Unsupervised Learning on Mice Genetics Dataset

Objective

The objective of this project is to apply unsupervised learning algorithms to the Mice Genetics dataset to predict clusters and compare them with the target labels. The goal is to identify the best clustering model that aligns well with the known categories.

Description of the Data

The Mice Genetics dataset consists of 80 columns, with 3 non-numerical columns. The dataset includes various protein expression levels measured in mice, which are used to identify different genetic backgrounds or conditions.

Data Exploration and Cleaning

1. Initial Exploration:

- o The dataset was initially explored to understand the distribution and types of data.
- Non-numerical columns were identified and excluded from the analysis.

2. Handling Missing Values:

o All rows with missing values (NA) were dropped to simplify the analysis.

3. Principal Component Analysis (PCA):

- PCA was performed to reduce the dimensionality of the data to 2 components for easier visualization and clustering.
- o The PCA-transformed data was used for fitting the clustering models.

Summary of Different Models Trained

Three unsupervised learning algorithms were applied to the PCA-transformed data:

1. DBSCAN (Density-Based Spatial Clustering of Applications with Noise):

- Parameter Search: A for loop was used to search for the best parameters (eps and min_samples).
- **Performance**: DBSCAN performed the best among the three models, effectively identifying clusters and handling noise points.

2. Agglomerative Clustering:

- Parameter Search: Different linkage methods and the number of clusters were tested.
- Performance: Agglomerative clustering provided reasonable results but was less effective than DBSCAN.

3. K-Means Clustering:

- Parameter Search: The number of clusters (K) was plotted using the elbow method to find the optimal value which was 4.
- Performance: K-Means clustering was straightforward but did not perform as well as DBSCAN in capturing the underlying structure of the data.

Best Model: DBSCAN

- **Best Parameters**: The optimal parameters for DBSCAN were found to be eps=0.7 and min_samples=2.
- Evaluation Metrics:

o Silhouette Score: 0.60

Final Results

- **Clusters Identified**: DBSCAN successfully identified meaningful clusters in the PCA-transformed data.
- **Comparison with Target Labels**: The clusters were compared with the target labels using Silhouette Score, showing a strong alignment.
- **Visualization**: The clusters were visualized using scatter plots, highlighting the separation and structure of the clusters

!pip install ucimlrepo import pandas as pd import numpy as np import matplotlib.pyplot as plt import seaborn as sns %matplotlib inline from ucimlrepo import fetch_ucirepo # fetch dataset mice_protein_expression = fetch_ucirepo(id=342) # data (as pandas dataframes) X = mice_protein_expression.data.features y = mice_protein_expression.data.targets # metadata print(mice_protein_expression.metadata) # variable information print(mice_protein_expression.variables) {'uci_id': 342, 'name': 'Mice Protein Expression', 'repository_url': 'https://archive.ics.uci.edu/dataset/342/mice+protein+expression', 'data_url': 'https://archive.ics.uci.edu/static/public/342/data.csv', 'abstract': 'Expression levels of 77 proteins measured in the cerebral cortex of 8 classes of control and Down syndrome mice exposed to context fear conditioning, a task used to assess associative learning, 'area': 'Biology', 'tasks': ['Classification', 'Clustering'], 'characteristics': ['Multivariate'], 'num_instances': 1080, 'num features': 80, 'feature types': ['Real'], 'demographics': [], 'target_col': ['class'], 'index_col': ['MouseID'], 'has_missing_values': 'yes', 'missing_values_symbol': 'NaN', 'year_of_dataset_creation': 2015, 'last_updated': 'Tue Apr 16 2024', 'dataset_doi': '10.24432/C50S3Z', 'creators': ['Clara Higuera', 'Katheleen Gardiner', 'Krzysztof Cios'], 'intro_paper': {'title': 'Self-Organizing Feature Maps Identify Proteins Critical to Learning in a Mouse Model of Down Syndrome', 'authors': 'C. Higuera, K. Gardiner, K. Cios', 'published_in': 'PLoS ONE', 'year': 2015, 'url': 'https://www.semanticscholar.org/paper/5c5754b02a4f2f36ccf8cdda78059cdb19860532', 'doi':

