

THROUGH THE LOOKING-GLASS EYES OF AN ANDROID

>_ @DroidconBos

Adrián Catalán
adrian@bitandik.com
[@ykro](https://twitter.com/@ykro)

[https://goo.gl/
/9BveZI](https://goo.gl/9BveZI)

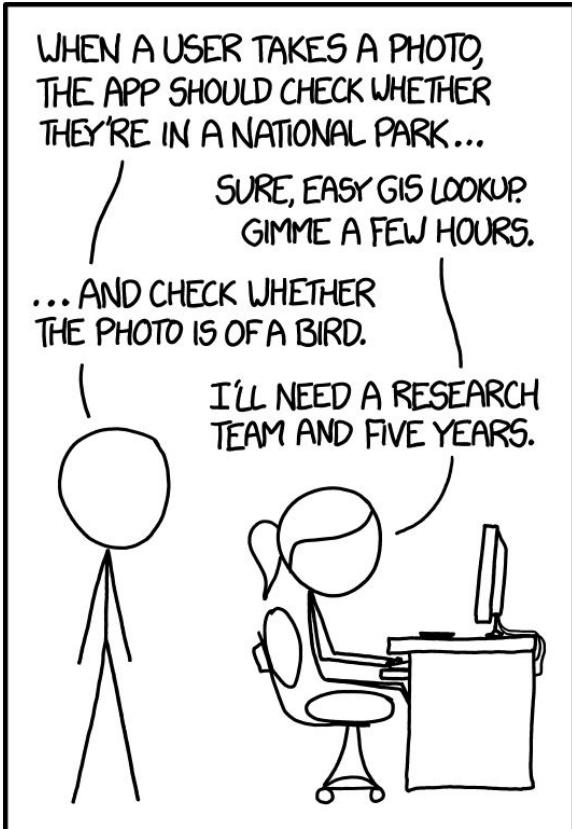
OK GOOGLE,
EXPLAIN MACHINE
LEARNING TO ME

p.s. in less than 45 minutes kthxbye



@ykro

#DroidconBos



IN CS, IT CAN BE HARD TO EXPLAIN
THE DIFFERENCE BETWEEN THE EASY
AND THE VIRTUALLY IMPOSSIBLE.

<https://xkcd.com/1425/>

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“IT'S A LARGE AS
LIFE AND TWICE
AS NATURAL”

Lewis Carroll

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Google achieves AI 'breakthrough' at Go

An artificial intelligence program developed by Google beats Europe's top player at the ancient Chinese game of Go, about a decade earlier than expected.

⌚ 27 January 2016 | [Technology](#)

▣ [How did they do it?](#)

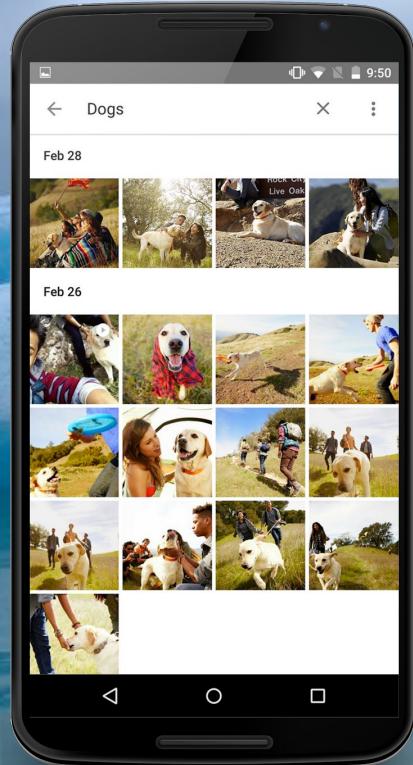
▣ [What is the game Go?](#)

[Facebook trains AI to beat humans at Go](#)

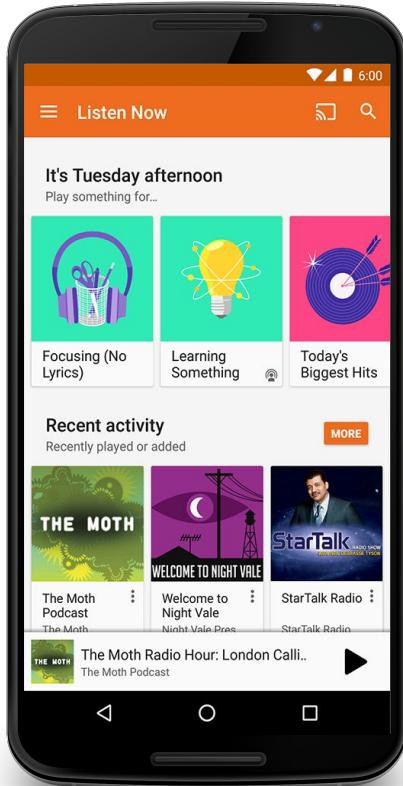




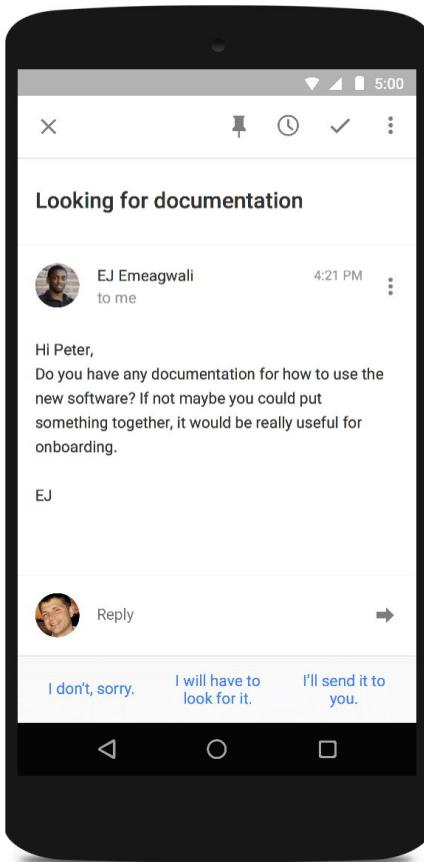
Google Photos



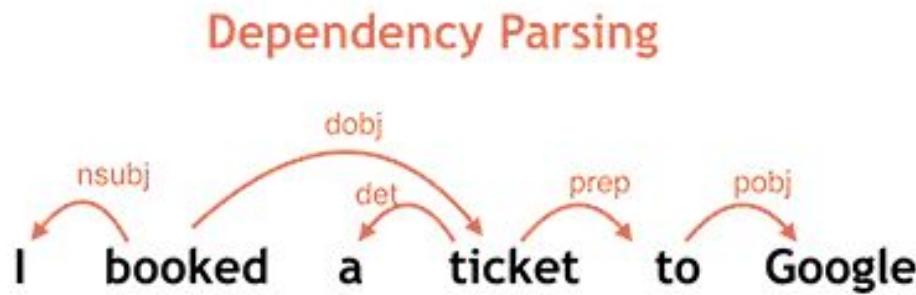
<https://research.googleblog.com/2016/06/wide-deep-learning-better-together-with.html>



<https://research.googleblog.com/2015/11/computer-respond-to-this-email.html>



<http://googleresearch.blogspot.com/2016/05/announcing-syntaxnet-worlds-most.html>



<http://selfdrivingcars.mit.edu/deeptrafficjs/>

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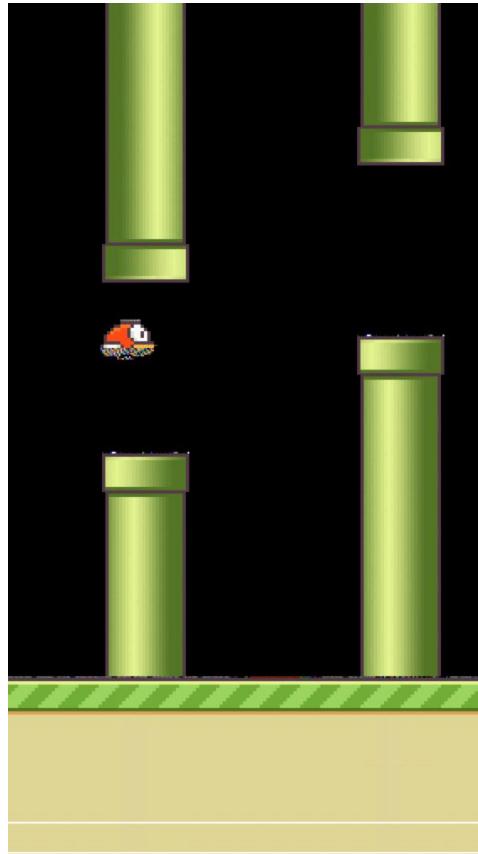
<https://github.com/lengstrom/fast-style-transfer>



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<https://github.com/yenchenlin/DeepLearningFlappyBird>



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"AS SOON AS IT
WORKS, NO ONE
CALLS IT AI ANYMORE"

John McCarthy



Amy Hoy
@amyhoy

 Follow



by today's definition, $y=mx+b$ is an artificial intelligence bot that can tell you where a line is going

RETWEETS

2,797

LIKES

4,786



8:44 AM - 29 Mar 2017

@ykro

#DroidconBos

CAN MACHINES LEARN?

