# Competitive Programming notes

#### Druhan Shah (ShockWave)

#### January 14, 2022

### Contents

1	Sorting	1
	1.1 Merge Sort (with Inversion count)	1
	Graphs	2
	2.1 Depth First Traversal (base)	
	2.2 Breadth First Traversal (base)	2
3	Flows	2

## 1 Sorting

### 1.1 Merge Sort (with Inversion count)

```
11 mergeSort(int arr[], int array_size);
11 _mergeSort(int arr[], int temp[], int left, int right);
11 merge(int arr[], int temp[], int left, int mid, int right);
ll mergeSort(int arr[], int array_size) {
    int temp[array_size];
    return _mergeSort(arr, temp, 0, array_size - 1);
ll _mergeSort(int arr[], int temp[], int left, int right) {
    11 mid, inv_count = 0;
    if (right > left) {
        mid = (right + left) / 2;
        inv_count += _mergeSort(arr, temp, left, mid);
        inv_count += _mergeSort(arr, temp, mid + 1, right);
        inv_count += merge(arr, temp, left, mid + 1, right);
    return inv_count;
}
ll merge(int arr[], int temp[], int left, int mid, int right) {
    int i, j, k;
    11 inv_count = 0;
    i = left;
    j = mid;
    k = left;
    while ((i <= mid - 1) && (j <= right)) {</pre>
        if (arr[i] <= arr[j])</pre>
            temp[k++] = arr[i++];
        else {
            temp[k++] = arr[j++];
            inv_count = inv_count + (mid - i);
        }
    while (i <= mid - 1)</pre>
        temp[k++] = arr[i++];
    while (j <= right)</pre>
    temp[k++] = arr[j++];
for (i = left; i <= right; i++)</pre>
        arr[i] = temp[i];
```

```
return inv_count;
}
```

# 2 Graphs

#### 2.1 Depth First Traversal (base)

```
1l dfs(int node, vector<int> adjacency[], bool visited[]) {
    visited[node] = true;
    for(auto i : adjacency[node])
        if(!visited[i]) dfs(i, adjacency, visited);
}
```

## 2.2 Breadth First Traversal (base)

#### 3 Flows

Idk any flow algorithms/ideas yet, so this section is empty.