

Mechanised Underground Mining And Hydrocarbon Contamination

Presented by Lubritech Manufacturing

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THE PROBLEM

HYDROCARBON CONTAMINATION...

This is not only a
SAFETY HAZZARD
but an
Environmental problem
as well!

IGNORING PRO-ACTIVE HYDROCARBON CONTAMINATION CONTROL

There could be lapses in adherence to good practice in environmental management and ignoring pro-active hydrocarbon contamination control.

- **Pressure of reducing Operating Costs**
- **Lack of information on impact of contamination**
- **Training on how to handle oil spills effectively**

Inadequately controlling hydrocarbon contamination on mining sites can have many negative consequences for a company:

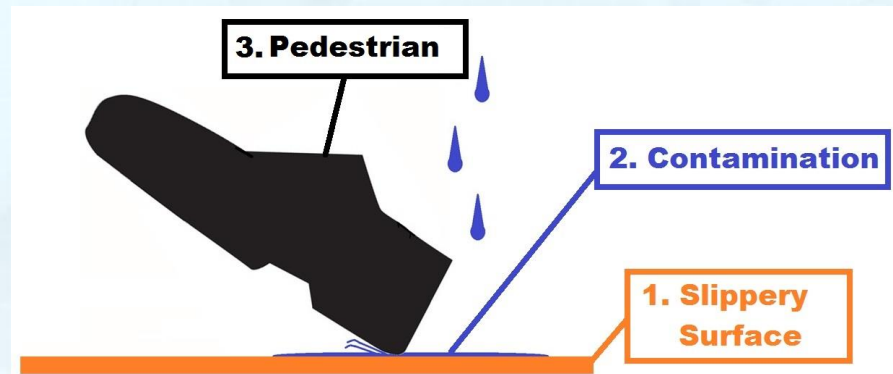
- **Safety**
- **Environmental**
- **Metallurgical Plant Performance**

SAFETY FIRST

- Pipe bursts, fuel and oil spills occur on a regular basis in above and underground workshops and mining areas.
- Due to these spills decline's, roadways and all concrete areas are covered with oil on a daily basis.
- Mines use thousands of litres of degreaser every month to wash these spills away and move the oil from point A to point B , the underground dams or the above ground dams.



Mine Safe



ENVIRONMENTAL

Fuel and Oil spills often occur during routine operations, and fuel and oil leaks can occur in fuel and oil systems which are assumed to be leak-tight and failsafe.



ENVIRONMENTAL

- Mechanized mining equipment moves the oil, via the large tyres and pressurized hoses that break from deep under the mine to all surfaces above ground that it travels on.
- This happens on a daily basis hence the surface areas become saturated with hydrocarbon contamination. Even after it is washed off it quickly turns black again due to capillary action.
- The hydrocarbons need to be pulled out of these roadways on a continuous basis every day as they are deposited on a daily basis. In the event that a mine used **H Tech** from day 1, on a daily basis, this saturation would not have taken place.

WHAT IS CAPILLARY ACTION AND HOW DOES IT WORK?

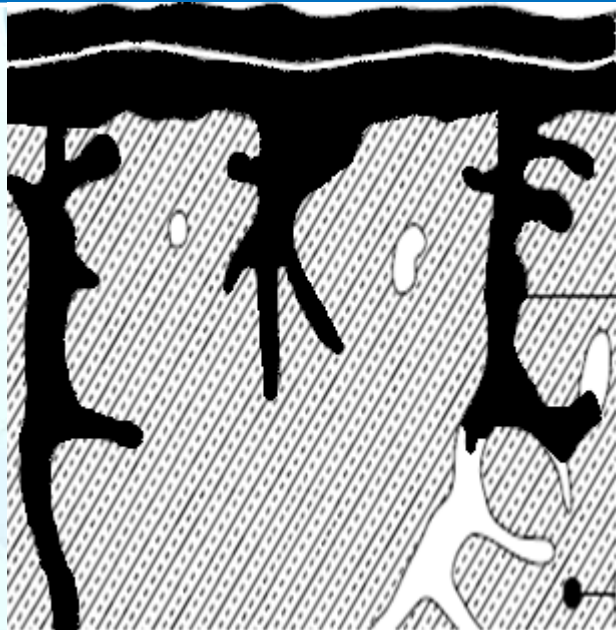
- On a daily basis mechanised mining equipment moves the oil contamination from underground to above ground by means of oil sticking to the large tyres.
- Due to concrete and soil being porous the area is saturated with hydrocarbons and sinks into the concrete or soil.
- Core drilling has shown that this can be up to 200mm in concrete and in soil a few meters.
- Heat from the sun fast track this process.