'10.1371/journal.pone.0129126'}, 'additional_info': {'summary': 'The data set consists of the expression levels of 77 proteins/protein modifications that produced detectable signals in the nuclear fraction of cortex. There are 38 control mice and 34 trisomic mice (Down syndrome), for a total of 72 mice. In the experiments, 15 measurements were registered of each protein per sample/mouse. Therefore, for control mice, there are 38x15, or 570 measurements, and for trisomic mice, there are 34x15, or 510 measurements. The dataset contains a total of 1080 measurements per protein. Each measurement can be considered as an independent sample/mouse.\r\n\r\nThe eight classes of mice are described based on features such as genotype, behavior and treatment. According to genotype, mice can be control or trisomic. According to behavior, some mice have been stimulated to learn (context-shock) and others have not (shockcontext) and in order to assess the effect of the drug memantine in recovering the ability to learn in trisomic mice, some mice have been injected with the drug and others have not.\r\n\Classes:\r\nc-CS-s: control mice, stimulated to learn, injected with saline (9 mice)\r\nc-CS-m: control mice, stimulated to learn, injected with memantine (10 mice)\r\nc-SC-s: control mice, not stimulated to learn, injected with saline (9 mice)\r\nc-SC-m: control mice, not stimulated to learn, injected with memantine (10 mice)\r\n\r\nt-CS-s: trisomy mice, stimulated to learn, injected with saline (7 mice)\r\nt-CS-m: trisomy mice, stimulated to learn, injected with memantine (9 mice)\r\nt-SC-s: trisomy mice, not stimulated to learn, injected with saline (9 mice)\r\nt-SC-m: trisomy mice, not stimulated to learn, injected with memantine (9 mice)\r\n\r\nThe aim is to identify subsets of proteins that are discriminant between the classes.\r\n', 'purpose': None, 'funded_by': None, 'instances_represent': None, 'recommended_data_splits': None, 'sensitive_data': None, 'preprocessing_description': None, 'variable_info': '1 Mouse ID \r\n2..78 Values of expression levels of 77 proteins; the names of proteins are followed by " nâ€\x9d indicating that they were measured in the nuclear fraction. For example: DYRK1A_n\r\n79 Genotype: control (c) or trisomy (t)\r\n80 Treatment type: memantine (m) or saline (s)\r\n81 Behavior: context-shock (CS) or shockcontext (SC)\r\n82 Class: c-CS-s, c-CS-m, c-SC-s, c-SC-m, t-CS-s, t-CS-m, t-SC-s, t-SC-m \r\n', 'citation': None}}

type ... description units missing_values name role 0 MouseID ID Categorical ... None None no 1 DYRK1A_N Feature Continuous ... None None yes 2 ITSN1 N Feature Continuous ... None None no BDNF_N Feature Continuous ... 3 None None yes 4 NR1_N Feature Continuous ... None None no 77 CaNA_N Feature Continuous ... None None no 78 Genotype Feature Categorical ... None None no 79 Treatment Feature Categorical ... None None no 80 Behavior Feature Categorical ... None None no

X.head()

У

class

- **0** c-CS-m
- **1** c-CS-m
- **2** c-CS-m
- 3 c-CS-m
- 4 c-CS-m

••• ...

1075 t-SC-s

1076 t-SC-s

1077 t-SC-s

1078 t-SC-s

1079 t-SC-s

1080 rows × 1 columns

X.describe()

X.info()

<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>

RangeIndex: 1080 entries, 0 to 1079

Data columns (total 80 columns):

