Final Project Initial Report

Deep Learning Course ,TAU, 0510-7255, Spring 2025

Real-Time Lizard Tracking for Screen-Proximal Behavior

Students: Dror Hazan 301263513, Bareket Damari 315394874

Project summary: A real-time computer-vision system that tracks lizards in a rectangular arena, estimating position, distance to the screen, and head orientation. The system will publish these signals at low latency for use in experiments.

Milestones:

- Data ready & baseline training → Initial report :
 - obtain data
 - label data
 - initial model
- Latency + accuracy pass → Mid-project checkpoint (internal).
- Live demo + final report/code → Presentation Day / Final submission.

Data ready & baseline training

1) obtain data

Data been obtained from multiple arenas with a top/front view, captured by two types of cameras*, at 60 fps, producing mono videos with varied illumination and animal posture.

*Cameras: Firefly FFY-U3-16S2M-DL, FLIR Blackfly BFS-U3-16S2C-CS with fixed lenses (6 mm)

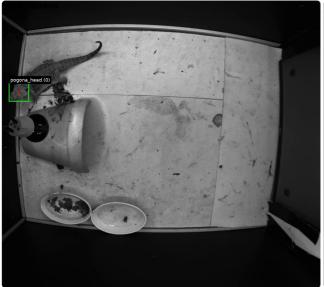
2) label data

Tool: Labellmg (free, offline). Labels are in Ultralytics YOLO format.

- For each image, a .txt with one line per object:
 class x_center y_center width height where all values are 0-1 (relative to image size).
- The box marks the center (x, y point) of the lizard head class 0: pogona_head

samples:







Organize data:

folder layout - data split

```
dataset/
  images/
    train/ ...JPG/PNG
    val/
labels/
    train/ ...YOLO .txt (one per image)
    val/
```

Preparing an Ultralytics-style dataset config (config.yaml):

```
path: /pose_estimation/pogona_head/dataset
train: images/train
val: images/val
names:
    0: pogona_head
```

Split sizes: train: 2700 files; val: 700 files.

3) Baseline model & runnable training script

Model: YOLOv11 (detector). Starting with a small backbone for speed, then we will scale up.

Notes:

- Current labels are head boxes only. For heading angle, we will either (a) add snout + head-center key-points (pose model), or (b) estimate a coarse proxy from short tracklets (direction of motion) as an interim measure.
- Distance-to-screen is computed in cm using the arena calibration (homography) file.

4) Next steps



- Evaluate the baseline & scale up and freeze.
- Decide on **pose** scope (add snout + head-center).
- Estimate a heading proxy from the direction of motion.
- Integrate the **publisher** and **real-time saving** for experiments.
- Full **evaluation** on val/test (det/pose; distance RMSE; heading MAE)
- Prepare **demo** video, slide, final report; repo cleanup

. . .

