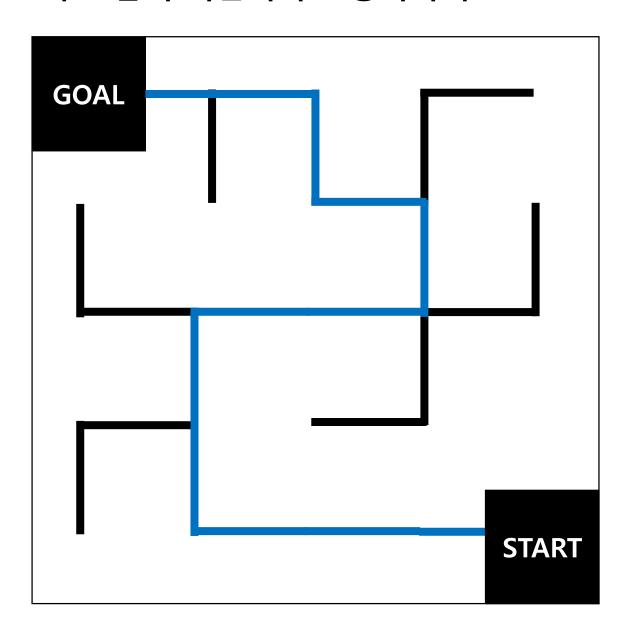
# MindStorm EV3

(탐색형 Line trace2)

이건희, 조한진

## 1. 미로 탐색 최단거리로 통과하기



**1차 목표**: Start → Goal로 갈 때 좌수법으로 완주

2차 목표: Start → Goal로 갈 때 최단경로기억하기

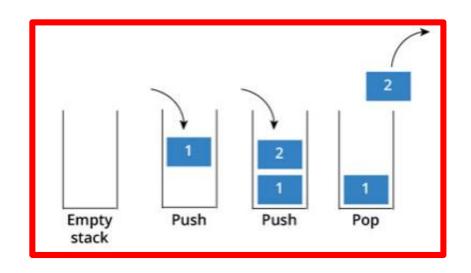
3차 목표: Goal → Start로 깔 때 최단경로로 완주하기

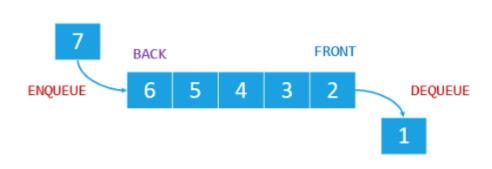
## 1. 미로 탐색 최단거리로 통과하기

#### 1.1 경로 기억하기 Ideation1

Stack: 후입 선출(Last in First out) 자료구조

Queue: 선입 선출(First in First out) 자료구조





Stack의 연산	의미	
push	Stack에 원소를 입력	
рор	Stack에 원소를 출력(가장 마지막에 입력된 원소부터)	
empty	Stack이 비었으며 참, 아니면 거짓을 반환	

#### 1. 미로 탐색 최단거리로 통과하기

#### 1.2 경로 기억하기 Ideation2

로봇의 이동	표현할 수
좌회전	1
직진	2
우회전	3
U턴	4

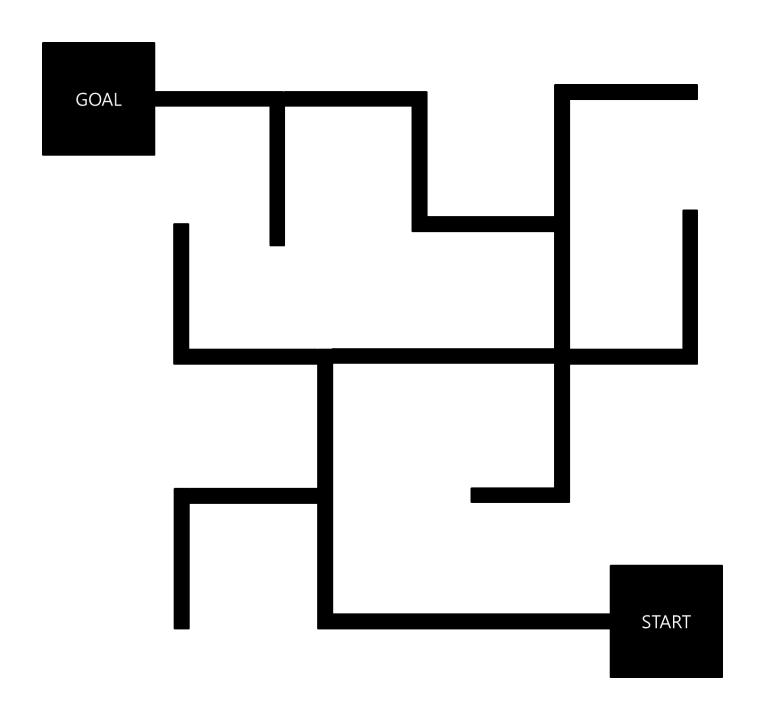
1차 주행: 3(S)→1→1→4→3→1→1→3→4→1→2→1→1→3→1→1→4→1(G) 2차 주행: 1(S)←3←3←4←1←3←3←1←4←3←2←3←3←1←3←3←4←3(G) 대체 가능: | 2 | | 1 | 2 |