Column Non-Null Count Dtype

--- -----

0 DYRK1A_N 1077 non-null float64

1 ITSN1_N 1077 non-null float64

2 BDNF_N 1077 non-null float64

3 NR1_N 1077 non-null float64

4 NR2A_N 1077 non-null float64

5 pAKT_N 1077 non-null float64

6 pBRAF_N 1077 non-null float64

7 pCAMKII_N 1077 non-null float64

8 pCREB_N 1077 non-null float64

9 pELK_N 1077 non-null float64

10 pERK_N 1077 non-null float64

11 pJNK_N 1077 non-null float64

12 PKCA_N 1077 non-null float64

13 pMEK_N 1077 non-null float64

14 pNR1_N 1077 non-null float64

15 pNR2A_N 1077 non-null float64

16 pNR2B_N 1077 non-null float64

17 pPKCAB_N 1077 non-null float64

18 pRSK_N 1077 non-null float64

19 AKT_N 1077 non-null float64

20 BRAF_N 1077 non-null float64

21 CAMKII_N 1077 non-null float64

22 CREB_N 1077 non-null float64

23 ELK_N 1062 non-null float64

- 24 ERK_N 1077 non-null float64
- 25 GSK3B_N 1077 non-null float64
- 26 JNK_N 1077 non-null float64
- 27 MEK_N 1073 non-null float64
- 28 TRKA_N 1077 non-null float64
- 29 RSK_N 1077 non-null float64
- 30 APP_N 1077 non-null float64
- 31 Bcatenin_N 1062 non-null float64
- 32 SOD1_N 1077 non-null float64
- 33 MTOR_N 1077 non-null float64
- 34 P38_N 1077 non-null float64
- 35 pMTOR_N 1077 non-null float64
- 36 DSCR1_N 1077 non-null float64
- 37 AMPKA_N 1077 non-null float64
- 38 NR2B_N 1077 non-null float64
- 39 pNUMB_N 1077 non-null float64
- 40 RAPTOR_N 1077 non-null float64
- 41 TIAM1_N 1077 non-null float64
- 42 pP70S6_N 1077 non-null float64
- 43 NUMB_N 1080 non-null float64
- 44 P70S6_N 1080 non-null float64
- 45 pGSK3B_N 1080 non-null float64
- 46 pPKCG_N 1080 non-null float64
- 47 CDK5_N 1080 non-null float64
- 48 S6_N 1080 non-null float64
- 49 ADARB1_N 1080 non-null float64
- 50 AcetylH3K9_N 1080 non-null float64
- 51 RRP1_N 1080 non-null float64
- 52 BAX_N 1080 non-null float64

53 ARC_N 1080) non-null	float64
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66 pGSK3B_Tyr216_N 1080 non-null float64

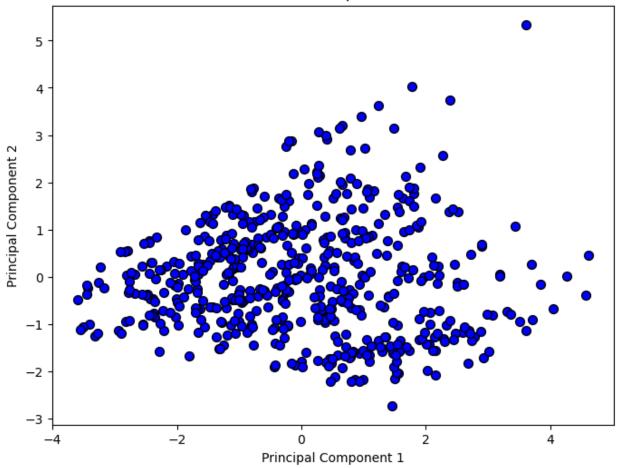
dtypes: float64(77), object(3)

memory usage: 675.1+ KB

⁷⁹ Behavior 1080 non-null object

```
X = X.drop(['Genotype','Treatment','Behavior'],axis=1)
X.head()
X = X.dropna()
X.isna().sum()
Out[12]:
DYRK1A_N 0
ITSN1_N 0
BDNF_N 0
NR1_N 0
NR2A_N 0
SYP_N 0
H3AcK18_N 0
EGR1_N 0
H3MeK4_N 0
CaNA_N 0
Length: 77, dtype: int64
from sklearn.decomposition import PCA
from sklearn.preprocessing import OneHotEncoder
pca = PCA(n_components=2)
pca_result = pca.fit_transform(X)
plt.figure(figsize=(8, 6))
plt.scatter(pca_result[:, 0], pca_result[:, 1], c='blue', edgecolor='k', s=50)
plt.xlabel('Principal Component 1')
plt.ylabel('Principal Component 2')
plt.title('PCA of Protein Expression Data')
plt.show()
```

