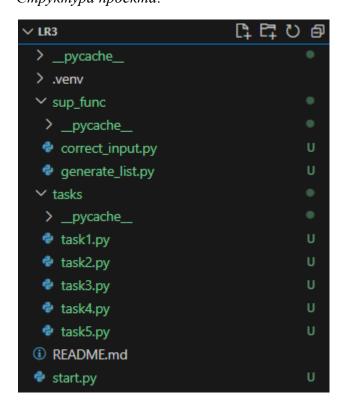
Лабораторная работа №3. Стандартные типы данных, коллекции, функции, модули. Дриневский Кирилл гр.253502. Репозиторий: <a href="https://github.com/Drinevskiy/IGI-STRWEB.git">https://github.com/Drinevskiy/IGI-STRWEB.git</a> Структура проекта:



Вспомогательные функции: correct input.py, generate list.py

```
sup_func > ♥ correct_input.py > ♥ input_float
      def input_int():
          Input int and check it.
          Return:
          number(int): entered number
          number = 0
          while(True):
               try:
                  number = int(input())
                  break
                  print("Incorrect input. Try again.")
          return number
      def input_float():
          Input float and check it.
 20
          Return:
          number(float): entered number
          number = 0
          while(True):
               try:
                   number = float(input())
                   break
                   print("Incorrect input. Try again.")
           return number
```

```
sup_func > 🍖 generate_list.py > 😚 input_float_list
      import random
      import sup_func.correct_input
      def generate_float_list(size):
          Generate list of random float value.
          Parameters:
          size(int): length of list
          Return:
           float_list(list): generated list with random values
          index = 0
          float_list = list()
          while(index < size):</pre>
               float_list.append(random.uniform(-100000,100000))
               index+=1
           return float_list
      def input_float_list(size):
          Manually filling in the list by the user.
           Parameters:
          size(int): length of list
           float_list(list): filled list with user's values
          a = 1
          index = 0
           float_list = list()
 34
           while(index < size):
               print("Input value:", end = " ")
               a = sup_func.correct_input.input_float()
               float_list.append(a)
               index+=1
           return float_list
```

Меню: start.py

```
# The program is designed to perform tasks from laboratory
from tasks.task1 import task1
from tasks.task2 import task2
from tasks.task3 import task3
from tasks.task4 import task4
from tasks.task5 import task5
from sup_func.correct_input import input_int
while(True):
    print("First task - 1\nSecond task - 2\nThird task - 3\nFourth task - 4\nFifth task - 5\nExit - 6")
    print("Choose number to perform task", end = " ")
    choose = input_int()
    match choose:
           task1()
        case 2:
           task2()
           task3()
        case 4:
           task4()
        case 5:
           task5()
        case 6:
           break
            print("Incorrect input. Try again.")
print("Exit")
```

1. Составить программу для вычисления значения функции arcsin с помощью разложения функции в степенной ряд. Задать точность вычислений eps.

```
:asks > 🍨 task1.py > 🗘 arcsin_series
      import math
      from sup_func.correct_input import input_float
     def check_range(input_func):
         def output_func(*args):
             x = args[0]
             eps = args[1]
              if(abs(x) > 1):
                  print("The value of x is out of bounds. x will be assigned the value of the nearest boundary.")
                  if(x > 1):
                      x = -1
              return input_func(x, eps)
          return output_func
     @check_range
     def arcsin_series(x, eps):
         Calculates the value of the arcsin using a series expansion with a given accuracy.
20
          Parameters:
          x(float): argument of function arcsin
          eps(float): accuracy
         n(int): count of iterations
         n = 0
         term = x
          result = x
          while abs(term) > eps and n < 500:
             n += 1
             term *= x * x * (2 * n - 1) * (2 * n - 1) / (2 * n * (2 * n + 1))
             result += term
          return result, n
     def task1():
          Perform first task.
          print("Dalculates the value of the arcsin using a series expansion with a given accuracy.")
          print("Input value x:", end = " ")
          x = input_float()
```

```
print("Input accuracy eps:", end = " ")
eps = input_float()
result, n = arcsin_series(x, eps)

x1 = x
print(f"Row: arcsin({x}) = {result}")

try:

print(f"Module math: arcsin({x1}) = {math.asin(x)}")
except:

if(x > 1):
    x = 1
else:
    x = -1
print(f"Module math: arcsin({x1}) = {math.asin(x)}")

print(f"Module math: arcsin({x1}) = {math.asin(x)}")

print(f"Module math: arcsin({x1}) = {math.asin(x)}")

print(f"Number of row members = {n}")
print(f"Accuracy = {eps}")
print()
```

2. Организовать цикл, который принимает целые числа и суммирует каждое второе из них. Окончание цикла — ввод числа 0

```
tasks > 🕏 task2.py > 🕅 task2
       from sup_func.correct_input import input_int
      def sum_second_number():
           Sums up every second number.
           The end of the cycle is the input of the number 0.
           Return:
           res(int): sum of every second number
 11
           a = 1
 12
           even = False
           res = 0
           while(a!=0):
               print("Input value:", end = " ")
               a = input_int()
               if(even):
                   res += a
               even = not even
           return res
      def task2():
           Perform second task.
           print("Sums up every second number")
 27
           print(f"Result: {sum_second_number()}")
```