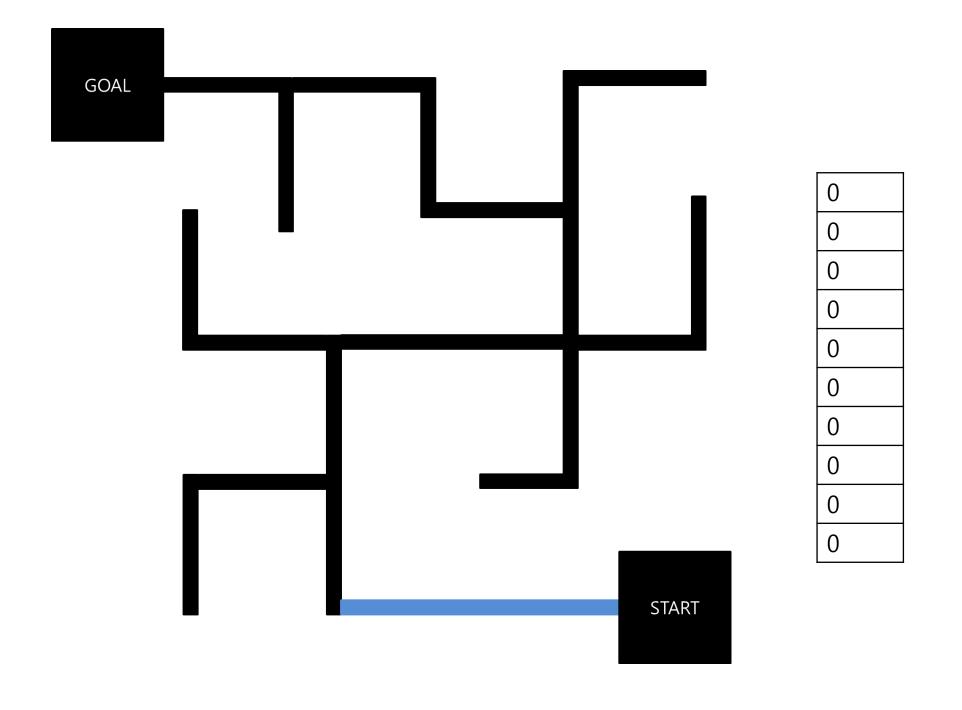


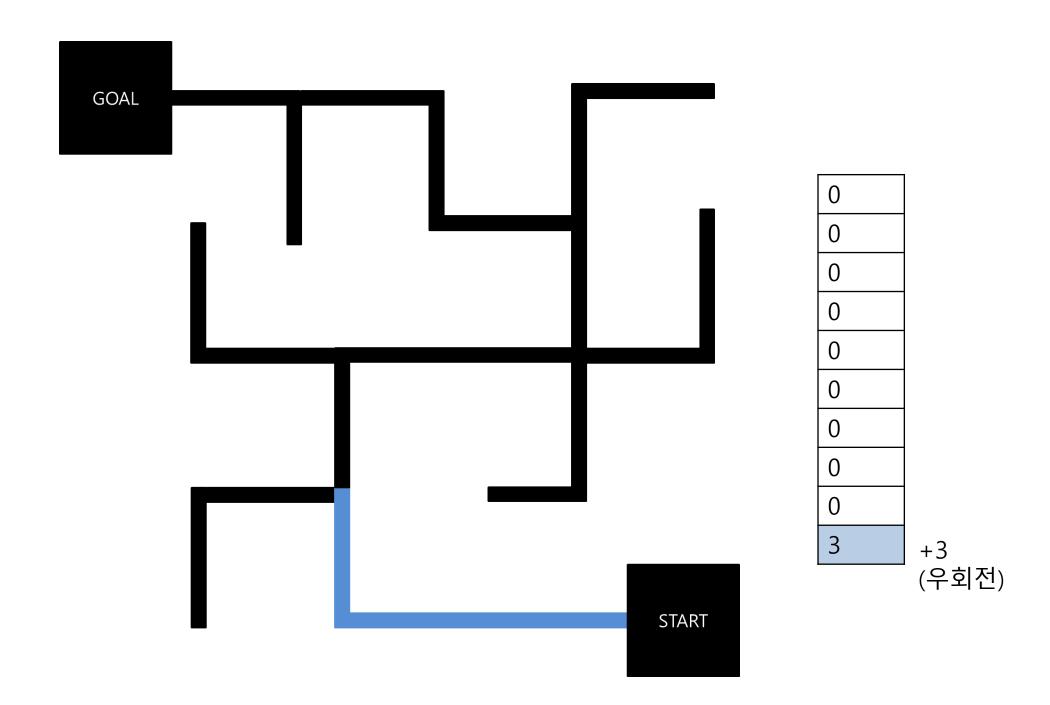
- 1차 주행 시 Stack한 로봇의 이동을 역추적하면 U턴 같은 쓸 모 없는 주행도 수행해야한다.
- 필요 없는 주행은 판별하여 삭제 해야함
- 4번 주행의 경우는 삭제하여 0으로 만들고 index를 뒤로 가는 방식 사용

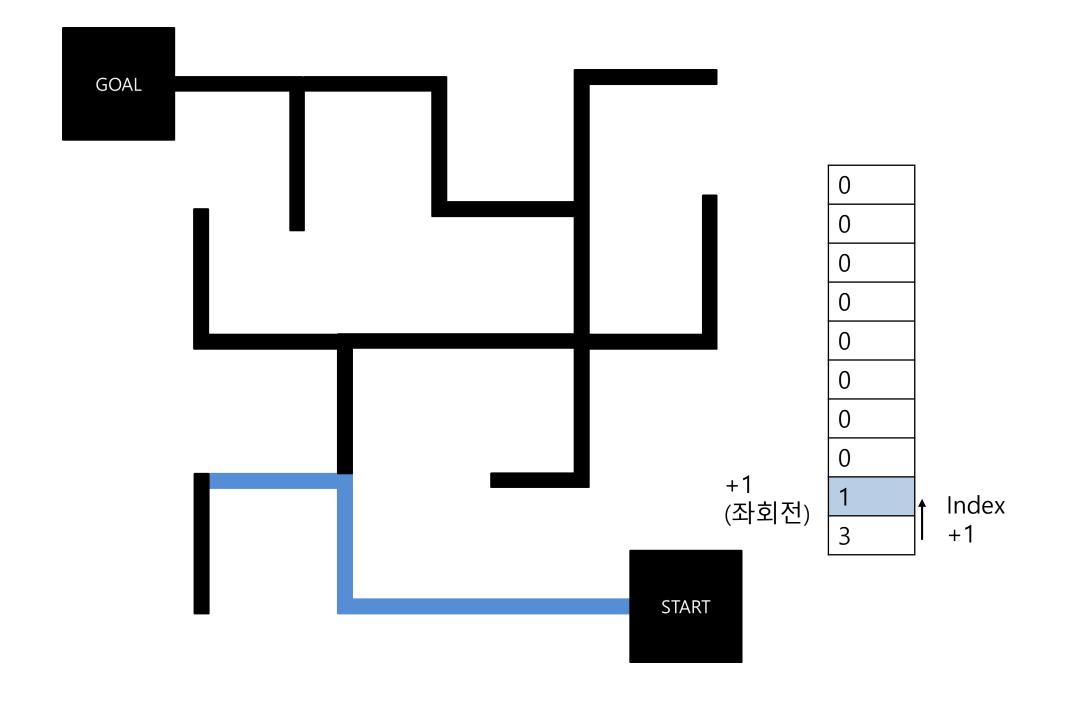
로봇의 이동	인덱스와 데이터 수정
좌회전	Index +=1; STACK[Index] +=1;
직진	Index +=1; STACK[Index] +=2;
우회전	Index +=1; STACK[Index] +=3;
U턴	Index +=1; STACK[Index] +=4;

