

Circuit (localCT)

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New and revised files for Proteins manuscript

Documentation

Here are new and revised scripts, for use in constructing circuit topology diagrams, matrices, and relation counts given a three-dimensional protein structure.

Comments or bug reports (to Alireza Mashaghi's group at Leiden) appreciated.

Author: Jaie Woodard, postdoctoral researcher at the University of Michigan

For additional code and a tutorial, see the publication below. Note that some functions supersede those of version 1.

- O. Schullian, J. Woodard, A. Tirandaz, A. Mashaghi, A Circuit Topology Approach to Categorizing Changes in Biomolecular Structure. Front. Phys. 8 (2020) DOI: 10.3389/fphy.2020.00005.

Obtain diagrams:

circuit_diagram

```
[cmap3, s, segment, numbering] = circuit_diagram(pdb_file, stride_file)
```

- Default values chosen for other arguments

```
[cmap3, s, segment, numbering] = circuit_diagram(pdb_file, stride_file, ss_elements, cutoff_distance, cutoff_numcontacts, plotcolor, plot_figs, plot_circle, plot_ions, plot_disulfide)
```

Generates the contact map and arc representation of a protein, using secondary structural elements as the contacting units.

Input:

- `pdb_file` is the Protein Data Bank PDB format file, with a single chain extracted and hydrogens removed.
- `stride_file` is the secondary structure file from STRIDE (<http://webclu.bio.wzw.tum.de/stride/>).
- `ss_elements` are the STRIDE secondary structure letters to include as secondary structure elements
- `cutoff_distance` is the atom-atom cutoff distance in Angstroms
- `cutoff_numcontacts` is the number of atom-atom contacts cutoff per secondary structural element pair
- `plotcolor` is the color of the arc plot
- `plot_figs` (0 or 1) indicates whether figures should be plotted
- `plot_circle` indicates whether a circle diagram should be drawn
- `plot_ions` indicates whether through-ion contacts should be indicated under the diagram
- `plot_disulfide` indicates whether disulfide bonds (cysteine sulfur contacts) should be indicated separately under the diagram

Output:

- `cmap3` is the segment-segment contact map
- `s` is the secondary structure string
- `segment` is a residue string with each segment assigned a consecutive number
- `numbering` is the residue numbering of the PDB file

circuit_diagram_residue

- `[cmap3, numbering] = circuit_diagram_residue(pdb_file)`
- `[cmap3, numbering] = circuit_diagram_residue(pdb_file, cutoff_distance, cutoff_numcontacts, plot_figs)`
- Generate the contact map and arc representation of a protein, using individual residues as the contacting units.

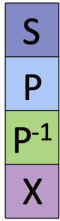
Output:

- `cmap3` is the segment-segment contact map
- `s` is the secondary structure string
- `segment` is a residue string with each segment assigned a consecutive number
- `numbering` is the residue numbering of the PDB file

get_matrix

`[mat, c] = get_matrix(cmap, plot_figs)`

Get the matrix of relations between contacts, given contact map. Numbered contacts are shown in the first figure, and the matrix is shown in the second figure. Legend is as shown below:



Input:

- cmap is the contact map generated by circuit_diagram or circuit_diagram_residue (i.e., cmap3).
- plot_figs (0 or 1) indicates whether figures should be plotted

Output:

- mat is the number coded matrix of relations
- c is the matrix of relations

PyMOL visualization:

ssalter.m

Generate PyMOL input for revising secondary structure. The sequence, s, and PDB file name must be specified. First, type

```
alter /,ss='L'
```

into PyMOL. Next, run ssalter and copy and paste the output into PyMOL. Finally, type
rebuild
into PyMOL.

Local circuit topology and contact order

local_topology.m

Input:

- First line gives folder with contact maps

Output:

- Text files for each protein containing topology information for each residue

local_topology2.py

Input:

- File with PDB ID, chain, and PDB residue number given, output of local_topology.m

Output:

- Numbers of relations for all mutations

Machine learning

pathogenicity.R

Input:

- Excel table of features and pathogenicity.
- Decision tree and random forest results