Table Of Contents

| Table Of Contents | 1 |
|---|---|
| kill command syntax | |
| Understanding signal numbers | |
| Some of the more commonly used signals: | |
| How do I use kill command? | |

kill command syntax 2/3

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Home > Faq > AIX

Killing processes in UNIX

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Q. Sometime I need to stop a command or task under UNIX. I also noticed that some process will ignore my keystroke-generated signals such as CTRL + C or CTRL+D, so my question is - How do I kill process in UNIX?



A. You need to use a command called kill. The kill utility sends a signal to the processes specified by the pid operand(s). Only the super-user (root) may send signals to other users' processes.

kill command syntax

The kill command causes the specified signal to be sent to the specified process. The kill command has the general form as follows:

kill -N PID

Where,

- N is a signal number
- PID is the Process Identification Number. If you do not know the PID, it can be learned through the ps command.

Understanding signal numbers

The signal number 1 is a hangup signal. I recommended using 1 signal because it should kill the process and it can save the buffer (if supported). For example if it is an editor, save the buffer. This is the default if you do not specify a signal number. Signal number 9, a kill signal, is the surest way to kill a process.

Some of the more commonly used signals:

| signal # | Usage |
|----------|--|
| 1 | HUP (hang up) |
| 2 | INT (interrupt) |
| 3 | QUIT (quit) |
| 6 | ABRT (abort) |
| 9 | KILL (non-catchable, non-ignorable kill) |
| 14 | ALRM (alarm clock) |
| 15 | TERM (software termination signal) |

How do I use kill command?

Terminate the processes with pids 1412 and 1157:

\$ kill 1412 1157

Send the hangup signal (SIGHUP) to the process with pid 5071:

kill -s HUP 5071

Terminate the process group with pgid 12117:

kill -- -12117

If you do not know the PID of a process, you can learn it by issuing a process status command, ps.

kill command syntax 3/3

```
# ps | more
# ps | grep file.c
# ps | grep -i httpd
```

To send -9 (KILL) singal to the processo with pid 1234, enter:

```
# kill -9 1234
```

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