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semiprimitive ring

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| Classification | msc 16N20 |
| Synonym | semisimple ring |
| Synonym | Jacobson semisimple ring |
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| Related topic | SemisimpleRing2 |
| Related topic | WedderburnArtinTheorem |
| Defines | semiprimitivity |
| Defines | semiprimitive |
| Defines | semisimple |
| Defines | Jacobson semisimple |
| Defines | J-semisimple |
| Defines | semi-primitivity |
| Defines | semi-primitive |
| Defines | semi-simple |
| Defines | Jacobson semi-simple |
| Defines | J-semi-simple |

A ring is said to be *semiprimitive* if its Jacobson radical is the zero ideal. Any simple ring is automatically semiprimitive.

A finite direct product of matrix rings over division rings can be shown to be semiprimitive and both left and right Artinian.

The <http://planetmath.org/WedderburnArtinTheorem> Artin-Wedderburn Theorem states that any semiprimitive ring which is left or right Artinian is isomorphic to a finite direct product of matrix rings over division rings.

Note: The semiprimitive condition is sometimes also referred to as a *semisimple*, *Jacobson semisimple*, or *J-semisimple*. Furthermore, when either of the last two names are used, the adjective 'semisimple' is frequently intended to refer to a ring that is semiprimitive and Artinian (see the entry on <http://planetmath.org/SemisimpleRing> 2semisimple rings).