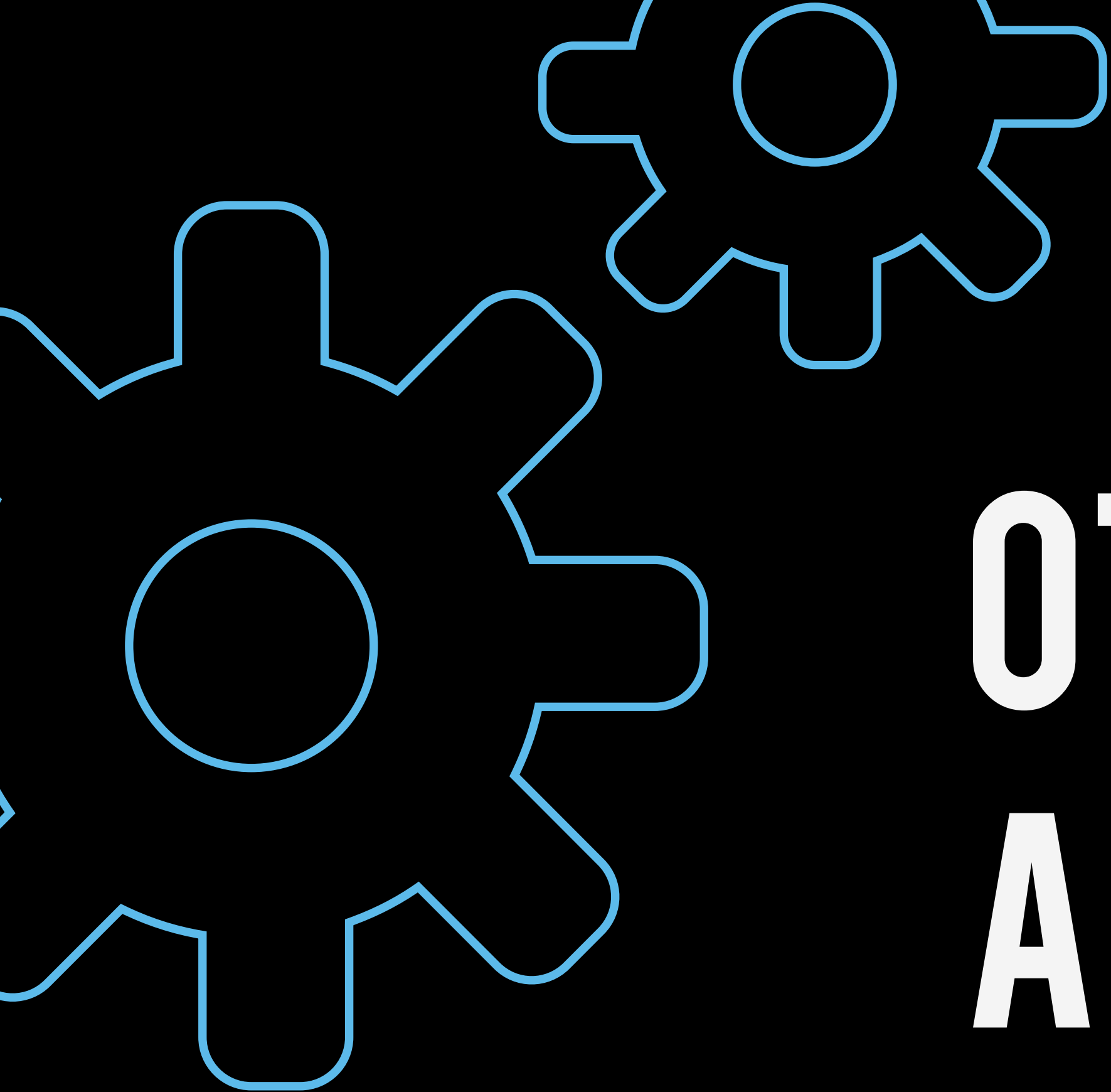
VIRTUAL DOM



SMART DIFF'ING OF DOM



BATCHED DOM UPDATES



**OTHER FRAMEWORKS
ARE / WILL BE USING
VIRTUAL DOM**

YES, MITRHIL



@prpatel



TYPICAL BROWSER UPDATE

**PARSE
MARKUP
&
CSS**

**CREATE
RENDER
TREE**

**REFLOW
&
REPAINT**

**REFLOW
&
REPAINT**

DO THIS ALOT = SLOW

**ANY
DOM
UPDATE**

**MOVE /
ANIMATE
DOM**

**HIDE DOM
NODE**

**STYLE
CHANGES**

MANAGEDOMSTATE

VIRTUALDOM

**REDUCE NUMBER OF CHANGES
TO BE APPLIED**

SMART DIFF'ING OF DOM

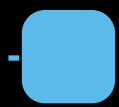
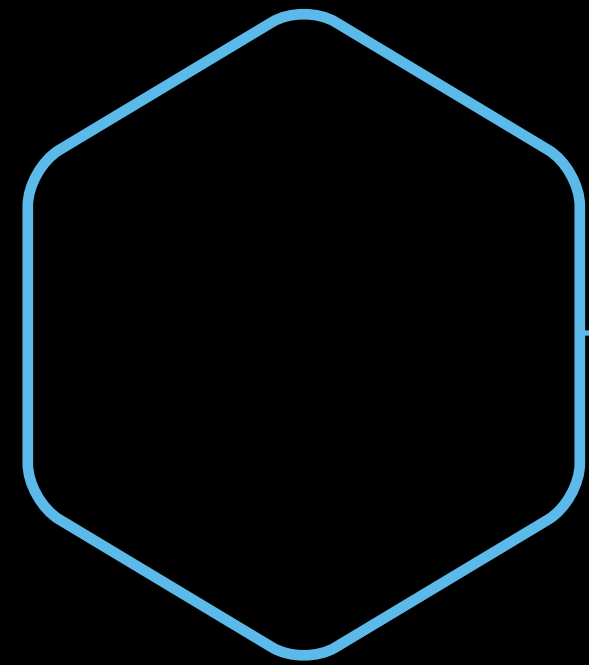
**REDUCE NUMBER OF
REFLOWS / REPAINTS**

BATCHED DOM UPDATES

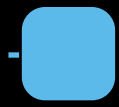
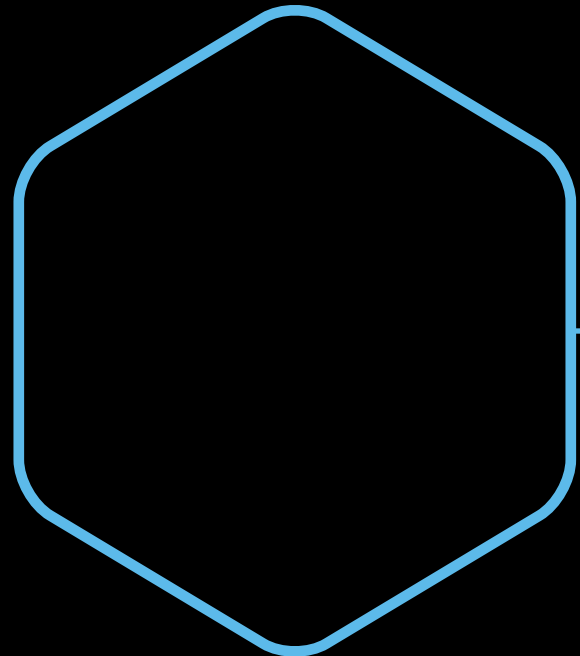
REACT BASICS



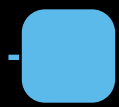
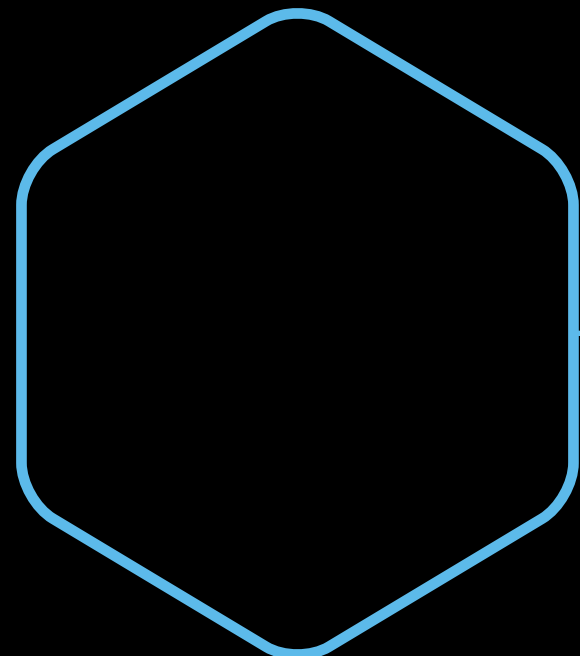
COMPONENTS



BASIC BUILDING BLOCKS



JSX



JAVASCRIPT XML SYNTAX

I know a name is
just a sound
somebody makes
when they need
you...

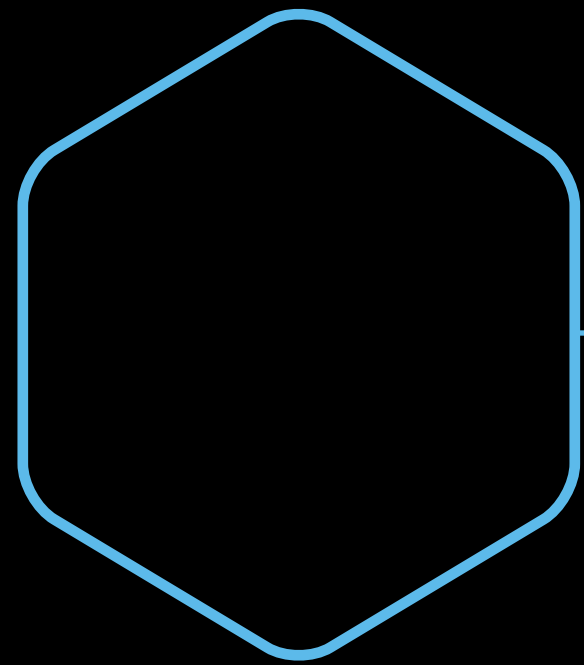
- Jared



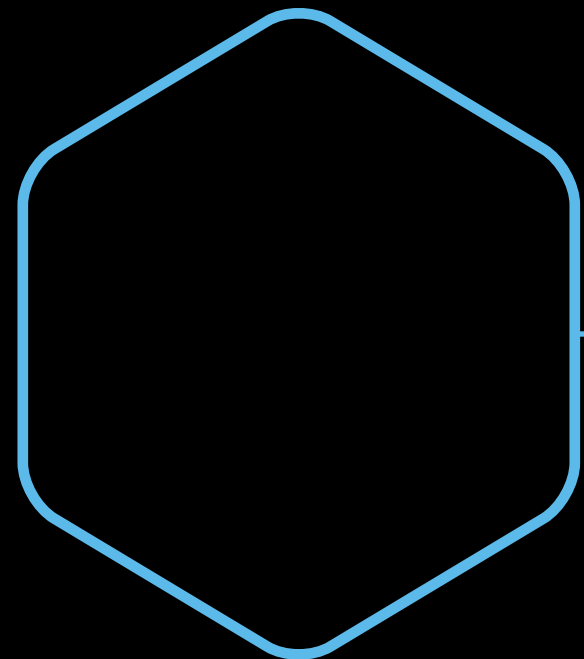
SILICON VALLEY | HBO

@prpatel

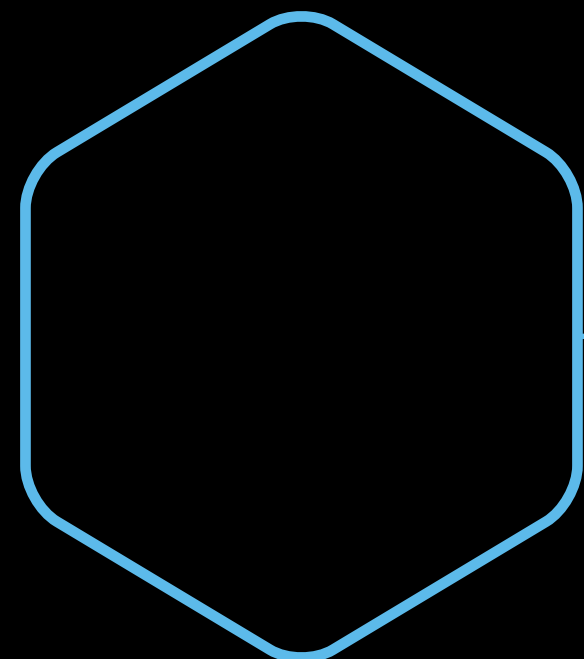

```
<script type="text/jsx">  
/** @jsx React.DOM */  
ReactDOM.render(  
  <h1>Hello, world!</h1>,  
  document.getElementById('myDiv')  
);  
</script>
```


■ **HTML-LIKE**



■ **JSX DIFFERS FROM HTML**



■ **[HTTP://FACEBOOK.GITHUB.IO/REACT/DOCS/JSX-GOTCHAS.HTML](http://facebook.github.io/react/docs/jsx-gotchas.html)**


A medium shot of a man with dark hair, wearing a blue button-down shirt, looking off-camera to his left with a questioning or skeptical expression. He is standing in front of a brick wall and a wooden door. The lighting is soft and indoor.

Have any of you ever eaten at Burger King?

