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## rational root theorem

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Related topic FactorTheorem

Consider the polynomial

$$p(x) = a_n x^n + a_{n-1} x^{n-1} + \dots + a_1 x + a_0$$

where all the coefficients  $a_i$  are integers.

If p(x) has a rational zero u/v where gcd(u, v) = 1, then  $u \mid a_0$  and  $v \mid a_n$ . Thus, for finding all rational zeros of p(x), it suffices to perform a finite number of tests.

The theorem is related to the result about monic polynomials whose coefficients belong to a unique factorization domain. Such theorem then states that any root in the fraction field is also in the base domain.