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symplectic complement

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Defines symplectic complement
Defines isotropic subspace
Defines coisotropic subspace
Defines symplectic subspace
Defines Lagrangian subspace

Definition [?, ?] Let (V, ω) be a symplectic vector space and let W be a vector subspace of V. Then the *symplectic complement* of W is

$$W^{\omega} = \{ x \in V \mid \omega(x, y) = 0 \text{ for all } y \in W \}.$$

It is easy to see that W^{ω} is also a vector subspace of V. Depending on the relation between W and W^{ω} , W is given different names.

- 1. If $W \subset W^{\omega}$, then W is an isotropic subspace (of V).
- 2. If $W^{\omega} \subset W$, then W is an coisotropic subspace.
- 3. If $W \cap W^{\omega} = \{0\}$, then W is an symplectic subspace.
- 4. If $W = W^{\omega}$, then W is an Lagrangian subspace.

For the symplectic complement, we have the following dimension theorem. **Theorem** [?, ?] Let (V, ω) be a symplectic vector space, and let W be a vector subspace of V. Then

$$\dim V = \dim W^{\omega} + \dim W.$$

References

- [1] D. McDuff, D. Salamon, *Introduction to Symplectic Topology*, Clarendon Press, 1997.
- [2] R. Abraham, J.E. Marsden, Foundations of Mechanics, 2nd ed., Perseus Books, 1978.