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internal direct sum of ideals

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Defines	internal direct sum of ideals

Let  $R$  be a ring and  $\mathfrak{a}_1, \mathfrak{a}_2, \dots, \mathfrak{a}_n$  its ideals (left, right or two-sided). We say that  $R$  is the *internal direct sum* of these ideals, denoted by

$$R = \mathfrak{a}_1 \oplus \mathfrak{a}_2 \oplus \cdots \oplus \mathfrak{a}_n,$$

if both of the following conditions are true:

$$R = \mathfrak{a}_1 + \mathfrak{a}_2 + \cdots + \mathfrak{a}_n,$$

$$\mathfrak{a}_i \cap \sum_{j \neq i} \mathfrak{a}_j = \{0\} \quad \forall i.$$

**Theorem.** If  $\mathfrak{a}_1, \mathfrak{a}_2, \dots, \mathfrak{a}_n$  are ideals of the ring  $R$ , then the following two statements are equivalent:

- $R = \mathfrak{a}_1 \oplus \mathfrak{a}_2 \oplus \cdots \oplus \mathfrak{a}_n$ .
- Every element  $r$  of  $R$  has a unique expression  $r = a_1 + a_2 + \cdots + a_n$  with  $a_i \in \mathfrak{a}_i \quad \forall i$ .