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## Red Hat / Centos Install Denyhosts To Block SSH Attacks / Hacking

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How do I block and stop attacks on ssh server under CentOS Linux or Red Hat Enterprise Linux server 5.x?



[1]

You can easily thwart SSH server attacks including dictionary based attacks and brute force attacks using denyhosts software.

It is a Python based script that analyzes the sshd server log messages to determine what hosts are attempting to hack into your system.



[2]

### Step #1: Enable Rpmforge Repo

First, enable rpmforge repo. For 32bit CentOS / RHEL Linux enter:

```
# rpm -Uhv http://apt.sw.be/packages/rpmforge-release/rpmforge-release-0.3.6-1.el5.rf.i386.rpm
```

For 64 bit CentOS / RHEL 5 Linux, enter:

```
# rpm -Uhv http://apt.sw.be/packages/rpmforge-release/rpmforge-release-0.3.6-1.el5.rf.x86_64.rpm
```

### Step #2: Install Denyhosts

Type the following command:

```
# yum -y install denyhosts
```

### Step #3: Configure Denyhosts

The default configuration file is located at /etc/denyhosts/denyhosts.cfg.

#### Allow Your Computer To Access sshd

You need to setup a whitelist so that you never want to block yourself using this script. Edit /etc/hosts.allow, enter:

```
# vi /etc/hosts.allow
```

Allow sshd from 202.54.1.2 and 203.51.2.3:

```
sshd: 202.54.1.2 203.51.2.3
```

Save and close the file.

#### Setup Alert Email ID

Edit /etc/denyhosts/denyhosts.cfg, enter:

```
# vi /etc/denyhosts/denyhosts.cfg
```

If you would like to receive emails regarding newly restricted hosts and suspicious logins, set this address to match your email address. If you do not want to receive these reports # leave this field blank (or run with the --noemail option). Multiple email addresses can be delimited by a comma, eg:  
ADMIN\_EMAIL = vivek@nixcraft.co.in, vivek@nixcraft.net.in

```
ADMIN_EMAIL = vivek@dsl.nixcraft.net.in
```

Save and close the file. Here is my own sample configuration file for RHEL / CentOS 5.x server / vps box - config file is documented very well, just open and read it:

```
##### THESE SETTINGS ARE REQUIRED #####
SECURE_LOG = /var/log/secure
HOSTS_DENY = /etc/hosts.deny
PURGE_DENY = 7d
BLOCK_SERVICE = sshd
DENY_THRESHOLD_INVALID = 5
DENY_THRESHOLD_VALID = 10
DENY_THRESHOLD_ROOT = 1
DENY_THRESHOLD_RESTRICTED = 1
WORK_DIR = /usr/share/denyhosts/data
SUSPICIOUS_LOGIN_REPORT_ALLOWED_HOSTS=YES
HOSTNAME_LOOKUP=YES
LOCK_FILE = /var/lock/subsys/denyhosts
##### THESE SETTINGS ARE OPTIONAL #####
ADMIN_EMAIL = vivek@dsl.nixcraft.net.in
SMTP_HOST = localhost
SMTP_PORT = 25
SMTP_FROM = DenyHosts <nobody@localhost>
SMTP_SUBJECT = DenyHosts Report
AGE_RESET_VALID=5d
AGE_RESET_ROOT=25d
AGE_RESET_RESTRICTED=25d
AGE_RESET_INVALID=10d
##### THESE SETTINGS ARE SPECIFIC TO DAEMON MODE #####
DAEMON_LOG = /var/log/denyhosts

DAEMON_SLEEP = 30s
DAEMON_PURGE = 1h
##### THESE SETTINGS ARE SPECIFIC TO #####
##### DAEMON SYNCHRONIZATION #####
```

## Turn On Denyhosts

Type the following commands:

```
# chkconfig denyhosts on
# service denyhosts start
```

## How do I view Denyhosts Log?

Type the command:

```
# tail -f /var/log/denyhosts
# tail -f /var/log/secure
```

## See Also:

- [How can I remove an IP address that DenyHosts blocked?](#) <sup>[3]</sup>

## Recommend Readings:

1. [Debian Linux Stop SSH User Hacking / Cracking Attacks with DenyHosts Software](#) <sup>[4]</sup>
2. [Top 20 OpenSSH Server Best Security Practices](#) <sup>[5]</sup>
3. [Denyhosts project](#) <sup>[6]</sup>

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[1] Image: <http://www.cyberciti.biz/faq/category/centos/>

[2] Image: <http://www.cyberciti.biz/faq/category/redhat-and-friends/>

[3] How can I remove an IP address that DenyHosts blocked?: <http://www.cyberciti.biz/faq/linux-unix-delete-remove-ip-address-that-denyhosts-blocked/>

[4] Debian Linux Stop SSH User Hacking / Cracking Attacks with DenyHosts Software: <http://www.cyberciti.biz/faq/block-ssh-attacks-with-denyhosts/>

[5] Top 20 OpenSSH Server Best Security Practices: <http://www.cyberciti.biz/tips/linux-unix-bsd-openssh-server-best-practices.html>

[6] Denyhosts project: <http://denyhosts.sourceforge.net/>

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