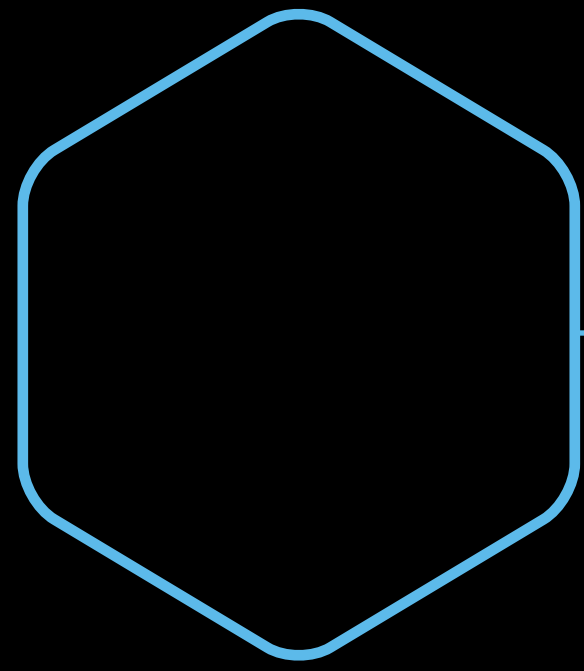
@prpatel



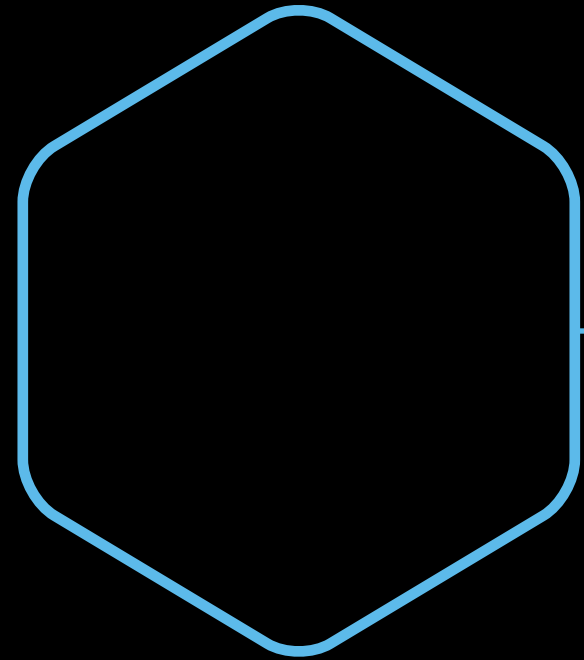
WHY WRITE IN
HTML-LIKE WHEN
YOU CAN JUST
WRITE CODE?

A series of overlapping, semi-transparent white geometric shapes, including rectangles and triangles, are positioned on the left side of the slide, creating a modern, abstract background element.

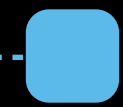
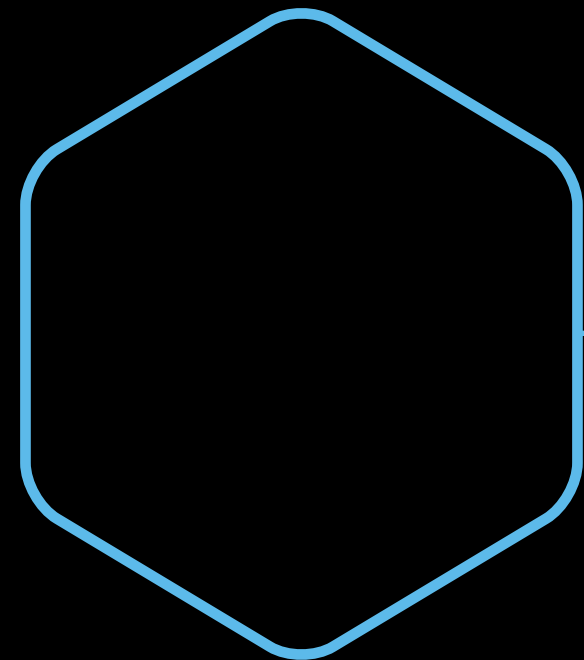
```
ReactDOM.render(  
  React.DOM.h1(null, 'Hello, world!'),  
  document.getElementById('myDiv')  
);
```



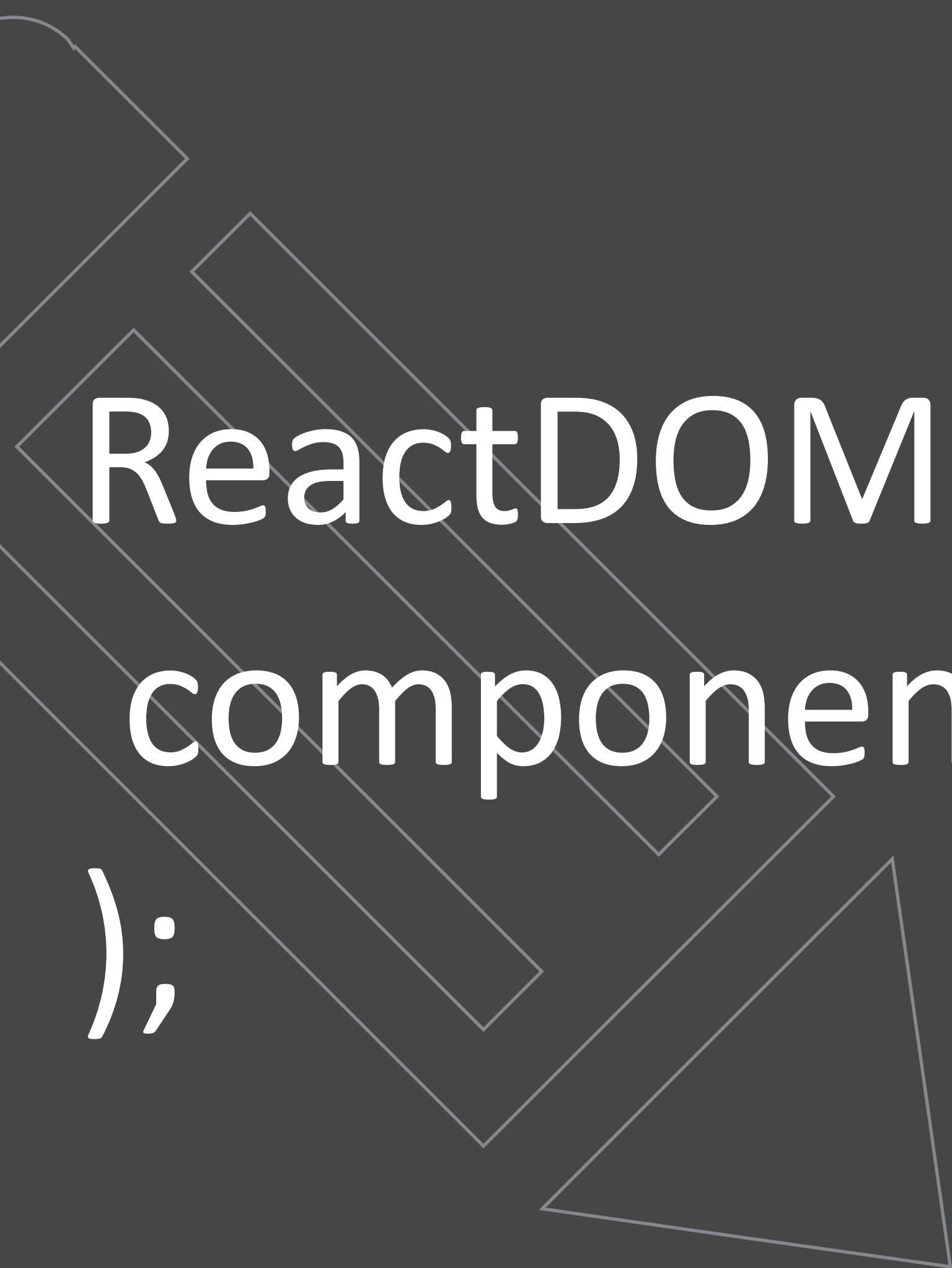
REACT.RENDERCOMPONENT



1: COMPONENT TO RENDER



2: WHERE TO MOUNT

Abstract geometric shapes, including rectangles and a triangle, are scattered in the background on the left side of the slide.

```
ReactDOM.render(  
  component, whereToAttachToDOM  
);
```




CUSTOM COMPONENTS: createClass

```
class HelloWorld extends  
  React.Component({  
    render: function(){  
      return (<h1>Hello, world!</h1>);  
    }  
  });
```



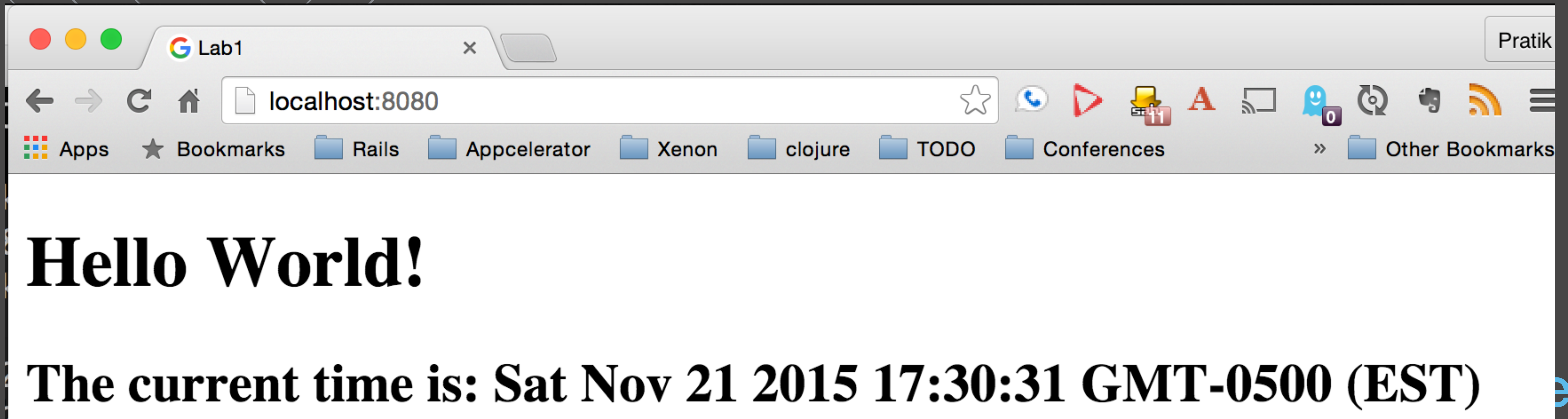
```
// use component  
ReactDOM.render(  
  <MyComponent/>,  
  document.getElementById('myDiv')  
);
```



Lab 1: Hello World

Lab 1: Hello World

- * `cd Lab1; npm start`
- * open <http://localhost:8080/>
- * Inside of JSX use: `{dateVar}` to show date string
- * edit `app.js` (notice auto-reload!) to make this





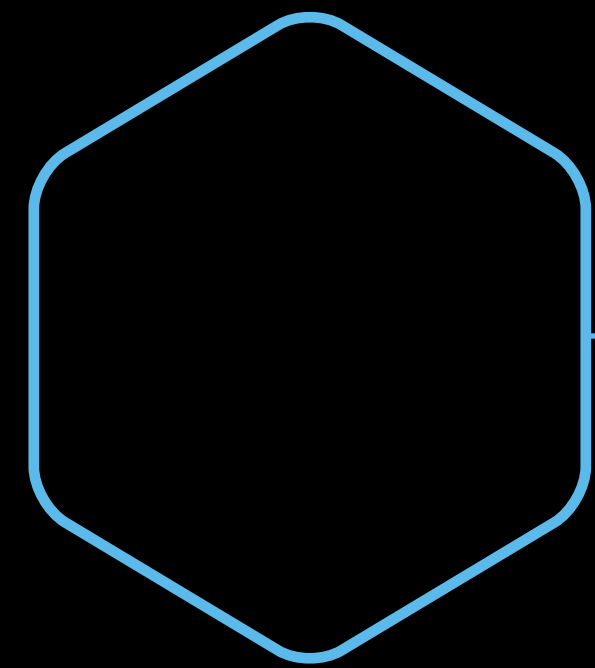
Lab 1: Discussion



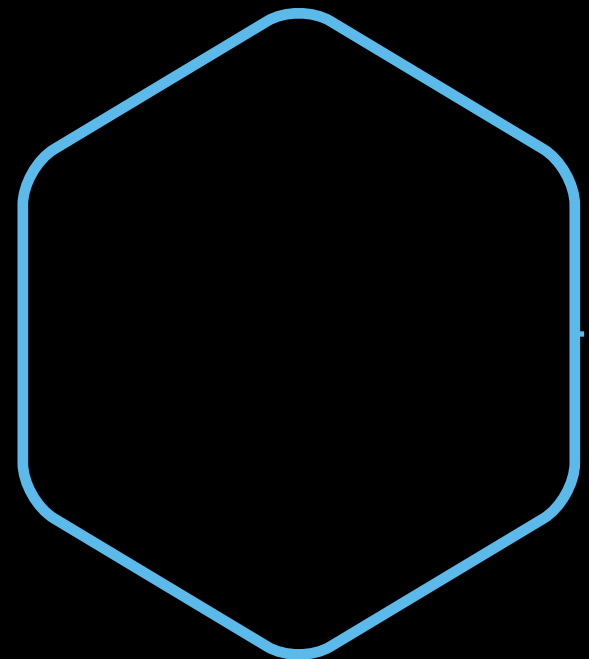
Um, how does this
all work?



