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semisimple ring

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Defines	semisimple

A ring R is (left) *semisimple* if it satisfies one of the following statements:

1. All left R -modules are semisimple.
2. All finitely-generated left R -modules are semisimple.
3. All cyclic left R -modules are semisimple.
4. The left regular R -module ${}_R R$ is semisimple.
5. All short exact sequences of left R -modules split.

The last condition offers another homological characterization of a *semisimple* ring:

- A ring R is (left) semisimple iff all of its left modules are projective.

A more ring-theoretic characterization of a (left) semisimple ring is:

- A ring is left semisimple iff it is semiprimitive and left artinian.

In some literature, a (left) semisimple ring is defined to be a ring that is semiprimitive without necessarily being (left) artinian. Such a ring (semiprimitive) is called Jacobson semisimple, or J-semisimple, to remind us of the fact that its Jacobson radical is (0) .

Relating to von Neumann regular rings, one has:

- A ring is left semisimple iff it is von Neumann regular and left noetherian.

The famous Wedderburn-Artin Theorem states that a (left) semisimple ring is isomorphic to a finite direct product of matrix rings over division rings.

The theorem implies that left semisimplicity is synonymous with right semisimplicity, so that it is safe to drop the word left or right when referring to semisimple rings.