

category of pointed topological spaces

Canonical name CategoryOfPointedTopologicalSpaces

Date of creation 2013-03-22 14:02:25 Last modified on 2013-03-22 14:02:25 Owner mathcam (2727) Last modified by mathcam (2727)

Numerical id 11

Author mathcam (2727)

Entry type Definition
Classification msc 18B30
Classification msc 55Q05

Related topic PointedTopologicalSpace
Related topic LocallyCompactGroupoids
Related topic CategoryOfBorelSpaces

Polated topic CompactGroupoids

Related topic IndexOfCategories

 $Related\ topic \\ Wedge Product Of Pointed Topological Spaces$

Defines pointed topological space
Defines based topological space

A pointed topological space, written as (X, x_0) , consists of a non-empty topological space X together with an element $x_0 \in X$. The terminology based topological space is also used often.

If (X, x_0) is a pointed space, we call X its underlying topological space and x_0 its basepoint.

A morphism from (X, x_0) to (Y, y_0) is a continuous map $f: X \to Y$ satisfying $f(x_0) = y_0$. With these morphisms, the pointed topological spaces form a category.

Two pointed topological spaces (X, x_0) and (Y, y_0) are isomorphic in this category if there exists a homeomorphism $f: X \to Y$ with $f(x_0) = y_0$.

Every singleton (a pointed topological space of the form $(\{x_0\}, x_0)$) is a zero object in this category.

For every pointed topological space (X, x_0) , we can construct the fundamental group $\pi(X, x_0)$ and for every morphism $f: (X, x_0) \to (Y, y_0)$ we obtain a group homomorphism $\pi(f): \pi(X, x_0) \to \pi(Y, y_0)$. This yields a functor from the category of pointed topological spaces to the category of groups.

Other interesting functors defined on the category of pointed spaces include the higher homotopy groups $\pi_i(X, x_0)$ for i = 2, 3, ... that map into the category of abelian groups and the (based) loop space $\Omega(X, x_0)$ that maps into the category of topological spaces.