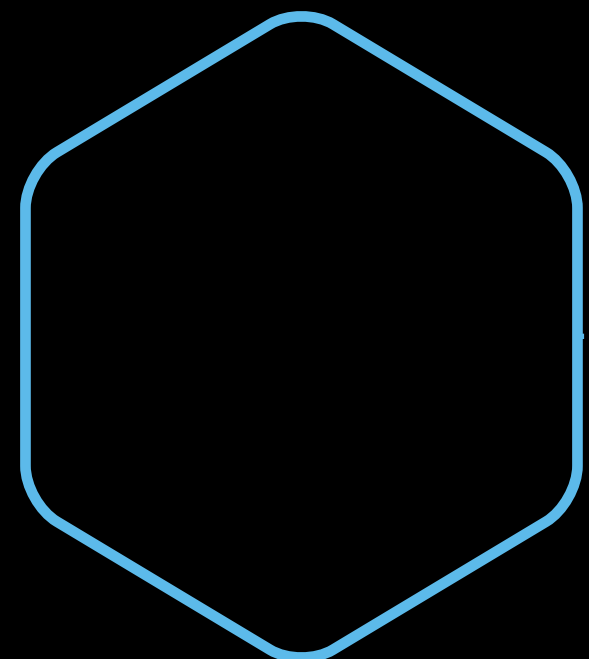
@prpatel



- **NPM -> Webpack**



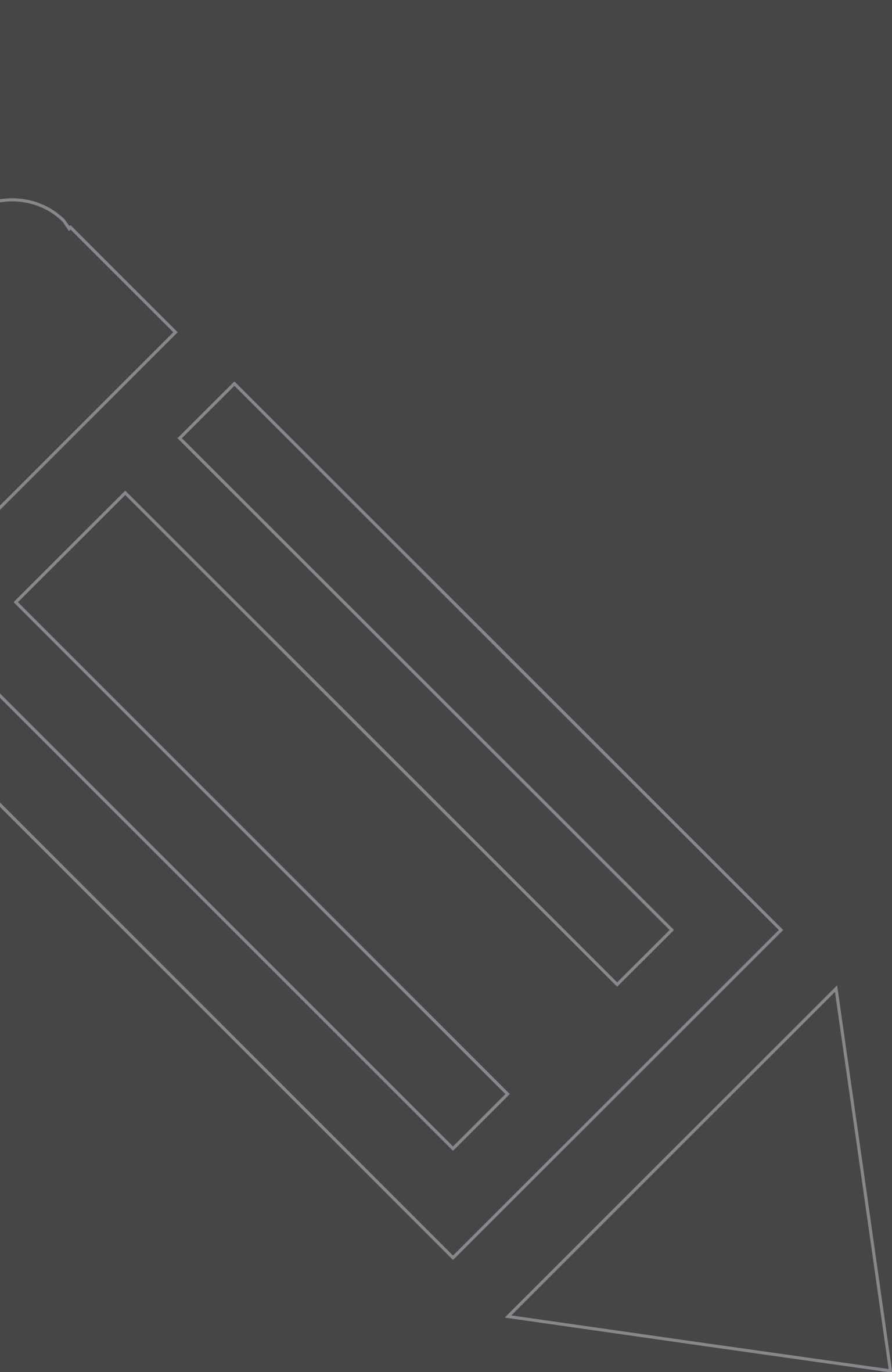
- **webpack-dev-server**



- **compiles + bundles**

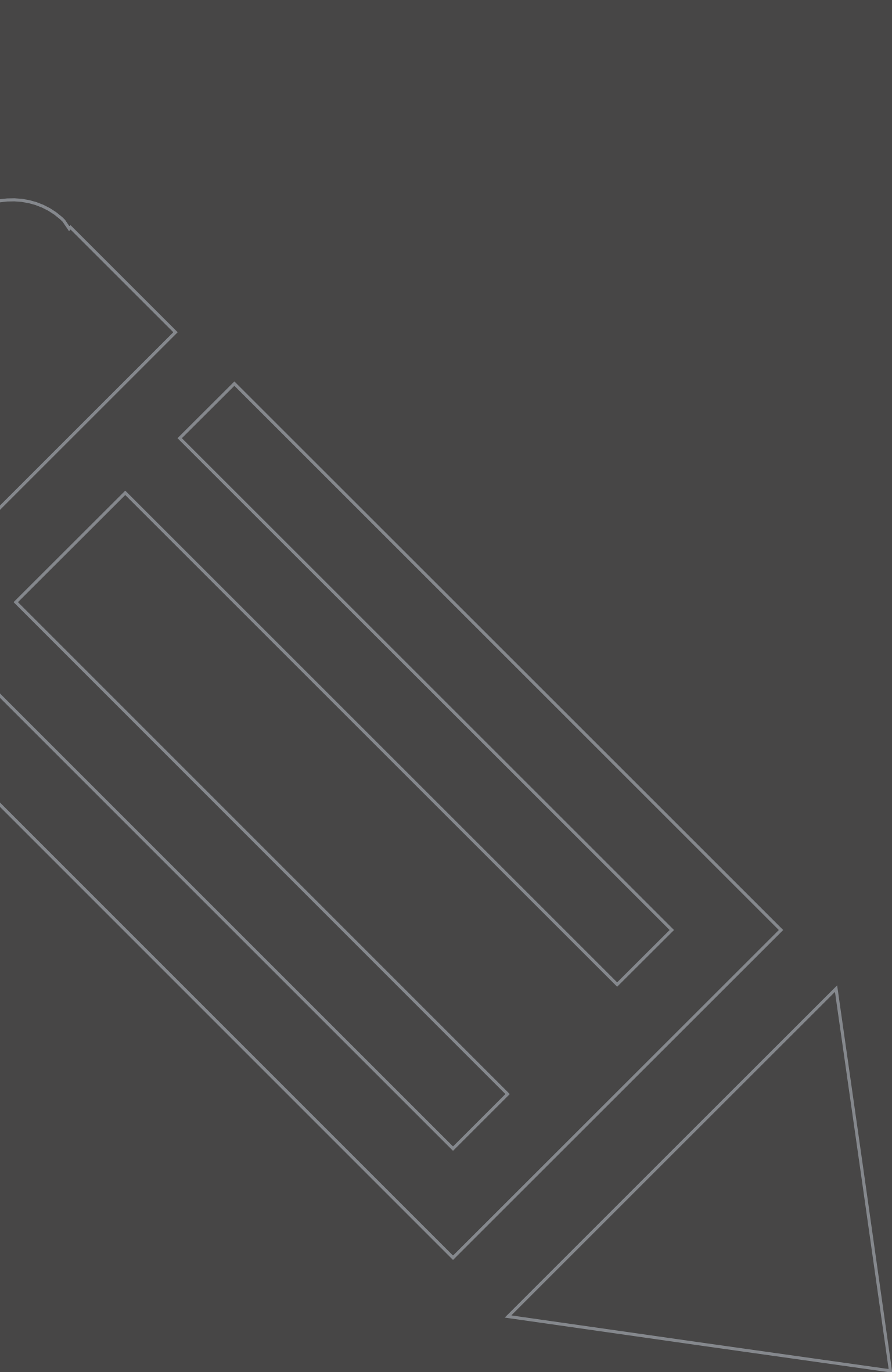
Abstract geometric shapes, including a large triangle and several overlapping rectangles, are visible in the background on the left side of the slide.

```
{  
  /// package.json  
  "scripts": {  
    "start": "webpack-dev-server",  
    "solution": "webpack-dev-server —config webpack.solution.com",  
  }  
}
```

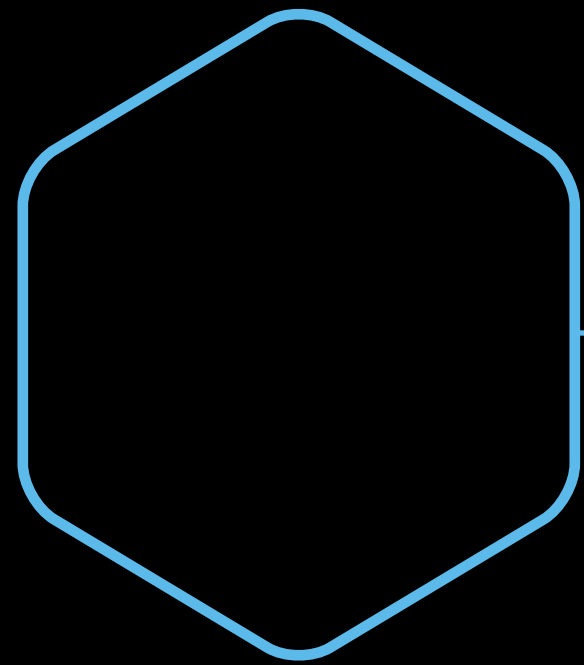



```
module.exports = {
  entry: {
    app: ['./app.js']
  },
  output: {
    path: path.resolve(__dirname, 'build'),
    publicPath: '/',
    filename: 'bundle.js'
  },
  devServer: {
    historyApiFallback: true,
    hot: false,
    inline: true,
    progress: true,
  },
  module: {
    loaders: [
      {
        test: /\.js/,
        exclude: /node_modules/,
        loaders: [
          'babel-loader?optional[]=runtime&stage=0'
        ]
      }
    ]
  }
}
```

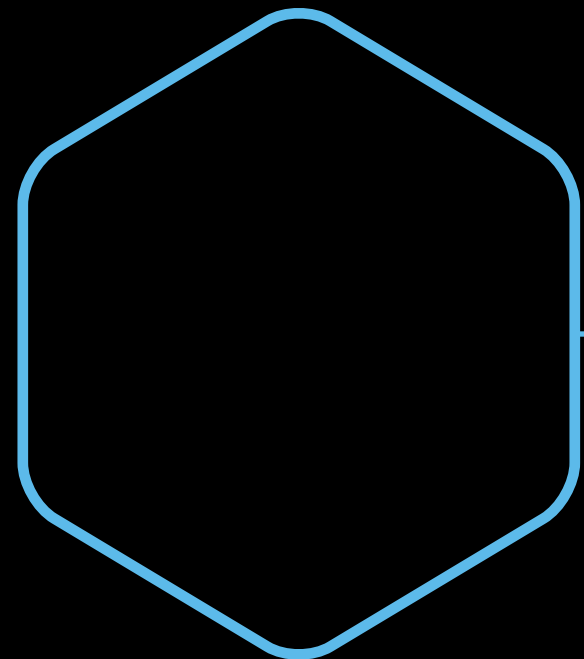
...

A series of overlapping, tilted rectangular outlines and a triangle on the left side of the slide, creating a layered, architectural effect.

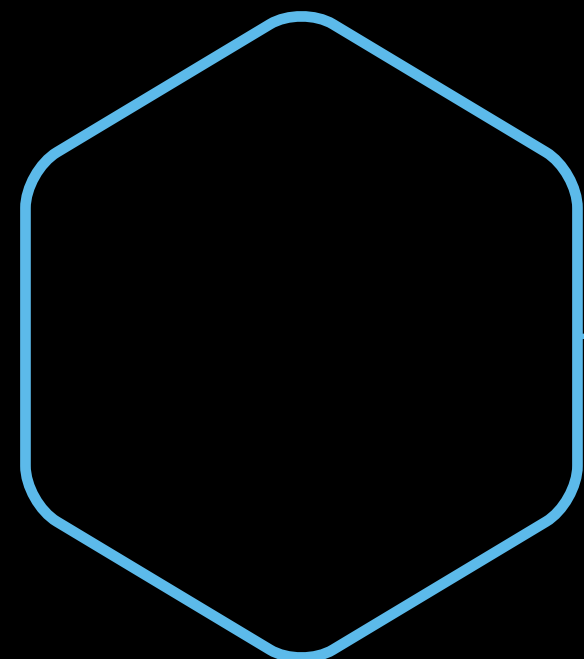
```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
<head>
  <meta charset="UTF-8">
  <title>Lab1</title>
</head>
<body>
  <div id="root"></div>
  <script src="bundle.js"></script>
</body>
</html>
```



ES6



HTML file



**NPM Modules for
browser deps!**



ALERT!

**TAGS IN RENDER MUST BE WRAPPED
WITHIN A SINGLE ROOT TAG**



Lab 2: Using NPM Libs



ALERT!

**FOR OUR WORKSHOP PROJECT,
REMEMBER NEW LIBS MUST BE ADDED AT
BASE LEVEL!**

Lab 2: NPM Libs

- * Add moment.js library!
- * (at root of project) npm install moment -save
- * cd Lab2; npm start
- * open <http://localhost:8080/>
- * <http://momentjs.com/>
- * Edit app.js to make nicely formatted date, using moment.js like this:

Welcome to Fort Lauderdale!

The current time is: November 21st 2015, 5:51:50 PM



Lab 3: Bling with pre-made components

Lab 3: react-bootstrap

- * react-bootstrap is already added as an npm dep
- * Start up Lab3
- * Edit app.js and use react-bootstrap components Panel and Jumbotron to make below
- * `import Jumbotron from 'react-bootstrap/lib/Jumbotron';`
- * <http://react-bootstrap.github.io/components.html>

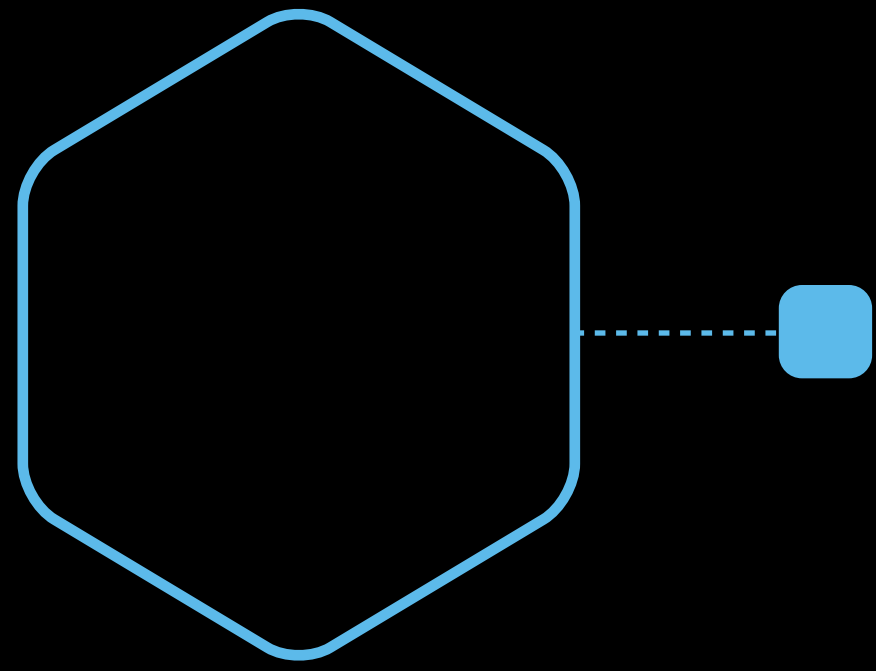
Welcome to Fort Lauderdale!

