

## Clustering EJB Objects

**At the end of this module, you will be able to:**

- ✓ Understand EJB clustering capabilities
- ✓ Configure clusterable EJBs
- ✓ Understand EJB clustering best practices

## 1. EJB Clustering Capabilities

- Levels of Clustering
- Load Balancing Algorithms
- Replica Aware Stubs

## 2. Clustering Session EJBs

## 3. Clustering Entity EJBs

# WebLogic Server EJB Clustering Capabilities



- ▶ WebLogic server allows load balancing and failover of EJBs.
- ▶ EJB clustering is transparent to:
  - The Bean developer
  - The client application developer
- ▶ WLS EJBs can be clustered by configuring them in `weblogic-ejb-jar.xml`.

# Levels of Clustering for EJB

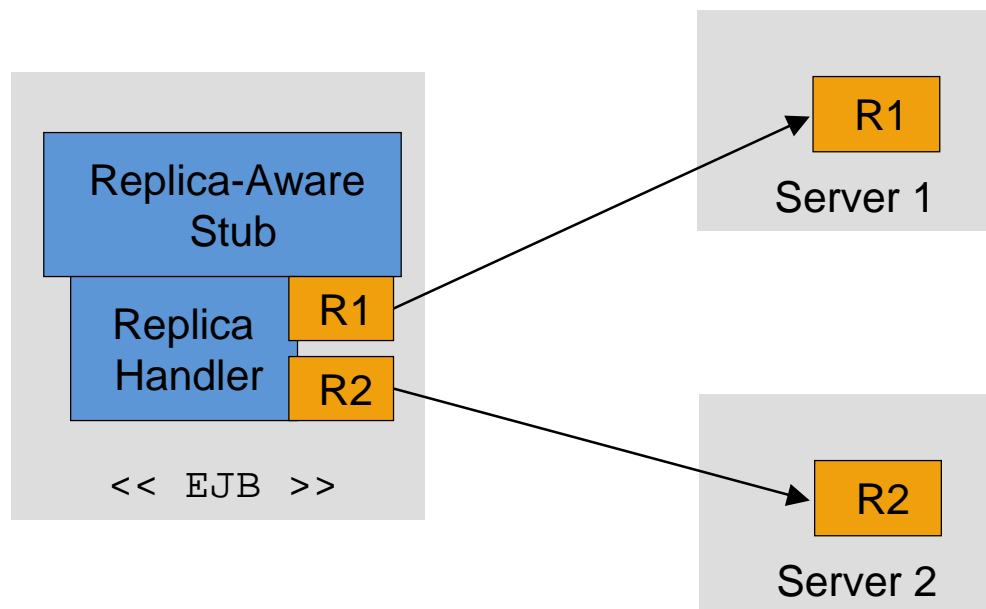


- ▶ Load balancing determines which server:
  - Processes the initial lookup
  - Is used to create or locate an EJB
  - Is used for calling the business methods
- ▶ Failover:
  - For a home skeleton, it determines how method calls are routed in a cluster
  - For a remote skeleton, it determines whether to re-execute a business operation on a different server

# Replica-Aware Stub



- ▶ Failover and load-balancing of EJBs is done with *replica-aware stubs*.
- ▶ Replica-aware stubs are generated at compile time for clusterable EJBs.



# Load Balancing Clustered EJB Objects



- ▶ WebLogic Server clusters support several algorithms for load balancing clustered EJB objects:
  - Round-robin
  - Weight-based
  - Random
  - Parameter-based routing (programmatic)
- ▶ Server Affinity minimizes the number of IP sockets opened between clients and servers in a cluster.

# Failure Situations



- ▶ A replica-aware stub has to detect an invocation failure from the exceptions it receives:

- Application exception
- System exception
- Network / communication exception

**These are not indicative of a critical failure, as your application handles them.**

**A network exception would occur if a server, container, or skeleton crashed.**

**Note:** If a communication exception occurs, the stub does not know if the method started, was currently executing, or finished, but was unable to return a response.

# Calling Sequence



- ▶ A replica-aware stub uses a selection process to implement fault tolerance.

