Shell Report

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Introduction:

MyShell is a shell for UNIX-like Operating Systems written in C. It uses the readline library provided in most linux distributions for reading commands.

Compiling MyShell from source requires libreadline-dev to be installed in your machine.

```
Compile by: gcc myshell final.c -o myshell -lreadline
```

Features of MyShell include:

- 1. Installing and executing any Linux executable
- 2. Setting and passing environment variables to executable
- 3. Piping commands via the use of the '|' delimiter (So far only one chaining possible)
- 4. Input and Output redirection via '>', '<', '>>'
- 5. Conditional command execution via '&&', '||'
- 6. Command History (using readline)
- 7. Tab completion (using readline)

MyShell features and examples:

1. The intro text.

```
myshell>help
              *) SPECIAL COMMANDS:
       --Install your program by using the install command.
               "install program_name program_location".
       --Set your environment variables using the set command.
               "set variable value"
       --Unset your environment variables using the unset command.
               "unset variable".
*) FEATURES:
       --Supports piping
              ONLY ONE PIPE though
              E.g. "cmd1 ... | cmd2 ..."
       --Supports IO redirection
              input redirection: "cmd ... < file"
               output redirection: "cmd ... > file" or "cmd ... >> file"
       -- Supports conditional command execution
              run next command on success "cmd1 ... && cmd2 ..."
               run next command on failure "cmd1 ... || cmd2 ..."
*) BUGS:
       --Having more than one pipe leads to stray processes that don't terminate
       -- A command may only be followed by A SINGLE command delimiter i.e &&, ||, |, > etc.
              so something like "cmd1 ... > file && cmd2 ..." is not allowed
***I take no responsibilty if the lack of features of this shell frustrates you into punching your monitor.***
myshell>
```

'help' describes the features and syntax of the shell in brief

2. The 'ls' command lists the files in the current directory or the directory provided as argument

```
myshell>ls
myshell_final.c echoes.txt
myshell>ls -l
                                              envtest.c
                                                                 envtest makefile
                                                                                             locs
                                                                                                      echo.c ls.c
                                                                                                                        echo
                                                                                                                                  pwd.c Other pwd
                                                                                                                                                              checkpatch.sh final_myshell
                           myshell_final.c
         664
                   22029
                           echoes.txt
         664
                  1023
                  11794
                           ls
         664
                  237
                           envtest.c
                  9743
                           envtest
                  612
455
         664
                           makefile
         664
                           locs
                  1719
                           echo.c
         664
                  1721
                           ls.c
                           echo
         664
775
                           pwd.c
Other
                  219
                  4096
                  9829
                           pwd
checkpatch.sh
         764
                  345
                           final_myshell
myshell>ls -al
                           myshell_final.c
echoes.txt
                  22029
         664
                  1023
                           .git
ls
         775
                  11794
         664
                  237
                           envtest.c
                  9743
4096
                           {\color{red}\mathsf{envtest}}
         775
                           .
makefile
         664
                  612
         664
                           locs
         664
664
                  1719
                           echo.c
                  1721
                           ls.c
                  14709
                           pwd.c
Other
         664
                  219
                  4096
         775
764
                  9829
345
                           pwd
checkpatch.sh
                           final_myshell
myshell>
```

- a. The ls command provides 2 switches
 - ➤ The -1 switch turns on long listing
 - ➤ The -a switch enables listing hidden files
- b. Longlisting format:

```
type permissions size(bytes) name
```

- i. type is 'd' for directory, '-' for regular file, 'l' for link
- ii. Permissions are in octal as they are in chmod
 - 1. U(rwx) G(rwx) O(rwx)
- iii. Size is in bytes

3. The 'echo' command echoes its input onto stdout.

```
myshell>echo this is a test
this is a test
myshell>
myshell>echo "This is also a test"
This is also a test
myshell>
myshell>echo -n No newline after output.
No newline after output. myshell>
myshell>
myshell>echo -e "escape \n sequences \t are recognised"
escape
               are recognised
sequences
myshell>
myshell>echo -ne "Getopts\nis awesome"
Getopts
is awesome myshell>
myshell>
myshell>
```

The 'echo' command provide 2 switches

- \triangleright The -n switch omits the appended new line at the end of output.
- ➤ The -e switch enables checking for escape characters
 - o $\b backspace$
 - o n new line
 - \circ \t -tab

 - o \r − carriage return
 - \circ $\lor v$ vertical tab
 - \\ a forward slash

- 4. The pwd and cd commands, and PS
 - a. The pwd command prints the current working directory to stdout
 - b. The cd command changes the current working directory to its provided argument
 - i. If no argument is provided then the CWD changes to the location pointed to by the HOME environment variable
 - ii. Spaces in the provided path need to be escaped or the whole argument needs to be enclosed in double quotes
 - c. The PS is the prompt string (printed when the shell is waiting for a command)
 - i. By default this is set to 'myshell'
 - ii. Is this is set to 'pwd' then the current working directory is printed as the PS

```
myshell>set PS pwd
/home/rounak/Dropbox/Current Sem/Operating Systems/Lab/MyShell>
/home/rounak/Dropbox/Current Sem/Operating Systems/Lab/MyShell>
/home/rounak/Dropbox/Current Sem/Operating Systems/Lab/MyShell>cd /home/rounak/
/home/rounak>
/home/rounak>
/home/rounak>pwd
/home/rounak
/home/rounak>cd /
/>pwd
/>cd
/home/rounak>set PS myshell
myshell>
myshell>pwd
/home/rounak
myshell>
myshell>env
PS = myshell
USER = rounak
PWD = /home/rounak
TERM = xterm
HOME = /home/rounak
myshell>
```

