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matrix unit

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Related topic ElementaryMatrix
Defines full set of matrix units

A matrix unit is a matrix (over some ring with 1) whose entries are all 0 except in one cell, where it is 1.

For example, among the 3×2 matrices,

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}, \quad \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}, \quad \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}, \quad \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}, \quad \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}, \quad \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

are the matrix units.

Let A and B be $m \times n$ and $p \times q$ matrices over R, and U_{ij} an $n \times p$ matrix unit (over R). Then

- 1. AU_{ij} is the $m \times p$ matrix whose jth column is the ith column of A, and 0 everywhere else, and
- 2. $U_{ij}B$ is the $n \times q$ matrix whose *i*th row is the *j*th row of B and 0 everywhere else.

Remarks. Let $M = M_{m \times n}(R)$ be the set of all m by n matrices with entries in a ring R (with 1). Denote U_{ij} the matrix unit in M whose cell (i, j) is 1.

- M is a (left or right) R-module generated by the $m \times n$ matrix units.
- When m = n, M has the structure of an algebra over R. The matrix units have the following properties:

1.
$$U_{ij}U_{k\ell} = \delta_{jk}U_{i\ell}$$
, and

2.
$$U_{11} + \cdots + U_{nn} = I_n$$
,

where δ_{ij} is the Kronecker delta and I_n is the identity matrix. Note that the U_{ii} form a complete set of pairwise orthogonal idempotents, meaning $U_{ii}U_{ii} = U_{ii}$ and $U_{ii}U_{jj} = 0$ if $i \neq j$.

- In general, in a matrix ring S (consisting of, say, all $n \times n$ matrices), any set of n matrices satisfying the two properties above is called a *full* set of matrix units of S.
- For example, if $\{U_{ij} \mid 1 \leq i, j \leq 2\}$ is the set of 2×2 matrix units over \mathbb{R} , then for any invertible matrix T, $\{TU_{ij}T^{-1} \mid 1 \leq i, j \leq 2\}$ is a full set of matrix units.

• If we embed R as a subring of $M_n(R)$, then R is the centralizer of the matrix units of $M_n(R)$, meaning that the only elements in $M_n(R)$ that commute with the matrix units are the elements in R.

References

[1] T. Y. Lam, Lectures on Modules and Rings, Springer, New York, 1998.