



We suggest that the reader reads first the entry on Bloch's constant. Let  $\mathcal{F}$  be the set of all functions  $f$  holomorphic on a region containing the closure of the disk  $D = \{z \in \mathbb{C} : |z| < 1\}$  and satisfying  $f(0) = 0$  and  $f'(0) = 1$ . For each  $f \in \mathcal{F}$  let  $\lambda(f)$  be the supremum of all numbers  $r$  such that there is a disk  $S \subset D$  such that  $f(S)$  contains a disk of radius  $r$  (notice that here we don't require  $f$  to be injective on  $S$ ).

**Definition.** *Landau's constant  $L$  is defined by*

$$L = \inf\{\lambda(f) : f \in \mathcal{F}\}.$$

Let  $B$  be Bloch's constant. Then, clearly,  $L \geq B$ . The exact value of  $L$  (as that of  $B$ ) is not known but it has been shown that  $0.5 \leq L \leq 0.56$ . In particular, it is known that  $L$  is strictly greater than  $B$ .

## References

- [1] John B. Conway, *Functions of One Complex Variable I*, Second Edition, 1978, Springer-Verlag, New York.