The current time is: November 21st 2015, 6:24:20 PM

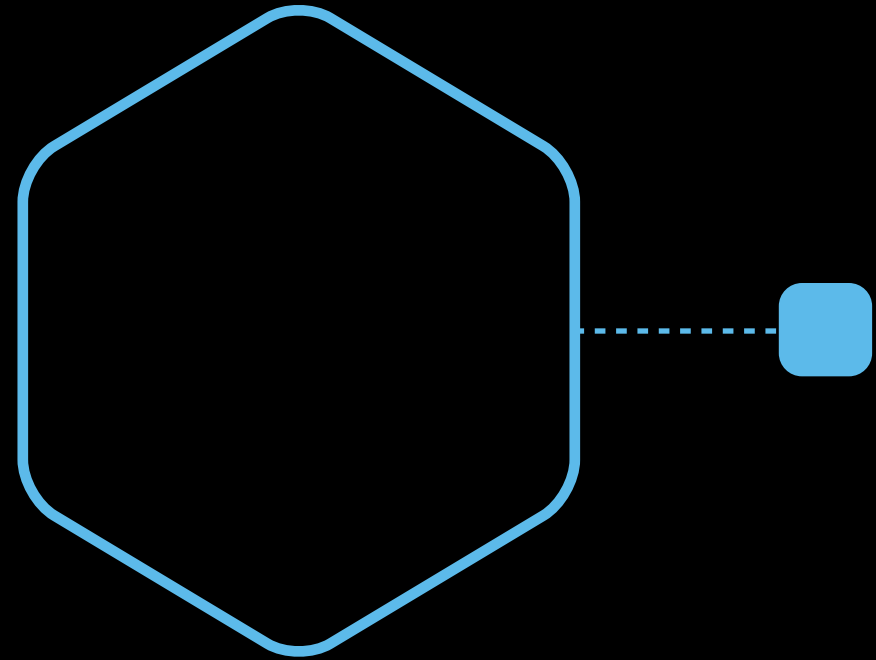
Learn more

@prpatel

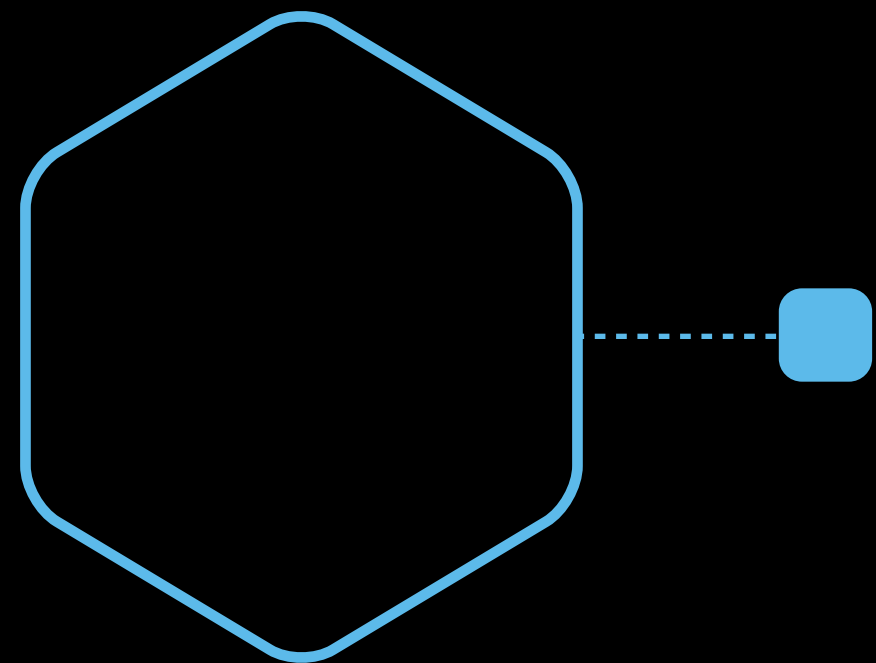
PROPERTIES



**PROPS USED TO PASS
DATA 'DOWNSTREAM'**



ACCESS USING THIS.PROPS



**2: CAN ALSO PASS
FUNCTIONS**



DYNAMIC COMPONENTS: attributes

```
var MyComponent = React.createClass({  
  render: function(){  
    return (<h1>Hello, {this.props.name}!</h1>);  
  }  
});
```

```
React.renderComponent(<MyComponent  
  name="Pratik" />,  
  document.getElementById('myDiv'));
```



Lab 4: Static to Dynamic

Options for lunch for November 22nd 2015:

Please select one

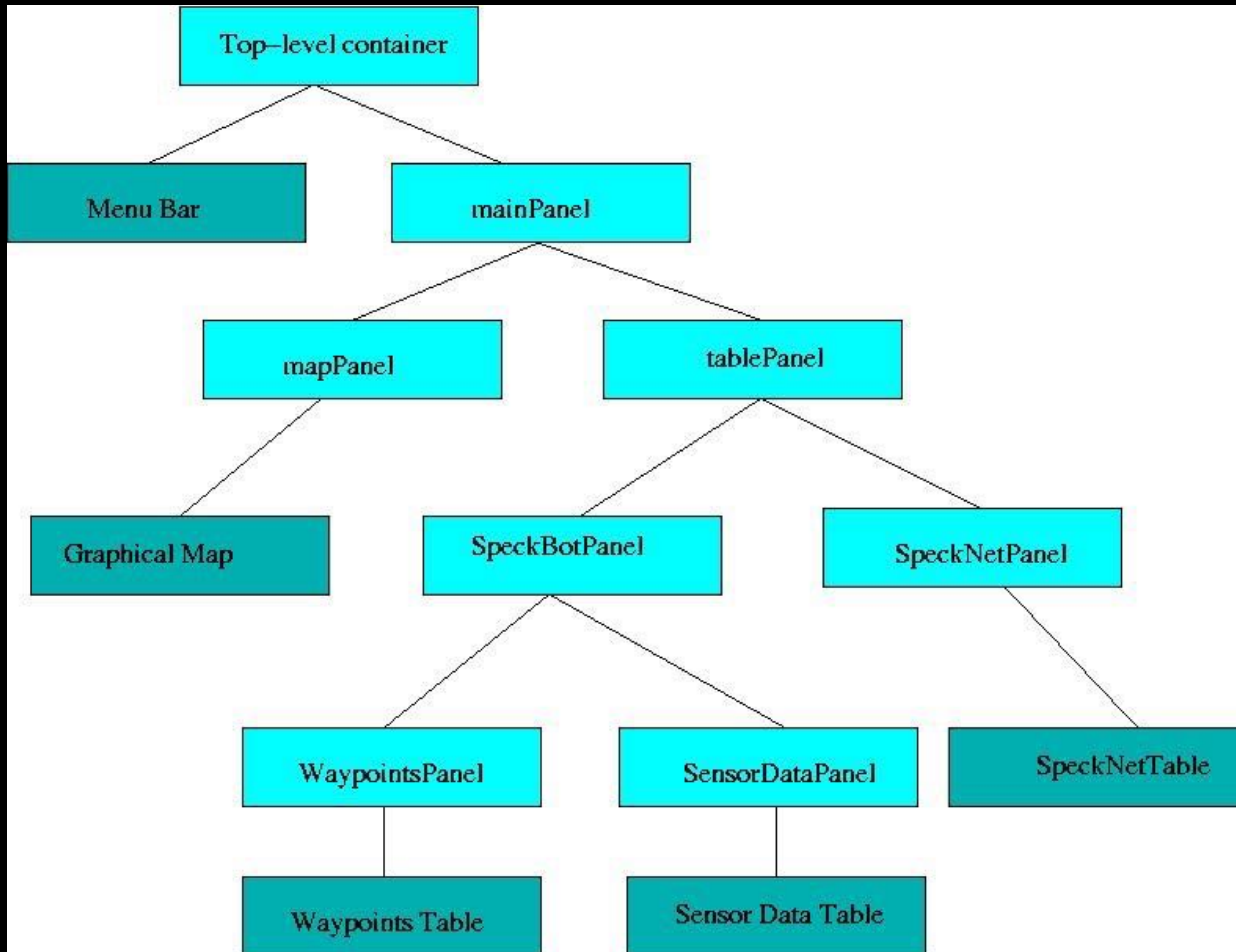
Chicken

Fish

Vegetarian

Lab 4: Data with props

- * Pass in an array to render function:
- * *var lunchChoices = ['Chicken', 'Fish', 'Vegetarian'];*
- * *<HelloWorld lunchChoices={lunchChoices}/>*
- * Access data using this.props and create Labels by iterating over the array. Hint:
- * *let lunchOptions = this.props.lunchChoices.map(function(c) {*
- * *return <h2><Label>{c}</Label></h2> });*
- * Hint 2: Inside of return block, use {lunchOptions} to show this!
- * Create a NEW component called LunchOptionsPanel, include inside LunchApp - pass data down and show lunch options inside of it





COMPONENTS
HAVE STATE

```
var MyComponent = React.createClass({  
  getInitialState: function(){  
    return {      count: 5      }  
  },  
  render: function(){  
    return (  
      <h1>{this.state.count}</h1>  
    )  
  }  
});
```

Changing the state
causes a refresh:
`this.setState(...)`



`setState(...)`
invokes render for
component and all
sub components!





Lab 5: STATE

Please select one

Chicken

Fish

Vegetarian

You've picked

Vegetarian



ALERT!

**AS WE'RE USING ES6/V0.14,
GETINITIALSTATE IS DEPRECATED, USE A
SIMPLE INSTANCE PROPERTY**

@prpatel


```
class ExampleComponent extends React.Component {  
  getInitialState() {  
    return Store.getState();  
  }  
  constructor() {  
    super();  
    this._handleClick = this._handleClick.bind(this);  
  }  
}
```

After with ES6:

```
class ExampleComponent extends React.Component {  
  constructor() {  
    super();  
    this._handleClick = this._handleClick.bind(this);  
    this.state = {something: 'hello'}  
  }  
}
```



ALERT!

REACT'S CREATECLASS FUNCTIONALITY AUTOMATICALLY BOUND YOUR METHODS TO A COMPONENT INSTANCE. THIS MEANT THAT WITHIN A CLICK CALLBACK `THIS` WOULD BE BOUND TO THE COMPONENT. WITH ES6 CLASSES, WE MUST HANDLE THIS BINDING. WE PREBIND IN THE CONSTRUCTOR.

```
class ExampleComponent extends React.Component {  
  constructor() {  
    super();  
    this._handleClick = this._handleClick.bind(this);  
  }  
  render() {  
    return <div onClick={this._handleClick}>Hello, world.</div>;  
  }  
  _handleClick() {  
    console.log(this); // this is an ExampleComponent  
  }  
}
```

```
var Counter = React.createClass({  
  incrementCount: function(){  
    this.setState({  
      count: this.state.count + 1  
    });  
  },  
  getInitialState: function(){  
    return { count: 0 }  
  },  
});
```

```
render: function(){  
  return (  
    <div class="my-component">  
      <h1>Count: {this.state.count}</h1>  
      <button type="button"  
onClick={this.incrementCount}>  
Increment</button></div>  );  
});
```

Lab 5: STATE

- * When user clicks an option, change the display of SelectedLunchPanel (new component) to show it!

- * **In LunchOptionsPanel add:**

- * constructor(props) {
- * super(props);
- * this.state = {selectedLunch: 'Nothing selected'};
- * this.handleClick = this.handleClick.bind(this);
- * }

- * **Then add a handleClick function that does this.setState({}) with new selectedLunch value getting the clicked item in handleClick(event) -> event.target.textContent**

- * **Inside of render, add:**

- * let clickHandler = this.handleClick;
- * onClick={clickHandler}

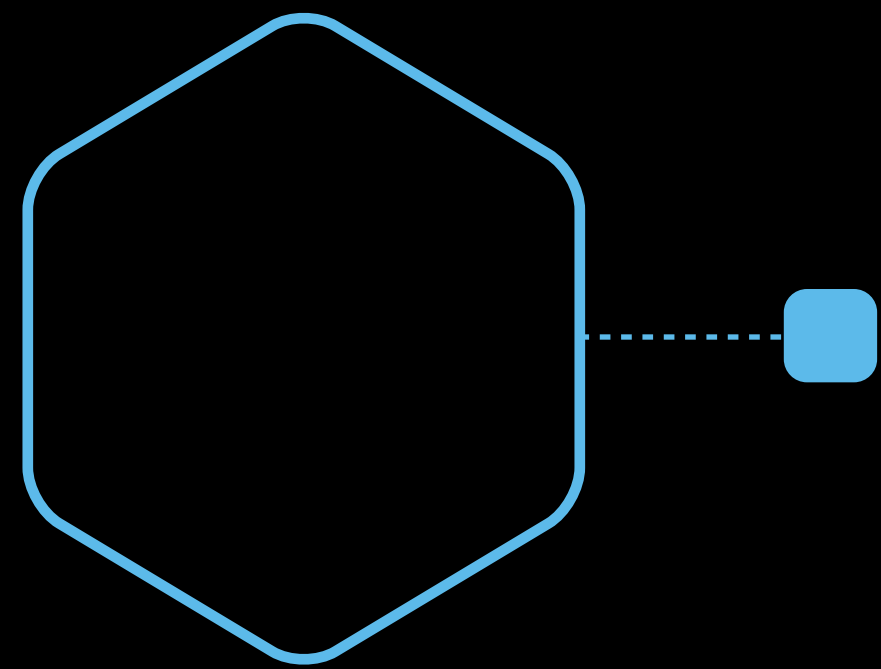
- * **Pass the state down to child:**

- * <SelectedLunchPanel selectedLunch={this.state.selectedLunch}>

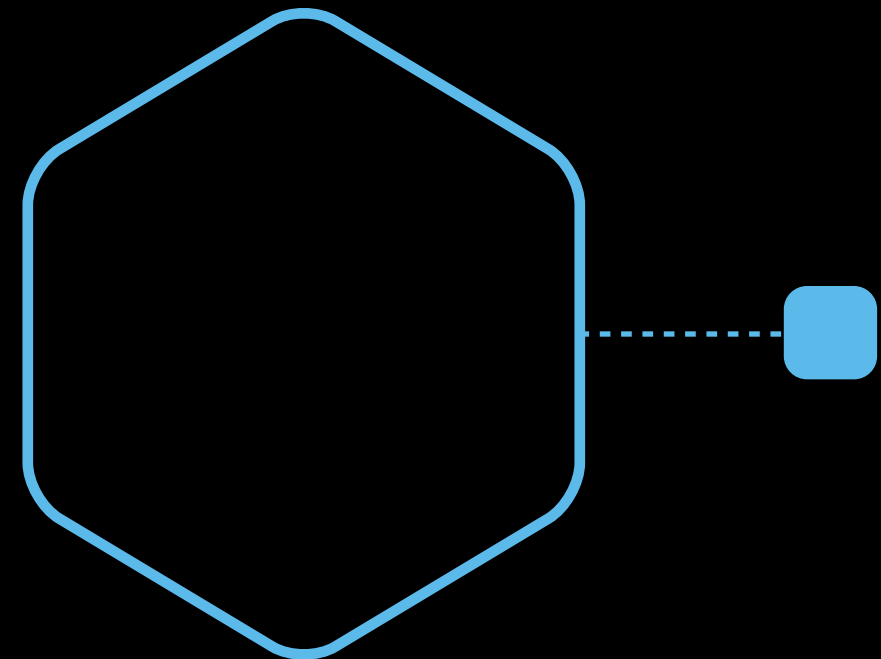
- * atom package for linting: linter-eslint