- 5. The set, unset and env built-in commands
 - a. set variable value sets the value of the variable called 'variable' to 'value', creating a new variable if it didn't already exist
 - b. unset variable unsets the variable called 'variable'; this variable is not passed to subsequent executed commands
 - c. the env command prints the current list of environments variables being passed to commands

```
mvshell>env
PS = myshell
USER = rounak
PWD = /home/rounak/Dropbox/Current Sem/Operating Systems/Lab/MyShell
TERM = xterm
HOME = /home/rounak
myshell>
myshell>set PS "here is my new PS"
here is my new PS>
here is my new PS>
here is my new PS>unset TERM
here is my new PS>
here is my new PS>env
PS = here is my new PS
USER = rounak
PWD = /home/rounak/Dropbox/Current Sem/Operating Systems/Lab/MyShell
HOME = /home/rounak
here is my new PS>
here is my new PS>set HOME /home/rounak/Dropbox/
here is my new PS>env
PS = here is my new PS
USER = rounak
PWD = /home/rounak/Dropbox/Current Sem/Operating Systems/Lab/MyShell
HOME = /home/rounak/Dropbox/
here is my new PS>clear
TERM environment variable not set.
here is my new PS>set TERM xterm
here is my new PS>env
PS = here is my new PS
USER = rounak
PWD = /home/rounak/Dropbox/Current Sem/Operating Systems/Lab/MyShell
TERM = xterm
HOME = /home/rounak/Dropbox/
here is my new PS>clear
here is my new PS>
```

6. The install command

- a. install program location sets the location of the command 'program' to 'location'; this new program will not show "Command not found" from now on.
- b. An equivalent(and safer) way to install a program is to edit the 'locs' file provided.
 - i. Add a line of the format 'program: location' to install program

```
mvshell>cat locs
ls:/home/rounak/Dropbox/Current Sem/Operating Systems/Lab/MyShell/ls
pwd:/home/rounak/Dropbox/Current Sem/Operating Systems/Lab/MyShell/pwd
echo:/home/rounak/Dropbox/Current Sem/Operating Systems/Lab/MyShell/echo
envtest:/home/rounak/Dropbox/Current Sem/Operating Systems/Lab/MyShell/envtest
clear:/usr/bin/clear
reset:/usr/bin/reset
cat:/bin/cat
cp:/bin/cp
rm:/bin/rm
mv:/bin/mv
wc:/usr/bin/wc
true:/bin/true
false:/bin/false
awk:/bin/awk
tr:/usr/bin/tr
myshell>
myshell>
```

7. Piping

- a. Using the '|' delimiter between commands one can pipe the output of one command into the input of another
- b. Due to an unknown issue this feature is restricted to only single pipes
 - i. i.e. 'cmd1 ... | cmd2 ... | cmd3 ...' will not work now

```
myshell>cat testfile.txt
"So many books, so little time." - Frank zappa

"It was a pleasure to burn." - Farenheit 451, Ray Bradbury

"To die hating them, that was freedom" - 1984, George Orwell

"Good friends, good books, and a sleepy conscience: this is the ideal life." - Mark Twain

"To die would be an awfully big adventure." - J.M. Barrie, Peter Pan

"Not all those who wander are lost." - J.R.R. Tolkien, The Fellowship of the Ring

"Memories warm you up from the inside. But they also tear you apart." - Haruki Murakami, Kafka on the Shore

"It's the possibility of having a dream come true that makes life interesting." - Paulo Coelho, Alchemist myshell>
myshell>
myshell>cat testfile.txt | wc -l

15
myshell>
myshell>
myshell>
myshell>
```

8. Input Output Redirection

a. Output of a command may be redirected to a file via the '>' delimiter which will rewrite and truncate the destination file (creating it if it did not already exist)

```
myshell>cat testfile.txt | tr [a-z] [A-Z] > anotherfile.txt
myshell>
myshell>cat anotherfile.txt
"SO MANY BOOKS, SO LITTLE TIME." - FRANK ZAPPA
"IT WAS A PLEASURE TO BURN." - FARENHEIT 451, RAY BRADBURY
"TO DIE HATING THEM, THAT WAS FREEDOM" - 1984, GEORGE ORWELL

"GOOD FRIENDS, GOOD BOOKS, AND A SLEEPY CONSCIENCE: THIS IS THE IDEAL LIFE." - MARK TWAIN

"TO DIE WOULD BE AN AWFULLY BIG ADVENTURE." - J.M. BARRIE, PETER PAN

"NOT ALL THOSE WHO WANDER ARE LOST." - J.R.R. TOLKIEN, THE FELLOWSHIP OF THE RING

"MEMORIES WARM YOU UP FROM THE INSIDE. BUT THEY ALSO TEAR YOU APART." - HARUKI MURAKAMI, KAFKA ON THE SHORE

"IT'S THE POSSIBILITY OF HAVING A DREAM COME TRUE THAT MAKES LIFE INTERESTING." - PAULO COELHO, ALCHEMIST myshell>
myshell>
```

b. Output of a command may be appended to an existing file via the '>>' delimiter.

```
myshell>echo this is a line of text > eg.txt
myshell>cat eg.txt
this is a line of text
myshell>echo this is another line of text >> eg.txt
myshell>
myshell>cat eg.txt
this is a line of text
this is another line of text
myshell>
myshell>
```

