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# exact sequences for modules with finite projective dimension

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**Proposition.** Let  $R$  be a ring and  $M$  be a (left)  $R$ -module, such that  $\text{proj dim}(M) = n < \infty$ . If

$$0 \rightarrow K \rightarrow P_n \rightarrow \cdots \rightarrow P_0 \rightarrow M \rightarrow 0$$

is an exact sequence of  $R$ -modules, such that each  $P_i$  is projective, then  $K$  is projective.

*Proof.* Since  $\text{proj dim}(M) = n < \infty$ , then there exists exact sequence of  $R$ -modules

$$0 \rightarrow P'_n \rightarrow \cdots \rightarrow P'_0 \rightarrow M \rightarrow 0,$$

Note that sequences

$$P_n \rightarrow \cdots \rightarrow P_0 \rightarrow M \rightarrow 0;$$

$$P'_n \rightarrow \cdots \rightarrow P'_0 \rightarrow M \rightarrow 0,$$

are projective resolutions of  $M$ . Let  $\delta : P_n \rightarrow P_{n-1}$  and  $\beta : P'_n \rightarrow P'_{n-1}$  be maps take from these resolutions. Then generalized Schanuel's lemma implies that  $\ker \delta$  and  $\ker \beta$  are projectively equivalent. But  $\ker \delta \simeq K$  and  $\ker \beta = 0$ . This means, that there are projective modules  $P, Q$  such that

$$K \oplus P \simeq Q.$$

Therefore  $K$  is a direct summand of a free module (since  $Q$  is), which completes the proof.  $\square$