Yes, kind of, with lots of data (and processing power).

CAN MACHINES LEARN?

Bedrooms	Sq. feet	Neighborhood	Sale price
3	2000	Normaltown	\$250,000
2	800	Hipsterton	\$300,000
2	850	Normaltown	\$150,000
1	550	Normaltown	\$78,000
4	2000	Skid Row	\$150,000

SUPERVISED LEARNING

Bedrooms	Sq. feet	Neighborhood	Sale price
3	2000	Hipsterton	???

UNSUPERVISED LEARNING

Bedrooms	Sq. feet	Neighborhood
3	2000	Normaltown
2	800	Hipsterton
2	850	Normaltown
1	550	Normaltown
4	2000	Skid Row

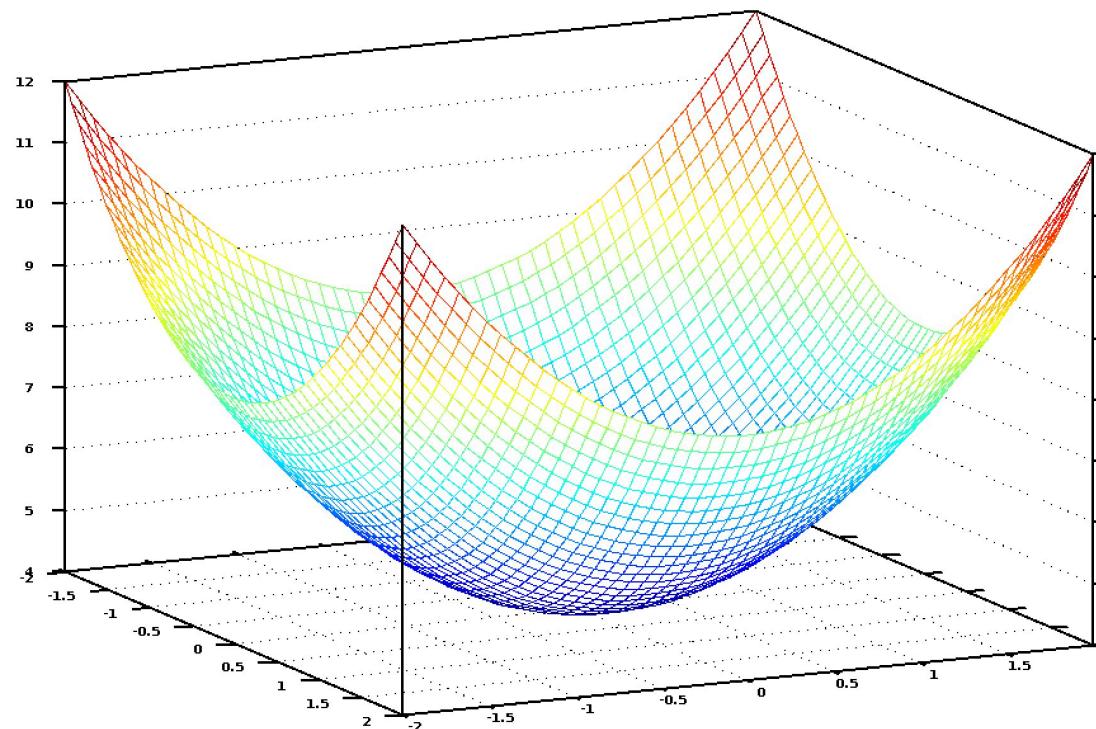
LET'S DO MACHINE LEARNING

1. Initialize weights
2. Calculate error

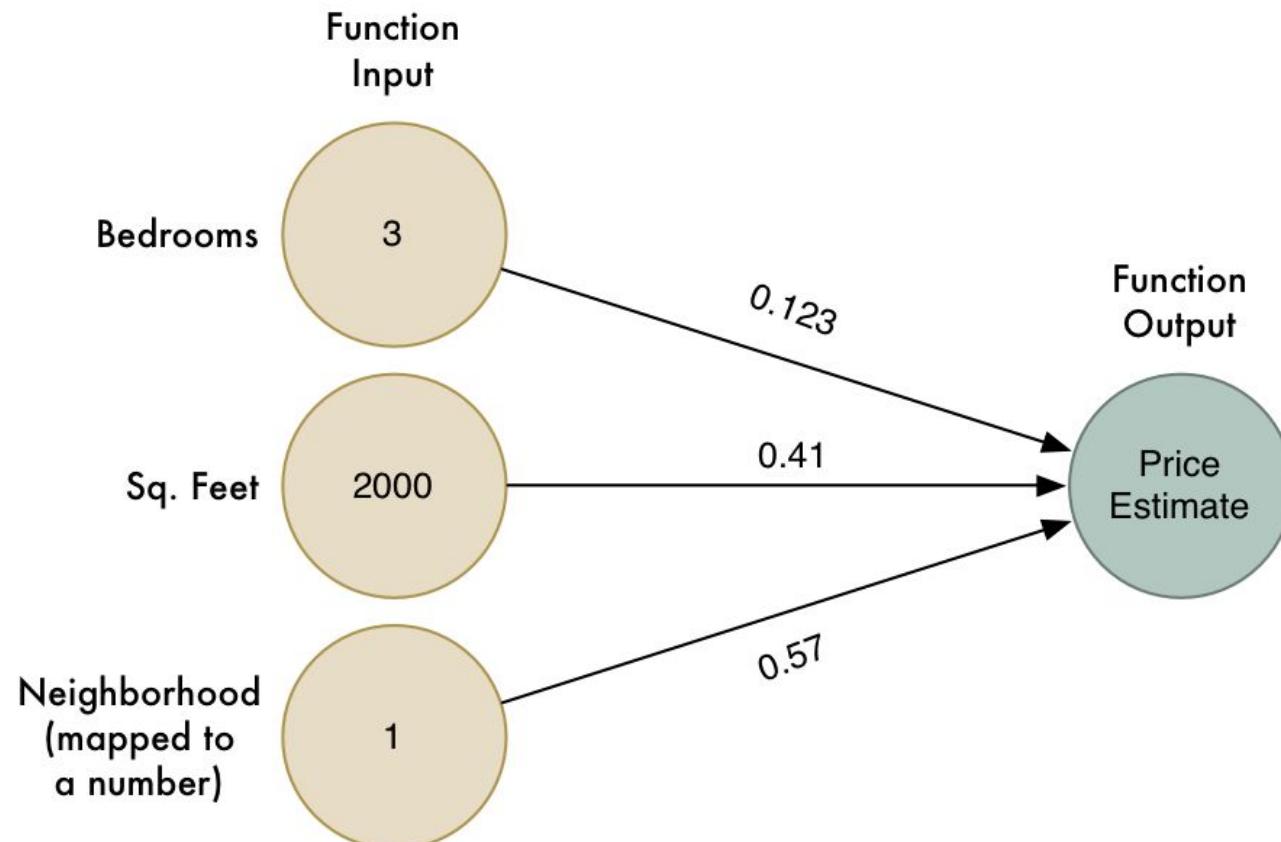
$$J(\theta) = \frac{1}{2m} \sum_{i=1}^m (h_\theta(x^{(i)}) - y^{(i)})^2$$

