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sequence of sets convergence

Canonical name SequenceOfSetsConvergence

Date of creation 2013-03-22 16:15:12 Last modified on 2013-03-22 16:15:12

Owner Andrea Ambrosio (7332) Last modified by Andrea Ambrosio (7332)

Numerical id 8

Author Andrea Ambrosio (7332)

Entry type Definition Classification msc 28A05

Let $\{A_n\}_{n=1}^{\infty}$ be a sequence of sets, and A a set. The sequence $\{A_n\}_{n=1}^{\infty}$ is said to *from below* to A, (shortly, $A_n \uparrow A$ or

$$1) A_n \subseteq A_{n+1} \ \forall n \ge 1$$

$$2) A = \bigcup_{n=1}^{\infty} A_n$$

The sequence $\{A_n\}_{n=1}$ is said to from below to A, (shortly, $A_n \mid A$ of $A_n \nearrow A$), iff

1) $A_n \subseteq A_{n+1} \quad \forall n \ge 1$ 2) $A = \bigcup_{n=1}^{\infty} A_n$ The sequence $\{A_n\}_{n=1}^{\infty}$ is said to from above to A, (shortly, $A_n \downarrow A$ or $A_n \searrow A$), iff

1) $A_{n+1} \subseteq A_n \quad \forall n \ge 1$

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$$A_{n+1} \subseteq A_n \quad \forall n \ge 1$$

$$2) A = \bigcap_{n=1}^{\infty} A_n$$

In both cases the less accurate notation

$$A = \lim_{n \to \infty} A_n$$

is also used.