## The calling sequence of a replica-aware stub:

1. Client calls a method on the stub.
2. The stub calls replica-handler to choose server-replica. Load balancing can occur here.
3. The stub calls a method on the replica, (which sends the method to the server).
  - A. If no exception occurs, the stub returns successfully.
  - B. If an application or system exception occurs, the stub propagates the exception to the client.
  - C. If a network or communication exception occurs, the stub calls the replica-handler to choose another replica IF the method is marked as being idempotent.
  - D. If a network or communication exception occurs, the stub propagates the exception IF the method is not marked as being idempotent.



# Section Review



**In this section, we learned how to:**

- ✓ Understand the different levels of clustering EJBs
- ✓ Understand how the replica aware stub handles clustering



# Road Map



1. EJB Clustering Capabilities
2. **Clustering Session EJBs**
  - Stateless Session EJBs
  - Stateful Session EJBs
3. Clustering Entity EJBs

# Stateless Session Bean Load Balancing and Failover

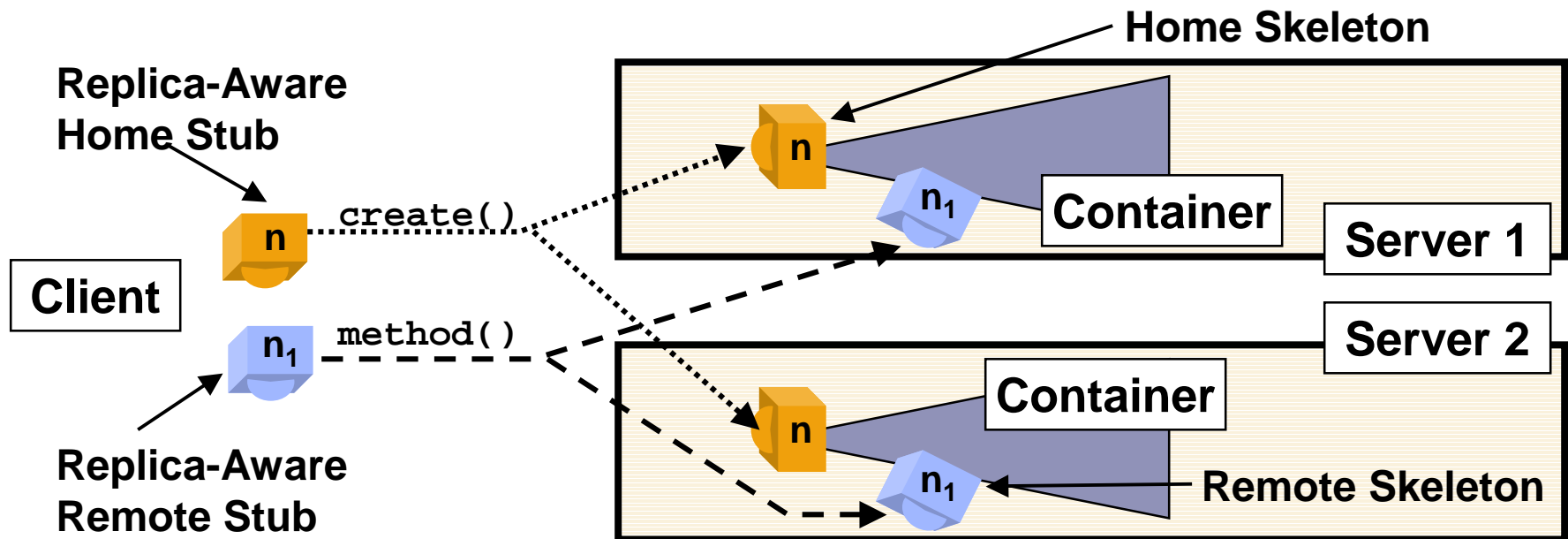


- ▶ Since stateless session beans of the same type are identical and they hold no state:
  - Beans in different servers are still the same
  - Separate method invocations can be sent to different servers
- ▶ This does *not* apply to stateless session bean methods that fail during execution.

