Lab 1: Getting Started with R

Introduction

The goal of this lab is to introduce you to the fundamental building blocks of the programming language R. You will start by going through some Swirl tutorials/lessons. Each lesson will take anywhere from 5-15 minutes and you can stop and restart them at any time. You can type bye() to exit and save your progress, just be sure to use the same name each time. At the end of the lesson you will have the option to send me an email letting me know you have completed the lesson. Do this so I can give you credit!

Basic Building Blocks

Each time you start a new session you will need to load the swirl package by typing library(swirl) in the console. Then type swirl() to start the tutorial. Follow the instruction prompts and enter your name, then choose the Basic Building Blocks lesson.

Practice

- 1. Use sample(0:100, size=5) to create vector of 5 random numbers between 1 and 100. Store this result as a variable x.
- 2. Calculate the following

$$\frac{(x-5)^2}{\sqrt{(50-1)}}$$

Sequences of Numbers

Next you're going to learn how to generate sequences of numbers. These objects you'll create are also called vectors. Complete the **Sequences of Numbers** swirl lesson.

Practice

- 1. List the even numbers from 1 to 12.
- 2. List the numbers from 10 to 1 in descending order.
- 3. Create this sequence using R: ("A", "B", "C", "A", "B", "C")
- 4. Create this sequence using R: ("A", "A", "B", "B", "C", "C")

Logic

Complete the **Logic** Swirl lesson.

Practice

- 1. Evaluate ((111 >= 111) | TRUE) & ((4 + 1) != 5)
- 2. Evaluate !(3+5). What does the ! operator do? How is it different from !=?

Missing Data

Complete the Missing Values swirl lesson.

Practice

- 1. When you loaded the missing data swirl lesson, a vector called Nile should have been created in your environment. How many missing values does this vector have?
- 2. Wrap the sum() function around the is.na() function to find the answer to the above question in one step. Hint: functions can be nested: f(g(x)).

Additional Resources

• MartinStatsLectures: R Tutorial 1.1 - Getting started with R