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rank of a linear mapping

Canonical name RankOfALinearMapping

Date of creation 2013-03-22 12:24:03 Last modified on 2013-03-22 12:24:03

Owner yark (2760) Last modified by yark (2760)

Numerical id 13

Author yark (2760) Entry type Definition Classification msc 15A03

Synonym rank Related topic Nullity

Related topic RankNullityTheorem2

The rank of a linear mapping $L\colon U\to V$ is defined to be the dim L(U), the dimension of the mapping's image. Speaking less formally, the rank gives the number of independent linear constraints on $u\in U$ imposed by the equation

$$L(u) = 0.$$

Properties

- 1. If V is finite-dimensional, then $\operatorname{rank} L = \dim V$ if and only if L is surjective.
- 2. If U is finite-dimensional, then rank $L = \dim U$ if and only if L is injective.
- 3. Composition of linear mappings does not increase rank. If $M:V\to W$ is another linear mapping, then

$$\operatorname{rank} ML \leq \operatorname{rank} L$$

and

$$\operatorname{rank} ML \leq \operatorname{rank} M.$$

Equality holds in the first case if and only if M is an isomorphism, and in the second case if and only if L is an isomorphism.