# Stateless Session EJB Replica Aware Home and Remote Stubs



- ▶ Home and remote stubs that are replica-aware:
  - Are “cluster aware”
  - Can send separate method invocation requests to skeletons on different servers



# Configuring Clusterable Stateless Session EJBs...



- ▶ The WLS-specific deployment descriptor has a tag for configuring stateless session EJB clustering parameters.

Snippet from `META-INF\weblogic-ejb-jar.xml`:

```
<!-- Other Tags As Appropriate Here... -->
<stateless-session-descriptor>
<!-- Other Tags As Appropriate Here... -->
  <stateless-clustering>
    <stateless-bean-is-clusterable>True</stateless-bean-is-
clusterable>
    <stateless-bean-load-algorithm>random</stateless-bean-load-
algorithm>
    <stateless-bean-call-router-class-
name>beanRouter</stateless-bean-call-router-class-name>
    <stateless-bean-methods-are-idempotent>True</stateless-bean-
methods-are-idempotent>
  </stateless-clustering>
```

# ...Configuring Stateless Session Clusterable EJBs



## Example of a clustered stateless session EJB, continued:

```
<!-- LAST TAG inside <weblogic-ejb-jar> -->

<idempotent-methods>
  <method> <!-- can be repeated -->
    <ejb-name>exampleSession</ejb-name>
    <method-intf>Remote</method-intf>
    <method-name>processUser</method-name>
    <method-params>
      <method-param>java.lang.String</method-param>
    </method-params>
  </method>
</idempotent-methods>

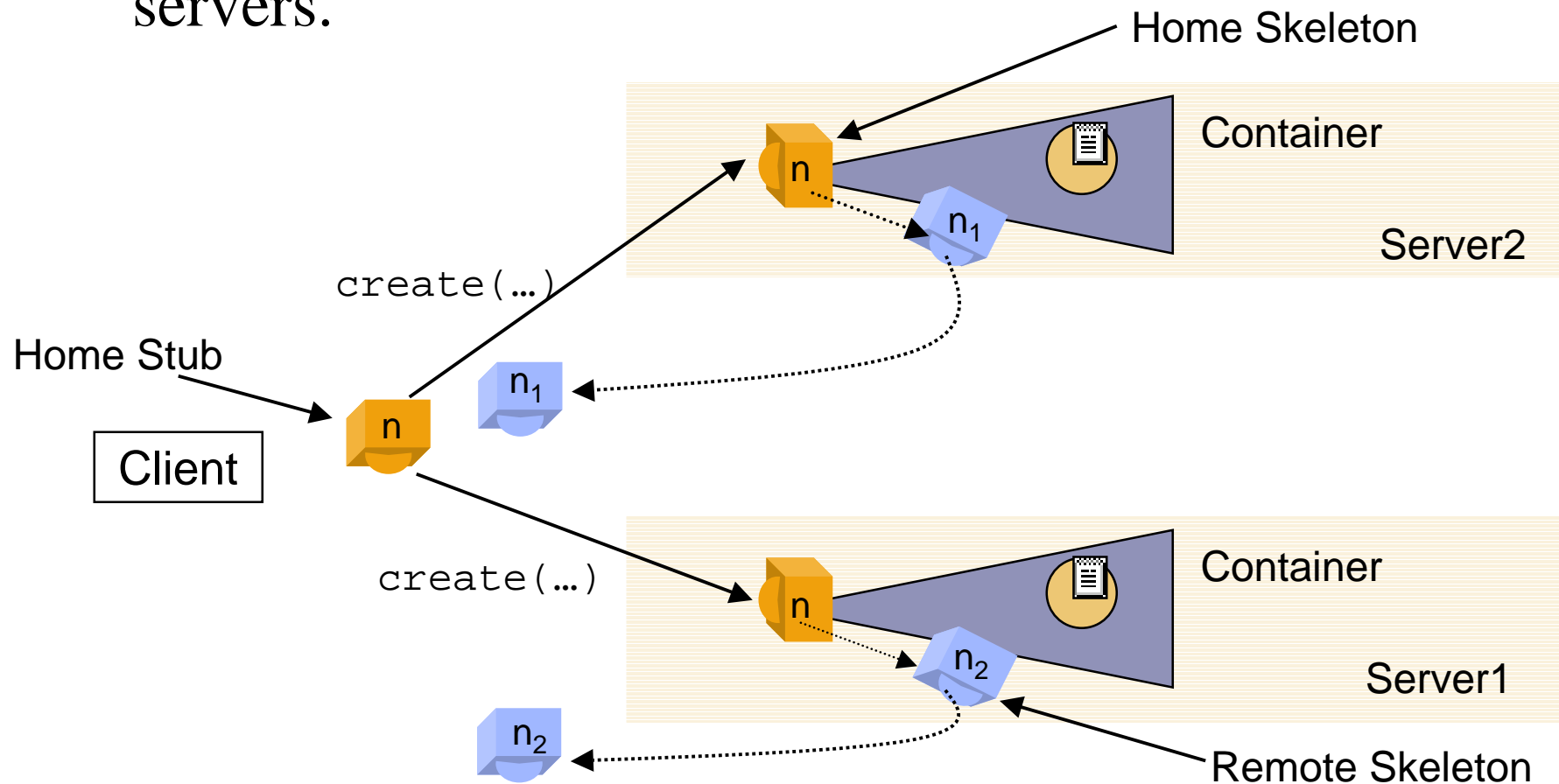
</weblogic-ejb-jar>
```