WHAT IS THE SOLUTION?

H Tech

- **H Tech** changes hydrocarbons to inert organo-silicates.
- **H Tech** is at the forefront of the natural and environmentally safe treatment of the remediation of oil staining and pollution.
- **H Tech** is safe to use and will have little or no negative impact on the downstream flotation circuit of the concentrator plant.
- **H Tech** has been specifically designed to render the hydrocarbons inert.
- **H Tech** is environmentally safer to use than detergents and solvent based degreasers.

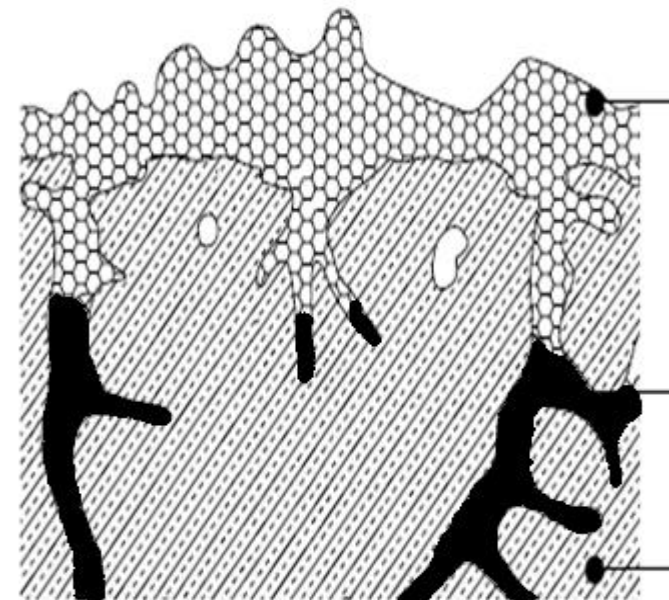