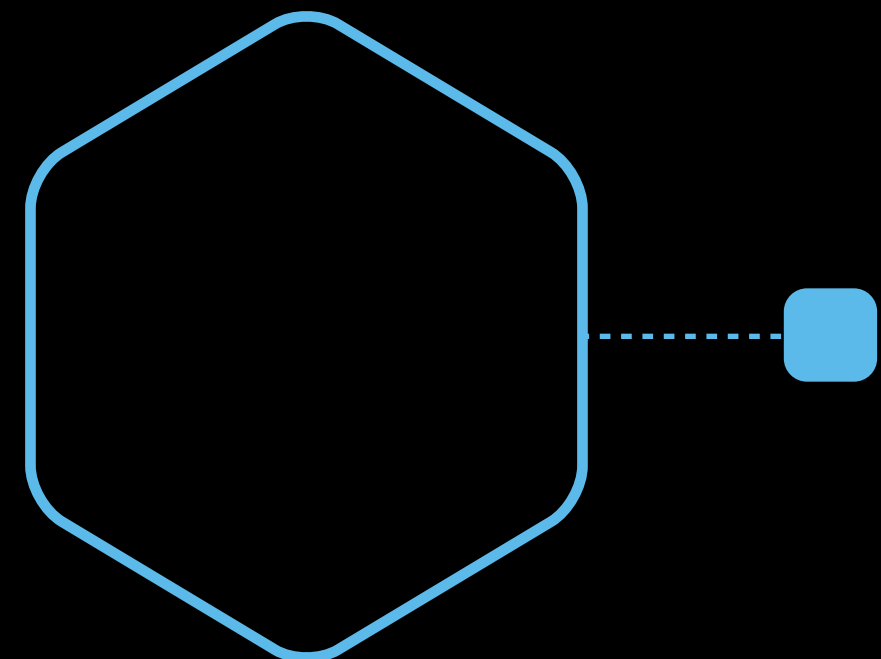
Lab 5: Discussion



**Within component state
is mutable, props aren't**



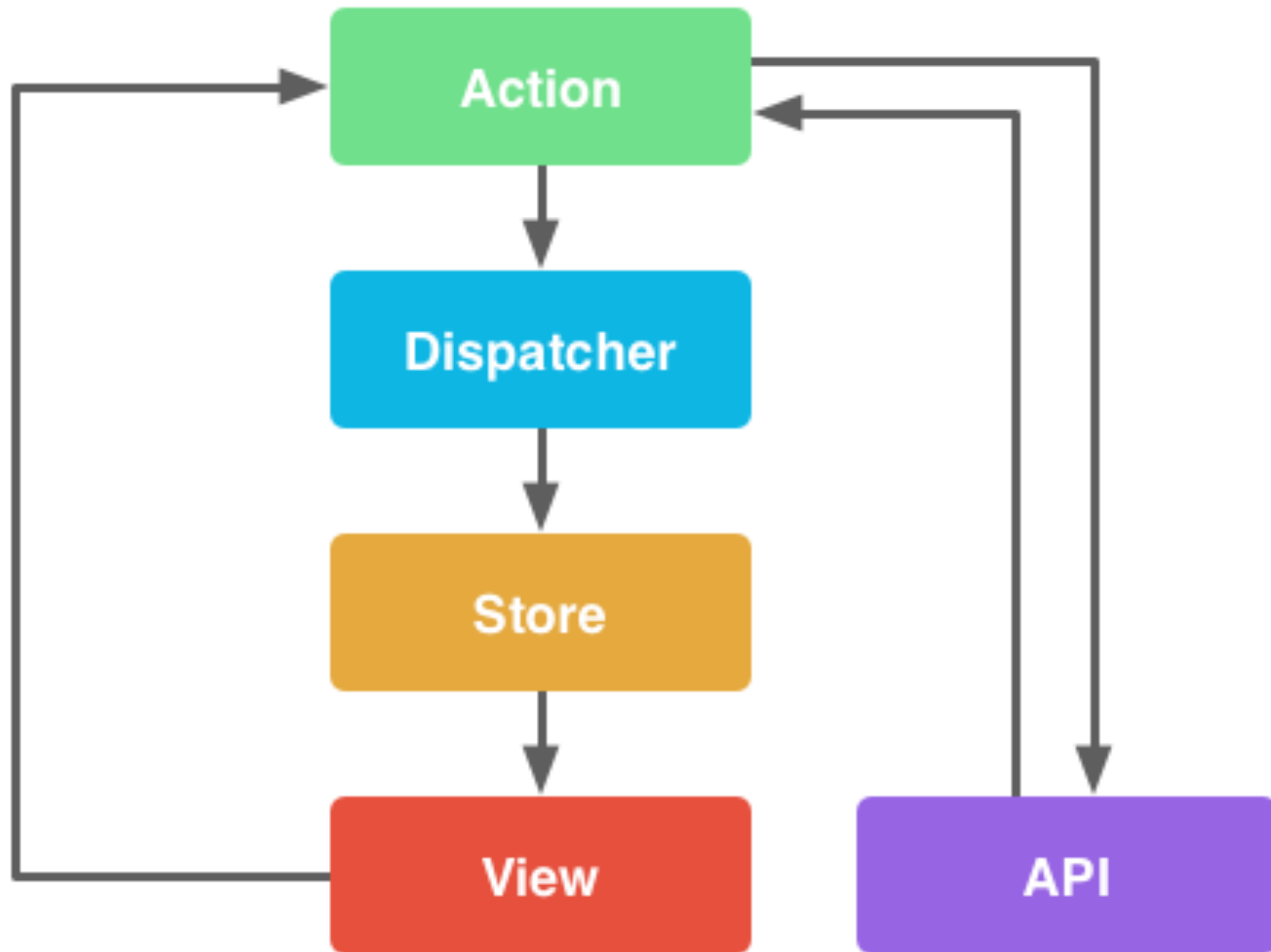
setState == refresh



**The child comp get
updated or destroyed?**

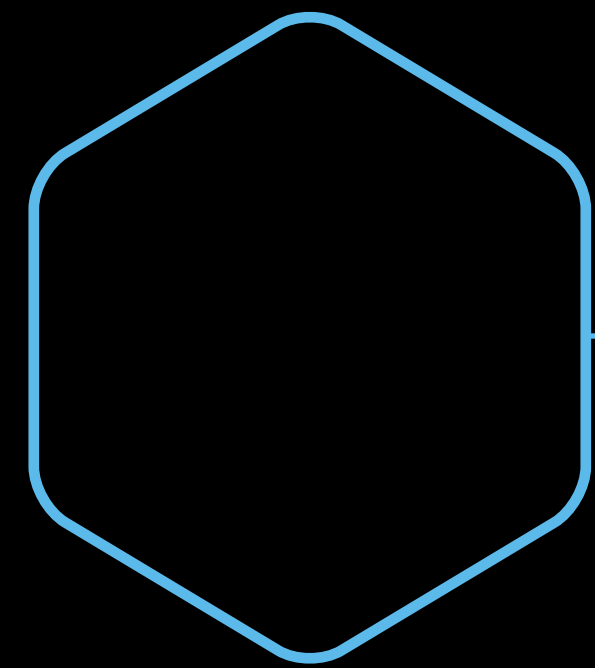


ONE-WAY DATA FLOW

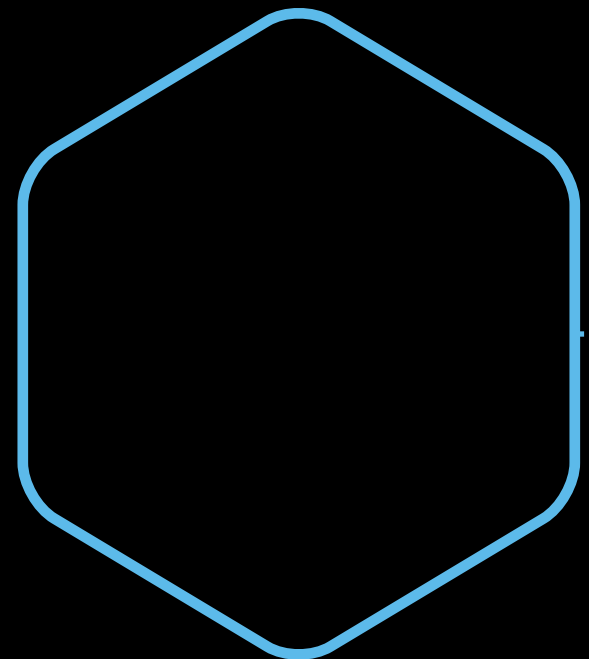




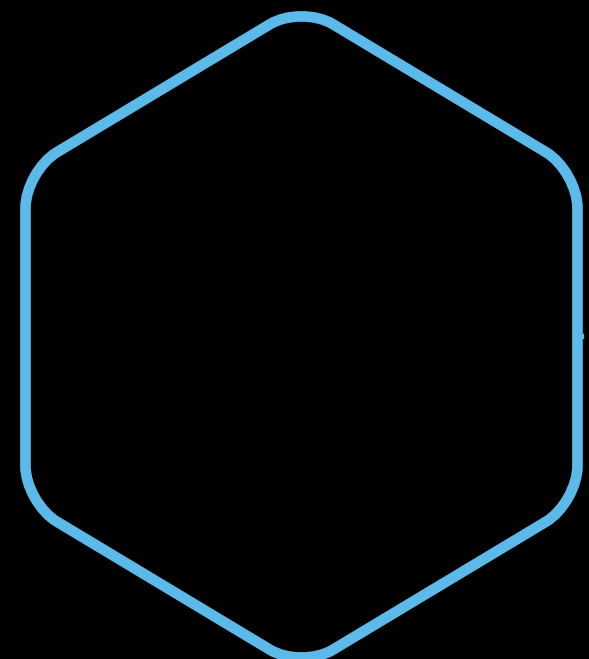
**EVENTS ARE
WRAPPED!**



- **SyntheticEvent**



- **cross-browser wrapper**



- **wrap native event**



Lab 6: Component Lifecycle

Lab 6: Lifecycle

* Add these lifecycle functions to the SelectedLunchPanel & LunchOptionsPanel components; insert a console.log. Observe what happens as the app starts (use browser reload button if needed), and also what happens when you click the lunch options.

* Quickly read “Lifecycle Methods”: <https://facebook.github.io/react/docs/component-specs.html>

* componentWillMount()

* componentDidMount()

* componentWillReceiveProps(nextProps)

* componentWillUpdate(nextProps, nextState)

* componentDidUpdate(prevProps, prevState)

* componentWillUnmount()

* Hint:

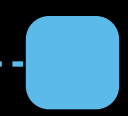
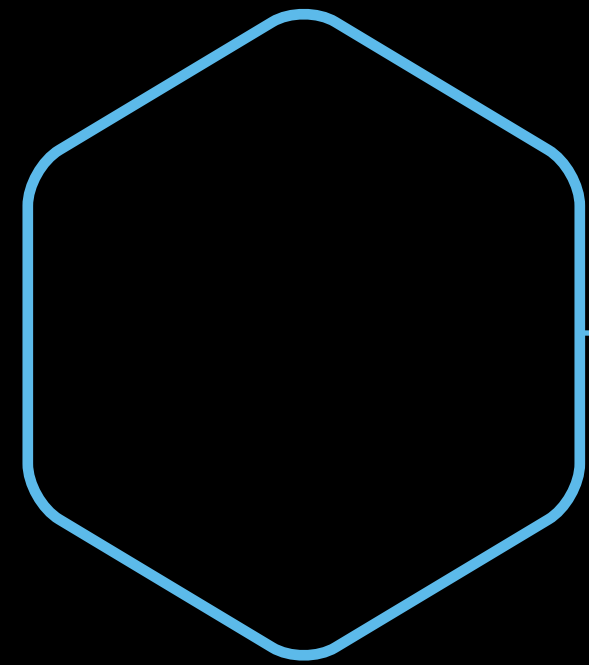
* componentWillMount() {

* console.log('componentName -> componentWillMount')

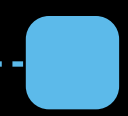
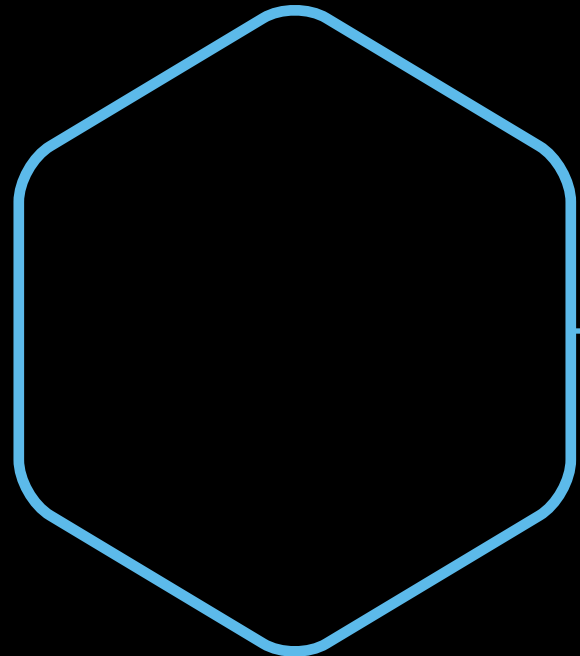
* }