C. A command may be made to take its input from a file via the '<' delimiter myshell>
myshell>tr [a-z] [A-Z] < testfile.txt
"SO MANY BOOKS, SO LITTLE TIME." - FRANK ZAPPA

"IT WAS A PLEASURE TO BURN." - FARENHEIT 451, RAY BRADBURY

"TO DIE HATING THEM, THAT WAS FREEDOM" - 1984, GEORGE ORWELL

"GOOD FRIENDS, GOOD BOOKS, AND A SLEEPY CONSCIENCE: THIS IS THE IDEAL LIFE." - MARK TWAIN

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"MEMORIES WARM YOU UP FROM THE INSIDE. BUT THEY ALSO TEAR YOU APART." - HARUKI MURAKAMI, KAFKA ON THE SHORE

"IT'S THE POSSIBILITY OF HAVING A DREAM COME TRUE THAT MAKES LIFE INTERESTING." - PAULO COELHO, ALCHEMIST myshell>
myshell>
myshell>
myshell>
myshell>
myshell>
myshell>

9. Conditional execution

- a. 'cmd1 ... && cmd2 ...' : 'cmd2' will only execute if and only if 'cmd1' finishes and returns a true (i.e. zero) exit status.
- b. 'cmd1 ... | cmd2 ...' : 'cmd2' will only execute if and only if 'cmd1' finishes and returns a false (i.e. non-zero) exit status.

```
myshell>true && echo this will be printed this will be printed myshell> myshell>false && echo this will not be printed myshell> myshell> myshell>true || echo nor will this myshell> myshell>
```

10. Delimiters

- a. The strings ' ', ' ' ', ' ' ' ', ' ' ' ' ' are treated as delimiters
- b. Two commands may only be separated by a single delimiter
- c. Any further delimiters(and in fact commands) are ignored

```
myshell>cat testfile.txt && wc -l < testfile.txt
"So many books, so little time." - Frank zappa

"It was a pleasure to burn." - Farenheit 451, Ray Bradbury

"To die hating them, that was freedom" - 1984, George Orwell

"Good friends, good books, and a sleepy conscience: this is the ideal life." - Mark Twain

"To die would be an awfully big adventure." - J.M. Barrie, Peter Pan

"Not all those who wander are lost." - J.R.R. Tolkien, The Fellowship of the Ring

"Memories warm you up from the inside. But they also tear you apart." - Haruki Murakami, Kafka on the Shore

"It's the possibility of having a dream come true that makes life interesting." - Paulo Coelho, Alchemist
15
myshell>
```

Source code:

myshell final.c

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<string.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
#include<signal.h>
#include<unistd.h>
#include<time.h>
#include<sys/types.h>
#include<sys/wait.h>
#include<sys/stat.h>
#include<fcntl.h>
#include<readline/readline.h>
#include<readline/history.h>
#define MAX_COMMAND_LEN 1024
#define MAX_PROGS 100
#define MAX ARGS 200
#define MAX_TOKENS 200
#define MAX TOKEN LEN 256
#define MAX PROG NAME 64
#define MAX PROG LOC 512
#define MAX_ENV_VARS 100
#define ENV_VAR_NMSIZE 256
#define ENV VAR SIZE 1024
#define DUMP_CLEAR 42
#define PIPE 36
#define DUMP APPEND 49
#define TAKE 69
#define RUN SUCCESS 71
#define RUN FAILURE 88
#define DELAY 5000000
/* global variables */
char command line[MAX COMMAND LEN];
char *command tokens[MAX TOKENS];
int num tokens;
char *programs[MAX PROGS];
char *prog_locs[MAX_PROGS];
int num progs;
char *c argv[MAX ARGS];
char *c_envp[MAX_ENV_VARS];
int ps is pwd;
/* environment variables */
char *env variables[MAX ENV VARS];
char *env var values[MAX ENV VARS];
int env var count;
char *prompt string; /* buffer for regular use in prompt subroutine */
char *pwd;
                       /* buffer for regular use in redirection */
/** Update the prompt string if set has been used **/
void update_prompt_string(void)
{
        int i = 0;
        for (; i < env var count; i++) {</pre>
                if (strcmp(env variables[i], "PS") == 0) {
                        strcpy(prompt string, env var values[i]);
                        return;
        perror("PS not found in list of environment variables");
/** Update the pwd if set has been used **/
void update_pwd_string(void)
{
        int i = 0;
        for (; i < env var count; i++) {
```

```
if (strcmp(env_variables[i], "PWD") == 0) {
                       strcpy(pwd, env var values[i]);
                       return;
       perror("PS not found in list of environment variables");
/** Trailing whitespace removal **/
void rstrip(char *str)
       int len = strlen(str)-1;
       while (str[len] == '\n' || str[len] == '\t' || str[len] == ' ')
               len--;
       str[len+1] = 0;
/** Built-in commands **/
void change directory(char *wheretogo)
       int i = 0;
       if (!wheretogo) {
               for (; i < env_var_count; i++) {
                       if (env variables[i]) {
                              _if (strcmp(env_variables[i], "HOME") == 0)
                                      chdir(env_var_values[i]);
       } else {
               int e = chdir(wheretogo);
               if (e != 0)
                       perror("chdir() error");
       }
       for (i = 0; i < env_var_count; i++) {</pre>
               if (strcmp(env_variables[i], "PWD") == 0)
                       getcwd(env var values[i], ENV VAR SIZE);
       update pwd string();
       if (ps_is_pwd)
               strcpy(prompt_string, pwd);
void print environment (void)
       int i;
       for (i = 0; i < env_var_count; i++)</pre>
               if (env variables[i] && (strlen(env variables[i]) != 0))
                       printf("%s = %s\n", env_variables[i], env_var_values[i]);
void set env variable(char *key, char *value)
       int i;
       for (i = 0; i < env_var_count; i++) {</pre>
               /*printf("ev: %s\n", env_variables[i]);*/
               if (env_variables[i]) {
                       /*printf("ev: %s\n", env variables[i]);*/
                       if (strcmp(key, env_variables[i]) == 0) {
                               if ((strcmp(key, "PS") == 0) \&\& (strcmp(value, "pwd") == 0)) {
                                      strcpy(prompt_string, pwd);
                                      ps_is_pwd = 1;
                                      return;
                               if (strcmp(key, "PS") == 0)
                                      ps_is_pwd = 0;
                               free(env_var_values[i]);
                               env_var_values[i] = (char *)malloc(ENV VAR SIZE);
                               strcpy(env var values[i], value);
                              update_prompt_string();
                               return;
                       }
```