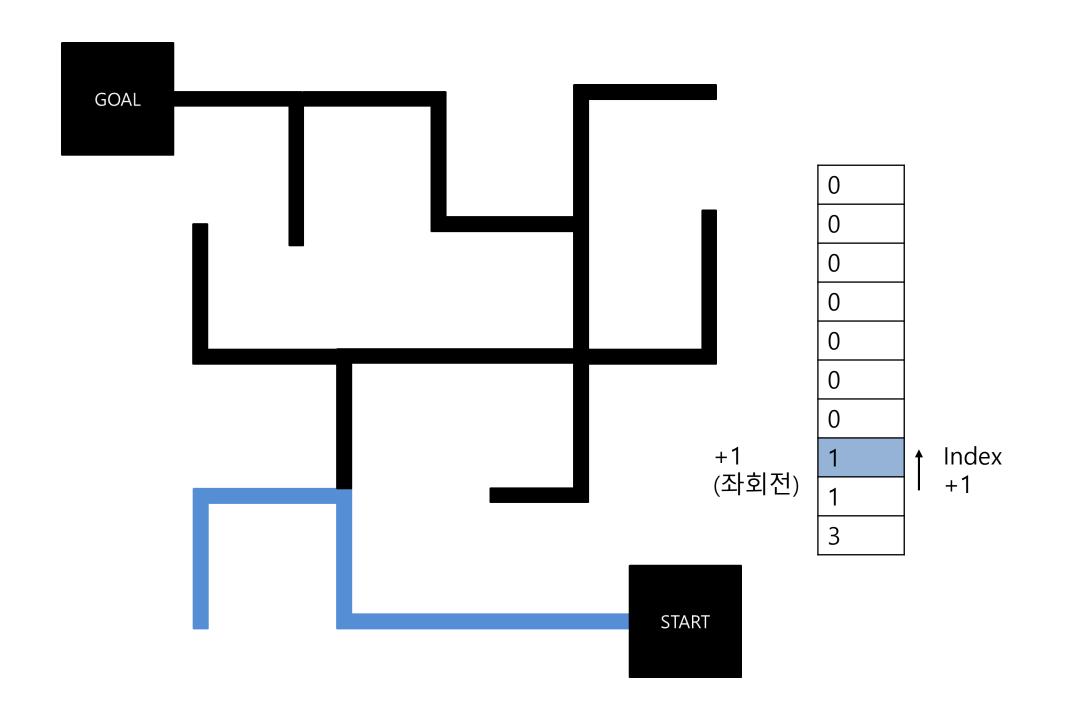
이 경우는 STACK[index] = 0으로 하고, index -=2

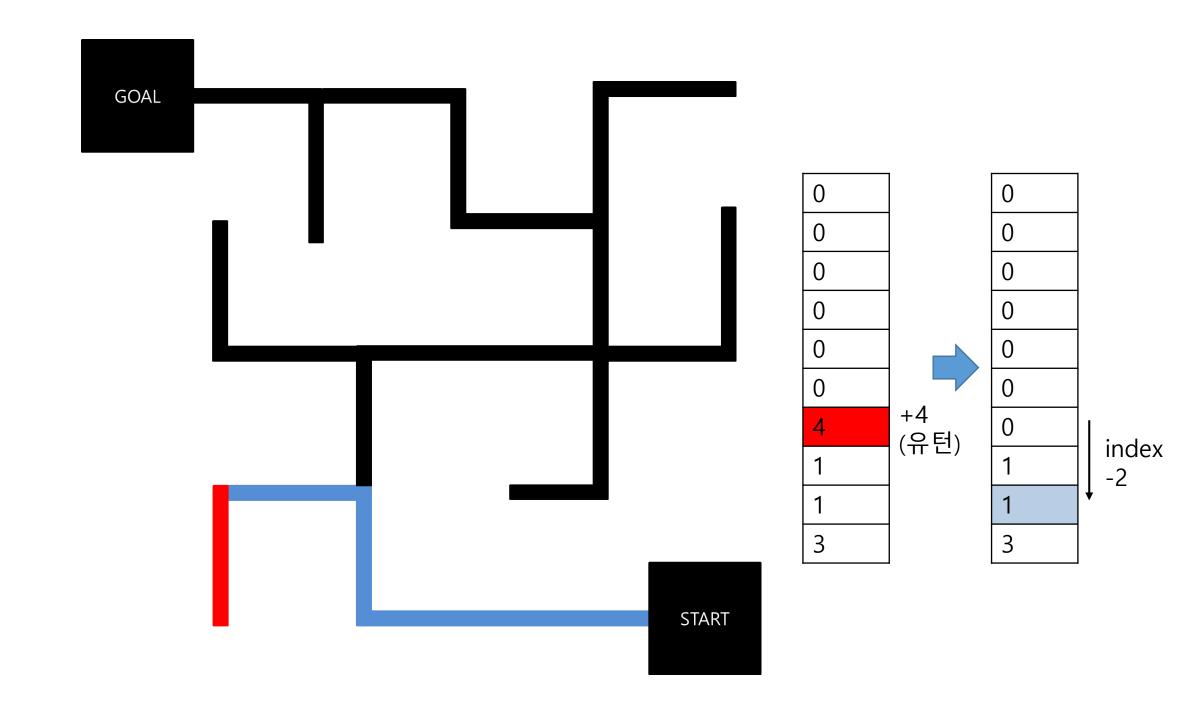


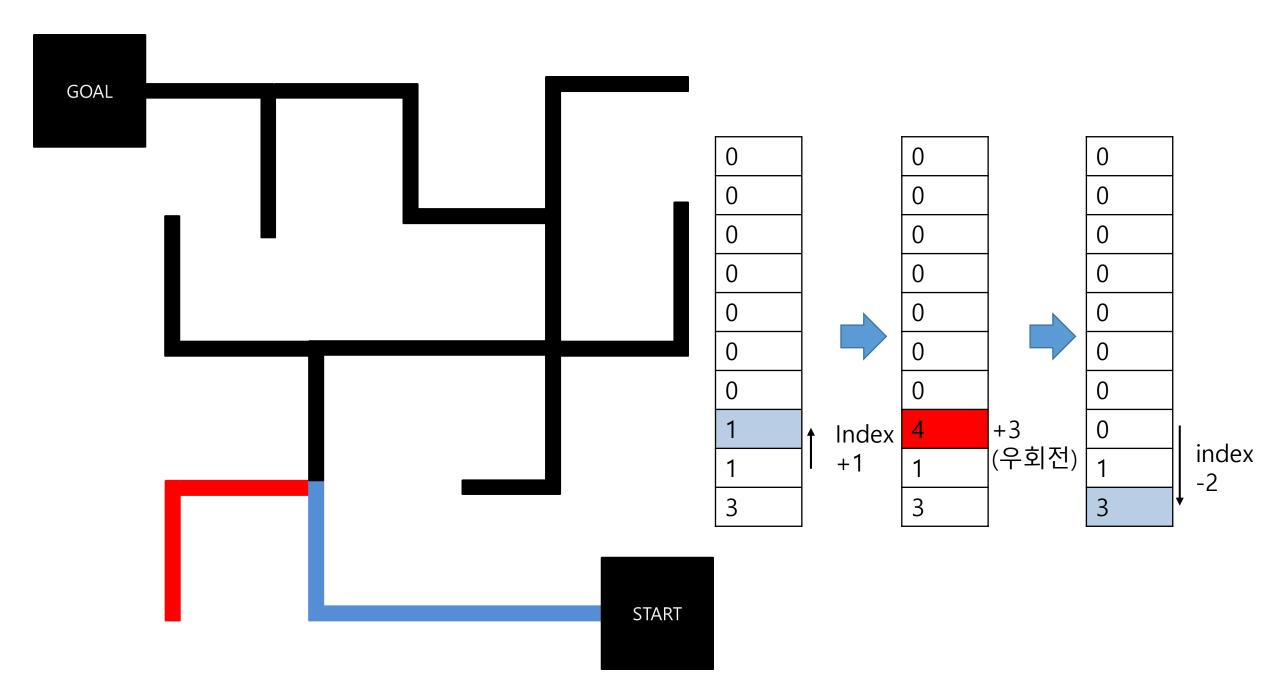