OIL-CONTAMINATED CONCRETE FLOOR



Oil dirt crust

Oil

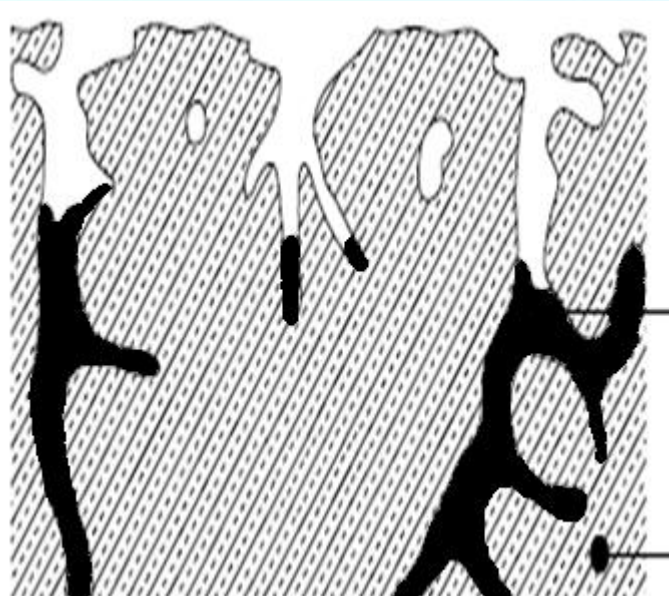
Concrete
Matrix



H Tech

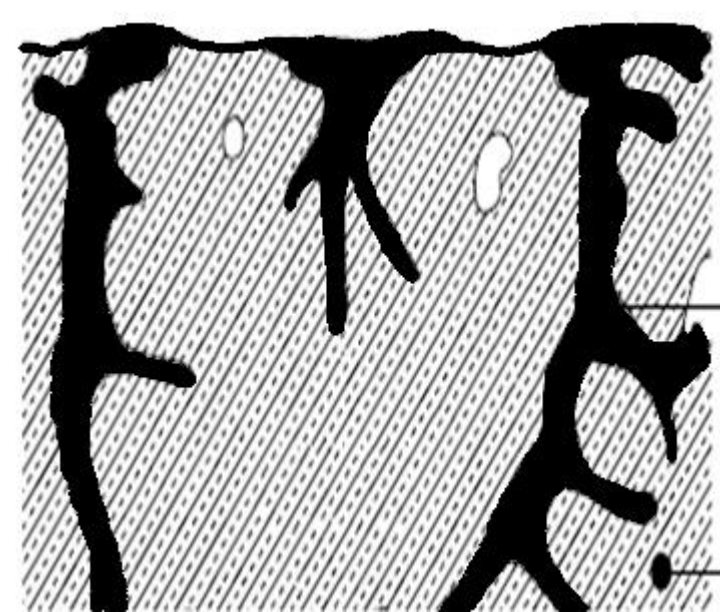
Oil

Concrete
Matrix



Oil

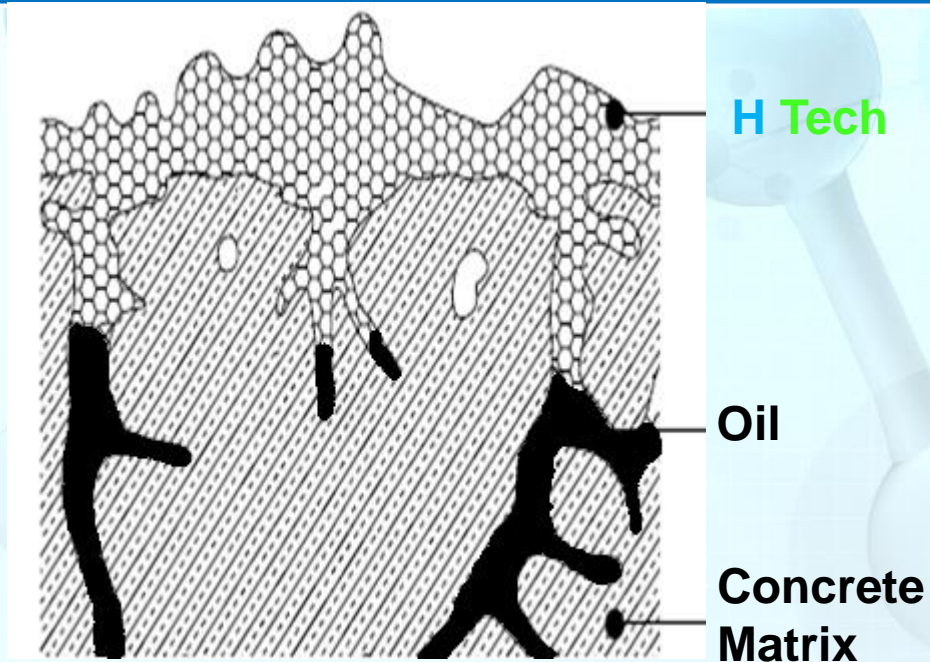
Concrete
Matrix



Oil

Concrete
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CLEANING WITH **H TECH** HYDROCARBON ELIMINATOR

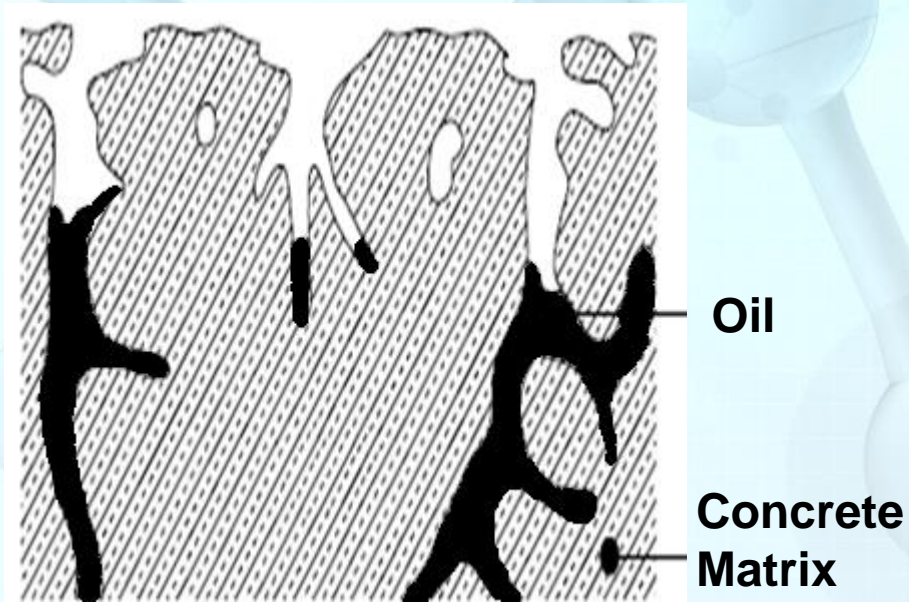


- **H Tech** is applied under pressure and atomized thereby forced into the capillaries.
- The existing hydrocarbon chains are separated. **H Tech** makes the micro oil particles inert.