```
if (env var count != MAX ENV VARS) {
               while ((env variables[i] != NULL) && (strlen(env variables[i]) != 0))
                      i++;
               env_variables[i] = (char *)malloc(ENV_VAR_NMSIZE);
env_var_values[i] = (char *)malloc(ENV_VAR_SIZE);
               strcpy(env variables[i], key);
               strcpy(env var values[i], value);
               env var count++;
       } else {
               printf("Can not set any more environment variables. Sorry.");
void unset env variable(char *key)
       int i;
       for (i = 0; i < env_var_count; i++) {</pre>
               if (env variables[i]) {
                      if (strcmp(key, env variables[i]) == 0) {
                              free(env variables[i]);
                              free(env var values[i]);
                              env variables[i] = malloc(1);
                              env_variables[i][0] = 0;
                              env var values[i] = NULL;
                              if (strcmp(key, "PS") == 0)
                                      set env variable("PS", ""); /*do not unset PS*/
                              return;
                       }
       printf("Could not find specified variable.");
void install(char *progname, char *progloc)
       programs[num progs] = (char *)malloc(MAX PROG NAME);
       prog_locs[num_progs] = (char *)malloc(MAX PROG LOC);
       strcpy(programs[num progs], progname);
       strcpy(prog_locs[num_progs], progloc);
       num progs++;
       FILE *progfile = fopen("locs", "a");
       if (!progfile) {
               perror("Could not open locs file");
               exit(EXIT FAILURE);
       fprintf(progfile, "%s:%s\n", progname, progloc);
       fclose(progfile);
void show help(void)
       printf("\t**************************\n\n"); /*how
british of me*/
       printf("*) SPECIAL COMMANDS:\n");
       printf("\t--Install your program by using the install command.\n\t\t\"install program name
program\_location \verb|\".\n"|;
       printf("\t--Set your environment variables using the set command.\n\t\t\"set variable value\".\n");
       printf("\t--Unset your environment variables using the unset command.\n\t\t\"unset variable\".\n\n");
       printf("*) FEATURES:\n");
       printf("\t--Supports piping\n\t\tONLY ONE PIPE though\n\t\tE.g. \"cmd1 ... | cmd2 ...\"\n");
       printf("\t--Supports IO redirection\n\t\tinput redirection: \"cmd ... < file\"\n\t\toutput
redirection: \"cmd ... > file\" or \"cmd ... >> file\"\n");
       printf("\t--Supports conditional command execution\n\t\trun next command on success \"cmd1 ... && cmd2
...\"\n\t\trun next command on failure \"cmd1 ... || cmd2 ...\"\n\n");
       printf("*) BUGS:\n");
       printf("\t--Having more than one pipe leads to stray processes that don't terminate\n");
       printf("\t--A command may only be followed by A SINGLE command delimiter i.e &&, ||, |, > etc.\n\t\tso
something like \"cmd1 ... > file && cmd2 ...\" is not allowed\n\n");
       printf("***I take no responsibilty if the lack of features of this shell frustrates you into punching
your monitor.***\n\t\t\tGood luck!\n");
```

```
/** Set the default environment variables and their default values **/
void set default env vars (void)
        env variables[0] = (char *)malloc(ENV VAR NMSIZE);
        strcpy(env variables[0], "PS");
        env_var_values[0] = (char *)malloc(ENV_VAR_SIZE);
        strcpy(env var values[0], "myshell");
       prompt string = env var values[0];
       env variables[1] = (char *)malloc(ENV VAR NMSIZE);
        strcpy(env_variables[1], "USER");
       env_var_values[1] = (char *)malloc(ENV_VAR_SIZE);
        getlogin_r(env_var_values[1], ENV_VAR_SIZE);
       env_variables[2] = (char *)malloc(ENV_VAR_NMSIZE);
        strcpy(env variables[2], "PWD");
        env var values[2] = (char *)malloc(ENV VAR SIZE);
       getcwd(env var values[2], ENV VAR SIZE);
       pwd = env_var_values[2];
       env variables[3] = (char *)malloc(ENV VAR NMSIZE);
        strcpy(env variables[3], "TERM");
        env var values[3] = (char *)malloc(ENV VAR SIZE);
        strcpy(env_var_values[3], "xterm");
       env_variables[4] = (char *)malloc(ENV_VAR_NMSIZE);
strcpy(env_variables[4], "HOME");
        env var values[4] = (char *)malloc(ENV VAR SIZE);
        strcpy(env_var_values[4], getenv("HOME"));
       env_var_count = 5;
/** Initialize the environment variables and build installed program list **/
void init(void)
        set default env vars();
       num progs = 0;
       ps_is_pwd = 0;
        int i;
        for (i = 0; i < MAX PROGS; i++) {
                programs[i] = (char *)malloc(MAX PROG NAME);
               prog locs[i] = (char *)malloc(MAX PROG LOC);
        FILE *progfile = fopen("locs", "r");
        if (!progfile) {
               perror("Could not open locs file");
               exit(EXIT FAILURE);
        char buf[256];
        char *split line;
        while (fgets(buf, sizeof(buf), progfile)) {
                split line = strtok(buf, ":");
               strcpy(programs[num_progs], split_line);
split_line = strtok(NULL, ":");
               rstrip(split_line);
               strcpy(prog locs[num progs], split line);
               num progs++;
        fclose(progfile);
/** Show Prompt **/
void prompt(void)
        printf("%s>", prompt string);
/** Handle signal **/
void handle signal (int signo)
```