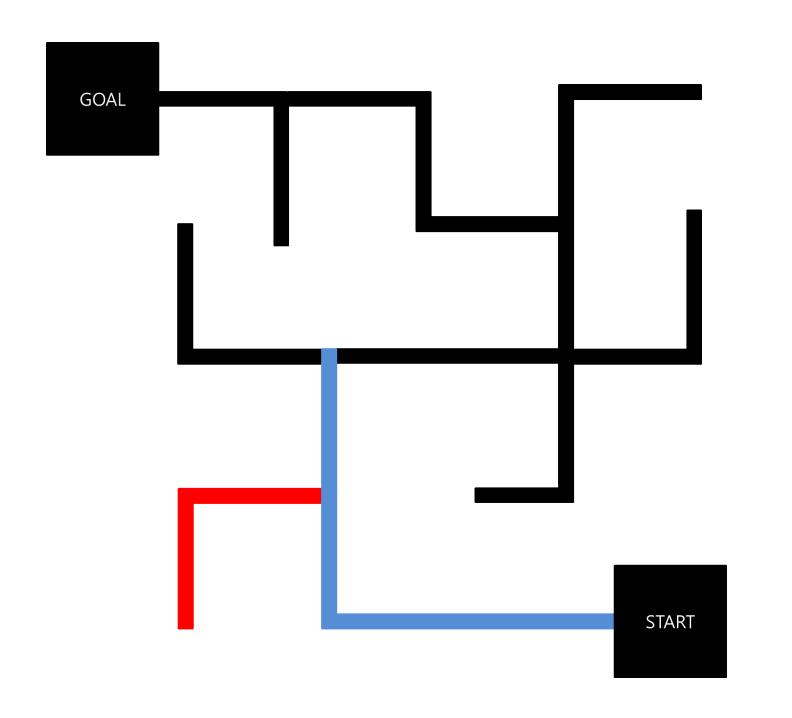


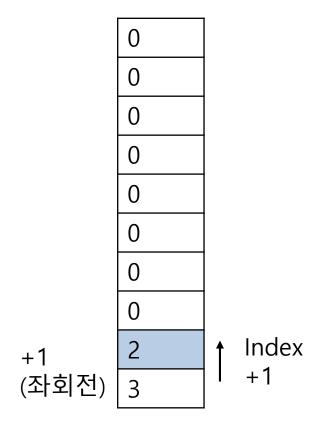


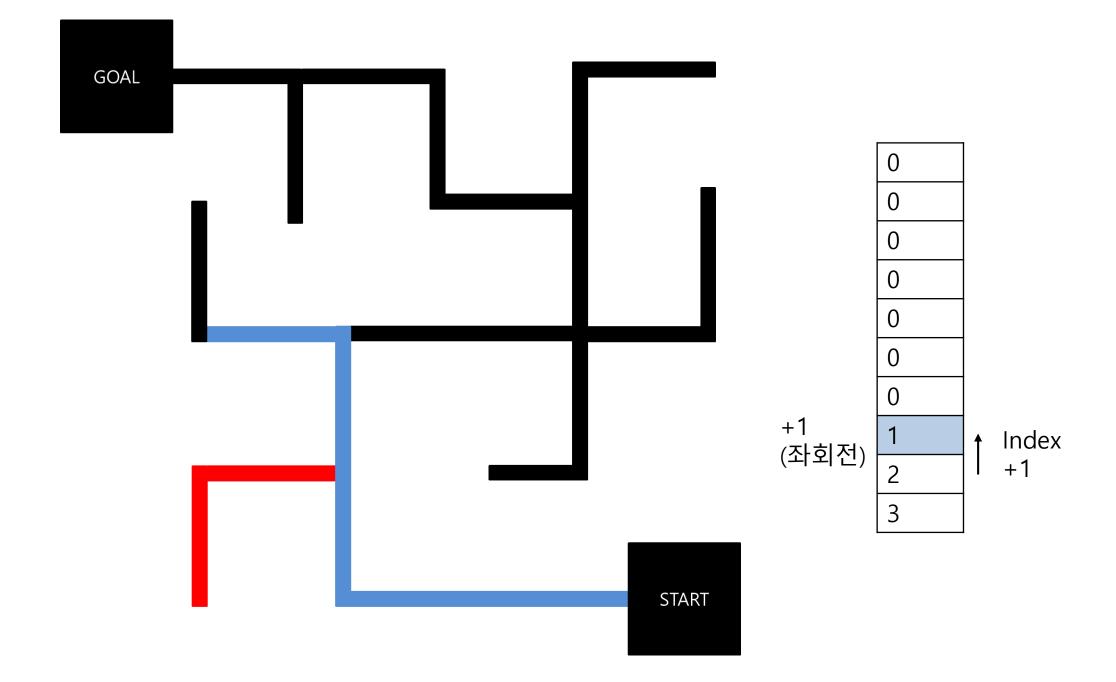


