# **Parent Meeting Checklist**

#### **Guide for Productive Parent Conferences**

### **Before the Meeting**

#### Preparation Checklist:

- Review student's academic progress and recent work samples
- Gather relevant data (grades, assessments, behavior notes)
- Prepare specific examples of student strengths
- Identify 2-3 specific areas for growth
- Have student work portfolio ready to share
- Prepare questions about home support strategies

#### **Environment Setup:**

- Arrange comfortable seating for all participants
- Ensure privacy and minimize interruptions
- Have tissues and water available
- Set up materials in an organized, accessible way

## **During the Meeting**

#### Opening (5 minutes):

- Welcome parents warmly and thank them for coming
- Share something positive about their child immediately
- Outline the meeting agenda and time frame
- Ask about any specific concerns they want to address

#### Academic Discussion (10-15 minutes):

- Share specific examples of student's academic strengths
- Show work samples that demonstrate growth
- Discuss areas where student can improve
- Explain current grade/progress in context
- Ask parents about learning they see at home

#### Social-Emotional Discussion (5-10 minutes):

- Share observations about student's social interactions
- Discuss student's confidence and attitude toward learning
- Address any behavioral concerns with specific examples
- Highlight positive character traits and growth

#### Action Planning (5-10 minutes):

- Collaboratively set 2-3 specific goals
- Discuss home support strategies
- Agree on classroom interventions or modifications

■ Schedule follow-up communication

### **After the Meeting**

#### Follow-up Actions:

- Send thank you note or email within 24 hours
- Document meeting notes and action items
- Share relevant information with other teachers if needed
- Implement agreed-upon classroom strategies
- Schedule check-in communication as discussed

### **Managing Difficult Conversations**

#### If parents become upset or defensive:

- Acknowledge their concerns and feelings
- Redirect focus to student's best interests
- Use specific, observable examples rather than generalizations
- Ask for their perspective and listen actively
- Focus on solutions and next steps
- Take breaks if emotions are high
- Involve administration if necessary