```
prompt();
       fflush(stdout);
/** Clear command string and tokens **/
void clear command(void)
       command line[0] = 0;
       /*free(command_line);*/
       int i;
       for (i = 0; i < num tokens; i++) {
               free(command_tokens[i]);
               command tokens[i] = NULL;
       num\_tokens = 0;
/** checking if a character is whitespace **/
int is_whitespace(char c)
       switch (c) {
       case '\t':
       case ' ':
               return 1;
       default:
               return 0;
/** Tokenize the line read **/
void tokenize command(void)
{
       if (!command line) {
               frpintf(stderr, "Nul passed to tokenizer\n");
               return;
       char *acc = (char *)calloc(MAX TOKEN LEN, sizeof(char));
       int quoted = 0, escaped = 0, i = 0, j = 0, k = 0, 1;
       char cur = command line[i];
       while (cur) {
               /*printf("@cur: %c :::: acc: %s, quoted: %d, escaped: %d\n", cur, acc, quoted, escaped);*/ if (cur == '\"') {
                       quoted++;
                       cur = command line[++i];
                       continue;
               if (quoted == 1) {
                       acc[j++] = cur;
                       cur = command_line[++i];
                       continue;
               } else if (quoted == 2) {
                       1 = strlen(acc);
                       if (1 > 0) {
                               command_tokens[k] = (char *)malloc(l*sizeof(char));
                               strcpy(command_tokens[k], acc);
                               free(acc);
                               acc = (char *)calloc(MAX TOKEN LEN, sizeof(char));
                               j = 0;
                       quoted = 0;
               if (cur == '\\') {
                       escaped = 1;
                       cur = command line[++i];
                       continue;
               if (escaped) {
                       acc[j++] = cur;
                       cur = command line[++i];
                       escaped = 0;
                       continue;
```

```
if (is_whitespace(cur)) {
                       1 = strlen(acc);
                       if (1 > 0) {
                              command tokens[k] = (char *)malloc(l*sizeof(char));
                              strcpy(command tokens[k], acc);
                               ++k;
                               free(acc);
                              acc = (char *)calloc(MAX TOKEN LEN, sizeof(char));
                              j = 0;
               } else {
                       acc[j++] = cur;
               cur = command line[++i];
       1 = strlen(acc);
       if (1 > 0) {
               command tokens[k] = (char *)malloc(l*sizeof(char));
               strcpy(command tokens[k], acc);
               ++k;
               free(acc);
               acc = (char *)calloc(MAX TOKEN LEN, sizeof(char));
               j = 0;
       num_tokens = k;
/** Search command name against list of installed programs in locs **/
int is installed(int index)
       int i;
       for (i = 0; i < num progs; i++)
              if (strcmp(programs[i], command tokens[index]) == 0)
                       return i;
       return -1;
/** Run the installed executable with the rest of the tokens passed as arguments **/
void execute single command(void)
       int loc index = is installed(0);
       if (loc_index != -1) {
               char *com = prog_locs[loc_index];
               int i = 1, t, j;
               /*set arguments*/
               for (; i < num tokens; i++)</pre>
                      c_argv[i] = command_tokens[i];
               c_argv[0] = com;
               c_argv[i] = NULL;
               /*set environment*/
               for (i = 0, j = 0; i < env_var_count; i++)</pre>
                       if (env variables[i]) {
                              c envp[j] = (char *)malloc(1024);
                              sprintf(c_envp[j], "%s=%s", env_variables[i], env_var_values[i]);
               c envp[j] = NULL;
               pid t pid = fork();
               if (pid == 0) {
                       execve(com, c_argv, c_envp);
                       perror("execve failed");
                       exit(EXIT FAILURE);
               } else if (pid > 0) {
                       pid_t cpid;
                       if (wait(NULL) == -1)
                              perror("wait() error");
               } else {
                       perror("fork() failed");
       } else
```

