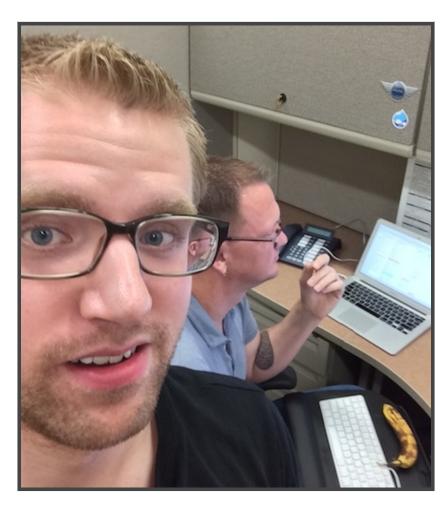
Custom Code the Drupal Way

Matt Mendonca

$M \in$

- IT Specialist (i.e. Web Developer) at the National Institute of Standards and Technology
- Previously a Developer at VOX Global (FleishmanHillard) and High Rock Studios
- 3+ years professional experience with Drupal

A day in the life of...



(standard scale) ^

Contents

- What are modules
 - Why you should modularize your code
 - What makes up a module
- What is the hook system
 - How does that (magic) work
- Resouces
- Questions

DISCLAIMER!

The Drupal 7 info is solid. The Drupal 8 info is "solid".

New Concepts in Drupal 8

- MVC (Symfony)
 - https://symfony.com/doc/current/book/from_flat_php_to_symfony2.html
- PSR Standards (Autoloading)
- Composer / Packagist
 - Package management / Autoloader

Modules Are

Building blocks

Modules Can Be

- Encapsulated functionality
- Frameworks
- API's

Why Modularize Your Code

- Code encapsulation
 - Enable / disable code
 - Cleanly extend core and / or contributed modules
 - Prevents hacking other's code
 - Preserves upgrade path
 - Doesn't Hack Core
- Allows you to share your code
- Allows your code to be extendable

Modules and Themes

- Make things work with modules
- Make things pretty with themes
- Developing modules allows you to keep logic out of your themes
 - Separation of concerns
 - decoupling
 - o synergy
 - word
 - o other words...

Module Dissected D7

- Folder designated by the machine name of the module (/sites/all/modules/dev/my_module)*
 - Info file designated by the machine name of the module (my_module.info)
 - Module file designated by the machine name of the module (my_module.module)

^{*} Drupal's module scanning is recursive; you can add folders with in the module folder and it will find it. E.g. /sites/all/module/contrib | /sites/all/module/dev | etc.

Module Dissected D8

- Folder designated by the machine name of the module (/modules/dev/my_module)*
 - Info YAML file designated by the machine name of the module (my_module.info.yml)
 - Routing YAML file designated by the machine name of the module (my_module.routing.yml)
 - Composer json file to list package dependenices (composer.json)
 - Module file designated by the machine name of the module (my_module.module)
 - Controller files designated by PSR4 naming convention (./src/Controller/UiPageController.php)

Info File (D7 & D8)

- The .info file describes your module
- At a minimum describe name, description, package, type (D8), and core

Info File: Name

• Name is the user friendly name of your module

name = "My Module"

Info File: Description

• Description is the description of your module

description = "This my module."

Info File: Package

- Package is the grouping of your module
- Groups modules together on the module admin page

package = "User Interface"

Info File: Core

 Core is the major version of Drupal core that your module is designed for

core = 7.x

Info File: Version

- Version describes which version your module is at
- By convention, version of Core followed by version of the module
- Note: this is only to be filled out when your module is not on Drupal.org

version = 7.x-1.0

Info File: Dependencies

- Dependencies is an array listing all the modules that your module requires
- You do not need to list the dependencies of your dependencies

Info File: Configure

- Configure specifies the url (D7) or route (D8) of the module's configuration page (if any)
- Adds a configure link on the module admin page

```
D7

configure = admin/config/content/my-module

D8

configure: my_module.admin_page
```

Info File: Type (D8)

- Indicates the type of the extension
- E.g. module, theme, profile

D8
type: module

Example D7 Info File

```
name = "Matt's Module"
description = "This is Matt's module"
core = 7.x
package = "Matt"
version = 7.x-1.x
```

Example D8 Info File

name: "Matt's Module"
description: "This is Matt's module"
type: module

core: 8.x
package: "Matt"
version: 1.0

Module File

- The module file is the file that Drupal always loads for enabled modules - always
- Should contain your bootstrap code / hooks (as little as possible)
- When you can, store code in .inc files

Note: D8 still uses module files for hooks, however, hooks are not used as much (routing, etc.).

(Captain) Hook

- The hooks system provides access points to Drupal's response cycle
- Used by Modules and Themes (preprocessing)
- Like a roll call

How?(D7)

- At certain points (an established hook) in Drupal's response cycle, Drupal (and module's with hooks) will run all functions that access that hook
- Further reading: https://github.com/mattmendonca/hooks-explained

Modules with no hooks

- Use Case: loading a php library for use by other modules
 - Remeber that Drupal will always load the contents of .module file into memory (global scope)

Resources

- Google
- Drupal.org module developement guide
 - D7 module tutorial
 - D8 module tutorial
- Drupal.org best practices
- Drupal API reference
- Drupal Answers (Stack Exchange)
- Stack Overflow (questions tagged Drupal)

Questions?

https://github.com/matt-mendonca/example-d7-module

https://github.com/matt-mendonca/Example-D8-Module

https://www.drupal.org/sandbox/mattm01/2487604