PCA of Protein Expression Data

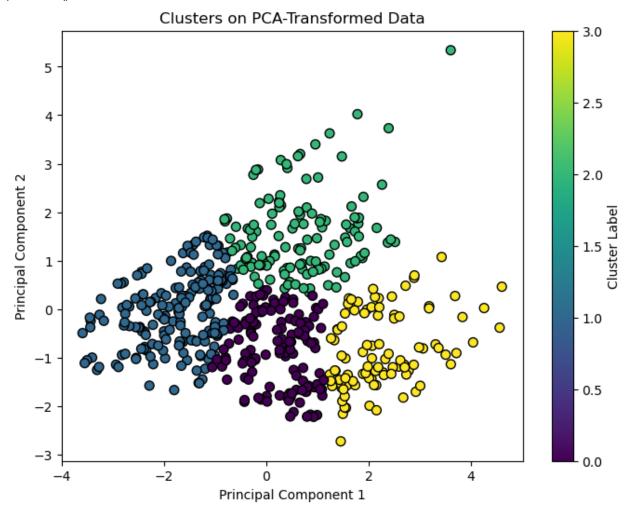


from sklearn.cluster **import** KMeans

```
kmeans = KMeans(n_clusters=4)
kmeans.fit(pca_result)
cluster_labels = kmeans.labels_
plt.figure(figsize=(8, 6))
plt.scatter(pca_result[:, 0], pca_result[:, 1], c=cluster_labels, cmap='viridis', edgecolor='k', s=50)
plt.xlabel('Principal Component 1')
plt.ylabel('Principal Component 2')
plt.title('Clusters on PCA-Transformed Data')
plt.colorbar(label='Cluster Label')
```

plt.show()

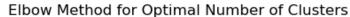
sse **=**[]

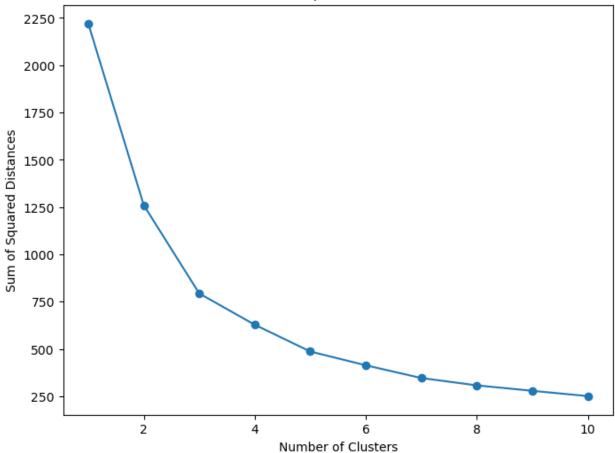


```
for k in range(1, 11):
    kmeans = KMeans(n_clusters=k)
    kmeans.fit(pca_result)
    sse.append(kmeans.inertia_)

plt.figure(figsize=(8, 6))
plt.plot(range(1, 11), sse, marker='o')
plt.xlabel('Number of Clusters')
plt.ylabel('Sum of Squared Distances')
plt.title('Elbow Method for Optimal Number of Clusters')
```

plt.show()





from sklearn.cluster import DBSCAN

from sklearn.model_selection import GridSearchCV

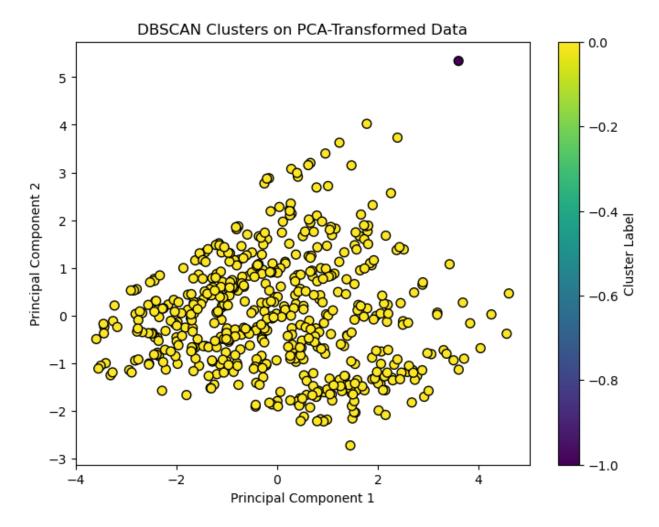
from sklearn.metrics import silhouette_score

