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maximal ideal

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Let R be a ring with identity. A proper left (right, two-sided) ideal $\mathfrak{m} \subsetneq R$ is said to be *maximal* if \mathfrak{m} is not a proper subset of any other proper left (right, two-sided) ideal of R.

One can prove:

- A left ideal \mathfrak{m} is maximal if and only if R/\mathfrak{m} is a simple left R-module.
- A right ideal \mathfrak{m} is maximal if and only if R/\mathfrak{m} is a simple right R-module.
- A two-sided ideal \mathfrak{m} is maximal if and only if R/\mathfrak{m} is a simple ring.

All maximal ideals are prime ideals. If R is commutative, an ideal $\mathfrak{m} \subset R$ is maximal if and only if the quotient ring R/\mathfrak{m} is a field.