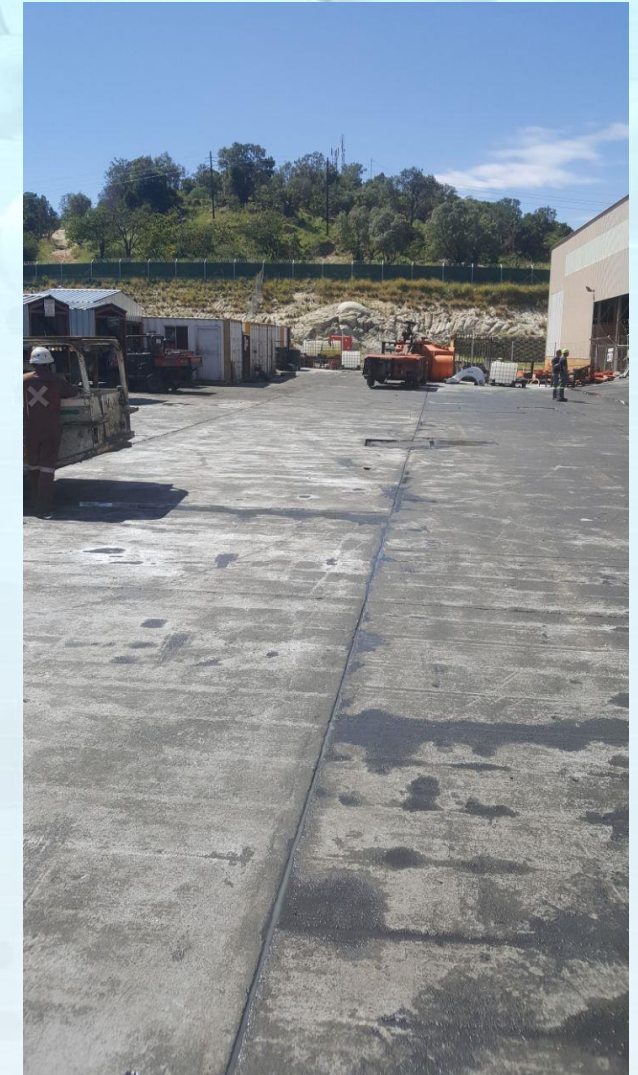


- The inert micro oil particles are transported to the surface by the capillary action.
- The foam action accelerates the effect of rising.

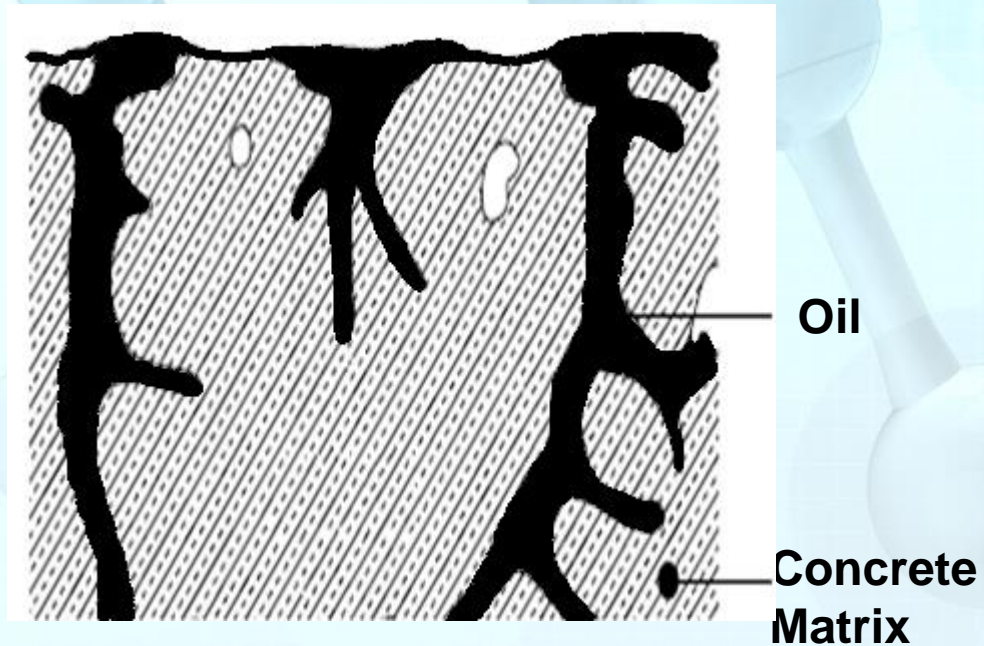
THE CAPILLARIES ARE FREE OF OIL AT THE SURFACE



- The surface and part of the capillaries are cleared of the oil.
- Within a few hours oil will rise to the surface again. The process needs to be repeated again.
- Depending on the saturation of the concrete slab and how quickly the oil rises up from the capillaries this process might take a few months.