3. Try new values to minimize error

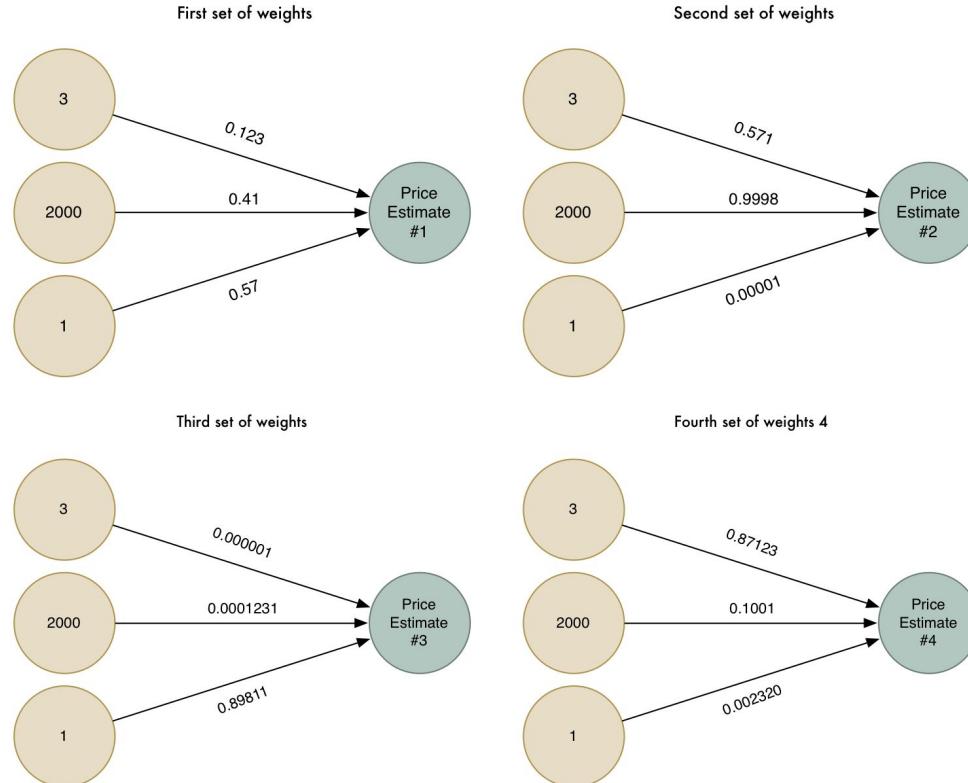
LET'S DO MACHINE LEARNING



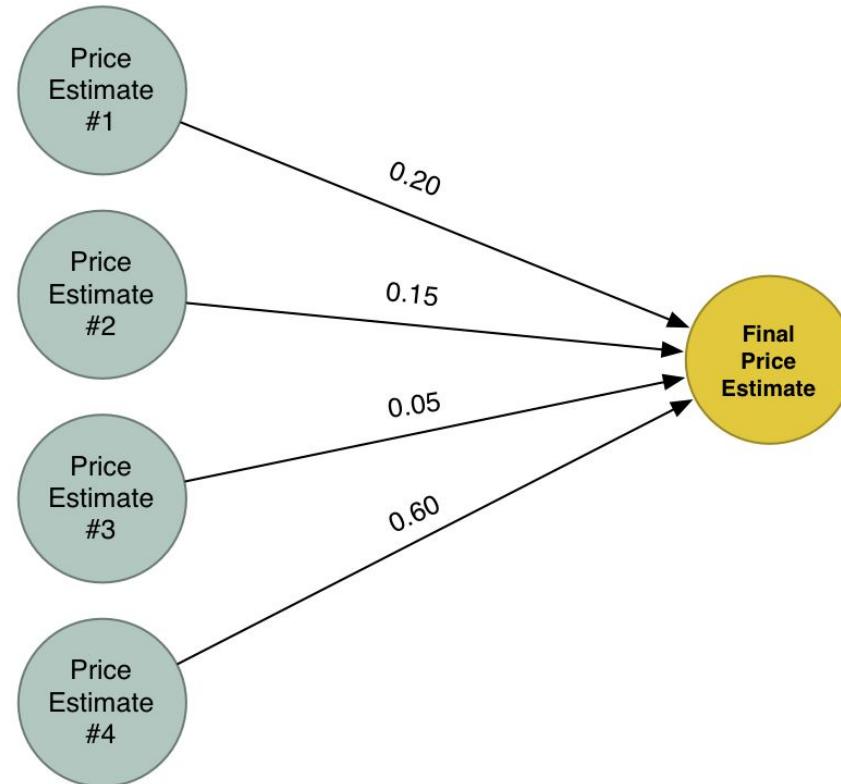
NEURAL NETWORKS



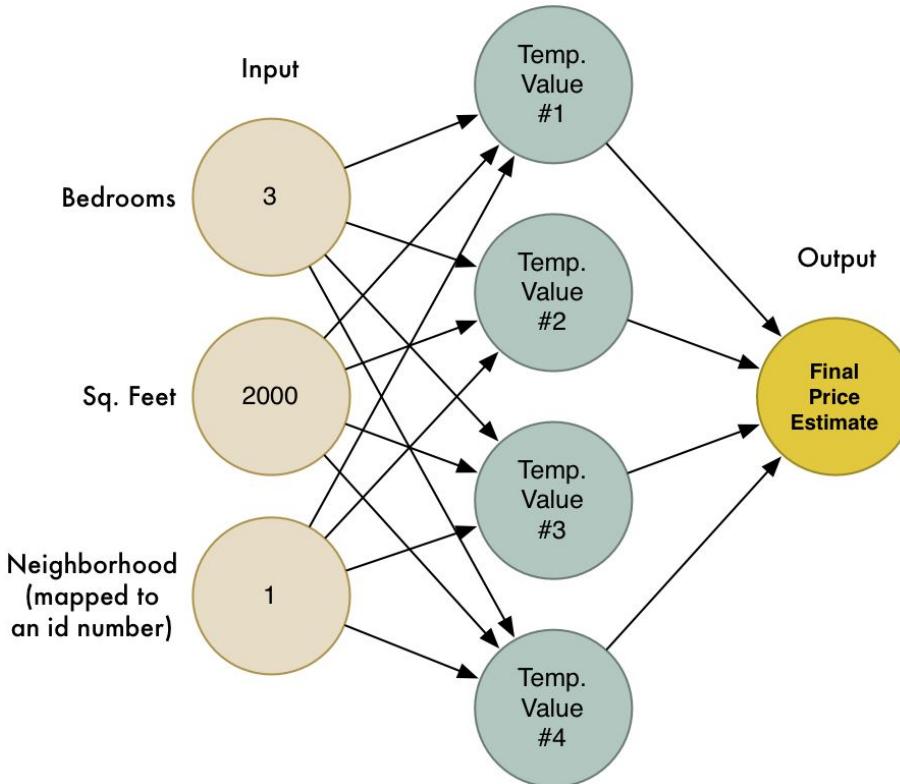
NEURAL NETWORKS



NEURAL NETWORKS



NEURAL NETWORKS



NEURAL NETWORKS

A mostly complete chart of

Neural Networks

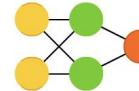
©2016 Fjodor van Veen - asimovinstitute.org

- (○) Backfed Input Cell
- (○) Input Cell
- (△) Noisy Input Cell
- (●) Hidden Cell
- (○) Probabilistic Hidden Cell
- (△) Spiking Hidden Cell
- (●) Output Cell
- (○) Match Input Output Cell
- (●) Recurrent Cell
- (○) Memory Cell
- (△) Different Memory Cell
- (●) Kernel
- (○) Convolution or Pool

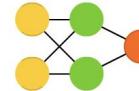
Perceptron (P)



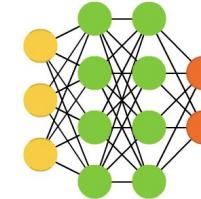
Feed Forward (FF)



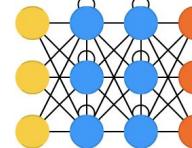
Radial Basis Network (RBF)



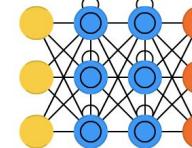
Deep Feed Forward (DFF)



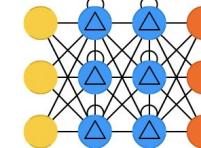
Recurrent Neural Network (RNN)



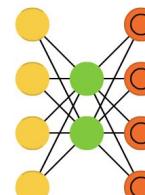
Long / Short Term Memory (LSTM)



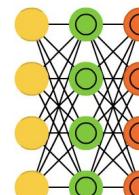
Gated Recurrent Unit (GRU)



Auto Encoder (AE)



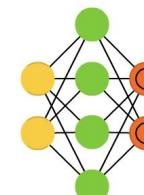
Variational AE (VAE)



Denoising AE (DAE)



Sparse AE (SAE)



HOW TO START

Three different ways, different complexity

1. Using an API (cloud or mobile based)
2. Use an existing local model, re-train or tune it with our data.
3. Develop a new model, to solve new problems.

More
flexible,
requires
more effort



“WELL, NOW THAT WE
HAVE **SEEN** EACH OTHER”
SAID THE , “IF YOU'LL
BELIEVE IN ME, I'LL
BELIEVE IN YOU.”

