Oscilocors à dudes

19764

N osciladores acoplados

$$M \frac{d^{3}x}{dt^{2}} = - KX$$

$$X(0) = \sum_{\alpha} b_{\alpha} A^{\alpha}$$

$$\dot{x}(0) = \frac{dx(t)}{dt}\Big|_{t=0} = \sum_{\alpha} c_{\alpha} \omega_{\alpha} A^{\alpha}$$

Relagie entre coordenades normais e endignes inverais.

A nossa primaire forme de nossilver o mobileme dos 2 réndulos foi ancontrando contrações brevier de coordenades que reclevam com um frequêncir Venze

sil. quel: X(t)=bil'ess(w,t-0,)+cil'ess(wzt-0z)

$$A' = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \qquad A^2 = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

2 solugois

Isto semte ettelesen a lipeage às sond. missair de une forme desteute simples.

Construir, o jonthe de code mode nomel Ax (freque), com vector luhe

U_IKY = m yy

$$\frac{d^2x^{\alpha}}{dt^2} = B^{\alpha} \frac{d^2x}{dt^2} = -B^{\alpha} \Pi^{-1} K X = -B^{\alpha} \omega_{\alpha}^2 X^{\alpha}$$
$$= -\omega_{\alpha}^2 X^{\alpha}$$

Os vectores Bx, a genter dos quais se construem as coord. nomair, tem a pure informage que os subdos nomais

a pentin des cond. Mere és

XI = BBX ____ coordenade normal que viele com frep. Wp us Alherse quel (som sibre moder nomer) XItI = \(\sigma \) ba Ad cor (wat) + ca Ad Sin (wat)

si or termor com \(\times = \beta \) or que reclam of frof. who is $A^{\alpha} = A^{\alpha} + A^{\alpha} = 0$ is $A^{\alpha} = 0$ (we note some modes defended)

$$X(0) = \sum_{\alpha} b_{\alpha} A^{\alpha}$$

$$\Rightarrow B^{3} \times (0) = \sum_{\alpha} b_{\alpha} B^{3} A^{\alpha}$$

$$= b_{3} B^{3} A^{\beta}$$

$$= \sum_{\alpha} b_{\alpha} = \frac{B^{\alpha} \times (0)}{B^{\alpha} \wedge A^{\alpha}}$$
 coeficientes a jointru des moder nomes « × (0)

Lezendo também gens as nelverdedes

$$\dot{\chi}(0) = \sum_{\alpha} \omega_{\alpha} c_{\alpha} A^{\alpha}$$

$$\Longrightarrow \bigcup_{\alpha} \mathcal{C}_{\alpha} = \frac{1}{8^{\alpha} A^{\alpha}} \times (0)$$

[neberouen cond. mérair ne Less-coord. nemair-en que tude n' drepone []

Derboon frades (« nessonduer) en firtemes acopledos $\frac{d^2}{dt^2} \times (t) + T \frac{d}{dt} \times (t) + \omega_0^2 \times (t) = \frac{f(t)}{m}$ d? X(t) + T d X(t) + TT K = TT + Gt)

todes as

comp. e/menn

freq.

(fice como prefleme ...)