```
printf("Command not found!\n");
/** check if a command token is a pipe '|' or arrow '>', '<', '>>' or conditional '&&', '||' **/
int is delimiter(char *token)
       if (!token) {
               printf("NULL passed\n");
               exit(EXIT FAILURE);
       if (strcmp(token, "|") == 0)
               return PIPE;
       else if (strcmp(token, ">") == 0)
               return DUMP CLEAR;
       else if (strcmp(token, "<") == 0)
               return TAKE;
       else if (strcmp(token, ">>") == 0)
               return DUMP APPEND;
       else if (strcmp(token, "&&") == 0)
               return RUN SUCCESS;
       else if (strcmp(token, "||") == 0)
               return RUN FAILURE;
       else
               return 0;
/** open a token as a file for redirection, return a file descriptor **/
int open_next_token(char *filename, int decide)
       char *filepath = malloc(4096);
       if (strchr(filename, '/')) { /*if the token contains a '/' treat it as a path*/
               strcpy(filepath, filename);
       } else {
                      /*else use relative addressing*/
               strcpy(filepath, pwd);
               strcat(filepath, "/");
               strcat(filepath, filename);
       int fd;
       /*fprintf(stderr,"filepath: %s\n", filepath);*/
       switch (decide) {
       case TAKE:
               fd = open(filepath, O RDONLY);
               break;
       case DUMP APPEND:
               fd = open(filepath, O_WRONLY | O APPEND);
               break;
       case DUMP CLEAR:
               fd = open(filepath, O CREAT | O WRONLY | O TRUNC, S IRUSR | S IWUSR | S IRGRP | S IWGRP |
S IROTH);
               break;
       default:
               fd = -1;
       if (fd == -1) {
               perror("open failed");
               exit(EXIT FAILURE);
       /*fprintf(stderr,"fd: %d\n", fd);*/
       return fd;
/** This function forks the children **/
void execute command chain (void)
{
       /*set environment*/
       int i, j, k;
       for (i = 0, j = 0; i < env_var_count; i++) {
               if (env variables[i]) {
                       c_{envp[j]} = (char *) malloc(1024);
                       sprintf(c envp[j], "%s=%s", env variables[i], env var values[i]);
```

```
c_envp[j] = NULL;
       /* Flags and utilities
                = number of commands to run
       to pipe = does the current command go to a pipe
       from pipe = does the current command come from a previous pipe
       success = is the current command subject to '&&'
                = is the current command subject to '||'
       failure
                 = a pipe (the pipe set up in the previous iteration; used for input if from-pipe is set)
                = another pipe (the pipe set up in this iteration ; used for output if to pipe is set)
       newpipe
       fdi
                 = the file descriptor used for input redirection
       fdo
                 = the file descriptor used for output redirection
       int numcom = 1, child num = 0; /*number of commands seen so far, and the number of children forked so
far*/
       int to pipe = 0, from pipe, success = 0, failure = 0;
       int oldpipe[2], newpipe[2], fdi, fdo;
       int was piped = 0, was redirected = 0;
       int loc_index, next;
       i = 0;
       /*decide flags for the first command*/
       next = i:
       int decide = is delimiter(command tokens[next]);
               if ((decide != 0) || next == num tokens-1) /*break if delimiter found or this is the last
token*/
                      break;
               ++next:
               decide = is delimiter(command tokens[next]);
       switch (decide) {
       case PIPE:
               to pipe = 1;
               was_piped = 1;
               numcom++;
               break:
       case RUN SUCCESS:
              success = 1;
               numcom++;
               break;
       case RUN FAILURE:
               failure = 1;
               numcom++;
               break;
       default:
               /*nothing to do here*/
       from pipe = 0; /*first command doesn't come from a pipe*/
       do {
               /*printf("\nStart of shell loop:\n");
               printf("to_pipe: %d, from_pipe: %d, numcom: %d, success: %d, failure: %d\n", to pipe,
from_pipe, numcom, success, failure);
               printf("i: %d, next: %d\n", i, next);*/
               loc index = is installed(i);
               if (loc_index == -1) {
                      fprintf(stderr, "Command not found\n");
                      return;
               /*set up argv for this command*/
               j = 1;
               \tilde{k} = i+1;
               if (next == num_tokens-1)
                      ++next;
               for (; k < next; k++, j++)
                      c argv[j] = command tokens[k];
               char *com = prog locs[loc index];
               c argv[0] = com;
```

```
c argv[j] = NULL;
               /*take care of the pipes, save the pipe of the last iteration in oldpipe*/
               oldpipe[0] = newpipe[0];
               oldpipe[1] = newpipe[1];
                                              /*create a new pipe if needed*/
               if (to pipe)
                       if (pipe(newpipe) == -1) {
                              perror("Pipe error");
                              exit(EXIT FAILURE);
                       }
               /*printf("old: <-%d==%d<-\n",oldpipe[0], oldpipe[1]);
               printf("new: <-%d==%d<-\n", newpipe[0], newpipe[1]);*/
               /*fork here*/
               pid_t cpid = fork();
               numcom--;
               if (cpid < 0) {
                       perror("fork failed.");
                       exit(EXIT FAILURE);
               if (cpid == 0) {
                                      /*child*/
                       /*handle the input side*/
                       if (from pipe) {
                              /*if child comes from a pipe, use oldpipe for input*/
                              /*printf("%s is gonna pipe its input from %d=%d\n", com, oldpipe[0],
oldpipe[1]);*/
                              was redirected = 1;
                              if (dup2(oldpipe[0], STDIN_FILENO) == -1) {
                                      perror("dup2 error");
                                      exit(EXIT FAILURE);
                       } else if (decide == TAKE) {
                              /*use next token as file for input*/
                              /*printf("%s is gonna take its input from %s/%s\n", com, pwd,
command tokens[next+1]); */
                              was redirected = 1;
                              fdi = open_next_token(command_tokens[next+1], decide);
                              if (dup2(fdi, STDIN FILENO) == -1) {
                                      perror("dup2 error");
                                      exit(EXIT FAILURE);
                              close(fdi);
                       } else {
                              /*use stdin*/
                              /*printf("%s is gonna take its input from stdin/args\n", com);*/
                       /*handle the output side*/
                       if (to pipe) {
                               /*if child comes from a pipe, use newpipe for output*/
                              /*printf("%s is gonna pipe its output to %d=%d\n", com, newpipe[0],
newpipe[1]);*/
                              if (dup2(newpipe[1], STDOUT_FILENO) == -1) {
                                      perror("dup2 error");
                                      exit(EXIT FAILURE);
                       } else if (decide == DUMP CLEAR) {
                              /*use next token as file for output */
                              /*printf("%s is gonna dump its output to %s/%s\n", com, pwd,
command tokens[next+1]); */
                              was redirected = 1;
                              fdo = open next_token(command_tokens[next+1], decide);
                              if (dup2(fdo, STDOUT FILENO) == -1) {
                                      perror("dup2 error");
                                      exit(EXIT FAILURE);
                              close (fdo);
                       } else if (decide == DUMP APPEND) {
                              /*use next token as file for output */
                              /*printf("%s is gonna append its output to %s/%s\n", com, pwd,
command tokens[next+1]); */
                              was redirected = 1;
                              fdo = open next token(command tokens[next+1], decide);
                              if (dup2(fdo, STDOUT FILENO) == -1) {
                                      perror("dup2 error");
                                      exit(EXIT FAILURE);
```

