

Multiplier Effect: Case Studies in Distributions for Publishers

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The Opportunity: Meredith Agrimedia

Scope

[Agriculture.com](#)

- Online presence for Successful Farming
- Ag news and commodities data
- Reuters Newswire
- >25,000 pieces of content
- Migration from Symfony 1.4 framework

[WOODMagazine.com](#)

- Online presence for WOOD Magazine
- Free downloadable plans
- Print article index
- 4,050 pieces of content
- Migration from Teamsite Interwoven

Commonalities: Launch Objectives

- Exceptional UX (content -> audience -> data)
- Maintain brand reputation
- Improve editorial efficiency
- Audience acquisition and engagement
- Ease of testing new revenue models

Commonalities: Technical Details

- Content structure and hierarchy
 - Articles, Images, Slideshows, Authorship, Taxonomies
- Publishing workflow
- In-house integrations
 - Single Sign-On, subscription management
 - Meredith standard analytics
 - RAMP Video
 - Gigya
 - KARMA
 - Lithium
- Platform
 - Hosting, CDN and proxy
 - Memcache, Solr

Disconnects & Challenges

- Partial institutional adoption of Drupal, but no standard
- Disproportionate budget across two properties, but need to deliver complete solution for both
- Multiple client-side product owners
- IT policies and procedures
- 3rd party integrations differ by site

The Results

Efficiencies

- Agriculture.com (1st site): TTL 6 Months
- WoodMagazine.com (2nd site): TTL 5 weeks
- Cost effective and simple to maintain
 - Common changes can be tested and deployed in minutes
 - Structure, tools and techniques are standardized
- Components can be reused within organization
- Quickly identify gaps, redundancies, and opportunities

Client Feedback

- Continued use of train-the-trainer, across sites
- Removed content distribution bottlenecks
- Repurposing/surfacing evergreen content
- Enhanced content automation and distribution
- Content and channel agnostic
- Eliminated advertising discrepancies

By the Numbers

- 43% to 92%: Sitewide viewability (advertising performance)
- 67% decrease in page load times
- 44% increase in exposure to sub-brands
- 88% on-page scroll rate
- 349% increase in successful on-site searches

How We Did It

What is a Drupal Distribution?

- Officially: full copy of core with additional software
 - <https://www.drupal.org/documentation/build/distributions>
- Practically: framework of dependencies and custom code

Installation Profiles and Distributions

- Installation Profiles configure Drupal
 - Provides installation, configuration steps
- Distributions contain all software
 - Typically includes at least one Installation Profile
- “More details about distributions” - drupal.org
 - <https://www.drupal.org/node/1089736#distributions-vs-installation-profiles>

Why Not Multisite?

- Fragile, difficult to maintain, doesn't scale
- Candidate for deprecation in Drupal 8, removal in Drupal 9
 - <https://www.drupal.org/node/2306013>
- “Much Ado about Drupal Multisite” - Josh Koenig
 - <https://pantheon.io/blog/drupal-multisite-much-ado-about-drupal-multisite>

Types of Distributions

- Monolithic
- Atomic
- Hybrid

Monolithic Distributions

- All code in the same repository
- Advantages
 - Easy to distribute and start working
 - Everything in the same place
- Disadvantages
 - Nigh-impossible to code review
 - Magnificently bloated
 - Messy history
 - Mirroring repositories
 - Patching nightmare



2001: A Space Odyssey (1968), Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer

Build Process

- Converts source files into standalone artifacts
 - Contains everything needed to run
- Monolithic Distributions are artifacts

Steps in a Build

- Download packages and apply patches
 - Drush Make (Drupal 7 and below)
 - Composer (Drupal 8 and above)
 - NPM (JavaScript)
- Compile assets
 - Ex: SCSS to CSS, JavaScript minification, image reduction
- Package for deployment
 - Add to Source Control
 - Copy or Archive

Build Systems

- Aquifer
 - <https://github.com/aquifer/aquifer>
- BLT
 - <https://github.com/acquia/blt>
- Grunt Drupal Tasks
 - <https://github.com/phase2/grunt-drupal-tasks>

Atomic Distributions

- Build process to get components
 - Every custom module in its own repository
- Advantages
 - Explicit separation of history
 - Great for versioning
- Disadvantages
 - Dozens or hundreds of repositories
 - Pull requests are a dependency nightmare
 - Need to maintain build process
 - Slow builds
 - Impractical