Carroll

Lewis

USING AN API

- Get the API Key
- Import SDK(if exists) to my app
- Call the REST API

FaceDetectionGCV

Use the floating action button to select an image



FaceDetectionGCV

Use the floating action button to select an image



Choose a picture

CAMERA GALLERY

FaceDetectionGCV

Use the floating action button to select an image



Choose a picture

CAMERA GALLERY



FaceDetectionGCV

Use the floating action button to select an image



<https://cloud.google.com/products/machine-learning/>

Google Cloud Platform

Why Google Products Solutions Launcher Pricing Customers Documentation Support Partners

CONTACT S

Console ::

CLOUD MACHINE LEARNING SERVICES

Fast, large scale and easy to use Machine Learning services



VIEW DOCUMENTATION

VIEW CONSOLE

Mainstream Machine Learning

Google Cloud Machine Learning provides **modern machine learning services**, with **pre-trained models** and a service to generate **your own tailored models**. Our neural net-based ML service has better training performance and **increased accuracy** compared to other large scale deep learning systems. Our services that are fast, scalable and easy to use. Major Google applications use Cloud Machine Learning, including Photos (image search), the Google app (voice search), Translate, and Inbox (Smart Reply). Our platform is now available as a cloud service to bring **unmatched scale and speed** to your business applications.



GOOGLE'S CLOUD VISION API

Faces

Faces, facial landmarks, emotions



Label

Detect entities from furniture to transportation



OCR

Read and extract text, with support for > 10 languages



Logos

Identify product logos



Safe Search

Detect explicit content - adult, violent, medical and spoof



Landmarks & Image Properties

Detect landmarks & dominant color of image



<https://github.com/ykro/face-recognition-google-cloud-vision/blob/master/app/src/main/java/com/bitandik/labs/facedetectiongcv/utils/CloudVisionUtils.java>

```
BatchAnnotateImagesRequest batchAnnotateImagesRequest
                        = new BatchAnnotateImagesRequest();
batchAnnotateImagesRequest.setRequests(new ArrayList<AnnotateImageRequest>()
{{
    AnnotateImageRequest annotateImageRequest = new AnnotateImageRequest();
    ...
    byte[] imageBytes = byteArrayOutputStream.toByteArray();
    base64EncodedImage.encodeContent(imageBytes);
    annotateImageRequest.setImage(base64EncodedImage);
    ...
}}
```

<https://github.com/ykro/face-recognition-google-cloud-vision/blob/master/app/src/main/java/com/bitandik/labs/facedetectiongcv/utils/CloudVisionUtils.java>

```
{}  
...  
annotateImageRequest.setFeatures(new ArrayList<Feature>() {{  
    Feature labelDetection = new Feature();  
    labelDetection.setType(String.valueOf(Detection.LABEL_DETECTION));  
    labelDetection.setMaxResults(MAX_LABELS);  
    add(labelDetection);  
  
    Feature faceDetection = new Feature();  
    faceDetection.setType(String.valueOf(Detection.FACE_DETECTION));  
    faceDetection.setMaxResults(MAX_FACES);  
    add(faceDetection);  
}});  
add(annotateImageRequest);  
});
```

<https://github.com/ykro/face-recognition-google-cloud-vision/blob/master/app/src/main/java/com/bitandik/labs/facedetectiongcv/utils/CloudVisionUtils.java>

```
Vision.Builder builder = new Vision.Builder(httpTransport, jsonFactory, null);
builder.setVisionRequestInitializer(new VisionRequestInitializer(APIKey));

Vision vision = builder.build();
Vision.Images.Annotate annotateRequest =
    vision.images().annotate(batchAnnotateImagesRequest);

annotateRequest.setDisableGZipContent(true);
response = annotateRequest.execute();
```

Use the floating action button to select an image



Choose a picture

CAMERA GALLERY



```
if (response != null &&
    response.getResponses() != null &&
    response.getResponses().size() > 0) {

    List<EntityAnnotation> labels = response
        .getResponses()
        .get(0)
        .getLabelAnnotations();

    if (labels != null) {
        for (EntityAnnotation label : labels) {
            message += String.format(Locale.US,
                "%.3f: %s",
                label.getScore(),
                label.getDescription())
        }
    }
}
```

```
if (response != null &&
    response.getResponses() != null &&
    response.getResponses().size() > 0) {
    List<FaceAnnotation> faces = response
        .getResponses().get(0)
        .getFaceAnnotations();
    if (faces != null) {
        for (FaceAnnotation currentFace : faces) {
            List<Vertex> vertexBounds =
                currentFace
                    .getFdBoundingPoly().getVertices();
            RectF faceRectangle = new
                RectF(vertexBounds.get(0).getX(),
                      vertexBounds.get(0).getY(),
                      vertexBounds.get(2).getX(),
                      vertexBounds.get(2).getY());
            facesRectangles.add(faceRectangle);
        }
    }
}
```

FaceDetectionGCV

Use the floating action button to select an image



```
if (joyLikelihood.equals(
        String.valueOf(Likelihood.LIKELY)))
|| joyLikelihood.equals(
        String.valueOf(Likelihood.VERY_LIKELY))) {
for (Landmark currentLandmark :
        currentFace.getLandmarks()) {
    if (currentLandmark.get(LANDMARK_TYPE)
        .equals(String.valueOf(LandmarkType.MOUTH_LEFT))) {
        mouthLeft = currentLandmark.getPosition();
    } ...
}
if (mouthLeft != null && mouthRight != null &&
    lowerLip != null && upperLip != null) {
    RectF mouthRectangle = new RectF(mouthLeft.getX(),
        upperLip.getY(),
        mouthRight.getX(),
        lowerLip.getY());
    facesRectangles.add(mouthRectangle);
}
}
```

FaceDetectionGCV

Use the floating action button to select an image



<https://microsoft.com/cognitive-services>

 Microsoft

Cognitive Services

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Cognitive Services APIs

Tap into the power of machine learning with easy-to-use REST APIs.

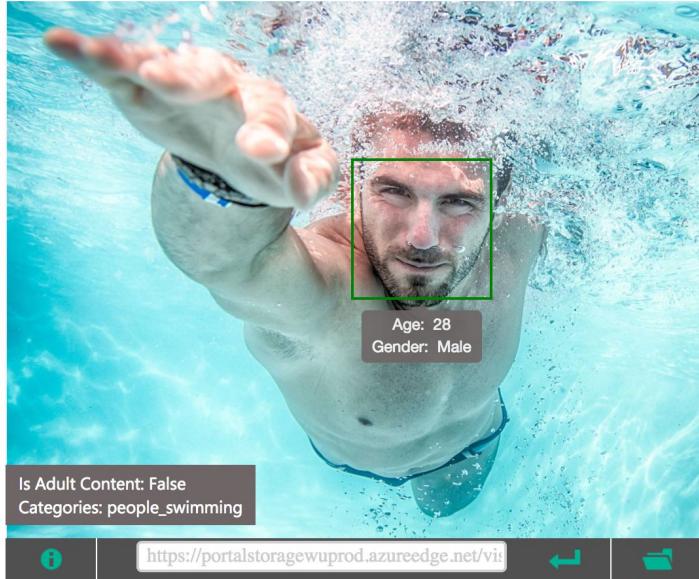
[Get started for free](#)



Put intelligence APIs to work

Microsoft Cognitive Services let you build apps with powerful algorithms using just a few lines of code. They work across devices and platforms such as iOS, Android, and Windows, keep improving, and are

<https://www.microsoft.com/cognitive-services/en-us/computer-vision-api>



Features:	
Feature Name	Value
Description	{ "type": 0, "captions": [{ "text": "a man swimming in a pool of water", "confidence": 0.7850108693093019 }] }
Tags	[{ "name": "water", "confidence": 0.9996442794799805 }, { "name": "sport", "confidence": 0.9504992365837097 }, { "name": "swimming", "confidence": 0.9062818288803101, "hint": "sport" }, { "name": "pool", "confidence": 0.8787588477134705 }, { "name": "water sport", "confidence": 0.631849467754364, "hint": "sport" }]
Image Format	jpeg
Image Dimensions	1500 x 1155
Clip Art Type	0 Non-clipart
Line Drawing Type	0 Non-LineDrawing
Black & White Image	False



