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exact sequence

Canonical name	ExactSequence
Date of creation	2013-03-22 12:09:27
Last modified on	2013-03-22 12:09:27
Owner	antizeus (11)
Last modified by	antizeus (11)
Numerical id	7
Author	antizeus (11)
Entry type	Definition
Classification	msc 16-00
Related topic	ExactSequence2
Related topic	CategoricalSequence
Related topic	HomologicalComplexOfTopologicalVectorSpaces
Related topic	CategoricalDiagramsAsFunctors
Related topic	SpinGroup
Related topic	AlternativeDefinitionOfAnAbelianCategory

If we have two homomorphisms $f : A \rightarrow B$ and $g : B \rightarrow C$ in some category of modules, then we say that f and g are *exact* at B if the image of f is equal to the kernel of g .

A sequence of homomorphisms

$$\cdots \rightarrow A_{n+1} \xrightarrow{f_{n+1}} A_n \xrightarrow{f_n} A_{n-1} \rightarrow \cdots$$

is said to be *exact* if each pair of adjacent homomorphisms (f_{n+1}, f_n) is exact – in other words if $\text{im } f_{n+1} = \ker f_n$ for all n .

Compare this to the notion of a chain complex.

Remark. The notion of exact sequences can be generalized to any abelian category \mathcal{A} , where A_i and f_i above are objects and morphisms in \mathcal{A} .