

arithmetical hierarchy

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Synonym arithmetic hierarchy

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Defines sigma n
Defines sigma-n
Defines pi n
Defines pi-n
Defines delta n
Defines delta-n
Defines recursive

Defines recursively enumerable

Defines delta-0
Defines delta-0
Defines delta-1
Defines delta 1
Defines arithmetical

The arithmetical hierarchy is a hierarchy of either (depending on the context) formulas or relations. The relations of a particular level of the hierarchy are exactly the relations defined by the formulas of that level, so the two uses are essentially the same.

The first level consists of formulas with only bounded quantifiers, the corresponding relations are also called the Primitive Recursive relations (this definition is equivalent to the definition from computer science). This level is called any of Δ_0^0 , Σ_0^0 and Π_0^0 , depending on context.

is called any of Δ_0^0 , Σ_0^0 and Π_0^0 , depending on context. A formula ϕ is Σ_n^0 if there is some Δ_0^0 formula ψ such that ϕ can be written:

$$\phi(\vec{k}) = \exists x_1 \forall x_2 \cdots Q x_n \psi(\vec{k}, \vec{x})$$

where Q is either \forall or \exists , whichever maintains the pattern of alternating quantifiers

The Σ^0_1 relations are the same as the Recursively Enumerable relations. Similarly, ϕ is a Π^0_n relation if there is some Δ^0_0 formula ψ such that:

$$\phi(\vec{k}) = \forall x_1 \exists x_2 \cdots Q x_n \psi(\vec{k}, \vec{x})$$

where Q is either \forall or \exists , whichever maintains the pattern of alternating quantifiers

A formula is Δ_n^0 if it is both Σ_n^0 and Π_n^0 . Since each Σ_n^0 formula is just the negation of a Π_n^0 formula and vice-versa, the Σ_n^0 relations are the complements of the Π_n^0 relations.

The relations in $\Delta_1^0 = \Sigma_1^0 \cap \Pi_1^0$ are the Recursive relations.

Higher levels on the hierarchy correspond to broader and broader classes of relations. A formula or relation which is Σ_n^0 (or, equivalently, Π_n^0) for some integer n is called *arithmetical*.

The superscript 0 is often omitted when it is not necessary to distinguish from the analytic hierarchy.

Functions can be described as being in one of the levels of the hierarchy if the graph of the function is in that level.