<https://github.com/ykro/face-recognition-cognitive-services/blob/master/app/src/main/java/com/bitandik/labs/facerecognitioncs/utils/CognitiveServicesUtils.java>

```
String[] features = {"ImageType", "Color", "Faces", "Adult", "Categories",
"Tags", "Description"};
String[] details = {};

ByteArrayOutputStream output = new ByteArrayOutputStream();
bitmap.compress(Bitmap.CompressFormat.JPEG, 100, output);
ByteArrayInputStream inputStream = new
ByteArrayInputStream(output.toByteArray());

AnalysisResult v = this.client.analyzeImage(inputStream, features, details);
```

```
if (response.description != null) {
    if (response.description.tags != null) {
        message += "Description tags\n" +
        response.description.tags.toString() + "\n";
    }

List<Caption> captions = response.description.captions;
if (captions != null) {
    message += "Captions\n";
    for (Caption caption : captions) {
        message += String.format(Locale.US, "%.3f: %s\n",
            caption.confidence,
            caption.text);
    }
}
}
```





```
if (response.faces != null && !response.faces.isEmpty()) {  
    message += "Faces\n";  
  
    for (Face face : response.faces) {  
        message += String.format(Locale.US, "%d: Age\n",  
                               face.age);  
        message += String.format(Locale.US, "%s: Gender\n",  
                               face.gender);  
        RectF faceRectangle = new  
            RectF(face.faceRectangle.left,  
                  face.faceRectangle.top,  
                  face.faceRectangle.left + face.faceRectangle.width,  
                  face.faceRectangle.top + face.faceRectangle.height);  
        facesRectangles.add(faceRectangle);  
    }  
}
```

<https://ibm.com/watson/developercloud/services-catalog.html>

Watson Developer Cloud

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APIs ▾ Docs Developer Tools Starter Kits Community

Watson Services

Take your first step into the cognitive era with our variety of smart services.

All General Availability Beta Experimental Retired

LANGUAGE



AlchemyLanguage



Conversation



Dialog

<https://www.ibm.com/watson/developercloud/visual-recognition.html>

Visual Recognition understands the contents of images - visual concepts tag the image, find human faces, approximate age and gender, and find similar images in a collection. You can also train the service by creating your own custom concepts. Use Visual Recognition to detect a dress type in retail, identify spoiled fruit in inventory, and more.

TRY IT OUT

Evaluate

Analyze images for scenes, objects, faces, colors, and other subjects that can give you insights into your visual content.

[View demo](#)

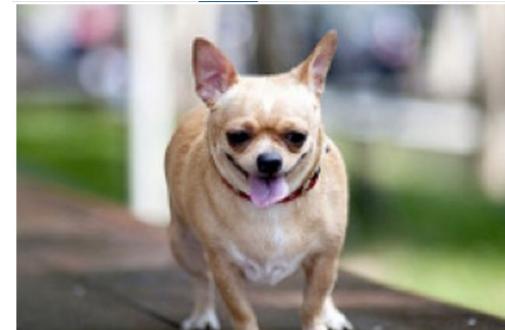
Train

Create and train your custom image classifiers using your own collections.

[View demo](#)

Search for Similarity BETA

Submit an image to search your corpus for similar images.

[View demo](#)[JSON](#)

Classes	Score
Chihuahua dog	0.97
small dog	0.98
dog	0.98
domestic animal	0.98
animal	0.98
pale yellow color	0.70
tan color	0.68

<https://github.com/ykro/face-recognition-watson/blob/master/app/src/main/java/com/bitandik/labs/facerecognitionwatson/utils/WatsonUtils.java>

```
ClassifyImagesOptions classificationOptions = new ClassifyImagesOptions
.Builder()
.images(file)
.build();

VisualClassification classificationResult = service
.classify(classificationOptions)
.execute();

VisualRecognitionOptions recognitionOptions = new VisualRecognitionOptions
.Builder()
.images(file)
.build();

DetectedFaces recognitionResult = service
.detectFaces(recognitionOptions)
.execute();
```

```
List<ImageClassification> images =  
classification.getImages();  
if (images != null) {  
    for (ImageClassification imgClassification : images) {  
        List<VisualClassifier> classifiers =  
            imgClassification.getClassifiers();  
        if (classifiers != null) {  
            for (VisualClassifier classifier : classifiers){  
                List<VisualClassifier.VisualClass> classes =  
                    classifier.getClasses();  
                for (VisualClassifier.VisualClass visualClass :  
                    classes) {  
                    message += String.format(Locale.US,  
                        "%.3f: %s\n",  
                        visualClass.getScore(),  
                        visualClass.getName());  
                }  
            }  
        }  
    }  
}
```



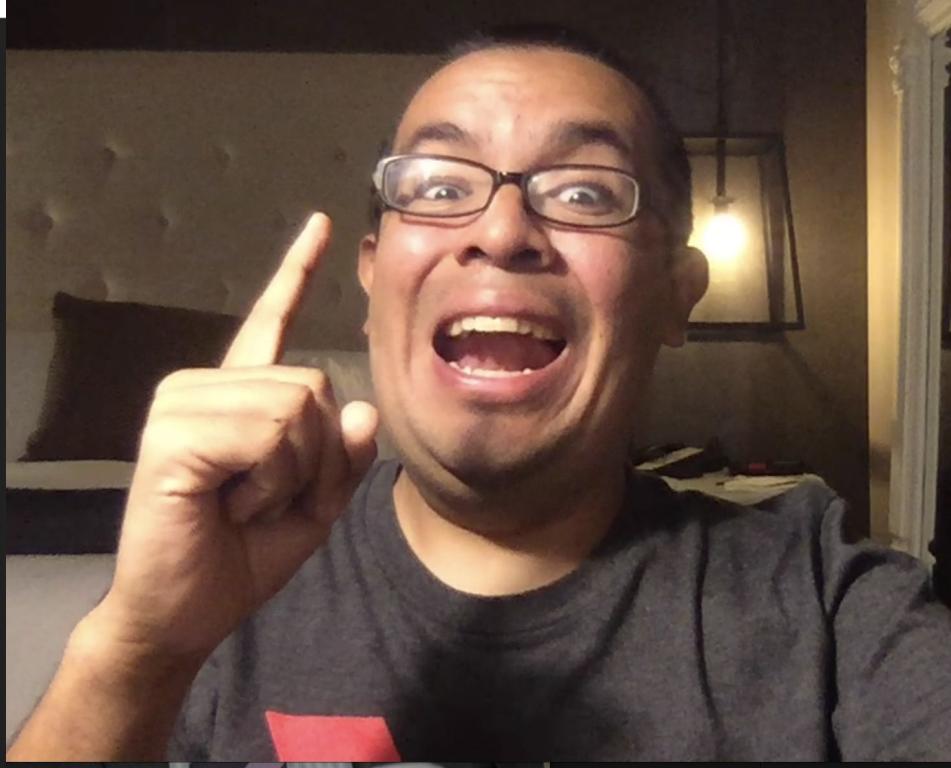
```
if (facesImages != null) {
    for (ImageFace imgFace : facesImages) {
        List<Face> detectedFaces = imgFace.getFaces();
        if (detectedFaces != null) {
            for (Face face : detectedFaces){
                Face.Age age = face.getAge();
                if (age != null && age.getScore() > 0.35f){
                    message += String.format(Locale.US,
                        "%.3f Min:%d Max:%d\n",
                        age.getScore(), age.getMin(),
                        age.getMax());
                }
                Face.Gender gender = face.getGender();
                if (gender != null && gender.getScore() > 0.0f) {
                    message += String.format(Locale.US,
                        "%.3f: Gender %s\n",
                        gender.getScore(),
                        gender.getGender());
                }
            }
        ...
    }
}
```



```
...
Face.Identity identity = face.getIdentity();
if (identity != null) {
    message += String.format(Locale.US, "%.3f: %s\n",
identity.getScore(), identity.getName());
}

Location location = face.getLocation();
if (location != null) {
    RectF faceRectangle = new RectF(location.getLeft(),
                                    location.getTop(),
                                    location.getLeft() +
                                    location.getWidth(),
                                    location.getTop() +
                                    location.getHeight());
    facesRectangles.add(faceRectangle);
}
```





https://dev.havenondemand.com/apis

HPE Haven OnDemand

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APIs

APIs

Browse all of our APIs or select a category to filter the view. Click on an API to see detailed information for the API including a descriptive overview and the request and response formats.

