Dienatas Santas Brita

1.
$$a = 7$$
 $b = 3$
 $C = \frac{26}{8} = 3$

$$\frac{(a)^2}{R(b)} = \frac{K(b^2 + ab + b)}{R(b)} = \frac{6(b)}{1+6(b)}$$

$$\frac{1}{R(b)} = \frac{K(b^2 + ab + b)}{R(b)} = \frac{6(b)}{1+6(b)}$$

1.1

•
$$K(S^2 + as + b)$$
 $S - CS + KS + Kas + Kb$

• $CS + as + b$
 $CS + as +$

$$b_{M-1} = \frac{-1}{a_{m-1}} \begin{bmatrix} a_{m} & a_{m-2} \\ a_{m-1} & a_{m-3} \end{bmatrix} = \frac{1}{k-c} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & ka \\ k-c & kb \end{bmatrix} = \frac{1}{k-c} \cdot \begin{bmatrix} Kb - ka(K-c) \\ K-c & kb \end{bmatrix} = \frac{1}{k-3} \cdot \begin{bmatrix} Kb - ka(K-c) \\ K-d & k-d \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} a_{m-1} & a_{m-2} \\ k-d & k-d \end{bmatrix} = \frac{1}{k-3} \begin{bmatrix} 3k - 7k^{2} + 24k \\ k-d & k-d \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} a_{m-1} & a_{m-2} \\ k-d & k-d \end{bmatrix} = \frac{7k^{2} + 24k}{k-3}$$

$$m = \frac{-1}{b_{m-1}} \begin{bmatrix} a_{m-1} & a_{m-3} \\ b_{m-1} & b_{m-3} \end{bmatrix} = \frac{-1}{b_{m-1}} \begin{bmatrix} \kappa - c & \kappa_b \\ b_{m-1} & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$-1 = \frac{1}{6m-1} \left[- K_{6} \cdot b_{m-1} \right]$$

$$\frac{4 \times 79}{6 \times 70} = \frac{7 \times ^{2} - 24 \times ^{2} - 21 \times ^{2} - 21 \times ^{2} - 21 \times ^{2}}{7 \times ^{2} - 24 \times + 9 = 0} = 0$$

3.43

ser marginalmente estatel vmo Linta interra deve ser nola x; em bm-1 y 3.43 × K = 3.43 6. bm-1 = 7K2 -2K+0 } # com K = 3.43 $bm_{-1} = 7.(3.43)^2 - 2.(3.43)$ Pw-7 = 0 $P(D) = (K-3)_{D}^{2} + 3KD$ Lege e morginalmente
estavel quando bm-1-3K=0, K=343eam x=3.43 1.3 Eq. connetteristico (3.43-3) 2 + (3.3.43) = 0 B + (K-c) D + KAD + Kb = 0 0,43 pt + 10.29 p= 2 13 + (x-3) 12 +7KD + 3K = 0 D = 23, 93

$$Cam = \begin{cases} . & C = 3 \\ b = 3 \end{cases}$$
 $\begin{cases} x = 3.43 \\ a = 7 \end{cases}$

$$E_{ss} = \lim_{s \to \infty} e(x) = \lim_{s \to \infty} s \in (s) = \lim_{s \to \infty} \frac{s \cdot R(s)}{1 + G(s)} = 0$$

Rampo

$$\frac{6(D) = \times (D^2 + 0S + b)}{D^3 - CD}$$

$$\frac{1 + b0}{A + b0}$$

$$\frac{1 + 6(D)}{A + b0}$$

$$\frac{1 + 6(D)}{A + b0}$$

$$\frac{1}{x(x^{2}+0x+6)} = \lim_{x \to 0} \frac{1}{x \cdot 3} = \frac{3}{3.43.3} = 0.29$$

$$e(00) = 0.29$$