from sklearn.model_selection import KFold,ParameterGrid

from sklearn.metrics import adjusted_rand_score, normalized_mutual_info_score

```
param_grid = {
   'eps': np.arange(0.1, 1.0, 0.1),
   'min_samples': range(2, 10)
}
best_params = None
best_score = -1
```

```
for params in ParameterGrid(param_grid):
 dbscan = DBSCAN(eps=params['eps'], min_samples=params['min_samples'])
 labels = dbscan.fit_predict(pca_result)
 if len(set(labels)) > 1:
   score = silhouette_score(pca_result, labels)
   if score > best_score:
     best_score = score
     best_params = params
print(f'Best Parameters: {best_params}')
print(f'Best Silhouette Score: {best_score}')
dbscan = DBSCAN(eps=best_params['eps'], min_samples=best_params['min_samples'])
labels = dbscan.fit_predict(pca_result)
Best Parameters: {'eps': 0.7000000000001, 'min_samples': 2}
Best Silhouette Score: 0.6000363590678445
plt.figure(figsize=(8, 6))
plt.scatter(pca_result[:, 0], pca_result[:, 1], c=labels, cmap='viridis', edgecolor='k', s=50)
plt.xlabel('Principal Component 1')
plt.ylabel('Principal Component 2')
plt.title('DBSCAN Clusters on PCA-Transformed Data')
plt.colorbar(label='Cluster Label')
plt.show()
```



from sklearn.cluster import AgglomerativeClustering
from scipy.cluster.hierarchy import dendrogram, linkage

hierarchical = AgglomerativeClustering(n_clusters=3,linkage='ward') hierarchical.fit(pca_result)

hierarchical_labels = hierarchical.labels_

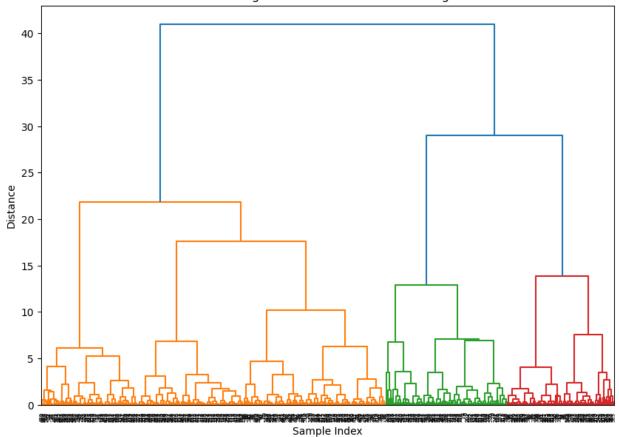
from sklearn.metrics import silhouette_score, davies_bouldin_score
silhouette_avg = silhouette_score(pca_result, hierarchical_labels)
db_index = davies_bouldin_score(pca_result, hierarchical_labels)

print(f'Silhouette Score: {silhouette_avg}')
print(f'Davies-Bouldin Index: {db_index}')

```
Silhouette Score: 0.3728050389923807
Davies-Bouldin Index: 0.8671802038921039
param_grid = {
  'n_clusters': [2, 3, 4, 5],
  'linkage': ['ward', 'complete', 'average', 'single']
}
best_params = None
best_score = -1
kf = KFold(n_splits=5, shuffle=True, random_state=42)
for params in ParameterGrid(param_grid):
  scores = []
 for train_index, val_index in kf.split(pca_result):
   train_data, val_data = pca_result[train_index], pca_result[val_index]
    hierarchical = AgglomerativeClustering(n_clusters=params['n_clusters'],
linkage=params['linkage'])
    hierarchical.fit(train_data)
    labels = hierarchical.fit_predict(val_data)
   if len(set(labels)) > 1:
     score = silhouette_score(val_data, labels)
     scores.append(score)
  avg_score = np.mean(scores)
  if avg_score > best_score:
    best_score = avg_score
    best_params = params
print(f'Best Parameters: {best_params}')
print(f'Best Silhouette Score: {best_score}')
Best Parameters: {'linkage': 'single', 'n_clusters': 2}
Best Silhouette Score: 0.4155256983433387
Z = linkage(pca_result, method='ward')
```

```
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 7))
dendrogram(Z)
plt.title('Dendrogram for Hierarchical Clustering')
plt.xlabel('Sample Index')
plt.ylabel('Distance')
plt.show()
```





