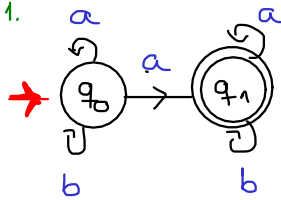


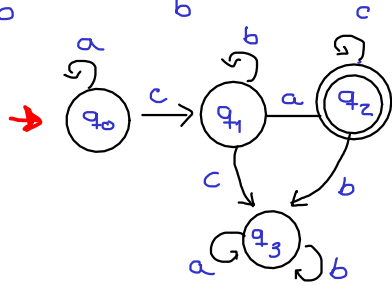
AUTÔMATOS FINITOS DETERMINÍSTICOS X NÃO DETERMINÍSTICOS

Ex1:



$L(M) = (a|b)^* a (a|b)^*$ → AFD (autômato finito não determinístico)
 $\delta'(q_0, a) = \{q_0, q_1\}$ | $\delta'(q_0, b) = \{q_0\}$ | $\delta'(q_1, a) = \{q_1\}$ | $\delta'(q_1, b) = \{q_0\}$ | não determinístico

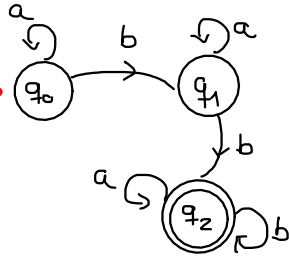
Ex2:



$L(M) = a^* c b^* a c^*$ → AFD

$\delta'(q_0, a) = \{q_0\}$ | $\delta'(q_0, c) = \{q_1\}$ | $\delta'(q_1, a) = \{q_2\}$ | $\delta'(q_1, b) = \{q_1\}$ | $\delta'(q_1, c) = \{q_2, q_3\}$
 $\delta'(q_2, a) = \{q_3\}$ | $\delta'(q_2, c) = \{q_2\}$ | $\delta'(q_3, a) = \{q_2\}$ | $\delta'(q_3, b) = \{q_3\}$ | $\delta'(q_3, c) = \emptyset$

Ex3:



$L(M) = a^* b a^* b (a|b)^*$ → AFD

$\delta(q_0, a) = q_0$ | $\delta(q_0, b) = q_1$ | $\delta(q_1, a) = q_1$ | $\delta(q_1, b) = q_2$ | $\delta(q_2, a) = q_2$ | $\delta(q_2, b) = q_2$

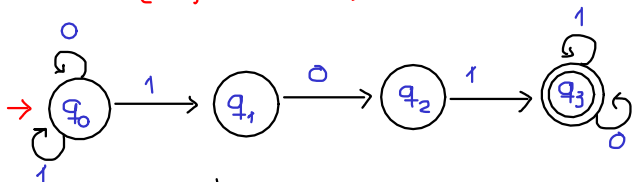


Exemplos de AFD e AFD

A FND x A FND

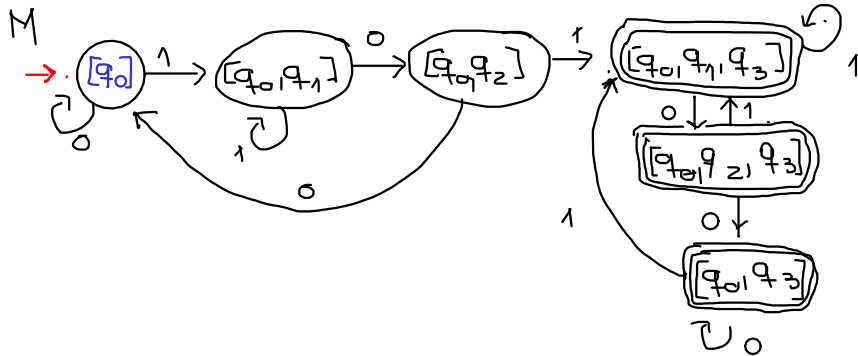
$\{01\}^*1101\{b1\}^*$

M_2
A FND



$$M' = \langle \{q_0, q_1, q_2, q_3\}, \{0, 1\}, \delta, q_0, \{q_3\} \rangle$$

CONSTRUINDO $M \dots$ (A FND)



$$\delta([q_0], 0) = \delta'(q_0, 0) = \{q_0\} = [q_0]$$

$$\delta([q_0], 1) = \delta'(q_0, 1) = \{q_0, q_1\} = [q_0, q_1]$$

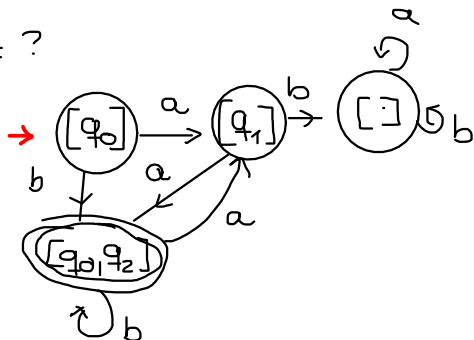
$$\delta([q_0, q_1], 0) = \delta'(q_0, 0) \cup \delta'(q_1, 0) = \{q_0\} \cup \{q_2\} = \{q_0, q_2\} = [q_0, q_2]$$