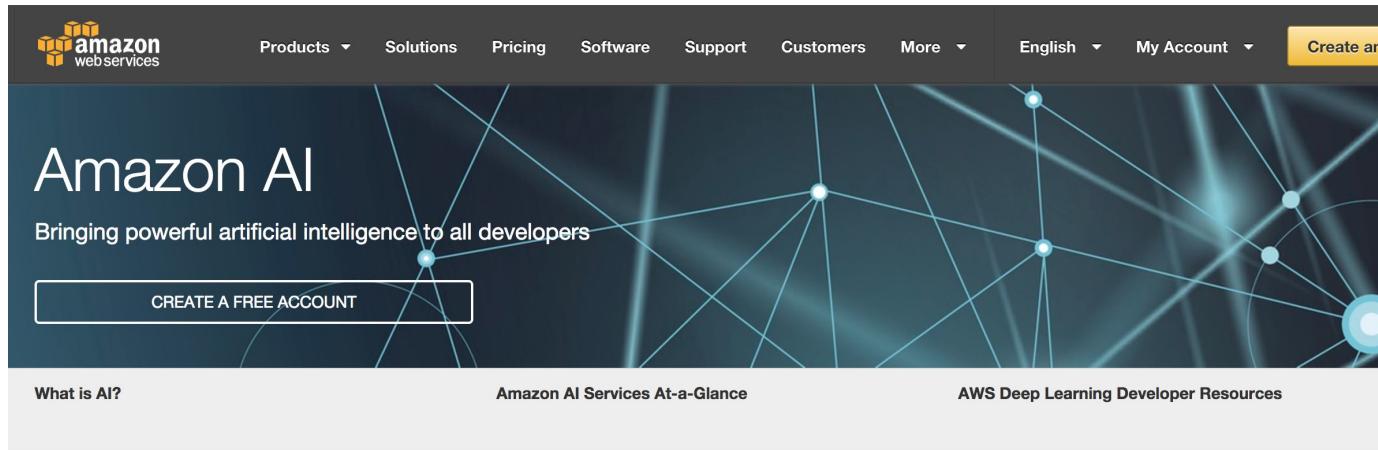
View:	All by category	grid	list
-------	-----------------	------	------

API	Description	Try	Previous
Audio-Video Analytics			
 Detect Scene Changes	Detect scene changes in the input video.	Try	Previous
 License Plate Recognition	Detects and reads license plates in a video file.	Try	Previous
 Speech Recognition	Transcribes speech to text from a video or audio file.	Try	

Combinations	Log in to try
 Execute Combination	Log in to try

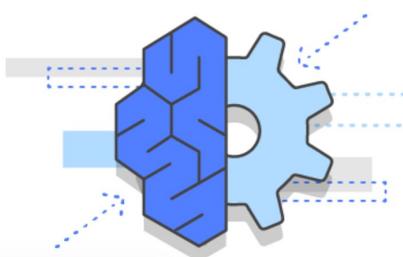
Connectors	Log in to try
 Cancel Connector Schedule	Log in to try
 Connector History	Log in to try
 Connector Status	Log in to try

<https://aws.amazon.com/amazon-ai/>



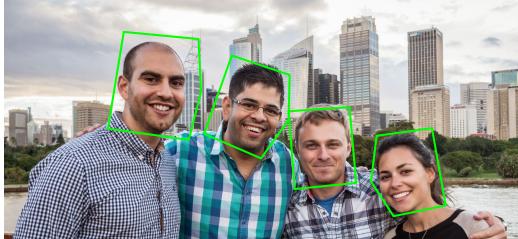
The screenshot shows the Amazon AI homepage. At the top, the AWS logo is followed by a navigation bar with links for Products, Solutions, Pricing, Software, Support, Customers, More, English, My Account, and a yellow "Create an Account" button. The main header features the text "Amazon AI" and "Bringing powerful artificial intelligence to all developers". Below this is a large "CREATE A FREE ACCOUNT" button. The background is a dark blue gradient with a network of glowing cyan lines and dots, symbolizing connectivity and data flow. At the bottom of the main section are three links: "What is AI?", "Amazon AI Services At-a-Glance", and "AWS Deep Learning Developer Resources".

AWS offers a family of AI services that provide cloud-native machine learning and deep learning technologies to address your different use cases and needs. Amazon AI services bring natural language understanding (NLU), automatic speech recognition (ASR), visual search and image recognition, text-to-speech (TTS), and machine learning (ML) technologies within reach of every developer. Amazon Lex make it easy to build sophisticated text and voice chatbots, powered by Alexa. Amazon Rekognition provides deep learning-based image recognition. Amazon Polly turns text into lifelike speech, and Amazon Machine Learning allows you to quickly build smart ML applications. Amazon AI services make it easy to develop cross-platform applications that securely deploy into production. As fully managed services, Amazon AI services scale seamlessly with low latency and are



Face API

faces, facial landmarks, eyes open, smiling



Barcode API

1D and 2D barcodes



Text API

Latin-based text / structure



Common Mobile Vision API

Support for fast image and video on-device detection and tracking.

<https://github.com/ykro/mobile-vision-overlay-example/blob/master/app/src/main/java/com/bitandik/labs/mobilevisionexample/CustomFaceTracker.java>

```
class CustomFaceTracker extends Tracker<Face> {
    private ImageOverlay imageOverlay;
    public CustomFaceTracker(ImageOverlay imageOverlay) { this.imageOverlay = imageOverlay; }
    @Override
    public void onNewItem(int id, Face face) {}
    @Override
    public void onUpdate(FaceDetector.Detections<Face> detectionResults, Face face) {
        imageOverlay.update(face.getPosition(), face.getWidth(), face.getHeight());
    }
    @Override
    public void onMissing(FaceDetector.Detections<Face> detectionResults) {
        imageOverlay.clear();
    }
    @Override
    public void onDone() {
        imageOverlay.clear();
    }
}
```

<https://github.com/ykro/mobile-vision-overlay-example/blob/master/app/src/main/java/com/bitandik/labs/mobilevisionexample/ImageOverlay.java>

```
protected void onDraw(Canvas canvas) {
    super.onDraw(canvas);
    if ((previewWidth != 0) && (previewHeight != 0)) {
        widthScale = (float) canvas.getWidth() / (float) previewWidth;
        heightScale = (float) canvas.getHeight() / (float) previewHeight;
    }
    if (drawing) {
        Bitmap scaledBitmap = Bitmap.createScaledBitmap(mBitmap,
                Math.round(scaleX(faceWidth)),
                Math.round(scaleY(faceHeight)), true);
        canvas.drawBitmap(scaledBitmap,
                (canvas.getWidth() - scaleX(facePosition.x + faceWidth)),
                scaleY(facePosition.y), paint);
    } else {
        canvas.drawColor(0, PorterDuff.Mode.CLEAR);
    }
}
```



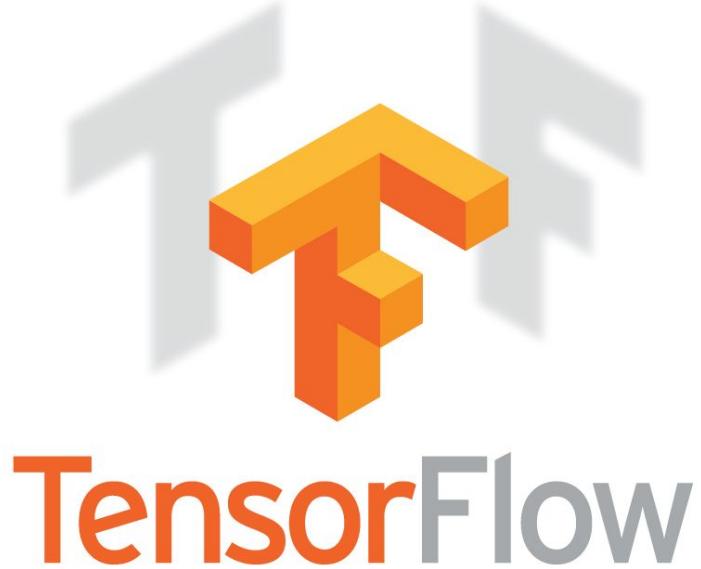
```
imageOverlay = (ImageOverlay) findViewById(R.id.faceOverlay);

FaceDetector detector = new FaceDetector.Builder(context)
    .setLandmarkType(FaceDetector.ALL_LANDMARKS)
    .setTrackingEnabled(true)
    .setMode(FaceDetector.FAST_MODE)
    .setProminentFaceOnly(true)
    .setMinFaceSize(0.35f)
    .build();

Tracker<Face> tracker = new CustomFaceTracker(imageOverlay);
```



```
Detector.Processor<Face> processor = new  
    LargestFaceFocusingProcessor.  
        Builder(detector, tracker).  
        build();  
  
detector.setProcessor(processor);  
  
cameraSource = new CameraSource.Builder(context, detector)  
    .setFacing(CameraSource.CAMERA_FACING_FRONT)  
    .setRequestedPreviewSize(320, 240)  
    .setRequestedFps(60.0f)  
    .setAutoFocusEnabled(true)  
    .build();  
  
preview = (SourcePreview) findViewById(R.id.preview);  
preview.setCameraSource(cameraSource);  
preview.setOverlay(imageOverlay);
```