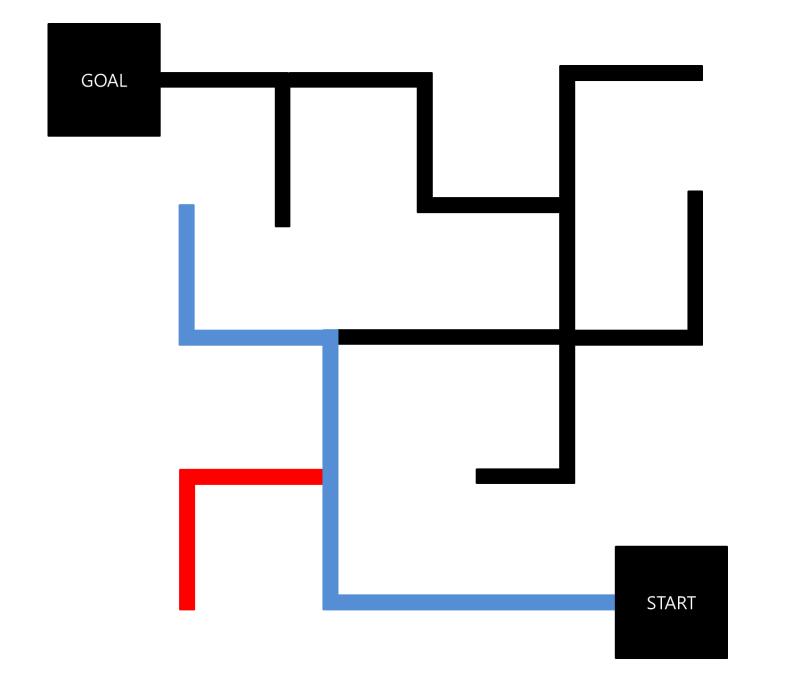


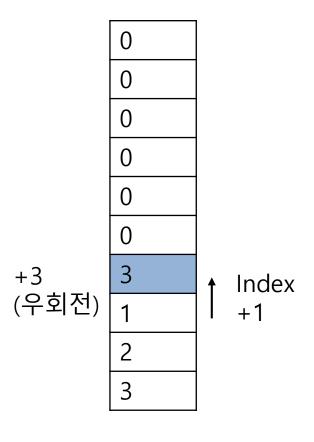


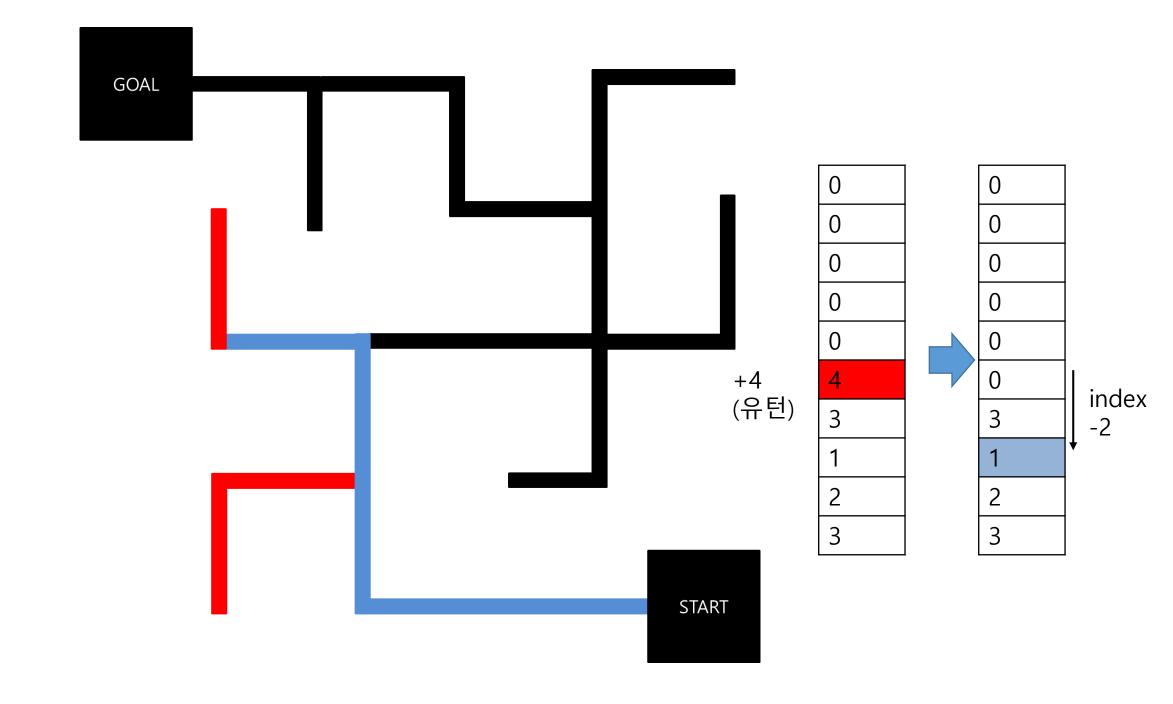


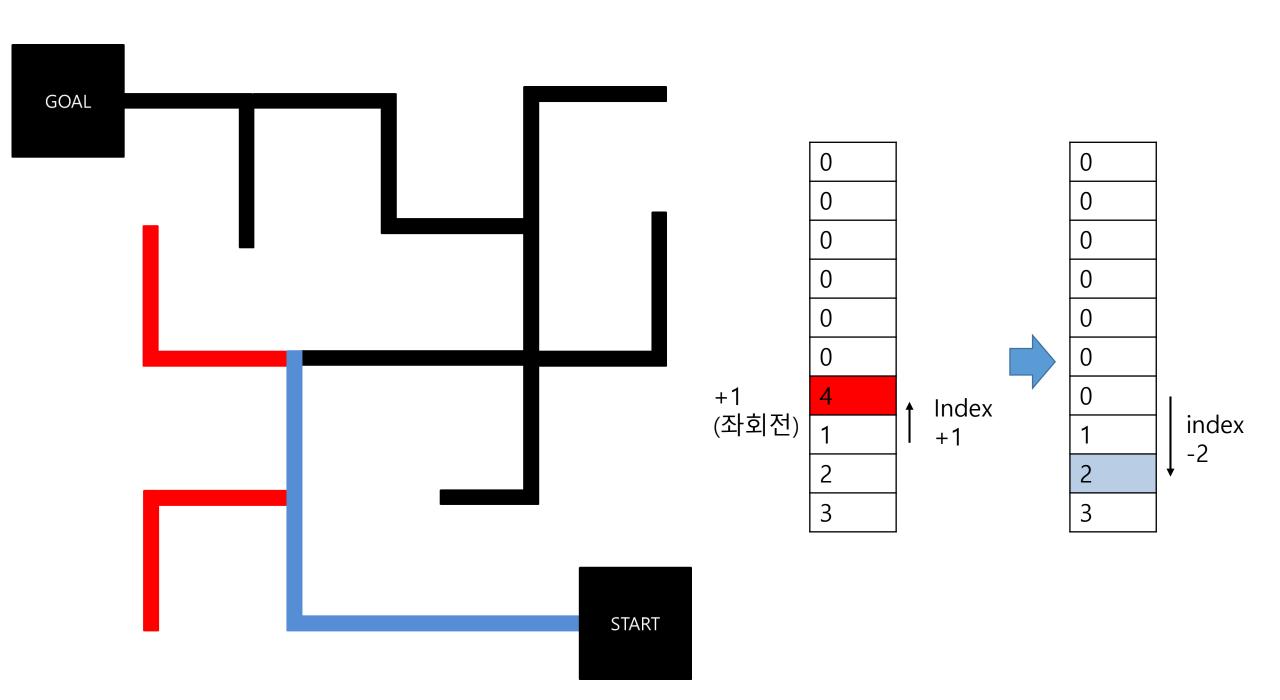


