Table Of Contents

Table Of Contents	1
Linux is a UNIX Clone	
Linux Is Just a Kernel	2
License and cost	
User-Friendly	2
Security Firewall Software	2
Backup and Recovery Software	
End User Perspective	
System Administrator Perspective	
UNIX Operating System Names	
Linux Distribution (Operating System) Names	3
Common Things Between Linux & UNIX	
A Sample UNIX Desktop Screenshot	3
A Sample Linux Desktop Screenshot Further readings:	4
Further readings:	4

Linux is a UNIX Clone 2/5

> nixCraft: Linux Tips, Hacks, Tutorials, And Ideas In Blog Format http://www.cyberciti.biz/

Home > Faq > Linux

Difference Between Linux and UNIX

Posted by Vivek Gite <vivek@nixcraft.com>

What is the difference between Linux and UNIX operating systems?

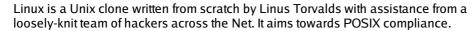
UNIX is copyrighted name only big companies are allowed to use the UNIX copyright and name, so IBM AIX and Sun Solaris and HP-UX all are UNIX operating systems. The Open Group holds [2] the UNIX trademark in trust for the industry, and manages the UNIX trademark licensing program.



Most UNIX systems are commercial in nature.

Linux is a UNIX Clone

But if you consider Portable Operating System Interface (POSIX) standards then Linux can be considered as UNIX. To quote from Official Linux kernel README file:





[3]

However, "Open Group" do not approve of the construction "Unix-like", and consider it misuse of their UNIX trademark.

Linux Is Just a Kernel

Linux is just a kernel. All Linux distributions includes GUI system + GNU utilities (such as cp. mv, Is,date, bash etc) + installation & management tools + GNU c/c++ Compilers + Editors (vi) + and various applications (such as OpenOffice, Firefox). However, most UNIX operating systems are considered as complete operating system as everything come from a single source or vendor.

As I said earlier Linux is just a kernel and Linux distribution makes it complete usable operating systems by adding various applications. Most UNIX oses comes with A-Z programs such as editor, compilers etc. For example FreeBSD comes with A-Z programs.

License and cost

Linux is Free (as in beer [freedom]). You can download it from the Internet or redistribute it under GNU licenses. You will see the best community support for Linux. Most UNIX like oses are not free (but this is changing fast, for example OpenSolaris UNIX). However, some Linux distributions such as Redhat/Novell provides additional Linux support, consultancy, bug fixing, and training for additional fees.

User-Friendly

Linux is considered as most user friendly UNIX like os. It makes it easy to install sound card, flash players, and other desktop goodies.

Security Firewall Software

Linux comes with open source netfilter/iptables based firewall tool to protect your server and desktop from the crackers and hackers. UNIX operating systems comes with its own firewall product (for example Solaris UNIX comes with ipfilter based firewall) or you need to purchase a 3rd party software such as Checkpoint UNIX firewall.

Backup and Recovery Software

UNIX and Linux comes with different set of tools for backing up data to tape and other backup media. However, both of them share some common tools such as tar, dump/restore, cpio etc.

End User Perspective

The differences are not that big for the average end user. They will use the same shell (e.g. bash or ksh) and other development tools such as Perl or Eclipse development tool.

System Administrator Perspective

Again, the differences are not that big for the system administrator. However, you may notice difference while performing the following operations:

- 1. Installation procedure
- 2. Hardware device names
- 3. Various admin commands or utilities
- 4. Software RAID device and mirroring
- 5. Logical volume management
- 6. Package management
- 7. Patch management

UNIX Operating System Names

A few popular names:

- 1. HP-UX
- 2. IBM AIX
- 3. Sun Solairs
- 4. Mac OS X
- 5. IRIX

Linux Distribution (Operating System) Names

A few popular names:

- 1. Redhat Enterprise Linux
- 2. Fedora Linux
- 3. Debian Linux
- 4. Suse Enterprise Linux
- 5. Ubuntu Linux

Common Things Between Linux & UNIX

Both share many common applications such as:

- 1. GUI, file, and windows managers (KDE, Gnome)
- 2. Shells (ksh, csh, bash)
- 3. Various office applications
- 4. Development tools (perl, php, c, c++)
- 5. Posix interface

A Sample UNIX Desktop Screenshot



Fig.01: UNIX Desktop - IRIX 6.5 Desktop

A Sample Linux Desktop Screenshot



Fig.02: Linux KDE desktop environment

Further readings:

Following documents or URL should help anyone to get more idea:

- UNIX System Management and Security: <u>Differences between Linux</u>, <u>Solaris</u>, <u>AIX and HP-UX</u> [6]
- 40 years of Unix [7]

(Image credit IRIX and KDE wikipedia articles)

4000+ howtos and counting! Want to read more Linux / UNIX howtos, tips and tricks? Subscribe to our <u>daily email</u> newsletter or <u>weekly newsletter</u> to make sure you don't miss a single tip/tricks. Alternatively, subscribe via <u>RSS/XML</u> feed.

Article printed from Frequently Asked Questions About Linux / UNIX: http://www.cyberciti.biz/faq/

URL to article: http://www.cyberciti.biz/faq/what-is-the-difference-between-linux-and-unix/

URLs in this post:

- [1] Image: http://www.cyberciti.biz/faq/category/unix/
- [2] Open Group holds: http://www.unix.org/
- [3] Image: http://www.cyberciti.biz/faq/category/linux/
- [4] Image: http://files.cyberciti.biz/uploads/faq/2006/02/unix-desktop.png
- [5] Image: http://www.cyberciti.biz/faq/what-is-the-difference-between-linux-and-unix/linux-kde-desktop/
- [6] Differences between Linux, Solaris, AIX and HP-UX: http://www.sans.org/rr/whitepapers/unix/936.php
- [7] 40 years of Unix: http://news.bbc.co.uk/2/hi/technology/8205976.stm

Copyright © 2006-2010 <u>nixCraft</u>. All rights reserved. This print / pdf version is for personal non-commercial use only. More details http://www.cyberciti.biz/tips/copyright.