THE CAPILLARIES ARE FREE OF OIL AT THE SURFACE



- The concrete floor has been treated with **H Tech** and the top layer of Hydrocarbons have been removed. The oil comes to the surface from the capillaries.
- This process can extend over a number of hours and therefore you will see oil on top of the previously clean concrete.
- No vehicles have driven on the concrete nor has any oil spillage taken place.

H Tech

- **H Tech PROPERTIES:**

- Non-flammable
- Water-soluble
- Fire-suppressant
- Inert

- **H Tech ACTION:**

- Eradicates oil, diesel, petrol, grease, fat stains and slicks from all hard surfaces, including tarred roads.
- There will be no leaking of contaminants into the soil, as they no longer possess their chemical fingerprint.

H Tech

H Tech APPLICATION:

- Is safe for use in environmentally sensitive areas.
- Can be used on: Tarred roads, bricks, concrete, mining vehicles, general machinery, steel structures and soil.
- H Tech effectively remediates this action.
- Safety is put first and being compliant follows.
- Positive influence on the metallurgical plant is achieved.

EXAMPLES

General Practice



- Degreaser is used to cut the hydrocarbons off the contaminated surface.
- Leaving the floor still slippery.

Proposed Solution



- **H Tech** is used to make the hydrocarbons inert.
- Leaving the floor non slippery

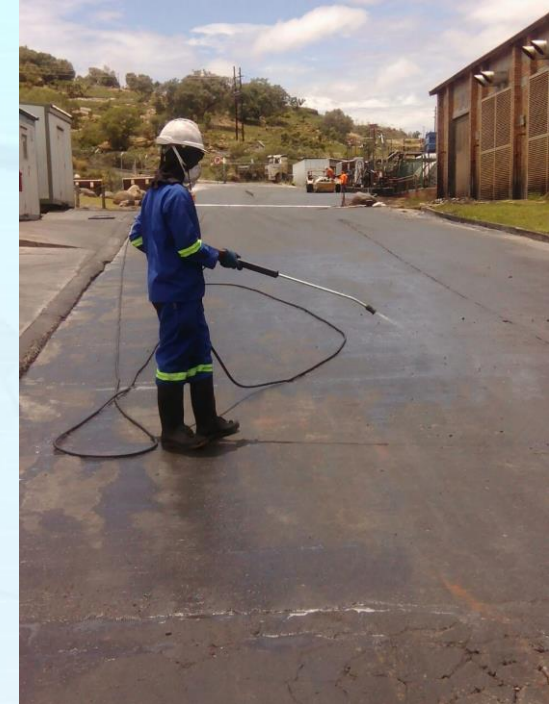
EXAMPLES

General Practice



- A Broom is used to work the degreaser into the floor.
- This is labour intensive.

Proposed Solution



- **H Tech** is sprayed on with a high pressure hose.
- Time and labour is used productively.

EXAMPLES

General Practice



- The hydrocarbons are washed off moving the problem from point A to point B.
- Just moving the problem around in circles.