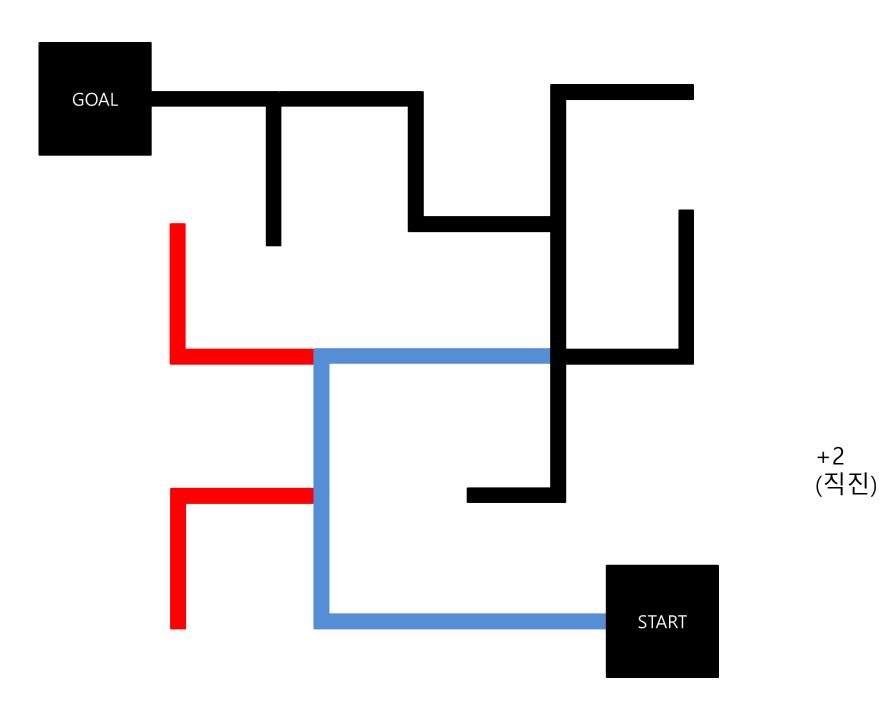


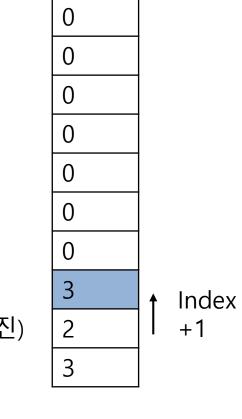


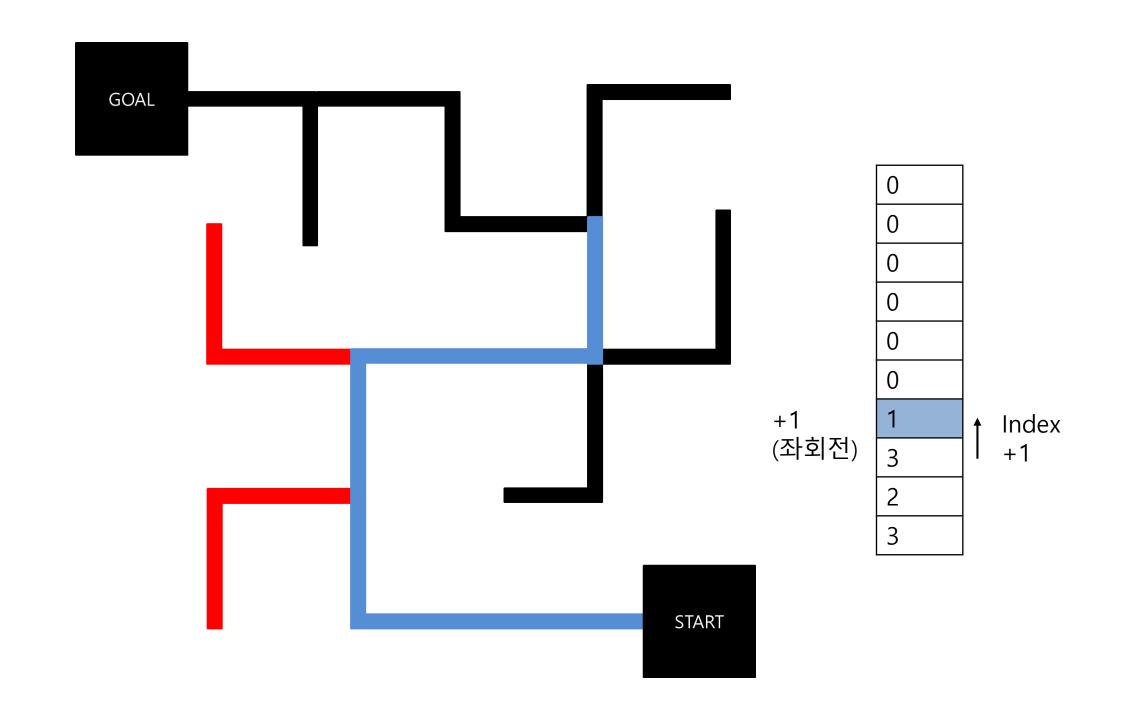