plt.figure(figsize=(8, 6))

plt.scatter(pca_result[:, 0], pca_result[:, 1], c=hierarchical_labels, cmap='viridis', edgecolor='k', s=50)

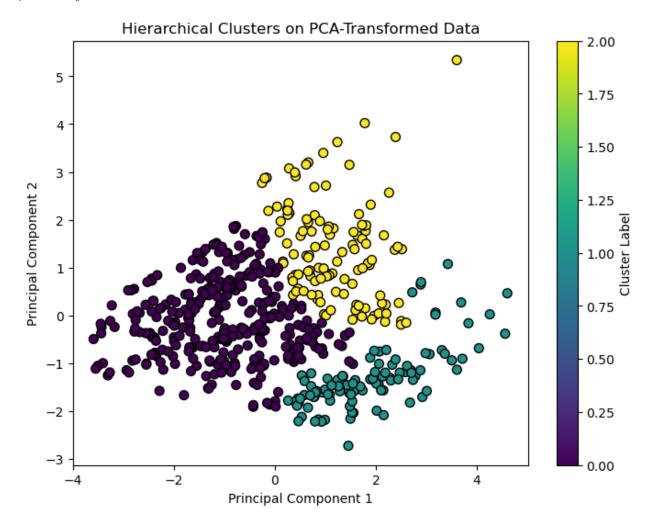
plt.xlabel('Principal Component 1')

plt.ylabel('Principal Component 2')

plt.title('Hierarchical Clusters on PCA-Transformed Data')

plt.colorbar(label='Cluster Label')

plt.show()



for cluster **in** range(3):

cluster_data = X[hierarchical_labels == cluster]
print(f'Cluster {cluster} Summary:')
print(cluster_data.describe())

Cluster 0 Summary:

DYRK1A_N ITSN1_N BDNF_N ... EGR1_N H3MeK4_N CaNA_N count 332.000000 332.000000 ... 332.000000 332.000000 332.000000 mean 0.391108 0.581345 0.287977 ... 0.180608 0.197657 1.367432 std 0.158436 0.165190 0.038011 ... 0.034452 0.044843 0.324345 min 0.145327 0.245359 0.115181 ... 0.121468 0.101787 0.788462 25% 0.273292 0.456648 0.263937 ... 0.156212 0.164728 1.108069

50% 0.356666 0.558752 0.290665 ... 0.173757 0.191075 1.357109 75% 0.452284 0.677435 0.311170 ... 0.200960 0.219010 1.612432 max 0.992220 1.151506 0.417221 ... 0.326143 0.333271 2.129791

[8 rows x 77 columns]

Cluster 1 Summary:

DYRK1A_N ITSN1_N BDNF_N ... EGR1_N H3MeK4_N CaNA_N count 103.000000 103.000000 103.000000 ... 103.000000 103.000000 103.000000 mean 0.421010 0.627181 0.334053 ... 0.196199 0.217768 1.232963 std 0.164599 0.180628 0.045435 ... 0.041969 0.044110 0.238048 min 0.194417 0.348331 0.232139 ... 0.142407 0.146804 0.872258 25% 0.290289 0.502910 0.301343 ... 0.168336 0.186181 1.035062 50% 0.365907 0.577851 0.324419 ... 0.186439 0.210056 1.171313 75% 0.539343 0.715363 0.361587 ... 0.214329 0.238219 1.455418 max 0.940956 1.085552 0.443358 ... 0.360692 0.372005 1.696719

[8 rows x 77 columns]

Cluster 2 Summary:

