## Optimization Assignment

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october 2022

## 1 Question

-Investigate for the maxima and minima of the function  $f(x) = \int_1^x t(e^t - 1)(t - 1)(t - 2)^3(t - 3)^5 dx$ 

## 2 Solution

**STEP-1** The given function f(x) can be written as

$$f(x)=(t-3)^5(t-2)^3(t-1)t \cdot (e^t-1)$$

$$f(\mathbf{x}) = \{11 \left(420 \left(t^{10} - 32t^9 + 501t^8 - 5198t^7 + 40609t^6 - 253512t^5 + 420 \left(t - 3\right)^{11} 4620\right) + 420 \left(t - 3\right)^{11} 4620\right) + 420 \left(t - 3\right)^{11} 4620$$

$$f(x)=x(e^x-1)(x-1)(x-2)^3(x-1)^5$$

**STEP-2** we can find the maxima of eq(1) by using gradient ascent method

$$\implies x_{n+1} = x_n + \alpha \nabla f(x_n)$$

$$\implies x_{n+1} = x_n + \alpha \left( (x_n - 1)(x_n - 2)^2 (5x_n - 7) \right)$$
 (1)

Taking  $x_0 = 0.5, \alpha = 0.001$  and precision = 0.00000001, values obtained using python are:

Maxima = 
$$-2.4985e^{-11}$$
 (2)

$$| \text{Maxima Point} = 1 | \qquad (3)$$

 ${\bf STEP\text{--3}}$  we can find the minima of eq(1) by using gradient descent method

$$\implies x_{n+1} = x_n - \alpha \nabla f(x_n)$$

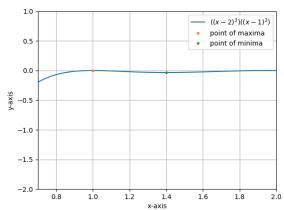
$$\implies x_{n+1} = x_n - \alpha \left( (x_n - 1)(x_n - 2)^2 (5x_n - 7) \right)$$
 (4)

Taking  $x_0 = 1.5, \alpha = 0.001$  and precision = 0.00000001, values obtained using python are:

$$| \text{Minima} = -0.03455 |$$
 (5)

$$| Minima Point = 1.4 | (6)$$

Get the python code of the figures from



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Figure 1: plot of f(x) with maxima and minima points

https://github.com/Dsrinivas-sudo/fwc-1