It Came from Beneath the Sea (1955), Columbia Pictures

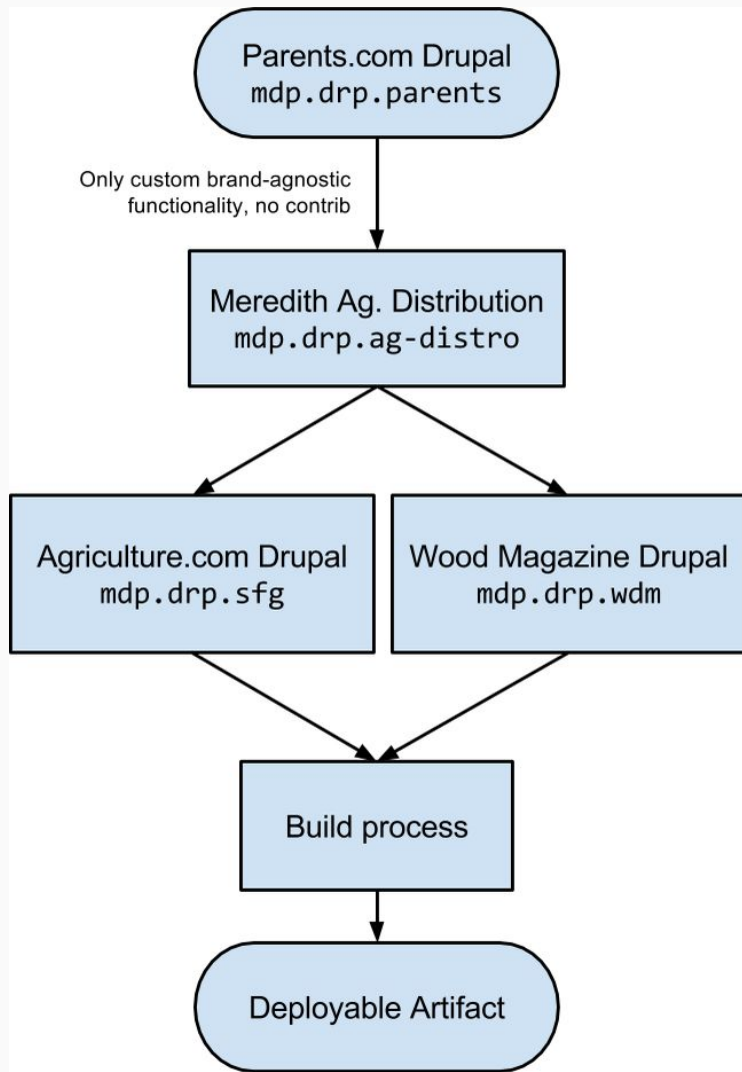
Hybrid Distributions

- Build process to get components
 - Custom code in Distribution repository
- Advantages
 - Centralized code
 - Easy to work with
 - Faster builds
- Disadvantages
 - Still many dependencies
 - Still needs a build process



The Fly (1958), 20th Century Fox

Meredith Agrimedia's Distribution



- Distribution (Parent):
ag-distro
 - Fork: sfg
 - Fork: wdm
- Changes in parent pulled asynchronously

Testing

- Every code change is automatically checked
- Tools
 - Syntax Errors - [phplint](#)
 - Coding Standards - [PHP_CodeSniffer](#) / [Coder](#), [ESLint](#)
 - Functional Testing - [Behat](#) / Mink, [Behat Drupal Extension](#)

Local Development

- Standardized approach, platform agnostic
- [Drupal VM](#)
 - Not required, but only supported
 - One configuration step
 - Since launch, down to zero (!)
 - Internal hosting leveraged playbooks for consistency
- [EditorConfig](#) - file format & text editor plugin for maintaining coding styles

Build Process

- [Aquifer](#) - build system
- [Composer](#) - PHP package manager
- [NPM](#) - JavaScript package manager
 - [Gulp](#) - task runner, front end build system
- [CircleCI](#) - continuous integration
- [Jenkins](#) - deployment

What would we do differently?

- Stabilize build process earlier in project
- Use a single Continuous Integration / Deployment solution
- Install Drupal VM with Composer
- Bare metal test Drupal VM when updating
- Bare metal test documentation prior to new developer onboarding
- Retroactively apply fixes based on deployment of subsequent sites
- Say No

Practical Takeaways

Client-side Champion

- Own the global project
- Identify commonalities
- Mitigate differences
- Critical for scale

Drupal Builds are the Way of the Future*

- Great for large projects
- Can be a bit overkill for small projects

- *Use your best judgement

Hybrid Distributions are Optimal

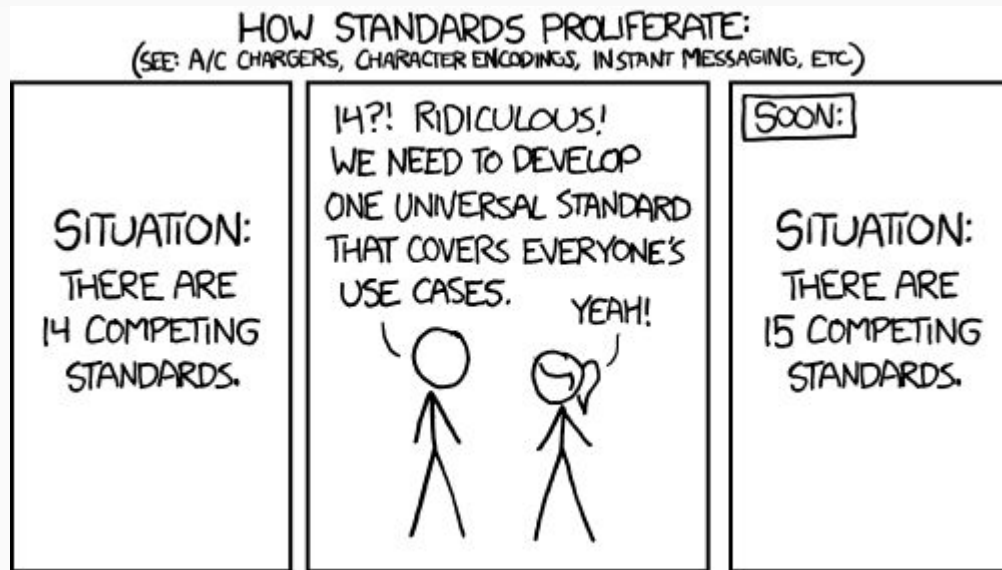
- Consolidate custom work
- Separate contributed code
- Extremists in any context are unpleasant

Automate Quality Checks

- Syntax errors
- Coding standards
- Behavioral testing
- Prevent regressions
- Compare standard components between forks to detect variance

Don't Reinvent the Wheel

- Investigate and leverage open-source first
 - Contribute back fixes, improvements
- Avoid one-off solutions if practical
- Reusability is awesome (compromise!)



<https://xkcd.com/927/>

Any questions?



Thank you.

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