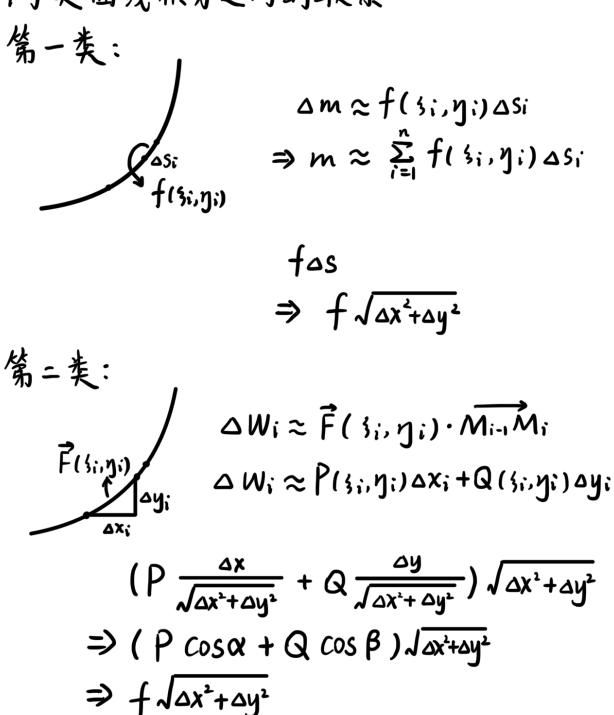
曲线积分与曲面积分(3)

两类曲线积分之间的联系



1. $f(x,u)dS = \int_{-1}^{\beta} f(\varphi(t), \psi(t)) \int_{-1}^{1} \varphi'^{2}(t) + \psi^{2}(t) dt$

第二类:

 $\int_{L} P(x,y)dx + Q(x,y)dy$

= $\int_{\alpha}^{\beta} (P(\psi(t),\psi(t)) \psi'(t) + Q(\psi(t),\psi(t)) \psi'(t)) dt$

 $= \int_{\alpha}^{\beta} \left(P(\varphi(t), \psi(t)) \frac{\varphi'(t)}{\sqrt{\varphi'^{2}(t) + \psi'^{2}(t)}} + Q(\varphi(t), \psi(t)) \frac{\psi'(t)}{\sqrt{\varphi'^{2}(t) + \psi'^{2}(t)}} \right) \sqrt{\varphi'^{2}(t) + \psi'^{2}(t)} dt$

= $\int_{\alpha}^{\beta} (P(\varphi(t), \psi(t)) \cos \alpha + Q(\varphi(t), \psi(t)) \cos \beta) \sqrt{\varphi''(t) + \psi''(t)} dt$

= $\int_{L} [P(x,y) \cos \alpha + Q(x,y) \cos \beta] dS$