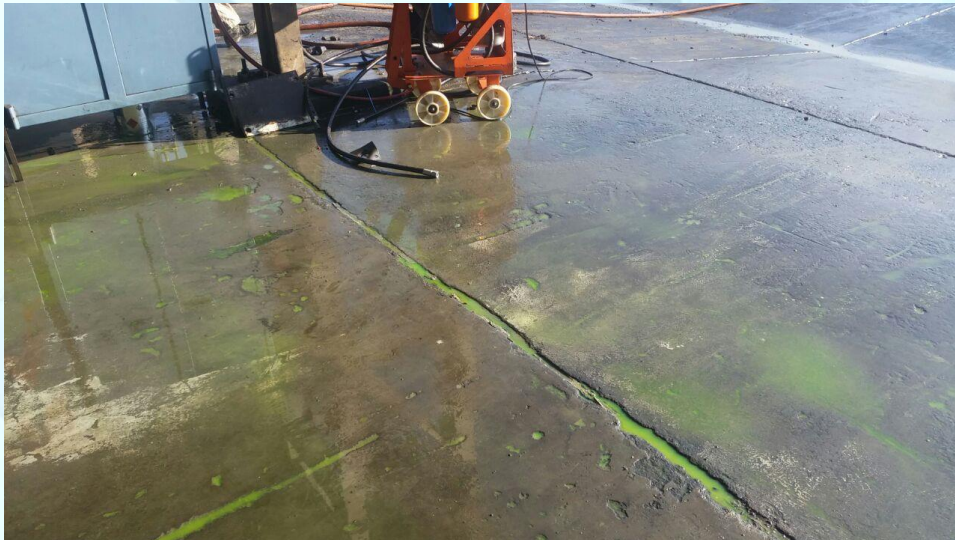
Proposed Solution



- **H Tech** dries out leaving the hydrocarbons inert.
- A safe and harmless environment is left.

EXAMPLES

General Practice



- Slippery areas are unsafe and leaves workshops and concrete pad areas non-compliant.

Proposed Solution



- A safe environment is left leaving all areas clean & compliant .

EXAMPLES

General Practice



- Pipes and water ways are contaminated and an environmental problem.

Proposed Solution



- Pipes and water ways are now clean and the mine is compliant in this area.

EXAMPLES

General Practice



- Fatal accidents can cause a mine to be temporarily closed down, with a Section 54 for a period, resulting in millions being lost.

Proposed Solution



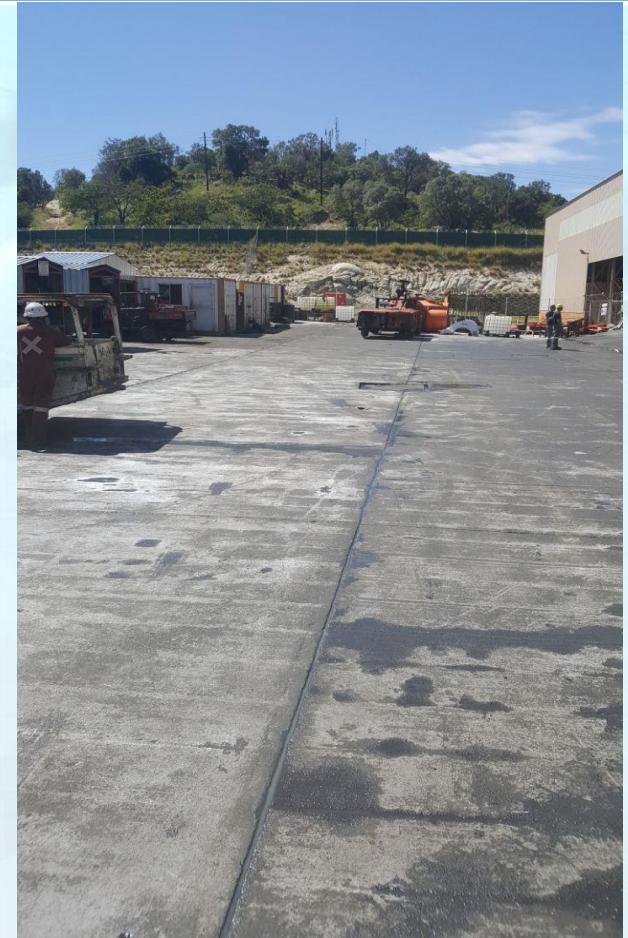
- A clean and compliant working area.
- Safety is improved and risk of accidents reduced.

DOWNSTREAM IMPACT OF HYDROCARBONS

- After passing through oil separation equipment Degreaser and Hydrocarbon contamination still end up in the dams.
- Processing plants use this water in flotation and it has been proven that this has a negative effect on the process plant performance.

| Location | Total Hydrocarbons C10 to C40 | Diesel Fuel C10 – C28 | Engen Oil C22 – C30 | Hydraulic Oil C30 – C40 |
|-----------------------------|----------------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------|----------------------------|
| Process Dam | 178 ppm | 0 ppm | 78 ppm | 100 ppm |
| 2 nd Process Dam | 117,139 ppm | 5,526 ppm | 54,374 ppm | 57,239 ppm |
| Tailings Dam | 363 ppm | 0 ppm | 152 ppm | 211 ppm |
| Underground Dam | 162 ppm | 0 ppm | 65 ppm | 97 ppm |

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Give your employees a clean & safe working environment. Call **Arno on 082-494-2819** or **Ferdi on 061-426-5621** to set up a demonstration at your mine.