

generalized Cauchy integral formula

 ${\bf Canonical\ name} \quad {\bf Generalized Cauchy Integral Formula}$

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Theorem. Let $U \subset \mathbb{C}$ be a domain with C^1 boundary. Let $f: U \to \mathbb{C}$ be a C^1 function that is C^1 up to the boundary. Then for $z \in U$,

$$f(z) = \frac{1}{2\pi i} \int_{\partial U} \frac{f(w)}{w - z} dw - \frac{1}{2\pi i} \int_{U} \frac{\frac{\partial f}{\partial \bar{z}}(w)}{w - z} d\bar{w} \wedge dw.$$

Note that C^1 up to the boundary means that the function and the derivative extend to be continuous functions on the closure of U. The theorem follows from Stokes' theorem. When f is holomorphic, then the second term is zero and this is the classical Cauchy integral formula.

References

- [1] Lars Hörmander., North-Holland Publishing Company, New York, New York, 1973.
- [2] Steven G. Krantz., AMS Chelsea Publishing, Providence, Rhode Island, 1992.