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## Fredholm module

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Fredholm modules represent abstract elliptic pseudo-differential operators.

**Definition 1.** An **odd Fredholm module**  $(\mathcal{H}, F)$  over a  $C^*$ -algebra  $A$  is given by an involutive representation  $\pi$  of  $A$  on a Hilbert space  $\mathcal{H}$ , together with an operator  $F$  on  $\mathcal{H}$  such that  $F = F^*$ ,  $F^2 = \mathbb{1}$  and  $[F, \pi(a)] \in \mathbb{K}(\mathcal{H})$  for all  $a \in A$ .

**Definition 2.** An **even Fredholm module**  $(\mathcal{H}, F, \Gamma)$  is given by an odd Fredholm module  $(\mathcal{H}, F)$  together with a  $\mathbb{Z}_2$ -grading  $\Gamma$  on  $\mathcal{H}$ ,  $\Gamma = \Gamma^*$ ,  $\Gamma^2 = \mathbb{1}$ , such that  $\Gamma\pi(a) = \pi(a)\Gamma$  and  $\Gamma F = -F\Gamma$ .

**Definition 3.** A Fredholm module is called **degenerate** if  $[F, \pi(a)] = 0$  for all  $a \in A$ . Degenerate Fredholm modules are homotopic to the 0-module.

**Example 1** (Fredholm modules over  $\mathbb{C}$ )

*An even Fredholm module  $(\mathcal{H}, F, \Gamma)$  over  $\mathbb{C}$  is given by*

$$\begin{aligned}\mathcal{H} &= \mathbb{C}^k \oplus \mathbb{C}^k \quad \text{with } \pi(a) = \begin{pmatrix} a\mathbb{1}_k & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}, \\ F &= \begin{pmatrix} 0 & \mathbb{1}_k \\ \mathbb{1}_k & 0 \end{pmatrix}, \\ \Gamma &= \begin{pmatrix} \mathbb{1}_k & 0 \\ 0 & -\mathbb{1}_k \end{pmatrix}.\end{aligned}$$