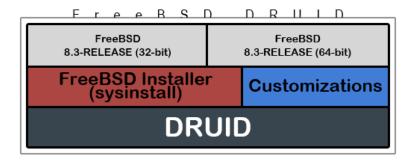
FreeBSD DRUID® User Guide

TABLE OF CONTENTS

FreeBSD DRUID	3
Requirements	4
Installing FreeBSD	5
Configuring FreeBSD with Host-Setup	6
Configuring the Time Zone	6
Configuring the Hostname/Domain	6
Configuring Network Interfaces	7
Configuring the Default Router/Gateway	8
Configuring DNS servers	8

FreeBSD DRUID

The FreeBSD DRUID is an Installer for the FreeBSD Operating System, built on the DRUID architecture.



The DRUID architecture allows the distribution of a single bootable ISO-9660 file to field personnel where it can be written to either optical media, such as CD-R/W, DVD+/-R/W [DL], or USB flash media (aka Thumb Drive).

In this User Guide, you will learn how to use the FreeBSD DRUID to install the FreeBSD Operating System and configure it for network access.

Requirements

To install the FreeBSD Operating System, you first need to create a bootable device from the FreeBSD DRUID ISO-file. Necessary documentation and resources (ISO-file included) are located on the web at the following web-address:

http://druidbsd.cvs.sourceforge.net/viewvc/druidbsd/druidbsd/druid83/

Instructions on how to create a bootable FreeBSD DRUID are documented at:

http://druidbsd.cvs.sourceforge.net/viewvc/druidbsd/druidbsd/druid83/src/tools/README.txt?revision=1.1&view=markup

The above-mentioned README.txt file contains information for users of Microsoft Windows, Apple Mac OS X, Linux, and FreeBSD. Depending on which Operating System you are using, instructions will vary. At a minimum, however, you need one of the following to proceed:

- CD/DVD burner (internal or external) and blank media
- USB Flash Drive (aka Thumb Drive) with capacity 500MB or higher

Once you have a bootable device in-hand (CD/DVD or USB flash media), you are ready to proceed with the installation of the FreeBSD Operating System.

CRITICAL: Before proceeding, create a bootable FreeBSD DRUID using the resources at http://druidbsd.cvs.sourceforge.net/viewvc/druidbsd/druidbsd/druid83/src/tools/

NOTE: The FreeBSD DRUID is a stand-alone resource that, once-created, does not require any other information to install the FreeBSD Operating System.

Installing FreeBSD

CAUTION: Installing FreeBSD will wipe the target machine of all data.

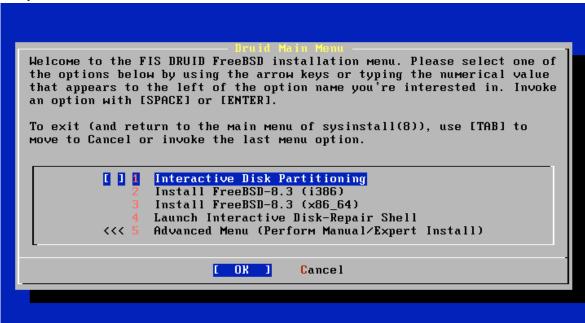
1. Boot the target machine with the FreeBSD DRUID (CD/DVD or USB flash media). You must press ENTER to boot from DRUID rather than the internal hard drive.

```
Press ENTER to boot from CD...
boot: _
```

2. When the DRUID screen appears, press ENTER to load the FreeBSD menu.



3. You are presented with a choice of FreeBSD operating systems to install. Choose the version that you wish to install.



When installation is complete, the screen displays System Install Completed in large green letters and starts a 15-second count-down timer to reboot.

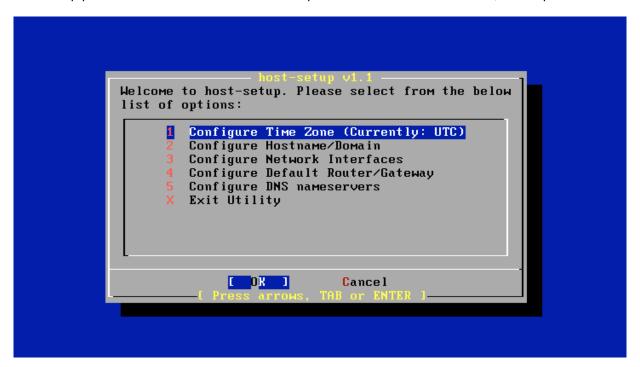
NOTE: If installing from USB flash media, remove your thumb drive before the reboot, allowing the system to instead boot from the internal hard disk.

Configuring FreeBSD with Host-Setup

After booting your newly created FreeBSD host, you will get a login prompt. Log in as root. You will be prompted for a password, but none is required. Simply hit ENTER to log in.

After you log in, the host automatically starts the host-setup process. If host-setup does not start automatically, you can start it anytime by typing host-setup and pressing ENTER.

Host-setup presents a numbered list of actions to perform. Perform them in order, from top-to-bottom.



Configuring the Time Zone

- 1. Select the Configure Time Zone menu item.
- 2. Select your country and time zone on subsequent screens.
- 3. Exit to the host-setup menu.

Configuring the Hostname/Domain

- 1. Select the Configure Hostname/Domain menu item.
- 2. Enter the **fully-qualified** hostname of the host that you are setting up. For example, your.new.host.com.
- 3. Select Yes when you are asked whether to activate the new hostname.

NOTE: The domain/search portions of resolv.conf(5) are automatically configured on the new host using the information provided during this stage.

Configuring Network Interfaces

- 1. Select the Configure Network Interfaces menu item.
- 2. You are shown a list of network interfaces on the host. Select the active interface, which is marked with an asterisk.

If there are no active interfaces, physically check your network connections and re-probe the interfaces by first selecting <code>Cancel</code> and then revisiting <code>Configure Network Interfaces</code>. If after checking network cables/connections you are still not presented with an active interface, please request technical assistance.

3. Select the ipaddr option, and then enter the IP address of the host that you are setting up.



- 4. Select the netmask option and enter 255.255.25.0, or whatever subnet mask is appropriate for your site.
- 5. If required, you may need to select options and then media 100baseTX mediaopt full-duplex (or whatever value is appropriate for your site) to hard-code the link-speed of your network interface to the network infrastructure. If unsure, leave this option blank.
- 6. Select Save/Exit.
- 7. Select Yes when you are asked whether you would like to bring the interface up.

NOTE: The IP address and subnet mask can be set at the same time using CIDR-notation in the ipaddr field. For example, 192.168.1.1/24 sets a subnet mask of 255.255.255.0, saving you extra keystrokes.

Configuring the Default Router/Gateway

- 1. Select the Configure Default Router/Gateway menu item.
- 2. Enter the IP address of your default gateway.

Configuring DNS servers

- 1. Select the Configure DNS Servers menu item.
- 2. Select Add.
- 3. Enter the IP address of your Primary DNS server.
- 4. Repeat steps 2 and 3 for additional name servers.
- 5. Exit back to the host-setup main menu.