Q1 (4 points) 1 page submitted

Count the number of assignments and comparisons (all of them) for each of the following algorithms using summation notation.

a) Algorithm Loop1(n):

$$\begin{aligned} p &\leftarrow 1 \\ \text{for } i &\leftarrow 1 \text{ to } n^2 + 1 \text{ do} \\ p &\leftarrow p \cdot i \end{aligned}$$

b) Algorithm Loop2(n):

$$\begin{array}{c} s \leftarrow 1 \\ \text{for } i \leftarrow 0 \text{ to } n^2 + 1 \text{ do} \\ \text{for } j \leftarrow 1 \text{ to } i \text{ do} \\ s \leftarrow s + i \end{array}$$

2

Q2 (4 points) 1 page submitted

Describe a recursive algorithm for finding both the minimum and maximum elements in an array A of n elements. Your method should return a pair (a,b) where a is the minimum element and b is the maximum element. Count the assignments (including returns) and comparisons in order to derive a recurrence equation for the worst-case runtime of your algorithm.

3

Q3 (4 points) 1 page submitted

Consider the following recurrence equation, defining a function T(n):

$$T(0)=1$$
 and $T(n)=T(n-1)+2^n$ when $n\geq 1$.

Use top-down repeated substitution to derive the closed form of this equation.

4

Q4 (4 points)

Consider the following recurrence equation, defining a function T(n):

$$T(1)=1$$
 and $T(n)=T(n-1)+n$ when $n\geq 2$.

Prove by induction that $T(n)=rac{n(n+1)}{2}.$

Q5 (4 points) 1 page submitted

Consider the following algorithm which adds up the elements of an array. Use a loop invariant argument to prove that arraySum() is correct.

```
Algorithm arraySum(A,n) sum \leftarrow \underline{A[0]} for k \leftarrow 1 to n-1 do sum \leftarrow sum + \underline{A[k]} return sum end
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