```
close(fdo);
                      } else {
                              /*use stdout*/
                              /*printf("%s is gonna use stdout for output\n", com);*/
                      /*execute the process*/
                      /*int l=0;
                      printf("*****argv:*****\n");
                      while(c argv[l]) {
                              printf("%s\n", c_argv[l]);
                              1++;
                      printf("*****envp:*****\n");
                      while(c envp[l]) {
                              printf("%s\n", c_envp[1]);
                              1++;
                      } * /
                      /*close all the unused fds*/
                      if (to_pipe) {
                              close(newpipe[0]);
                              close(newpipe[1]);
                      if (from_pipe) {
                              close(oldpipe[0]);
                              close(oldpipe[1]);
                      /*actually exec it*/
                      execve(com, c_argv, c_envp);
                      perror("Nobody expects the spanish inquisition");
                      exit(EXIT FAILURE);
               } else {
                                      /*parent*/
                      child num++;
                      if (!numcom)
                              break;
                      /*if success or failure flag was set, then wait for current child to finish before
forking the next one*/
                      int prev_stat;
                      if (success) {
                              if (waitpid(cpid, &prev_stat, 0) == -1) {
                                      perror("success wait() failed");
                                      exit(EXIT FAILURE);
                              child num--;
                              if (WIFEXITED(prev stat))
                                     if (WEXITSTATUS(prev_stat))
                                             break;
                       } else if (failure) {
                              if (waitpid(cpid, &prev_stat, 0) == -1) {
                                      perror("failure wait() failed");
                                      exit(EXIT_FAILURE);
                              child num--;
                              if (WIFEXITED(prev_stat))
                                      if (!WEXITSTATUS(prev_stat))
                                             break;
                      }
                      /*decide flags for next loop here*/
                      i = next+1;
                      from_pipe = to_pipe;
                                             /*next is now the command*/
                      ++next;
                      decide = is_delimiter(command_tokens[next]);
                      while (1) {
                              if ((decide != 0) || next == num tokens-1) /*break if delimiter found or this is
the last token*/
                                      break;
                              ++next;
                              decide = is delimiter(command tokens[next]);
                      to pipe = success = failure = 0;
                      switch (decide) {
```

```
case PIPE:
                                to pipe = 1;
                               was_piped = 1;
                               numcom++;
                               break;
                       case RUN SUCCESS:
                               \overline{\text{success}} = 1;
                               numcom++;
                               break;
                       case RUN FAILURE:
                                failure = 1;
                               numcom++;
                               break;
                       default:
                                /*nothing to do here*/
                               break;
                        /*parent continues with loop, next iteration would use decide, to pipe, old pipe*/
                       /*printf("End of shell loop:\n");
                       printf("to pipe: %d, from pipe: %d, numcom: %d, success: %d, failure: %d\n", to pipe,
from pipe, numcom, success, failure);
                       printf("i: %d, next: %d\n", i, next);*/
        } while (numcom);
        /*printf("\n\nNumber of children: %d\n", child num); */
        int status;
        if (child num) {
               if (waitpid(-1, &status, 0) == -1) {
    perror("wait() failed");
                                                       /*wait for atleast one child to exit*/
                       exit(EXIT FAILURE);
                for (j = 0; j < child_num-1; j++)</pre>
                       if (waitpid(-1, \&status, WNOHANG) == -1) { /*don't wait for zombies*/}
                               perror("wait() failed");
                               exit(EXIT FAILURE);
                       }
        /*close all file descriptors used in this invocation*/
        if (was piped) {
                close(oldpipe[0]);
               close(newpipe[0]);
               close(oldpipe[1]);
               close(newpipe[1]);
        if (was redirected) {
               close(fdi);
               close (fdo);
       struct timespec hack delay;
       hack delay.tv sec = 0;
       hack delay.tv nsec = DELAY;
       nanosleep(&hack_delay, NULL);
/** Search command name against list of built ins **/
int is builtin(void)
        if (strcmp("exit", command_tokens[0]) == 0) {
               exit(EXIT SUCCESS);
        } else if (strcmp("help", command tokens[0]) == 0) {
                show help();
               return 1;
        } else if (strcmp("cd", command_tokens[0]) == 0) {
               if (num tokens < 2)
                       _
change directory(NULL);
                else if (num_tokens < 3)</pre>
                       change_directory(command tokens[1]);
                else
                       printf("Invalid number of arguments passed to built-in cd");
                return 1;
        } else if (strcmp("env", command tokens[0]) == 0) {
               print environment();
```