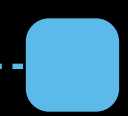
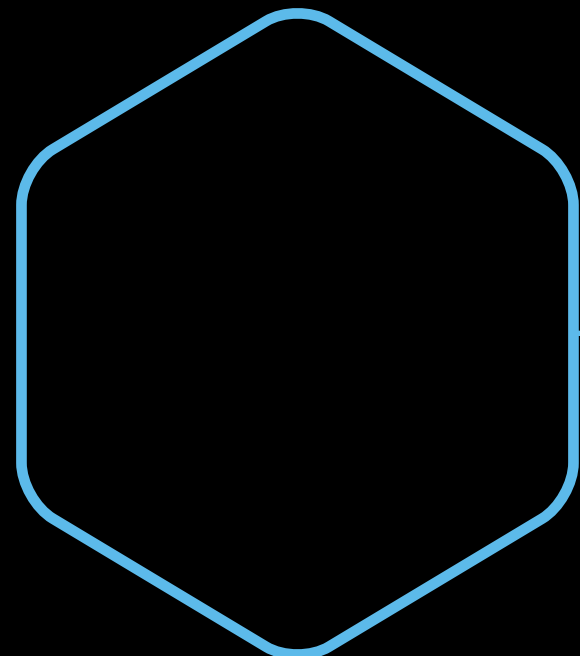
COMPONENT SPECIFICATIONS



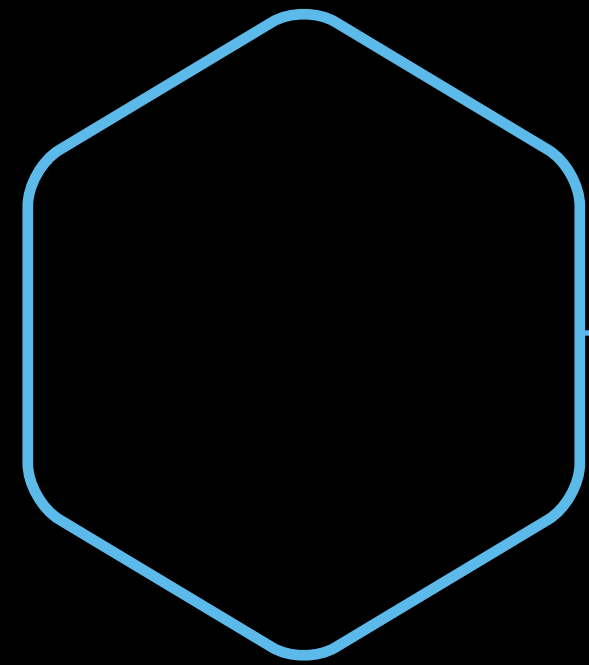
getInitialState



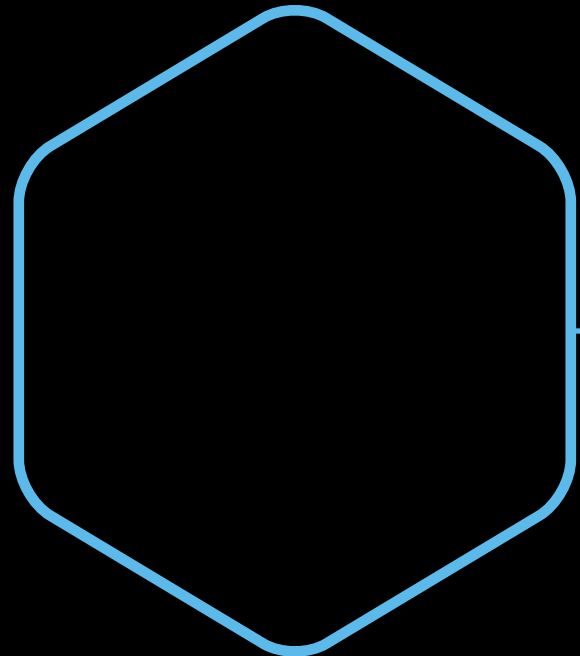
getDefaultProps



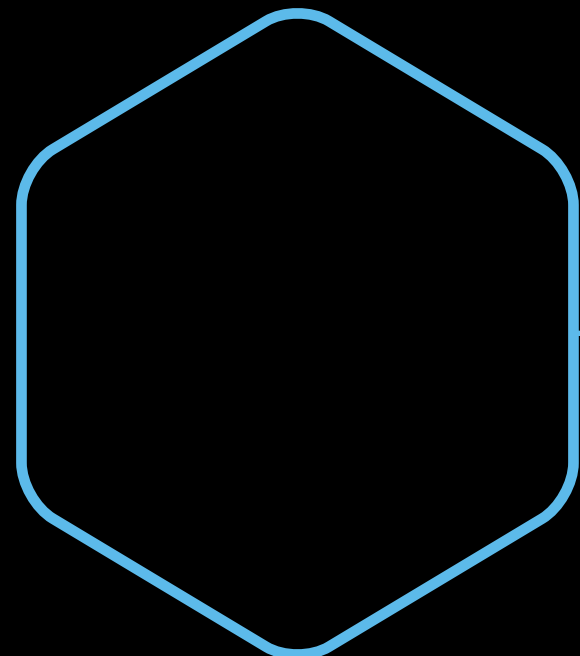
mixins



■ **componentWillRender**



■ **componentDidMount**



■ **componentWillUnmount**

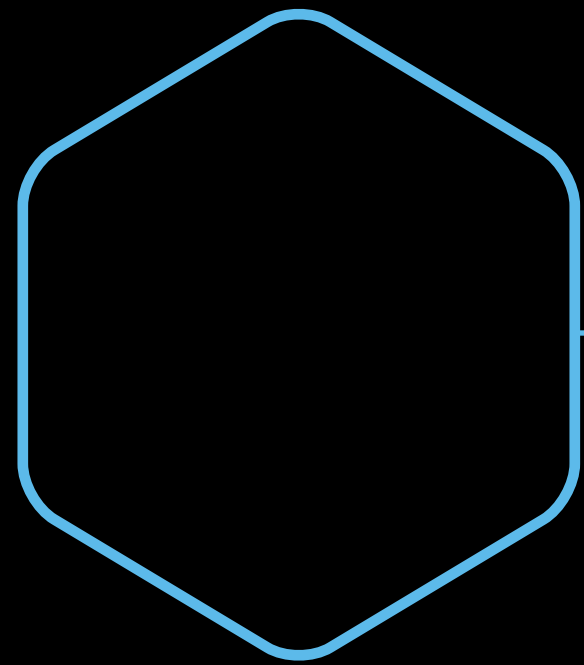


ALERT!

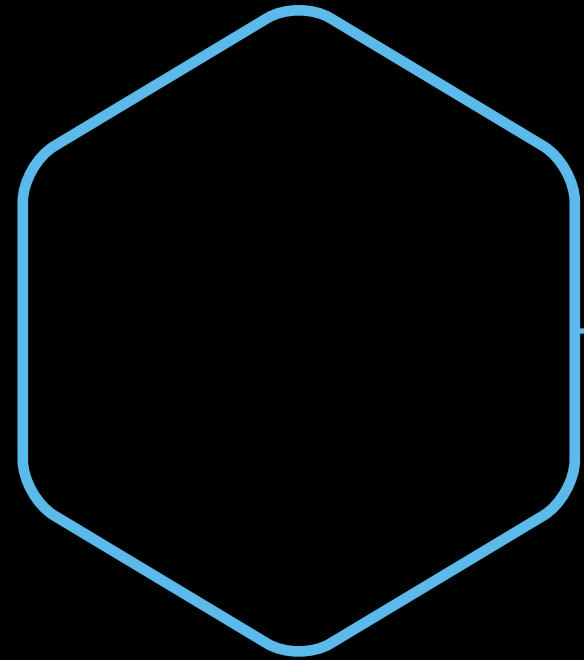
**AS YOU SEE, SINCE WE JUST UPDATED THE
CONTENTS OF THE SUB-COMP, IT DID NOT
GET DESTROYED!**



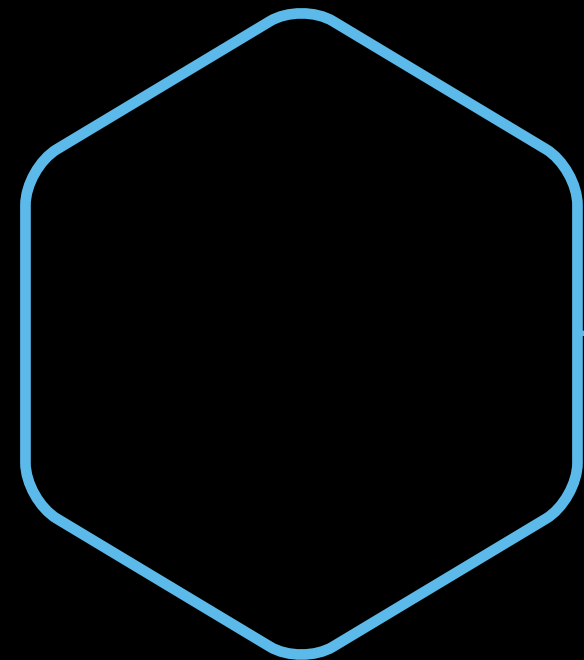
ANIMATIONS



- **Never directly update the DOM**



- **Including CSS**



- **Remember Virtual DOM is our “buffer”**



Lab 7: Animations

Lab 7: Animations

- * We've already added a new css file: assets/styles.css
- * Going to use a transition group to "slide in" the selected lunch
- * go into styles.css and figure out and play with code to do fix animation
- * Apply a 3D CSS3 animation, reference: https://developer.mozilla.org/en-US/docs/Web/CSS/CSS_Transforms/Using_CSS_transforms
- * <https://facebook.github.io/react/docs/animation.html>



What happens



Lab 8-10: Component Communication

Lab 8: Child-Parent Comms

* Create a new component `SpecialInstructionsInput` with an `Input` element:

* `<input ref='specialInstructionsInput' type='text' value={this.props.value} onChange={this.handleChange} />`

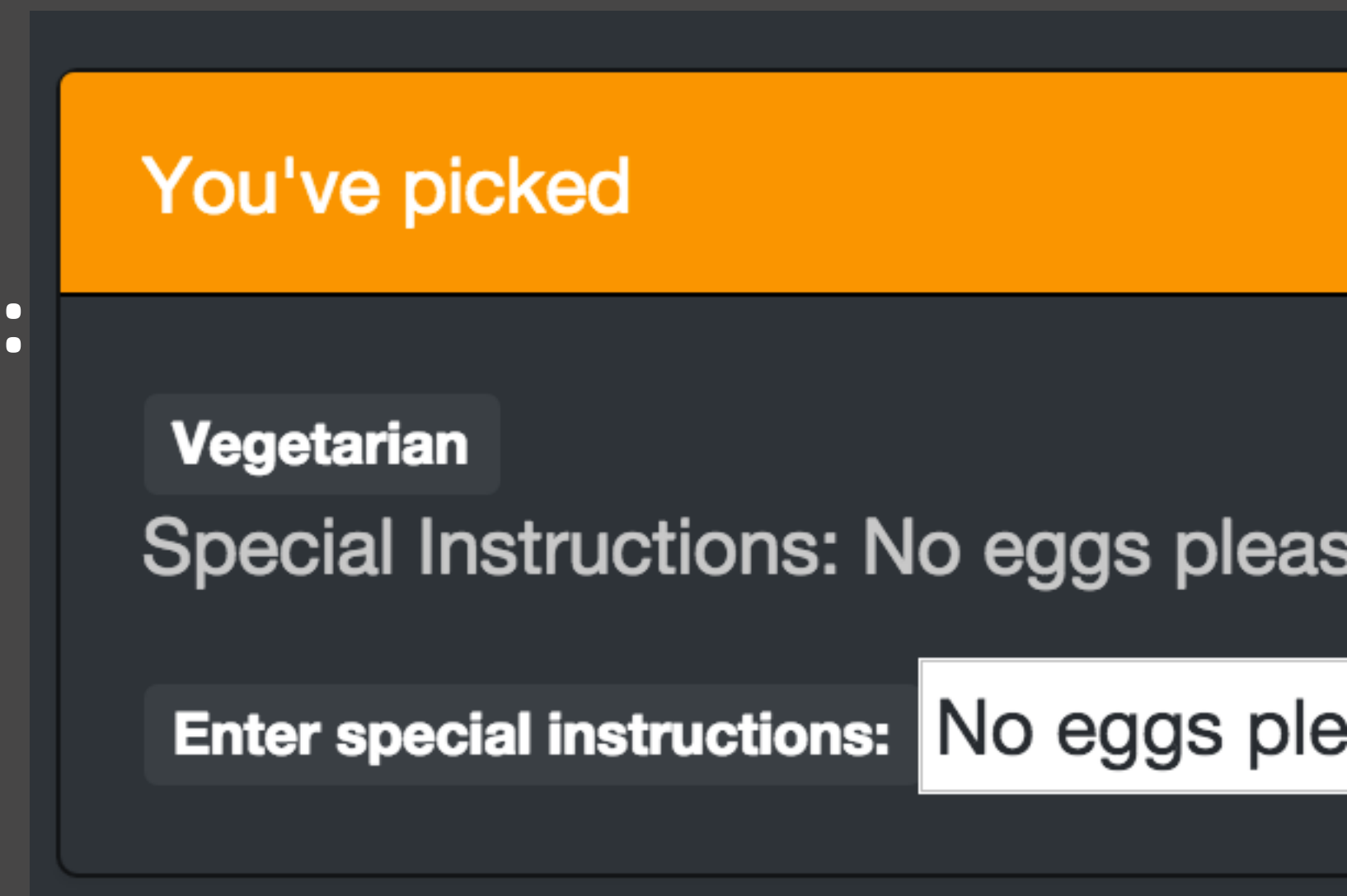
* Add state into `SelectedLunchPanel`; update it with a function, pass this state AND `updateInstructions` FUNCTION down to the `SpecialInstructionsInput` component:

* `updateInstructions(instructions) {`
* `this.setState({instructions: instructions});`
* `}`

* Show this state, `this.state.instructions`, in `SelectedLunchPanel`:

* `<p>Special Instructions: {this.state.instructions}</p>`

* In `SpecialInstructionsInput`, have `this.handleChange` call the passed in `updateInstructions` to update the PARENT
* `handleChange(e) { e.target.value`



The screenshot shows a dark-themed user interface. At the top, there is an orange header bar with the text "You've picked". Below this, there is a button labeled "Vegetarian". Under the button, the text "Special Instructions: No eggs please" is displayed. At the bottom, there is a text input field with the placeholder text "Enter special instructions:" and the current value "No eggs please".