# Stateful Session Bean Load Balancing



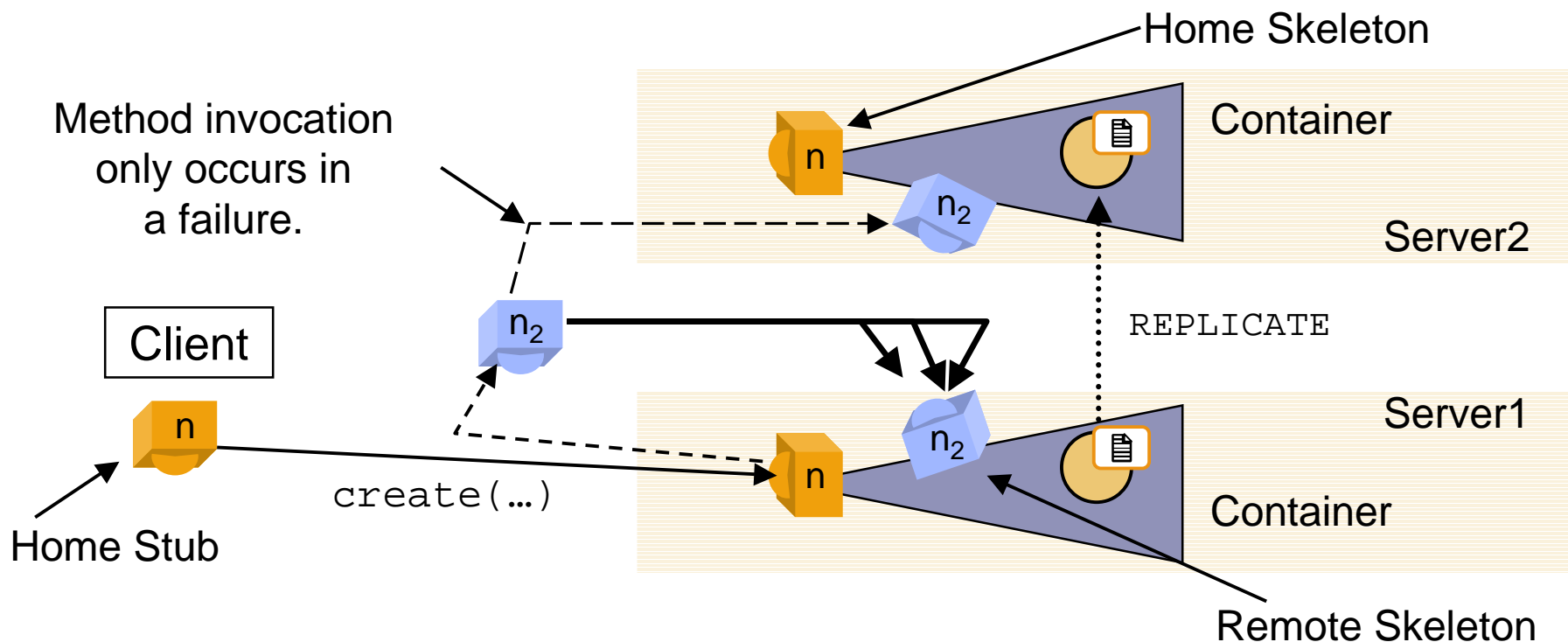
- ▶ A home stub can load balance all `create<METHOD> (...)` invocations to different servers.



