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multigraph

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Entry type	Definition
Classification	msc 05C75
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A *multigraph* is a graph in which we allow more than one edge to join a pair of vertices. Two or more edges that join a pair of vertices are called *parallel edges*. Every graph, then, is a multigraph, but not all multigraphs are graphs. Some authors define the concept of a graph by excluding graphs with multiple edges or loops. Then if they want to consider more general graphs the multigraph is introduced. Usually, such graphs have no loops. Formally, a multigraph $G = (V, E)$ is a pair, where $E = (V^{(2)}, f)$ is a multiset for which $f(x, x) = 0$ and $V^{(2)}$ is the set of unordered pairs of V .

A multigraph can be used to a matrix whose entries are nonnegative integers. To do this, suppose that $A = (a_{ij})$ is an $m \times n$ matrix of nonnegative integers. Let $V = S \cup T$, where $S = \{1, \dots, m\}$ and $T = \{1', \dots, n'\}$ and connect vertex $i \in S$ to vertex $j' \in T$ with a_{ij} edges.