Lab 9: Refs

- * Create a submit button in SpecialInstructionsInput to “submit” the instructions
- * The handleChange should use “ref” to get the data out of the input element!
- * Don’t forget to import the Bootstrap button!
- * import Button from ‘react-bootstrap/lib/Button’;

Hints:

```
<input ref='specialInstructionsInput'
```

```
this.refs.specialInstructionsInput.value
```

Refs should be

***considered PRIVATE to
the component***

Use only within a

**component! (don't
reach into other comps)**

Lab 10: Dispatcher

- * Create a simple dispatcher, as an ES6 module, and wire it up into the example! Put in its own file, call it: my-dispatcher.js

```
var registeredCallback;  
exports.on = function(channel, callback) {  
  *   registeredCallback = callback; };  
* exports.trigger = function(channel, data) {  
*   registeredCallback(channel, data) };  
* exports.removeCallback = function() {  
*   registeredCallback = null; };
```

* Hints:

* Register with the dispatcher using:

* `componentDidMount() { ...`

* Registering with dispatcher:

* `dispatcher.on('updateInstructionsDispatch', this.updateInstructions);`

* Firing dispatcher:

* `dispatcher.trigger('updateInstructionsDispatch', somedata)`



Lab 11: Network + REST + App Composition

Please select one

Chicken

Fish

Vegetarian

You've picked

Vegetarian

Special Instructions: Pete for Nothing special

Pete

Nothing special

Submit

Current Orders

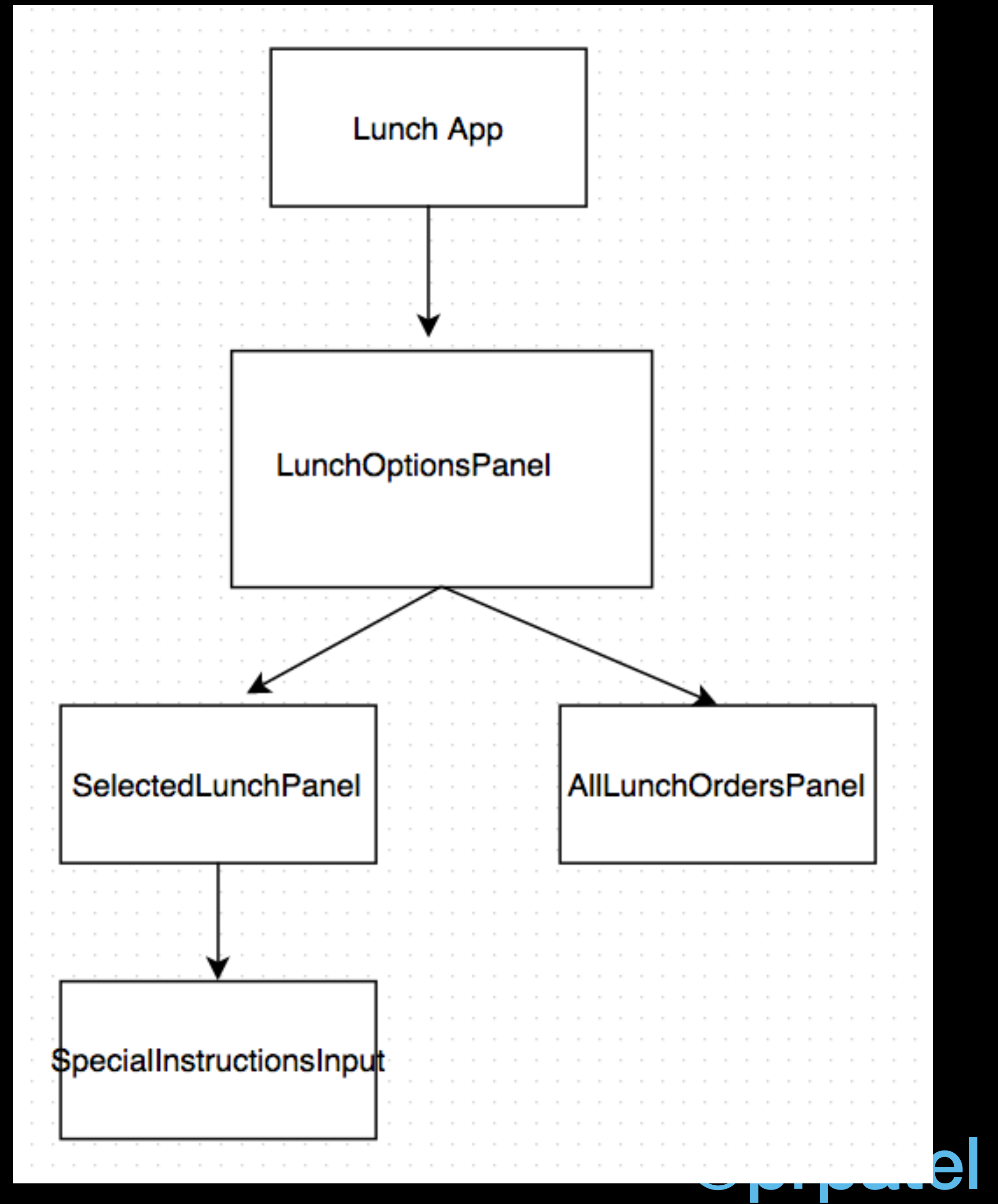
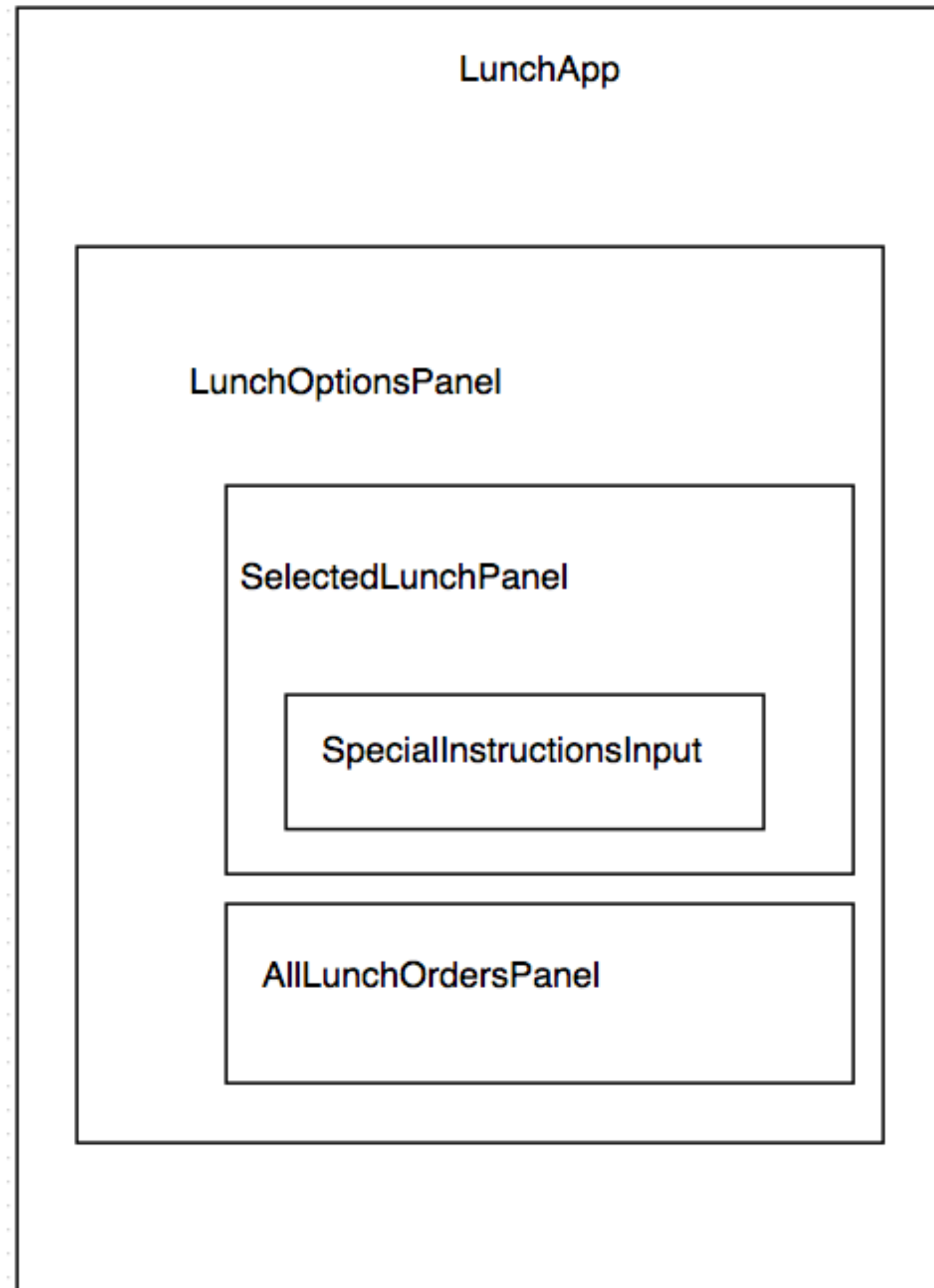
Get Lunch Orders

Guest: pratik ordered Chicken with instructions: Extra spicy

Guest: Manny ordered veg with instructions:

Guest: asdfsadfasdasdf ordered Nothing selected with instructions: sfsadf

Guest: bbb ordered Fish with instructions: aaaa



Lab 11: Network

- * Use the Axios library to save and pull lunch data
- * Create a new input called 'guestName' in SpecialInstructionsInput component
- * Send name, selection, instruction data to REST server; var endpoint = '/lunches';
- * Create a button called Get Lunch Orders, show fetched lunch data in our React app in new component named AllLunchOrdersPanel
 - * Where do we put saveData function if we need the selection, name, and instructions?
 - * Passing data to AllLunchOrdersPanel from LunchOptionsPanel.
 - * Use the property passing style to pass function down to LunchOptionsPanel

```
axios.get('/lunches')  
  .then(function (response) {  
    console.log(response);  
  })  
  .catch(function (response) {  
    console.log(response);  
  });
```

```
axios.post(endpoint, {  
  name: name,  
  lunch: selection,  
  instructions: instructions  
})  
  .then(  
    function (response) {  
      console.log(response);  
    }  
  );
```

**WARNING: WHEN POSTING
OR READING PLEASE USE
THIS STRUCT**

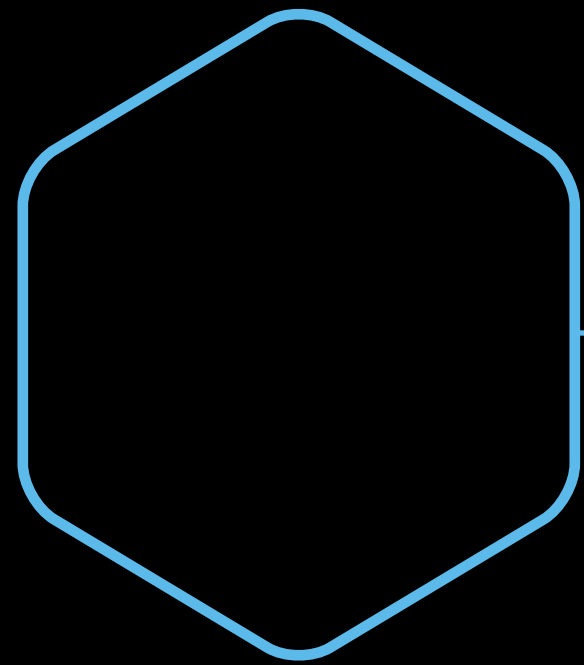
```
{  
  name: name,  
  lunch: selection,  
  instructions: instructions  
}
```


**WON'T
THAT BE
SUPER
SLOW?**

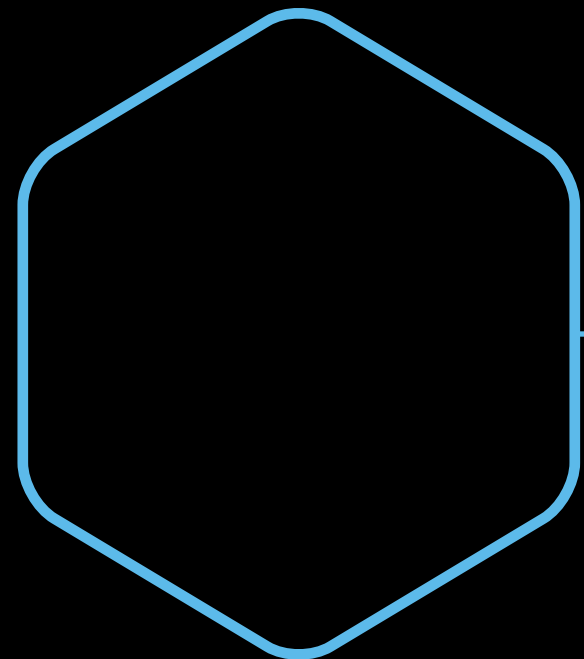


**NO,
NOT IN
REACT**

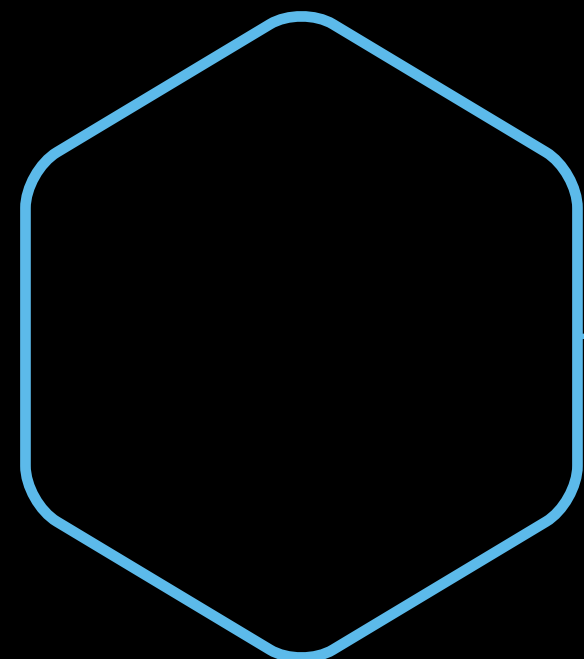
**REMEMBER THE VIRTUAL DOM
AND THE COOL STUFF IT DOES!**



VIRTUAL DOM



SMART DIFF'ING OF DOM



BATCHED DOM UPDATES



Lab 12: React Router

Home

Contact Us

Support

Options for lunch for November

Please select one

Chicken

Fish

Vegetarian

You've picked

Lab 12: Router

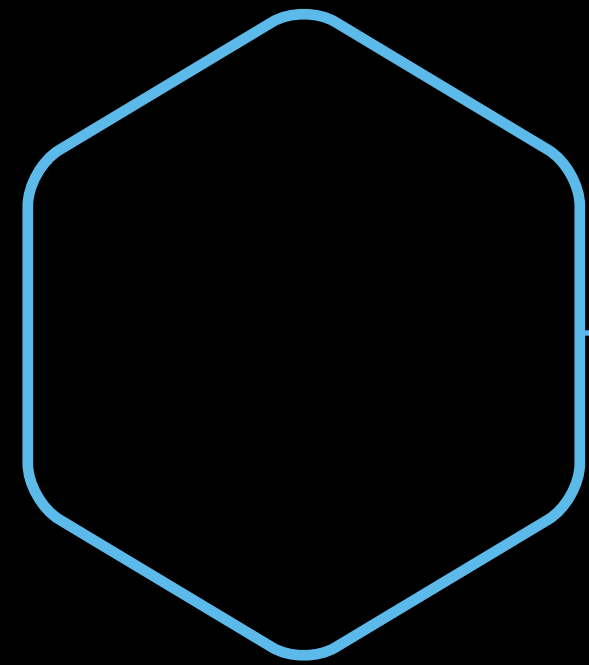
- * `import ButtonToolbar from 'react-bootstrap/lib/ButtonToolbar';`
- * `import { Router, Route, Link, IndexRoute } from 'react-router';`
- * Will need to create a new component: `LunchAppPanel`, that has contents of current `LunchApp` component. Also create stub `Support` and `Contact` React components
- * `<Router>`
- * `<Route path="/" component={LunchApp}>`
- * `<IndexRoute component={LunchAppPanel} lunchChoices={lunchChoices} />`
- * `<Route path="support" component={Support}/> ...`
- * In `LunchApp`, use `React-Bootstrap ButtonToolbar` and `Buttons`, then create `Links`, and
LAST LINE VERY IMPORTANT:
`<Link to={'/'}>Home</Link>`
`<Link to={'contact'}>Contact Us</Link>`
`<Link to={'support'}>Support</Link>`
`{this.props.children}`



