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maximal ideal is prime

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Theorem. In a commutative ring with non-zero unity, any maximal ideal is a prime ideal.

Proof. Let \mathfrak{m} be a maximal ideal of such a ring R and let the ring product rs belong to \mathfrak{m} but e.g. $r \notin \mathfrak{m}$. The maximality of \mathfrak{m} implies that $\mathfrak{m} + (r) = R = (1)$. Thus there exists an element $m \in \mathfrak{m}$ and an element $x \in R$ such that $m + xr = 1$. Now m and rs belong to \mathfrak{m} , whence

$$s = 1s = (m + xr)s = sm + x(rs) \in \mathfrak{m}.$$

So we can say that along with rs , at least one of its <http://planetmath.org/Productfactors> belongs to \mathfrak{m} , and therefore \mathfrak{m} is a prime ideal of R .