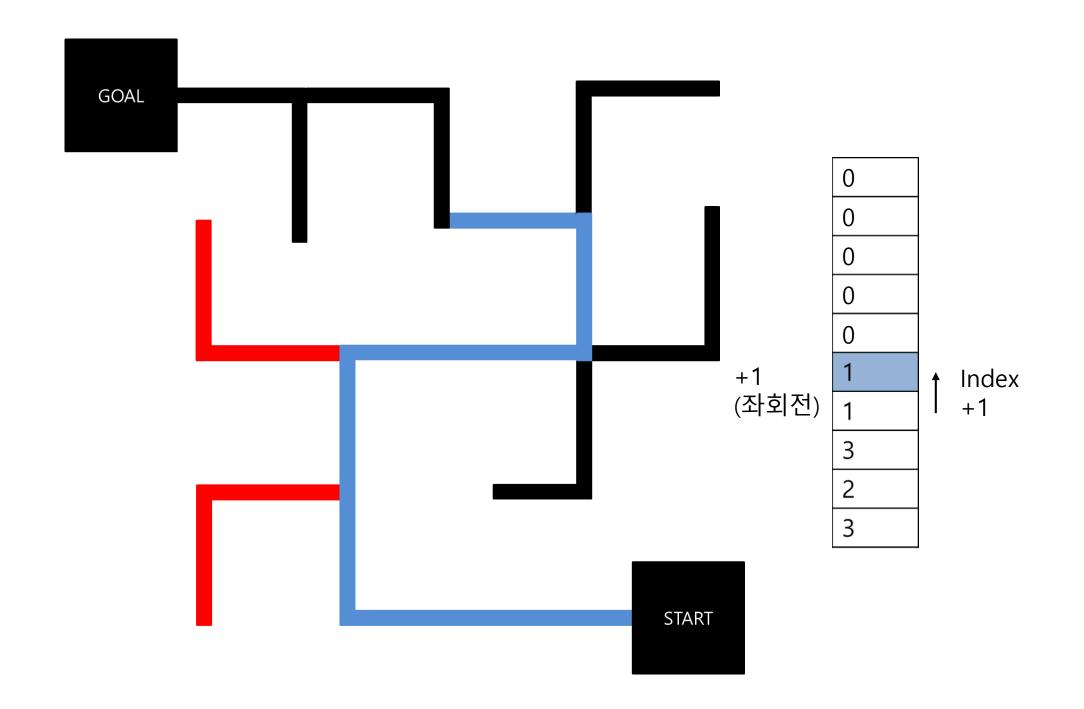


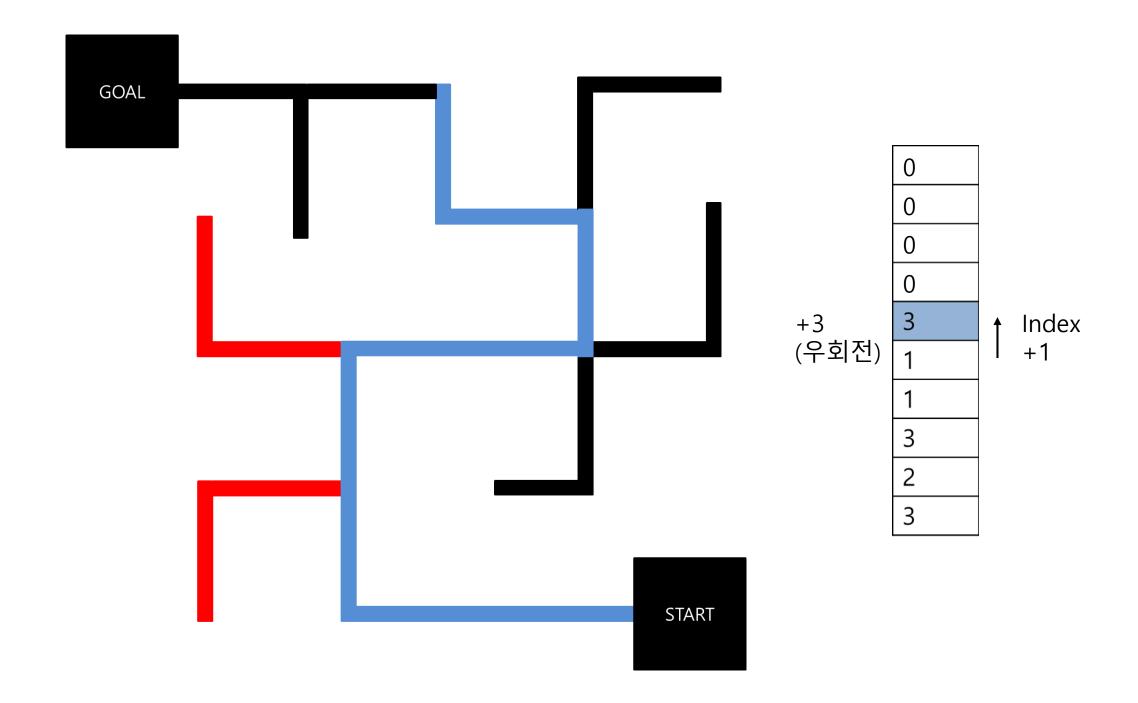


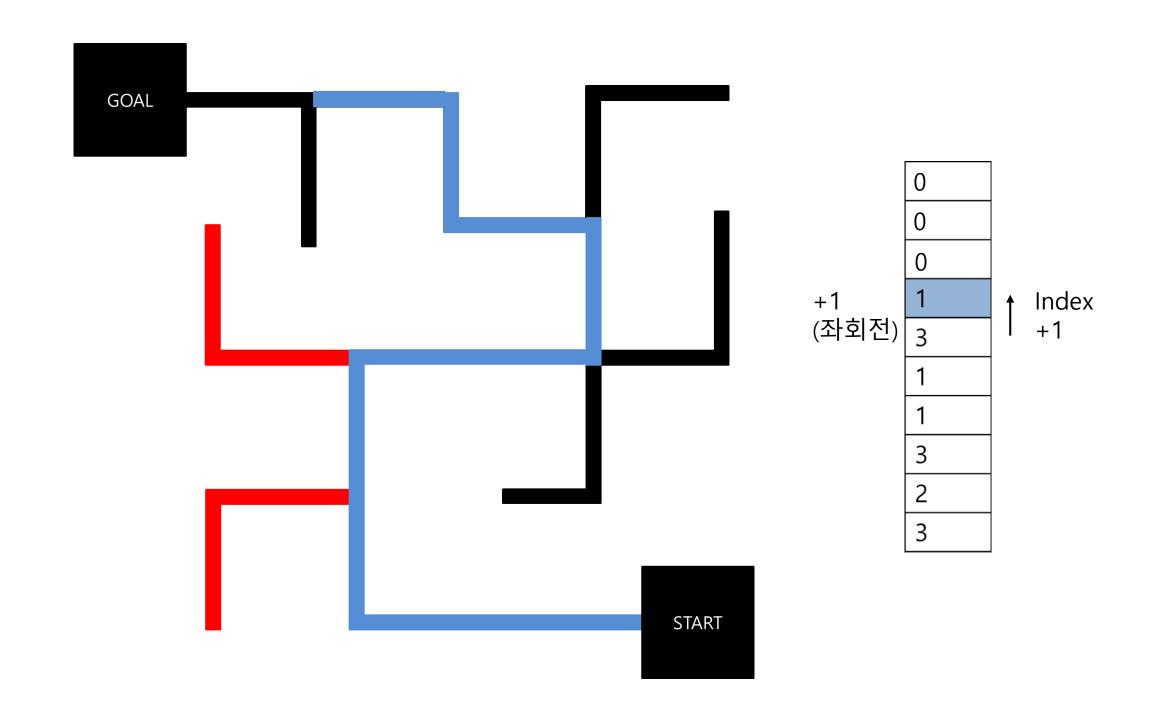


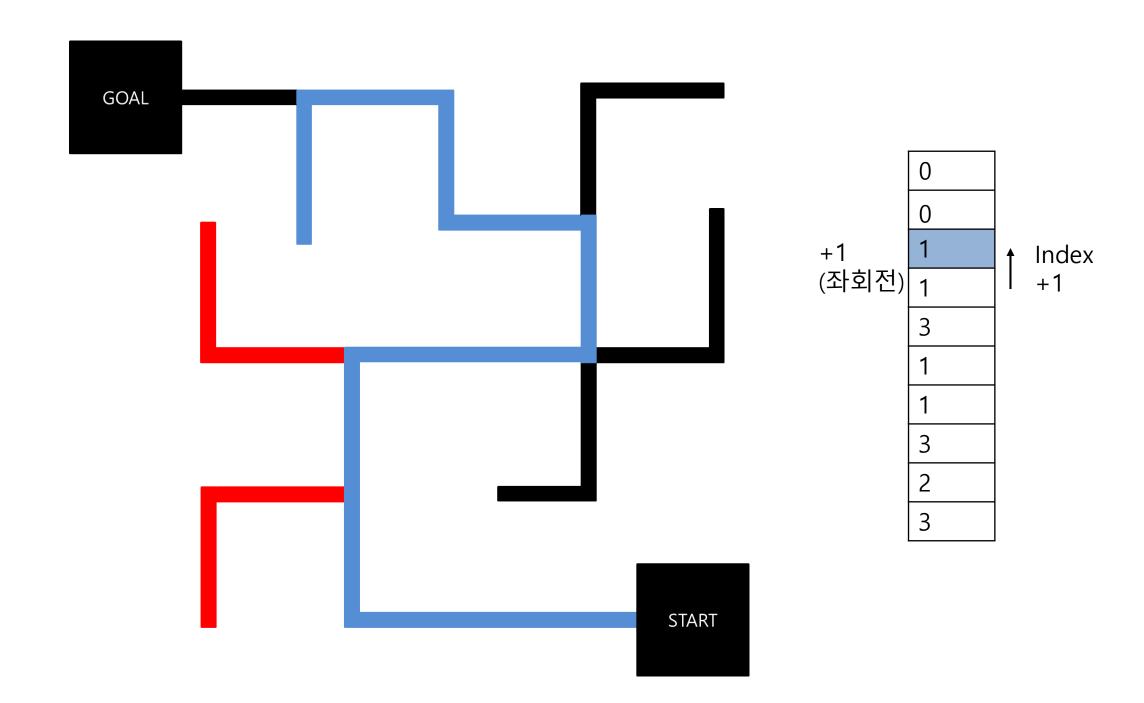