# Stateful Session Bean Failover



- Stateful session beans:
  - Can be replicated to a “backup” server
  - Will automatically have remote stubs failover to a backup bean if a network/communication failure occurs





# The Issue with Stateful Session Beans



- ▶ Since each stateful session EJB is unique, all calls on a remote stub must be directed to the server that contains the EJB.

**A stateful session EJB is “pinned” to the server that it is created on. Its remote stub must also be pinned to the same server.**

# Configuring Clusterable Stateful Session EJBs



- ▶ The WLS-specific deployment descriptor has a tag for configuring stateful session EJB clustering parameters.

## Snippet from `META-INF\weblogic-ejb-jar.xml`:

```
<!-- Other Tags As Appropriate Here... -->
<stateful-session-descriptor>
  <!-- Other Tags As Appropriate Here... -->
    <stateful-session-clustering>
      <home-is-clusterable>                true
    </home-is-clusterable>
      <home-load-algorithm>                random
    </home-load-algorithm>
      <home-call-router-class-name>        common.QARouter
    </home-call-router-class-name>
      <replication-type>                   InMemory
    </replication-type>
  </stateful-session-clustering>
```



# Section Review



**In this section, we learned how to:**

- ✓ Configure clustering for stateless session EJBs
- ✓ Configure clustering for stateful session EJBs



# Road Map



1. EJB Clustering Capabilities
2. Clustering Session EJBs
3. **Clustering Entity EJBs**
  - Cluster Aware Home Stubs
  - Load Balancing
  - Best Practices

# Read-Write vs. Read-Only



- ▶ There are two types of entity beans to consider:
  - Read-write
  - Read-only
- ▶ For read-write entity beans, load balancing and failover occur only at the home level.
- ▶ For read-only entity beans, the replica-aware stub:
  - Load balances on every call
  - Does not automatically failover in the event of a recoverable call failure

# Entity Bean Cluster-Aware Home Stubs



- ▶ Entity beans can have cluster-aware home stubs that have knowledge of EJB Home objects on all WLS instances in the cluster.
- ▶ The `home-is-clusterable` deployment element in the `weblogic-ejb-jar.xml` file determines if a home stub is cluster-aware.

