- 1. Assuming #bits=8 and using 2's comp, represent the following as binary and hexadecimal values. Must do without a calculator.
  - a. 50
  - b. -40
  - c. 128
  - d. -128
  - e. -1
- 2. Assuming #bits=8 and 2's complement show the decimal equivalent to each of the binary values for both signed and unsigned values.
  - a. 0100 0110
  - b. 1100 0110
- 3. What is the largest positive value and the largest negative value that can be stored in a 9 bit 2's comp representation?