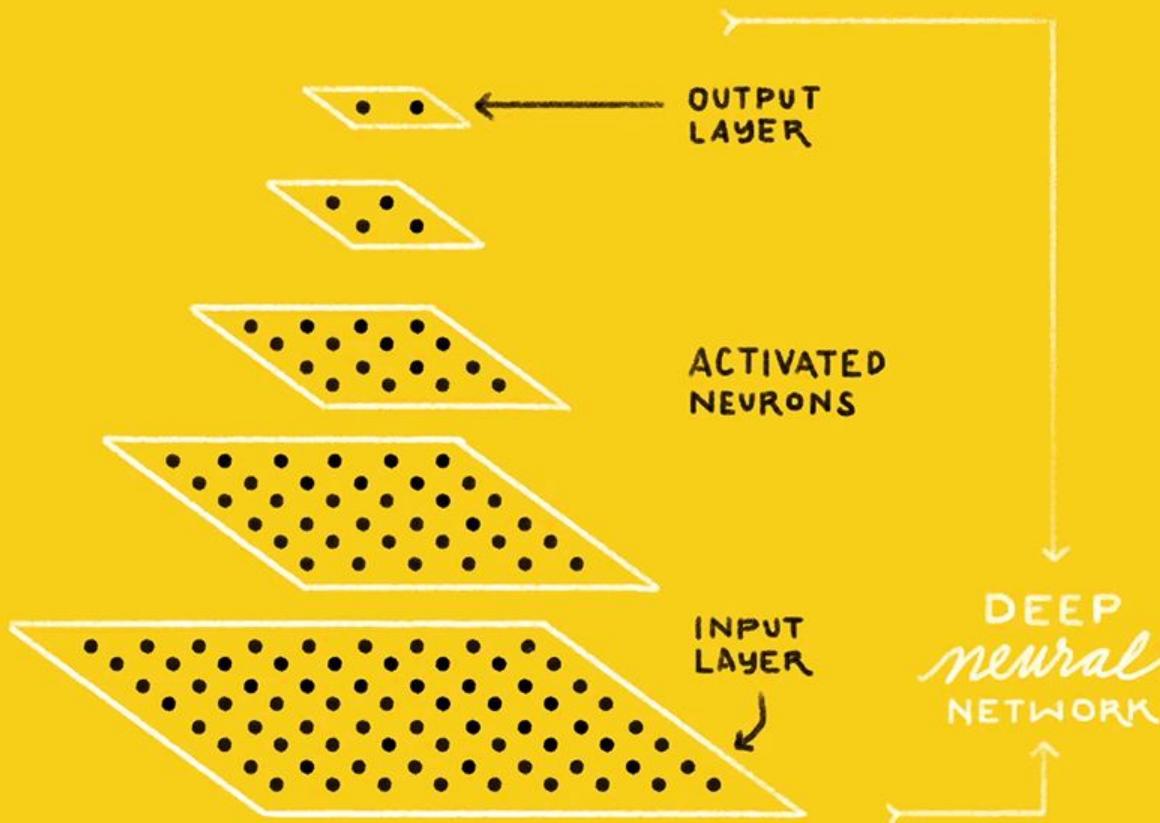


- **Open source** Machine Learning library
- Especially useful for **Deep Learning**
- For research **and** production
- **Apache 2.0** license

IS THIS A
CAT or DOG?



CAT DOG



<http://playground.tensorflow.org/>

Tinker With a **Neural Network** Right Here in Your Browser.
Don't Worry, You Can't Break It. We Promise.



Iterations
000,000

Learning rate
0.03

Activation
Tanh

Regularization
None

Regularization rate
0

Problem type
Classification

DATA

Which dataset do you want to use?



Ratio of training to test data: 50%

Noise: 0

Batch size: 10

FEATURES

Which properties do you want to feed in?



+ - 2 HIDDEN LAYERS

+

-

4 neurons



+

-

2 neurons



The outputs are mixed with varying weights, shown by the thickness of the lines.
This is the output from one neuron. Hover to see it larger.

OUTPUT

Test loss 0.500
Training loss 0.509



RE-TRAIN

```
docker run -it -v /tf_files:/tf_files \
gcr.io/tensorflow/tensorflow:latest-devel
cd /tensorflow
git pull
git checkout v1.0.1
```

RE-TRAIN

```
python tensorflow/examples/image_retraining/retrain.py \
--bottleneck_dir=/tf_files/bottlenecks \
--how_many_training_steps 100 \
--model_dir=/tf_files/inception \
--output_graph=/tf_files/retrained_graph.pb \
--output_labels=/tf_files/retrained_labels.txt \
--image_dir /tf_files/
```

BUILD

```
./configure  
bazel build tensorflow/python/tools:optimize_for_inference  
bazel build tensorflow/examples/label_image:label_image
```

OPTIMIZE

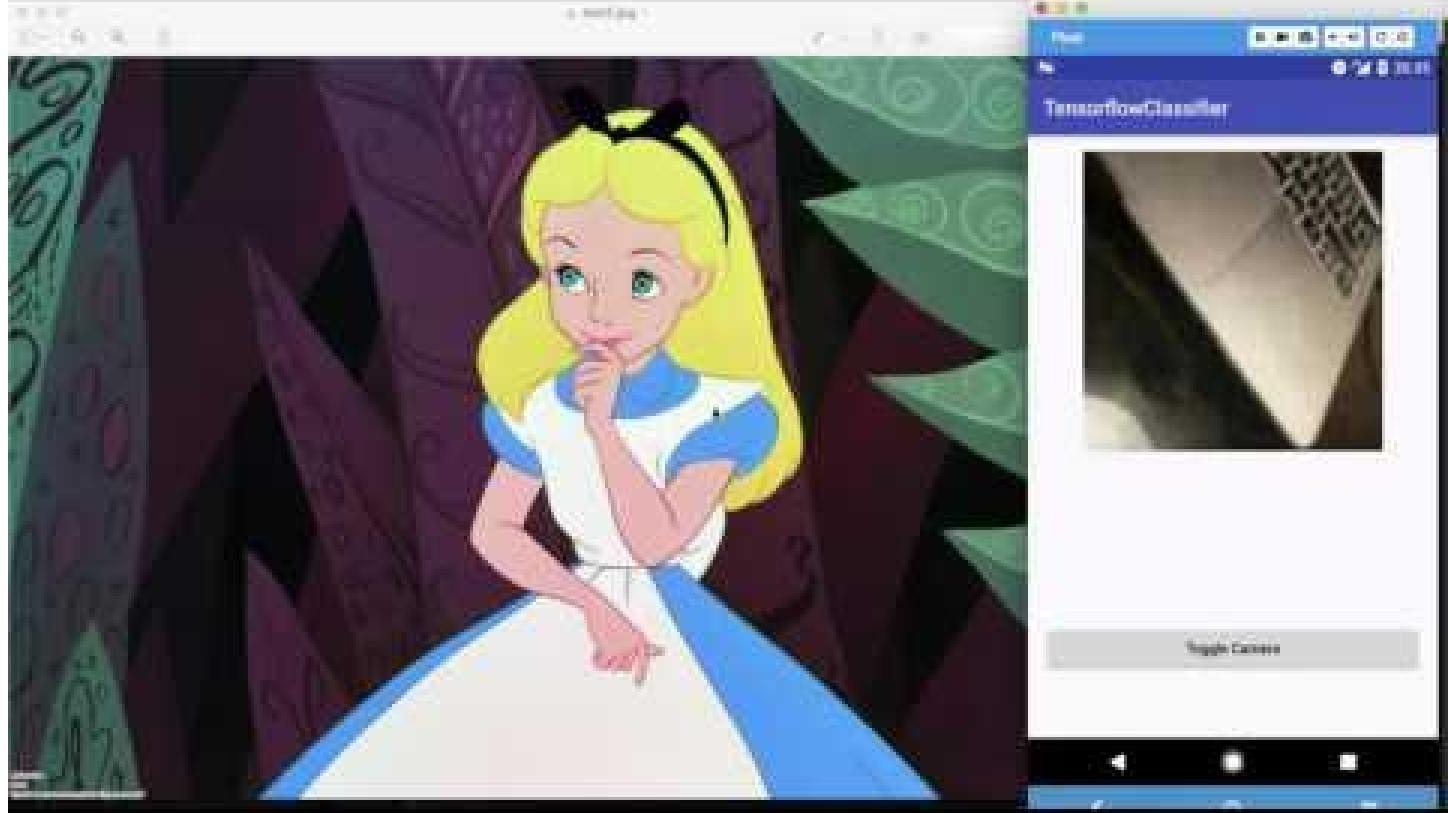
```
bazel-bin/tensorflow/python/tools/optimize_for_inference \
--input=/tf_files/retrained_graph.pb \
--output=/tf_files/retrained_graph_optimized.pb \
--input_names=Mul \
--output_names=final_result
```

