

## fundamental theorem of algebra

 ${\bf Canonical\ name} \quad {\bf Fundamental Theorem Of Algebra}$ 

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**Theorem.** Let  $f \in \mathbb{C}[Z]$  be a non-constant polynomial. Then there is a  $z \in \mathbb{C}$  with f(z) = 0.

In other ,  $\mathbb C$  is algebraically closed.

As a corollary, a non-constant polynomial in  $\mathbb{C}[Z]$  factors completely into linear factors.