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isomorphism-closed subcategory

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| Entry type | Definition |
| Classification | msc 18A05 |
| Synonym | isomorphism-closed |
| Synonym | replete |
| Defines | strictly full |

A subcategory \mathcal{A} of a category \mathcal{B} is said to be *isomorphism-closed* if for any $A \in \mathcal{A}$ and a \mathcal{B} -isomorphism $h : A \rightarrow B$, also the \mathcal{B} -object B belongs to \mathcal{A} .

More simply: the subcategory \mathcal{A} contains with each object all isomorphic \mathcal{B} -objects.

Another name commonly used for isomorphism-closed subcategories is *replete subcategory*.

This condition is very natural. E.g in the category of topological spaces we usually study properties which are invariant under homeomorphisms – so called topological properties. Every topological property corresponds to a strictly full subcategory of **Top**.

A subcategory which is isomorphism-closed and full is called *strictly full*.