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Hurwitz's theorem on composition algebras

 ${\bf Canonical\ name}\quad {\bf Hurwitzs Theorem On Composition Algebras}$

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 $Related\ topic \qquad Jacobsons Theorem On Composition Algebras$

Theorem 1 (Hurwitz). [?, Theorem 3.25] Given a field k of characteristic not 2, then every unital composition algebra C over k is isomorphic to one of:

- 1. k,
- 2. $\left(\frac{\alpha}{k}\right)$ for $\alpha \in k$,
- 3. $\left(\frac{\alpha,\beta}{k}\right)$ for $\alpha,\beta\in k$,
- 4. $\left(\frac{\alpha,\beta,\gamma}{k}\right)$ for $\alpha,\beta,\gamma\in k$.

In particular, all composition algebras over k are finite dimensional and of dimension 1, 2, 4 or 8.

References

[1] Richard D. Schafer, An introduction to nonassociative algebras, Pure and Applied Mathematics, Vol. 22, Academic Press, New York, 1966.