DYRK1A_N ITSN1_N BDNF_N ... EGR1_N H3MeK4_N CaNA_N count 117.000000 117.000000 117.000000 ... 117.000000 117.000000 117.000000 mean 0.478623 0.738057 0.374891 ... 0.156796 0.162574 1.537491 std 0.160074 0.183585 0.039257 ... 0.019589 0.029317 0.330924 min 0.256346 0.477769 0.303897 ... 0.120911 0.115270 0.795637 25% 0.334410 0.592269 0.344816 ... 0.142573 0.141726 1.294631 50% 0.456786 0.719069 0.373247 ... 0.155666 0.159211 1.562096 75% 0.573992 0.857961 0.397923 ... 0.167615 0.179059 1.806884 max 0.945885 1.336398 0.497160 ... 0.226396 0.284145 2.115555

[8 rows x 77 columns]

```
eps_values = [0.3, 0.5, 0.7]
min_samples_values = [3, 5, 7]
best_ari = -1
best_params = None
for eps in eps_values:
 for min_samples in min_samples_values:
   # Perform DBSCAN clustering
   dbscan = DBSCAN(eps=eps, min_samples=min_samples)
   dbscan_labels = dbscan.fit_predict(pca_result)
   # Convert labels to a DataFrame
   labels_df = pd.DataFrame({'Cluster': dbscan_labels})
   # Merge clustering results with target labels
   results = pd.concat([labels_df, y.reset_index(drop=True)], axis=1)
   # Handle noise points (label -1)
   results['Cluster'] = results['Cluster'].astype(str)
   # Evaluate clustering performance
   ari = adjusted_rand_score(y['class'], results['Cluster'])
   nmi = normalized_mutual_info_score(y['class'], results['Cluster'])
   silhouette_avg = silhouette_score(pca_result, dbscan_labels)
   print(f'eps: {eps}, min_samples: {min_samples}, ARI: {ari}, NMI: {nmi}, Silhouette Score:
{silhouette_avg}')
```

```
if ari > best_ari:
     best_ari = ari
     best_params = (eps, min_samples)
print(f'Best Parameters: eps={best_params[0]}, min_samples={best_params[1]}')
print(f'Best Adjusted Rand Index: {best_ari}')
eps: 0.3, min_samples: 3, ARI: 0.22479396609453056, NMI: 0.4371835273504064, Silhouette
Score: -0.08980357358168613
eps: 0.3, min_samples: 5, ARI: 0.2190201810957853, NMI: 0.4207028158768853, Silhouette Score:
-0.027080951387885178
eps: 0.3, min_samples: 7, ARI: 0.21832257727878246, NMI: 0.4138516040332791, Silhouette
Score: 0.001829309894662775
eps: 0.5, min_samples: 3, ARI: 0.23384951320847377, NMI: 0.45367233055238393, Silhouette
Score: 0.17924611069784274
eps: 0.5, min_samples: 5, ARI: 0.23336832624574125, NMI: 0.45027120460913, Silhouette Score:
0.23457737596562436
eps: 0.5, min_samples: 7, ARI: 0.23306053996224788, NMI: 0.45001363774247477, Silhouette
Score: 0.23647298710010312
eps: 0.7, min_samples: 3, ARI: 0.23620823173264943, NMI: 0.4650033580452026, Silhouette
Score: 0.6000363590678445
eps: 0.7, min_samples: 5, ARI: 0.235810802852644, NMI: 0.4649984220868739, Silhouette Score:
0.5027773495899465
eps: 0.7, min_samples: 7, ARI: 0.23582809114982572, NMI: 0.46330664825986206, Silhouette
Score: 0.47893138355358683
Best Parameters: eps=0.7, min_samples=3
Best Adjusted Rand Index: 0.23620823173264943
dbscan = DBSCAN(eps=0.7, min_samples=2)
dbscan_labels = dbscan.fit_predict(pca_result)
In [36]:
plt.figure(figsize=(8, 6))
plt.scatter(pca_result[:, 0], pca_result[:, 1], c=dbscan_labels, cmap='viridis', edgecolor='k', s=50)
plt.xlabel('Principal Component 1')
```

plt.ylabel('Principal Component 2')
plt.title('DBSCAN Clusters on PCA-Transformed Data')
plt.colorbar(label='Cluster Label')
plt.show()

