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general formulas for integration

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1. $\int f'(x) dx = f(x) + C$
2. $\int \lambda dx = \lambda x + C$
3. $\int \lambda f(x) dx = \lambda \int f(x) dx$
4. $\int (f(x) + g(x)) dx = \int f(x) dx + \int g(x) dx$
5. $\int f(x)g'(x) dx = f(x)g(x) - \int g(x)f'(x) dx$
6. $\int g(f(x))f'(x) dx = G(f(x)) + C$ if $G'(t) = g(t)$
7. $\int [f(x)]^r f'(x) dx = \frac{1}{r+1} [f(x)]^{r+1} + C$ for $r \neq -1$
8. $\int \frac{f'(x)}{f(x)} dx = \ln |f(x)| + C$
9. $\int e^{f(x)} f'(x) dx = e^{f(x)} + C$
10. $\int \frac{f(x)}{(f(x)+a)(f(x)+b)} dx = \frac{a}{a-b} \int \frac{dx}{f(x)+a} - \frac{b}{a-b} \int \frac{dx}{f(x)+b}$
11. $\int \sin(\omega x + \varphi) dx = -\frac{\cos(\omega x + \varphi)}{\omega} + C$
12. $\int \cos(\omega x + \varphi) dx = \frac{\sin(\omega x + \varphi)}{\omega} + C$
13. $\int \sinh(\omega x + \varphi) dx = \frac{\cosh(\omega x + \varphi)}{\omega} + C$
14. $\int \cosh(\omega x + \varphi) dx = \frac{\sinh(\omega x + \varphi)}{\omega} + C$
15. $\int \sqrt{ax+b} dx = \frac{2}{3a}(ax+b)\sqrt{ax+b} + C$

$$16. \int \sqrt{ax^2+b} \, dx = \frac{x}{2} \sqrt{ax^2+b} + \frac{b}{2\sqrt{a}} \ln(x\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{ax^2+b}) + C$$

$$17. \int \sin^n x \cos^m x \, dx = -\frac{\sin^{n-1} x \cos^{m+1} x}{m+n} + \frac{n-1}{m+n} \int \sin^{n-2} x \cos^m x \, dx$$

$$18. \int \sin^n x \cos^m x \, dx = \frac{\sin^{n+1} x \cos^{m-1} x}{m+n} + \frac{m-1}{m+n} \int \sin^n x \cos^{m-2} x \, dx$$

Some series-formed antiderivatives:

$$\begin{aligned} \int f(x) \, dx &= C + f(0)x + \frac{f'(0)}{2!}x^2 + \frac{f''(0)}{3!}x^3 + \dots \\ \int f(x) \, dx &= C + xf(x) - \frac{x^2}{2!}f'(x) + \frac{x^3}{3!}f''(x) - + \dots \\ \int UV \, dx &= UV^{(-1)} - U'V^{(-2)} + U''V^{(-3)} - + \dots = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} (-1)^n U^{(n)} V^{(-n-1)} \end{aligned}$$

The derivatives with negative <http://planetmath.org/HigherOrderDerivativesorder> that V has been integrated repeatedly.