

the characteristic embedding of the Burnside ring

 ${\bf Canonical\ name} \quad {\bf The Characteristic Embedding Of The Burnside Ring}$

Date of creation 2013-03-22 18:08:09 Last modified on 2013-03-22 18:08:09

Owner joking (16130) Last modified by joking (16130)

Numerical id 7

Author joking (16130) Entry type Derivation Classification msc 16S99 Let G be a finite group, H its subgroup and X a finite G-set. By the H-fixed point subset of X we understand the set

$$X^H = \{ x \in X; \ \forall_{h \in H} \ hx = x \}.$$

Denote by |X| the cardinality of a set X.

It is easy to see that for any G-sets X, Y we have:

$$|(X \sqcup Y)^H| = |X^H| + |Y^H|;$$

$$|(X \times Y)^H| = |X^H| \cdot |Y^H|.$$

Denote by $\operatorname{Sub}(G) = \{ H \subseteq G; H \text{ is a subgroup of } G \}$. Recall that any $H, K \in \operatorname{Sub}(G)$ are said to be conjugate iff there exists $g \in G$ such that $H = gKg^{-1}$. Conjugation is an equivalence relation. Denote by $\operatorname{Con}(G)$ the quotient set.

One can check that for any $H, K \in \text{Sub}(G)$ such that H is conjugate to K and for any finite G-set X we have

$$|X^H| = |X^K|.$$

Thus we have a well defined ring homomorphism:

$$\varphi: \Omega(G) \to \bigoplus_{(H) \in \operatorname{Con}(G)} \mathbb{Z};$$

$$\varphi([X] - [Y]) = (|X^H| - |Y^H|)_{(H) \in Con(G)}.$$

This homomorphism is known as the characteristic embedding, since it is monomorphism (see [?] for proof).

References

[1] T. tom Dieck, Transformation groups and representation theory, Lecture Notes in Math. 766, Springer-Verlag, Berlin, 1979.