TRY IT OUT

```
bazel-bin/tensorflow/examples/label_image/label_image \
--output_layer=final_result \
--labels=tf_files/retrained_labels.txt \
--image=tf_files/test.jpg \
--graph=tf_files/retrained_graph.pb
```

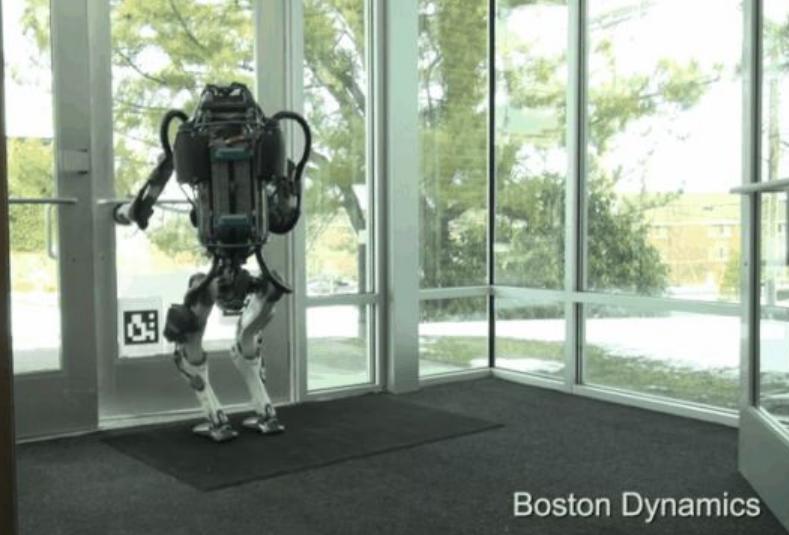
<https://github.com/ykro/TensorflowClassifier/blob/master/app/src/main/java/com/bitandik/labs/tensorflowclassifier/MainActivity.java>

```
public class MainActivity extends AppCompatActivity {  
  
    private static final int INPUT_SIZE = 299;  
  
    private static final int IMAGE_MEAN = 128;  
  
    private static final float IMAGE_STD = 128;  
  
    private static final String INPUT_NAME = "Mul";  
  
    private static final String OUTPUT_NAME = "final_result";  
  
    ...  
  
}
```

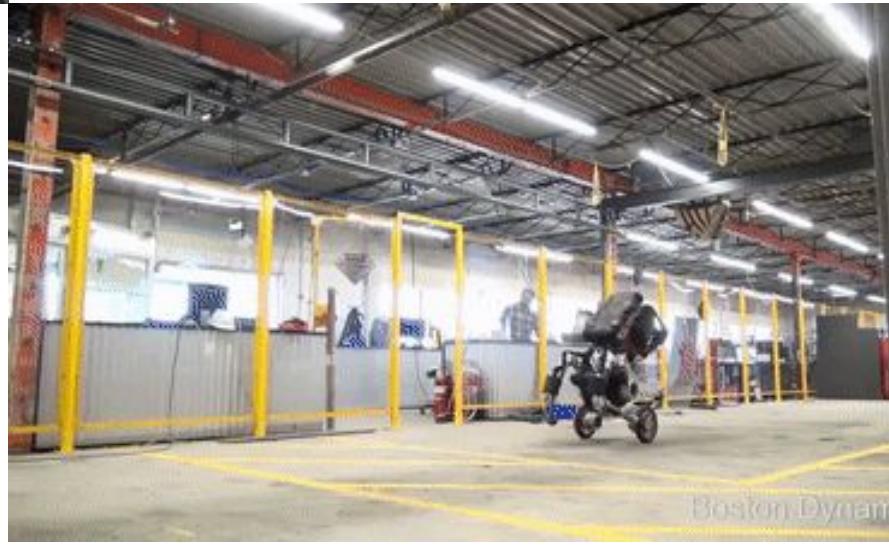


“Now, here, you see, it **takes** all the **running** you can do, to keep in the same place. If you want to get somewhere else, you **must** run at least **twice** as fast as that!”

Lewis Carroll



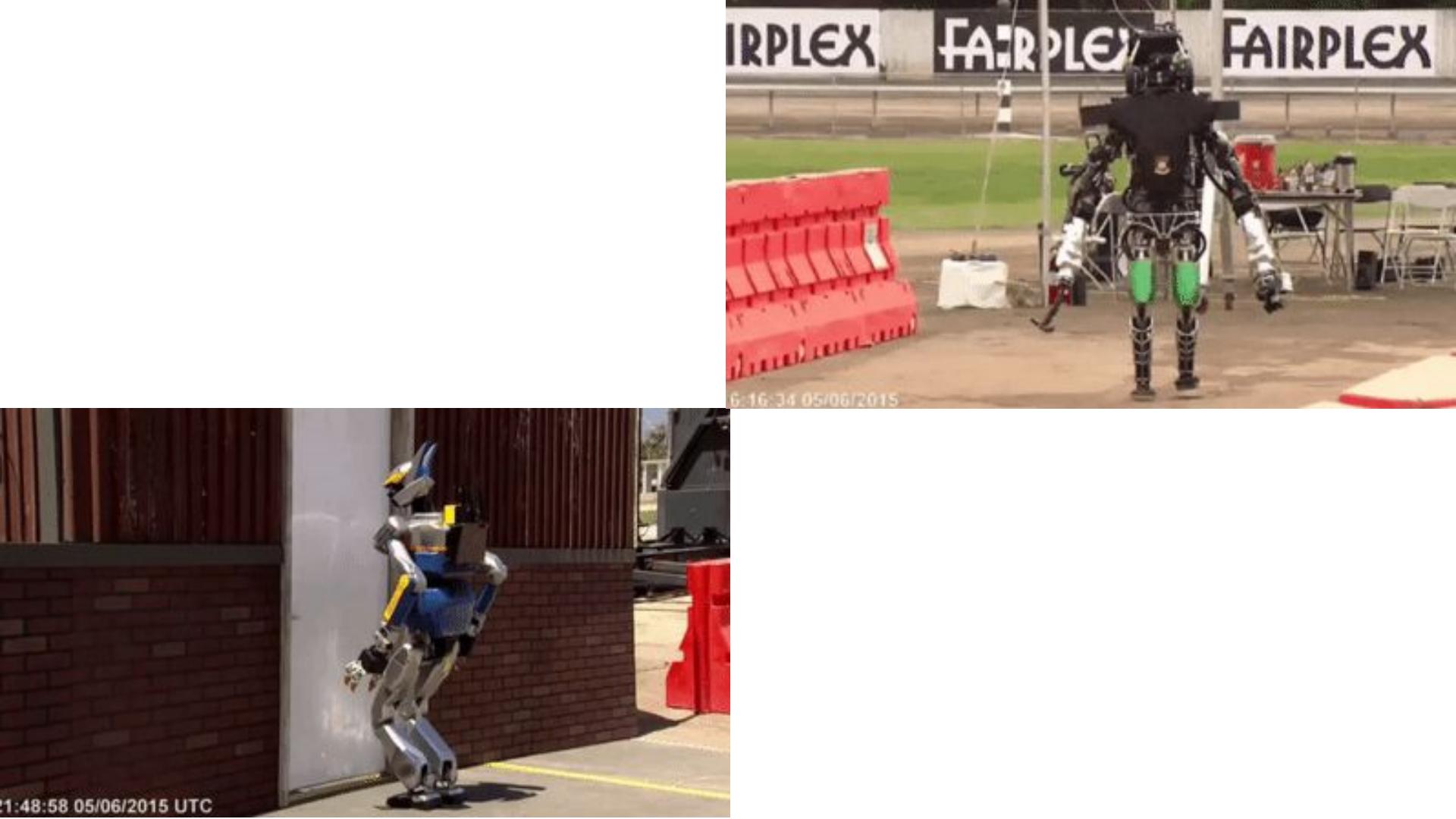
Boston Dynamics



Boston Dynamics

"Machines will be
capable, within twenty
years, of doing any work
a man can do."

Herbert Simon(1956)



1:48:58 05/06/2015 UTC

6:16:34 05/06/2015

[https://goo.gl/
/9BveZI](https://goo.gl/9BveZI)

THROUGH THE LOOKING-GLASS EYES OF AN ANDROID

>_ @DroidconBos

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