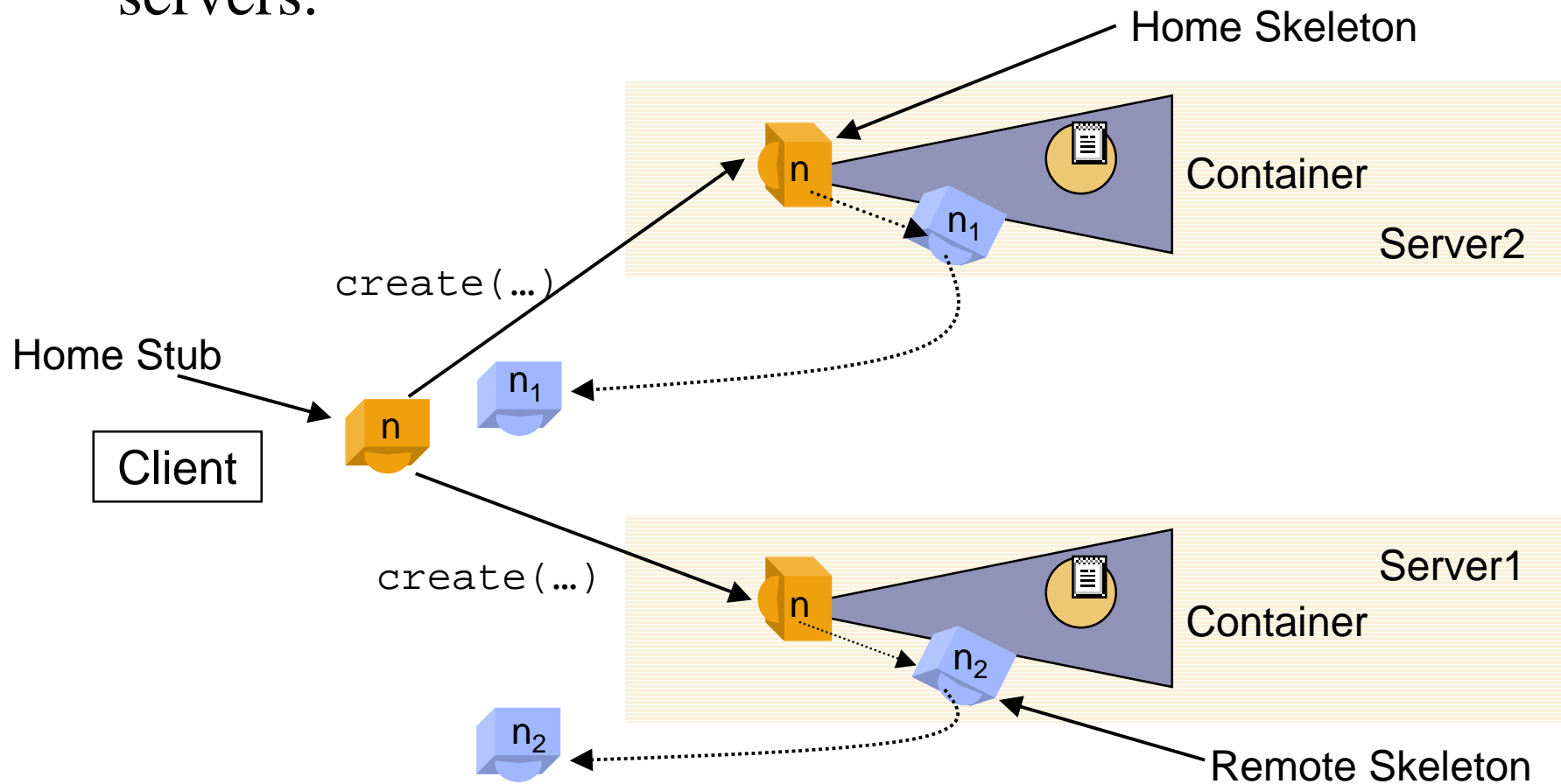
## Example of setting an entity EJB home stub as cluster-aware:

```
<entity-clustering>
  <home-is-clusterable>True</home-is-clusterable>
  <home-load-algorithm>random</home-load-algorithm>
  <home-call-router-class-name>beanRouter
</home-call-router-class-name>
</entity-clustering>
```



# Entity Bean Load Balancing

- ▶ A home stub can load balance all `create<METHOD> (...)` invocations to different servers.



- ▶ Set pool and cache sizes in accordance with anticipated load and execute threads per server.
- ▶ Understand that cache sizes equally affect all nodes in the cluster.
- ▶ Mark bean methods that can be called multiple times with impunity as idempotent in their deployment descriptors.



# Section Review



**In this section, we learned how to:**

- ✓ Configure clusterable Entity EJBs



## EJB Load Balancing and Failover

- ▶ For details on the exercise, refer to the Lab Guide.
- ▶ If questions arise, ask the instructor.
- ▶ The instructor will determine the stop time.



# Module Review



## In this module, we learned how to:

- ✓ Understand how EJBs interact with clusters
- ✓ Configure clusterable session EJBs
- ✓ Configure clusterable entity EJBs

