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Linux Iptables: Add / Delete An IP Address Remotely Using A Shell Script

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I've root ssh access and need to add / delete a few IP address on fly using the IPtables command via local shell script. How do I add or delete an IP address remotely over the SSH session under CentOS / Redhat / RHEL / Debian / Ubuntu Linux?

SSH client is a program for logging into a remote machine and for executing commands on a remote machine.

Iptables command is used to set up, maintain, and inspect the tables of IP packet filter rules in the Linux kernel. You can add or delete matching rules using the Iptables command itself. You can easily add or remove iptables rules using the ssh client



Syntax: Add an IP Address

ssh user@box.example.com /sbin/iptables -I INPUT -i eth0 -s 1.2.3.4 -j ACCEPT
ssh user@box.example.com /sbin/iptables -I INPUT -i eth0 -s 1.2.3.4 -d 202.54.1.2 -j ACCE
ssh user@box.example.com /sbin/iptables -I INPUT -i eth0 -s 1.2.3.4 -d 202.54.1.2 -p tcp -

Syntax: Delete an IP Address

```
ssh user@box.example.com /sbin/iptables -D INPUT -i eth0 -s 1.2.3.4 -j ACCEPT
ssh user@box.example.com /sbin/iptables -D INPUT -i eth0 -s 1.2.3.4 -d 202.54.1.2 -j ACCE
ssh user@box.example.com /sbin/iptables -D INPUT -i eth0 -s 1.2.3.4 -d 202.54.1.2 -p tcp -
```

Where,

- -I INPUT Insert an IP address to INPUT table.
- -i eth0 : Interface name.
- -s 1.2.3.4: Allow 1.2.3.4 ip address to access the server.
- -d 202.54.1.2 : Server IP address.
- -p tcp --destination-port 443 : Allow only TCP port 443.
- -j ACCEPT Action is set to allow connection from 1.2.3.4 client IP to server IP 202.54.1.2.

A Sample Shell Script

```
#!/bin/bash
# A sample shell script to add or delete an IP over remove ssh session in bulk or a single
# Written by Vivek Gite, under GPL
# Usage:
# ./script.sh open "1.2.3.4:443:eth0:202.54.1.5:root:www03.example.com"
# ./script.sh close "1.2.3.4:443:eth0:202.54.1.5:root:www03.example.com"
# ...
# note cut can be replaced with internal tring manipulation but, I prefer to use cut
# Purpose: add an IP over ssh
remoteipadd() {
  local client=$(cut -d':' -f1<<<"$1")
  local port=$(cut -d':' -f3<<<"$1")
  local wallif=$(cut -d':' -f4<<<"$1")
  local vuser=$(cut -d':' -f5<<<"$1")
</pre>
```

```
local vserver=$(cut -d':' -f6<<<"$1")</pre>
     cmd="ssh ${vuser}@${vserver} /sbin/iptables -I INPUT -i ${wallif} -s ${client} -d ${ip}
  $cmd
 # Purpose: Delete an IP over ssh
 remoteipdelete() {
 local client=$(cut -d':' -f1<<<"$1")</pre>
  local port=$(cut -d':' -f2<<<"$1")</pre>
  local wallif=$(cut -d':' -f3<<<"$1")</pre>
  local ip=$(cut -d':' -f4<<<"$1")</pre>
  local vuser=$(cut -d':' -f5<<<"$1")</pre>
  local vserver=$(cut -d':' -f6<<<"$1")</pre>
     cmd="ssh ${vuser}@${vserver} /sbin/iptables -D INPUT -i ${wallif} -s ${client} -d ${ip}
     $cmd
 }
 usage(){
 echo "Usage: $0 {open|close} \"clientIP:serverPort:SeverInterface:serverIP:sshUser:sshServerPort
     echo -e "\t$0 open \"1.2.3.4:443:eth0:202.54.1.5:root:www03.example.com\""
     echo -e "\t$0 close \"1.2.3.4:443:eth0:202.54.1.5:root:www03.example.com\""
     echo
     exit 1
 line="$2"
 [ $# -ne 2 ] && usage
 case $1 in
 open) remoteipadd "$line";;
 close) remoteipdelete "$line";;
 *) usage
 esac
4
```

You can create a text file call the script. A sample data.txt:

```
1.2.3.4:443:eth0:202.54.11.5:root:vpn.example.com
1.2.3.5:443:eth0:202.54.3.5:root:mysql.example.com
1.2.3.65:22:eth1:202.54.2.5:root:www08.example.com
22.12.33.5:80:eth1:202.54.12.5:root:www04.example.com
```

Run it as follows:

```
while IFS= read -r line; do echo /path/to/script open "$line"; done <"/path/to/data.txt"

OR
while IFS= read -r line; do echo /path/to/script close "$line"; done <"/path/to/data.txt"</pre>
```

See also:

- 1. The while loop statement [3]
- 2. Shell functions [4]
- 3. Here strings [5]

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