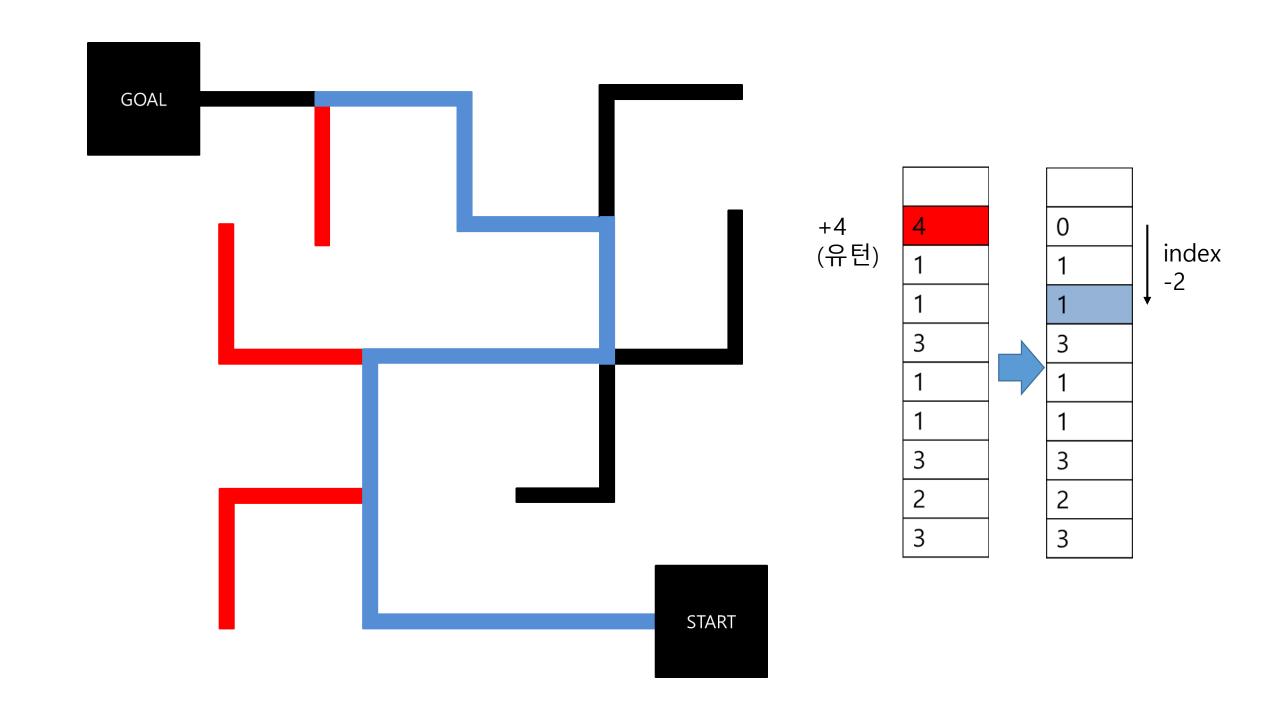


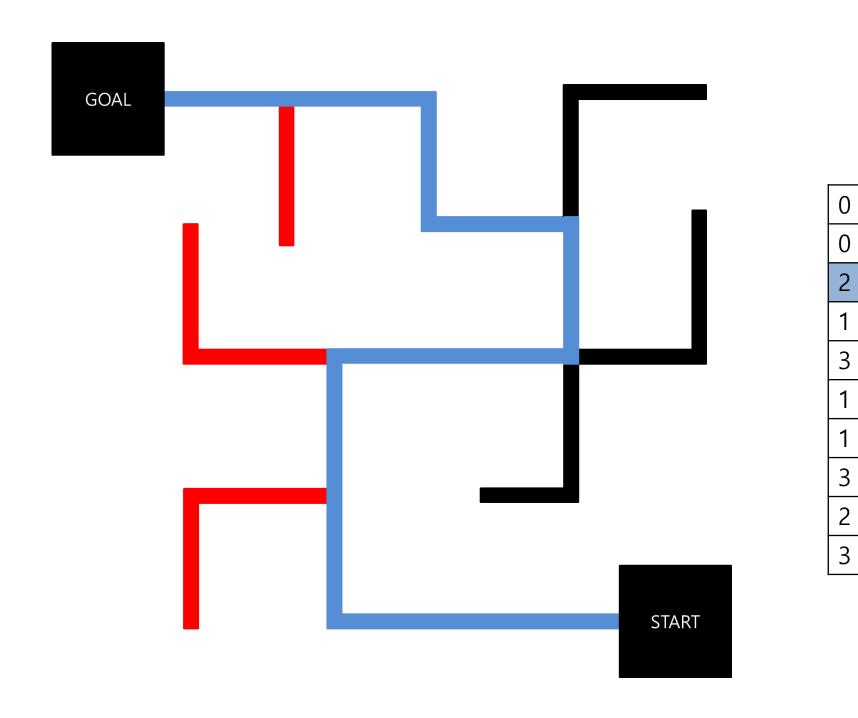












Index

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