```
return 1;
       } else if (strcmp("set", command tokens[0]) == 0) {
              if (num_tokens == 3)
                     set env variable(command tokens[1], command tokens[2]);
                     printf("Invalid number of arguments passed to built-in set\n");
              return 1;
       } else if (strcmp("unset", command_tokens[0]) == 0) {
              if (num tokens == 2)
                     unset env variable(command tokens[1]);
              else
                     printf("Invalid number of arguments passed to built-in unset\n");
              return 1;
       } else if (strcmp("install", command tokens[0]) == 0) {
              if (num_tokens == 3)
                     install(command tokens[1], command tokens[2]);
              else
                     printf("Invalid number of arguments passed to built-in install\n");
              return 1;
       return 0;
}
                    -----*/
/** Main **/
int main (void)
       init();
       while (1) {
              signal(SIGINT, handle signal);
              prompt();
              strcpy(command line, readline(""));
              if (strcmp(command line, "") == 0)
                     continue;
              if (*command line && command line)
                    add history(command line);
              tokenize_command();
              if (!is builtin())
                     execute command chain();
              clear command();
       return 0;
```

♣ ls.c

```
#include<dirent.h>
#include<stdio.h>
#include<string.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
#include<unistd.h>
#include<dirent.h>
#include<sys/types.h>
#include<sys/stat.h>
//print info about a single file from stat call
void print file info(struct dirent* file, struct stat filestat, int longlist, int all)
       if (!all && (file->d name[0] == '.') ) {
               return;
       char firstchar;
       if (S_ISREG(filestat.st_mode)) {
               firstchar = '-';
       } else if (S ISDIR(filestat.st mode)) {
               firstchar = 'd';
       } else if (S ISLNK(filestat.st mode)) {
               firstchar = 'l';
       } else {
               firstchar = 'u';
       int mode = filestat.st mode & 0777;
```

```
int size = filestat.st size;
       if (longlist) {
               printf("%c\t%o\t%d\t%s\n", firstchar, mode, size, file->d name);
       } else {
               printf("%s\t", file->d name);
}
int main(int argc, char* argv[], char* envp[])
       if (argv[1] \&\& (strcmp(argv[1], "--help")) == 0) {
               printf("Usage:\n\t-a: Do not ignore hidden entries\n\t-1: use longlisting\n");
               exit(EXIT SUCCESS);
       //process options
       int all=0, longlist=0, opt;
       while ((opt = getopt(argc, argv, "al")) != -1) {
               switch (opt) {
                      case 'a':
                              all = 1;
                              break;
                      case 'l':
                              longlist = 1;
                              break;
                      default:
                              printf("Unrecognised option. Please see help.\n");
                              exit(EXIT FAILURE);
               }
       DIR *argdir;
       //no arguments given
       if (optind >= argc) {
               argdir = opendir(getenv("PWD"));
       } else {
               argdir = opendir(argv[1]);
       if (!argdir) {
               printf("Could not open directory stream\n");
               exit(EXIT_FAILURE);
       struct dirent *files;
       while ((files = readdir(argdir)) != NULL) {
               struct stat filestat;
               stat(files->d name, &filestat);
               print_file_info(files, filestat, longlist, all);
       printf("\n");
       return 0;
```

♣ pwd.c

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<string.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
#include<unistd.h>
int main( int argc, char* argv[], char* envp[] )
        //get rid of this later
       if ((strcmp(argv[1], "es")) == 0) {
               system("cat echoes.txt");
               exit(EXIT SUCCESS);
       //process the options
       int escape = 0, newline = 1, opt;
       while ((opt = getopt(argc, argv, "ne")) != -1) {
               switch (opt) {
                       case 'n':
                              newline = 0;
                              break;
                       case 'e':
                              escape = 1;
                              break;
                       default:
                              printf("Unrecognised option. Please see help.\n");
                              exit(EXIT FAILURE);
       //handle case of no arguments
       if (optind >= argc) {
               if (newline) {
                      printf("\n");
               exit(EXIT SUCCESS);
       //handle each argument
       int i:
       for (i=optind; i<argc; i++) {
               char dest[1024];
               if (!escape) {
                       strcpy(dest, argv[i]);
               } else {
                       int si=0, di=0, eflag=0;
                       for (; si<strlen(argv[i]); si++) {</pre>
                              if (eflag == 0) {
                                      if (argv[i][si] != '\\')
                                              dest[di++] = argv[i][si];
                                      else
                                              eflag = 1;
                               } else if (eflag == 1) {
                                      switch (argv[i][si]) {
                                              case 'b': dest[di++] = '\b'; break;
                                              case 't': dest[di++] = '\t'; break;
                                              case 'n': dest[di++] = '\n'; break;
                                              case 'a': dest[di++] = '\a'; break;
                                              case 'r': dest[di++] = '\r'; break;
                                              case 'v': dest[di++] = '\v'; break;
                                              case '\\': dest[di++] = '\\'; break;
                                              default: dest[di++] = '\\'; dest[di++] = argv[i][si];
                                      eflag = 0;
                       dest[di] = 0;
                       }
               printf("%s ", dest);
        if (newline) {
               printf("\n");
       return 0;
```