3. В строке, вводимой с клавиатуры, подсчитать количество цифр.

```
tasks > 🕏 task3.py 🗦 ...
      numbers = {'0', '1', '2', '3', '4', '5', '6', '7', '8', '9'}
      def find count of numbers in text(text):
           Counting the number of digits in string.
           Parameters:
           text(string): text
           Return:
           res(int): count of number in string
 12
           res = 0
           for c in text:
               if(c in numbers):
                   res+=1
           return res
      def task3():
           Perform third task.
           print("Counting the number of digits in string")
           text = input("Input text: ")
           res = find_count_of_numbers_in_text(text)
           print(f"Count of numbers in text: {res}")
 27
           print()
```

- 4. Дана строка текста, в которой слова разделены пробелами и запятыми. В соответствии с заданием своего варианта составьте программу для анализа строки, инициализированной в коде программы:
  - «So she was considering in her own mind, as well as she could, for the hot day made her feel very sleepy and stupid, whether the pleasure of making a daisy-chain would be worth the trouble of getting up and picking the daisies, when suddenly a White Rabbit with pink eyes ran close by her.»
  - а) определить число слов, длина которых равна 3 символа;
  - б) найти слова, у которых количество гласных равно количеству согласных и их порядковые номера;
  - в) вывести слова в порядке убывания их длин

```
tasks > 🏓 task4.py > 😭 task4
      def delete punctuation(list of string):
          Delete "." and "," from each string of the list if they are present there.
          Parameter:
          list_of_string(list): list of strings
          Return:
          temp_list(list): list of strings without punctuation.
          temp_list = []
          for item in list of string:
              if(item[-1]=="," or item[-1]=="."):
                   item = item[:-1]
              temp_list.append(item)
          return temp list
      def count_of_words_with_length(list_of_string, length):
          Counts the number of words with a given length.
          Parameters:
          list_of_string(list): list of strings
          length(int): length of word
          Return:
          res(int): count of words with given length
          res = 0
          for item in list_of_string:
              if(len(item) == length):
                   res+=1
          return res
      def sort_text_by_words_length(list_of_string):
          Sorts the list of strings in descending order of length.
          Parameters:
          list_of_string(list): list of strings
          Return:
          list_of_string(list): list of strings in descending order of length
          return sorted(list_of_string, key=len, reverse=True)
```

```
tasks > 🏓 task4.py > 🛇 task4
      def dictionary_of_vowel_consonant_equal(list_of_string):
           Returns a dictionary of words with the same number of consonants and vowels and their indexes.
          list_of_string(list): list of strings
          length = len(list_of_string)
          index = 0
          vowels = "aeiou"
          dictionary = dict()
          while index < length:
             word = list_of_string[index].lower()
             vowel_count = len([letter for letter in word if letter in vowels])
              consonant_count = len([letter for letter in word if letter not in vowels])
              if(vowel_count == consonant_count):
                   dictionary[list_of_string[index]] = index + 1
               index+=1
          return dictionary
      def task4():
          text = """So she was considering in her own mind, as well as she could, for the hot day made her feel very sleepy and stupid, whether the pleasure of making a daisy-chain would be
                   worth the trouble of getting up and picking the daisies, when suddenly a White Rabbit with pink eyes ran close by her."""
           split_text = text.split()
          split_text = delete_punctuation(split_text)
           count_of_words_with_length_3 = count_of_words_with_length(split_text, 3)
           print(f"Count of words with length 3: {count_of_words_with_length_3}.")
          print()
           print("Dictionary(key - word, value - index) of words with the same number of consonants and vowels and their indexes.")
           dictionary = dictionary_of_vowel_consonant_equal(split_text)
           print(dictionary)
          print()
print("List of strings in descending order of length.")
           sorted_text = sort_text_by_words_length(split_text)
           print(sorted_text)
```

5. Найти количество положительных четных элементов списка и сумму элементов списка, расположенных после последнего элемента, равного нулю

```
tasks > 💠 task5.py > 🗘 task5
      from sup func.generate list import generate float list
      from sup_func.generate_list import input_float_list
       from sup func.correct input import input int
      def sum_after_last_number(float_list, number):
          Sum numbers after last number.
          Parameters:
          float_list(list): list of float
 11
          number(float): number after which the numbers need to be summed
 12
 13
          Return:
          sum(float): Sum of numbers after last number
          sum = 0
           if(number in float list):
               index = len(float_list) - float_list[-1::-1].index(number) - 1
               for item in float list[index:]:
                   sum += item
           return sum
      def count pos even elements(float list):
          Return count of positive even elements.
          Parameters:
          float list(list): list of float
          Return:
          count(int): count of positive even elements
           count = 0
           for item in float_list[::2]:
               if(item > 0):
                   count+=1
           return count
      def task5():
          Perform fifth task.
          float_list = []
           print("This program processes list of float.")
```

```
size = 0
print("Input size of list:", end = " ")
size = input_int()
print("Generate list - 1\nInput list - 2")
while(True):
    print("Choose number to fill list:", end = " ")
    choose = input_int()
   match choose:
        case 1:
            float_list = generate_float_list(size)
            break
        case 2:
            float_list = input_float_list(size)
            break
            print("Incorrect input. Try again.")
print(float_list)
print(f"Sum of numbers after last 0: {sum_after_last_number(float_list, 0)}")
print(f"Count of positive even elements: {count_pos_even_elements(float_list)}")
print()
```