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## Friedrichs' theorem

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Entry type Theorem Classification msc 16S30 Classification msc 17B35 Fix a commutative unital ring K of characteristic 0. Let X be a finite set and  $K\langle X\rangle$  the free associative algebra on X. Then define the map  $\delta: K\langle X\rangle \to K\langle X\rangle \otimes K\langle X\rangle$  by  $x\mapsto x\otimes 1+1\otimes x$ .

**Theorem 1** (Friedrichs). [?, Thm V.9] An element  $a \in K\langle X \rangle$  is a Lie element if and only if  $a\delta = a \otimes 1 + 1 \otimes a$ .

The term Lie element applies only when an element is taken from the universal enveloping algebra of a Lie algebra. Here the Lie algebra in question is the free Lie algebra on X,  $FL\langle X\rangle$  whose universal enveloping algebra is  $K\langle X\rangle$  by a theorem of Witt.

This characterization of Lie elements is a primary means in modern proofs of the Baker-Campbell-Hausdorff formula.

## References

[1] Nathan Jacobson *Lie Algebras*, Interscience Publishers, New York, 1962.