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Rado's theorem

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Theorem (Rado). *Suppose $\Omega \subset \mathbb{R}^2$ is a <http://planetmath.org/ConvexSet>convex <http://planetmath.org/Domain2domain> with a smooth boundary $\partial\Omega$ and suppose that \mathbb{D} is the unit disc. Then given any homeomorphism $\mu : \partial\mathbb{D} \rightarrow \partial\Omega$, there exists a unique harmonic function $u : \mathbb{D} \rightarrow \Omega$ such that $u = \mu$ on $\partial\mathbb{D}$ and u is a diffeomorphism.*

References

- [1] R. Schoen, S. T. Yau. . International Press, Inc., Boston, Massachusetts, 1997