$$\delta([q_0, q_1], 1) = \delta'(q_0, 1) \cup \delta'(q_1, 1) = \{q_0, q_1\} \cup \{\} = \{q_0, q_1\} = [q_0, q_1]$$

$$\delta([q_0, q_2], 0) = [q_0] \quad \delta([q_0, q_2], 1) = [q_0, q_1, q_3]$$

Se $M' =$ , daí, encontre M , A FND, tal que $L(M) = L(M')$

$M = ?$



$$\delta([q_0], a) = [q_1]$$

$$\delta([q_0], b) = [q_0, q_2]$$

$$\delta([q_1], a) = [q_0, q_2]$$

$$\delta([q_1], b) = []$$

$$\delta([q_0, q_2], a) = [q_1]$$

$$\delta([q_0, q_2], b) = [q_0, q_2]$$

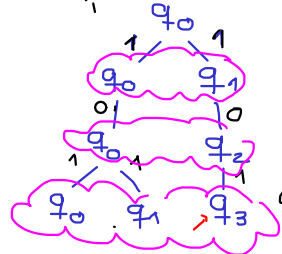
$$\delta([], a) = \delta([], b) = []$$

$$\delta'(q_0, 0) = \{q_0\} \quad \delta'(q_1, 0) = q_2$$

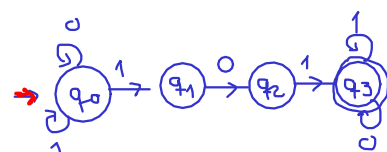
$$\delta'(q_0, 1) = \{q_0, q_1\} \quad \delta'(q_1, 1) = \{\} = \emptyset$$

$$L(M) = (0 \cup 1)^* 1 0 1 (0 \cup 1)^*$$

$101 \in L(M)?$



M'



$$\delta([q_0, q_1, q_3], 0) = [q_0, q_2, q_3]$$

$$\delta([q_0, q_1, q_3], 1) = [q_0, q_1, q_3]$$

$$\delta([q_0, q_2, q_3], 0) = [q_0, q_3]$$

$$\delta([q_0, q_2, q_3], 1) = [q_0, q_1, q_3]$$

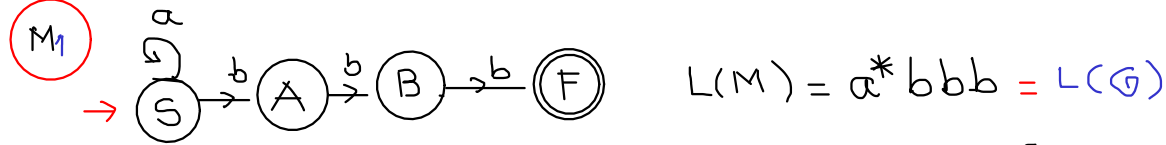
$$\delta([q_0, q_3], 0) = [q_0, q_3]$$

$$\delta([q_0, q_3], 1) = [q_0, q_1, q_3]$$

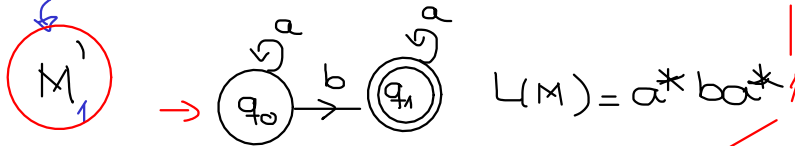
Gramáticas x AFD / AFND
Regulares

Ex₁: Passando da gramática para o autômato.

$G_1 = \langle \{S, A, B\}, \{a, b\}, P, S \rangle$ P : 1- $S \rightarrow aS$ 3- $A \rightarrow bB$ $L(M) = ?$
 \rightarrow 2- $S \rightarrow \underline{bA}$ 4- $B \rightarrow b$
 $S \xrightarrow{1} aS \xrightarrow{1} aaS \xrightarrow{1} aaaS \xrightarrow{2} aaabA \xrightarrow{3} aaabbbB \xrightarrow{4} aaabbbb \equiv$



Passando do autômato para a Gramática.



$G = \langle \{q_0, q_1\}, \{a, b\}, P, q_0 \rangle$

P : 1- $q_0 \rightarrow aq_0$ 3- $q_1 \rightarrow aq_1$
 2- $q_0 \rightarrow bq_1$ 4- $q_1 \rightarrow a$
 5- $q_0 \rightarrow b$



Note que o Autômato finito M_2 é determinístico e é equivalente a M'_1 .

$ba \in L(M)$, logo

$ba \in L(G)?$

$q_0 \xrightarrow{2} bq_1 \xrightarrow{4} ba$

SIM