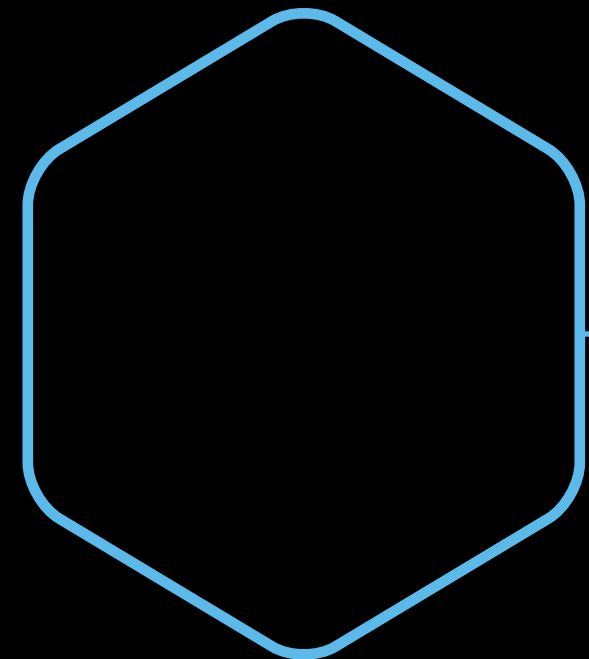
TESTING REACT APPS



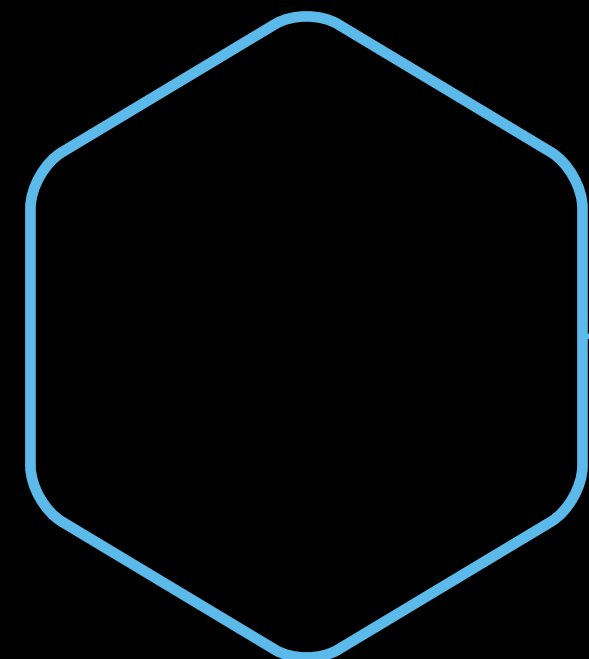
MYRID OF CHOICES



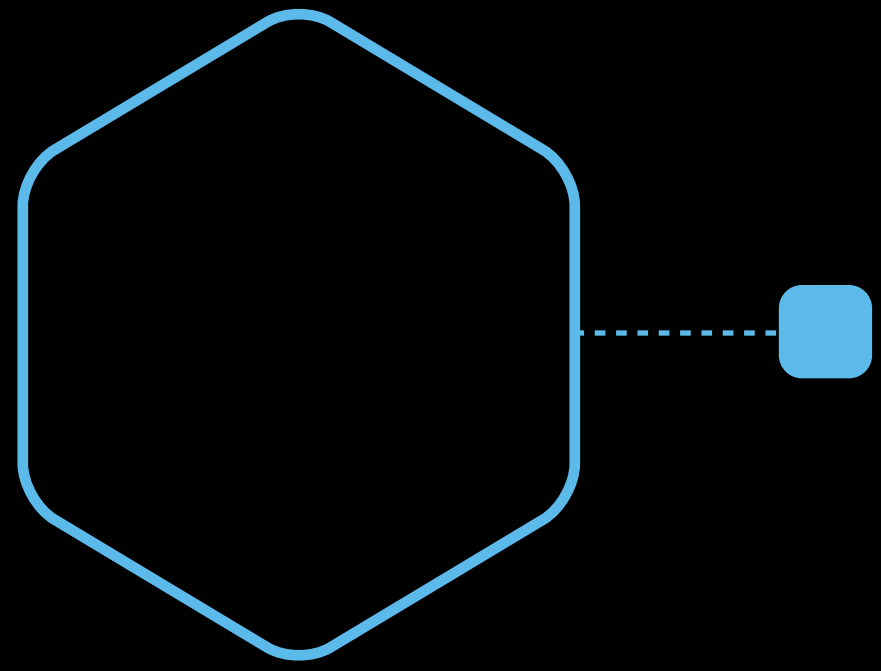
- **Wing it / no tests**



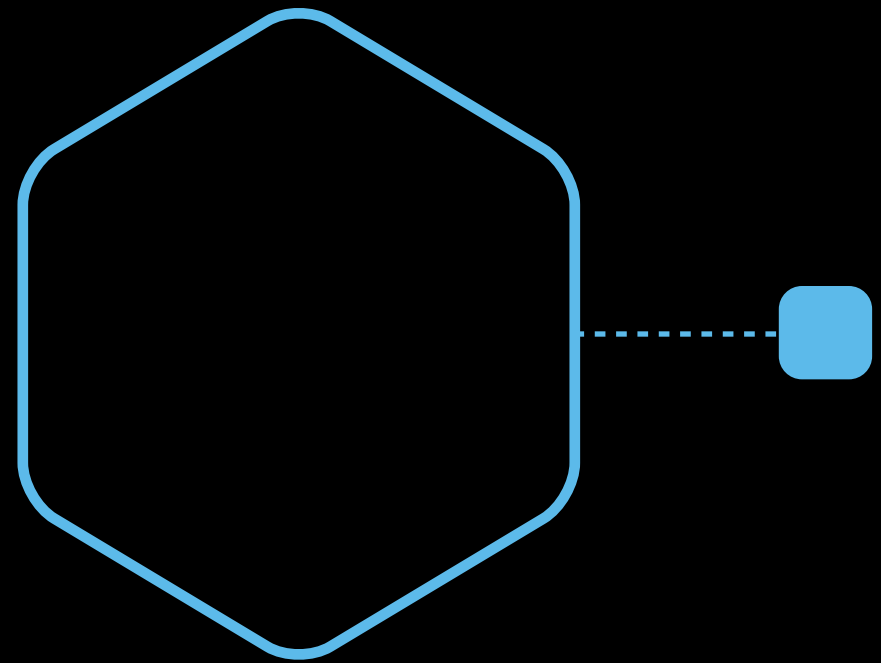
- **Shallow Renderer**



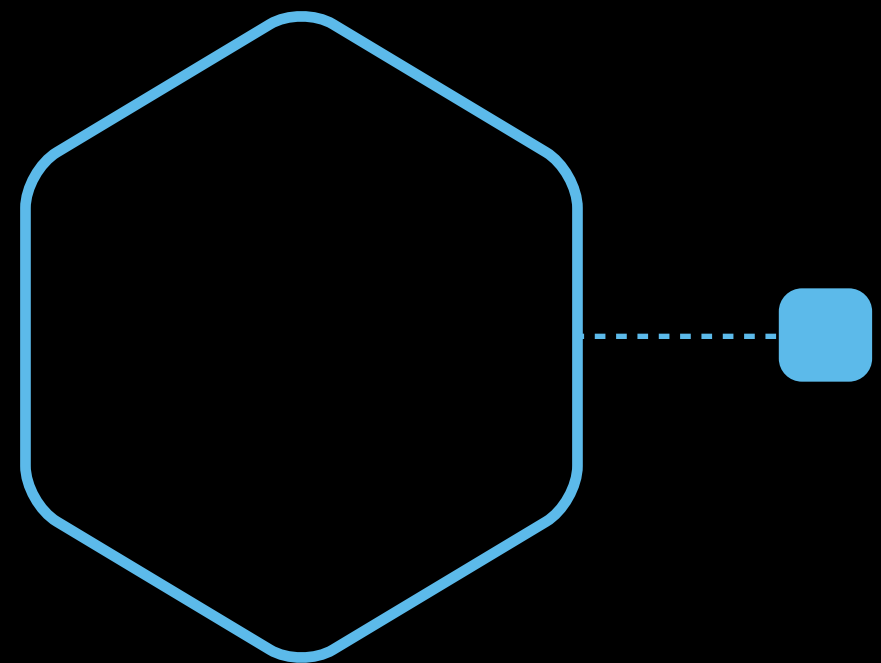
- **Render and test HTML**



Discrete Components
easy to test




Need tooling for JSX /
ES6



Mocks

Lab 13: Tests

- * go to ROOT/test
- * run:
- * npm test
- * Explore the test case under test/, and the source file under Lab13/
- * Add a CSS class to the input element in the source (remember in React you have to use “className” - then write a test case to verify it made it into the rendered DOM)



Lab 14: THE WHOLE BURRRITO

Lab 14: Full Project Structure

- * Pull down this repo:
- * <https://github.com/davezuko/react-redux-starter-kit>
- * Run and experiment with the source:
- * `npm start`

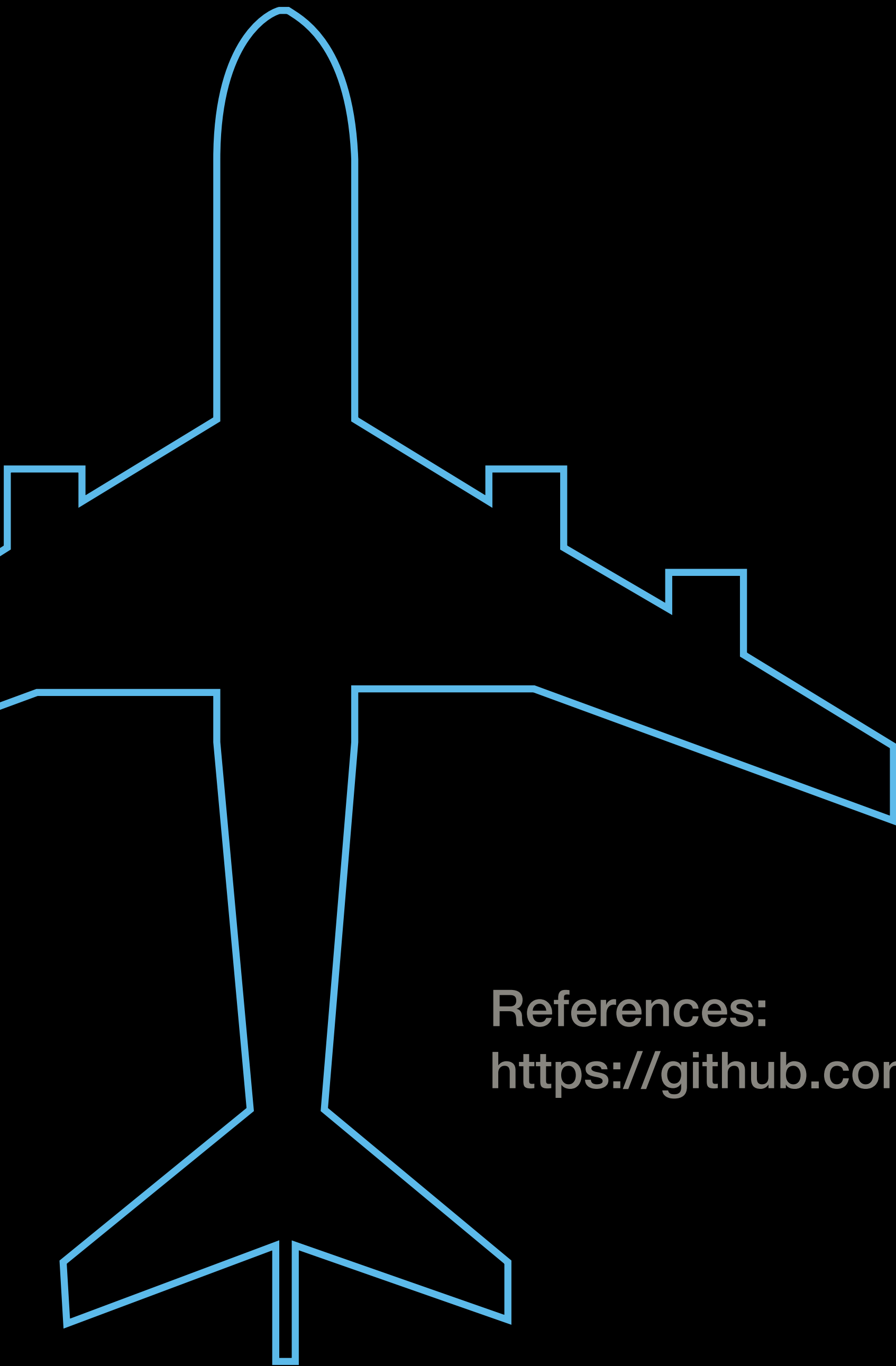
**I DON'T NORMALLY
BUILD WEB APPS**



**BUT WHEN I
DO I USE STATE**

imgflip.com

@prpatel



THANK YOU

References:

<https://github.com/davezuko/react-redux-starter-kit>

@prpatel